"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and cooler today; Sunday fair and cool; moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXV...NO. 21,420. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1916.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

UNIONS DECIDE TO CALL OUT 75,000 MEN; RESOLUTION SETS MONDAY FOR TIE-UP; 800,000 ORDERED TO BOYCOTT ALL CARS

SEEK TO SHUT OFF POWER

Men Who Supply Coal and Run Engines to Be Made Idle First.

PICKET TRANSIT STATIONS

Leaders Hope to Prevent Any Unions from Riding While Strike Continues.

POLICE ARE CALLED UNFAIR

Committee of Five Named to Manage New Walkout, to Visit Commissioner.

A strike of 75,000 of the 800,000 trades unionists in the city, and a boycott of the city's traction systems by all of them was decreed last night by the Central Federated Union in a resolution which was declared to be equivalent to a strike order, to become effective "not later than Monday." The resolution said definitely that the action by 75,000 men was to be only "preliminary to the general strike" of all the trades unionists in New York, as a last effort to save the losing fight of the transit men.

The trades affected by this action, which was, in effect, crystalization of plans conceived when it first became apparent that the union was losing the strike, inlude the Tidewater Boatmen, the Longshoremen, the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, the Stationary Engineers, and the Stationary Firemen, Plumbers, and "such other trades whose labor is keeping the traction cars running."

The meeting, held in Labor Temple, Eighty-fourth Street and Second Avenue, was stormy. Only accredited delegates from the various local unions were admitted, and more than one labor man was ejected from the hall because he could not show credentials. Reporters were barred, and one man was roughly handled by the excited delegates and deprived of notes he had taken.

Accuse Police of Partiality.

Charges that the police on strike duty had shown themselves grossly impartial were made by many of the delegates, and a committee of five, headed by James P. Holland, President of the New York State Federation of Labor, was instructed to call on Police Commissioner Arthur Woods this morning and make a protest in the name of the federation.

Discussion of police interference with strikers aroused the meeting to a pitch that caused the leaders to caution the men and brought forth appeals that they continue to abstain from violence, no matter how great the provocation.

William B. Fitzgerald, General Organizer of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, practically the manager of the strike, was greeted with cheers, as were Mr. Holland and Louis Fridiger, counsel to the association.

Mr. Fitzgerald's chief appeal was for the boycott, and the Committee of Five was instructed to devise at once means for picketing the surface, elevated, and subway lines, so that union members might be dissuaded from riding on them. In the midst of Mr. Fitzgerald's speech some one shouted:

"I am with you, Fitz. I'm going to walk sixty blocks home before I'll ride on their cars."

First Blow at Traction Lines.

The preliminary strike was restricted by design to trades closely associated with the operation of cars. Mr. Holland pointed out that it might be wise to take this step in advance of the contemplated general strike, because he believed the effect would awaken New Yorkers to a realization of the strength of organized labor, which would be reflected on the heads of the transit systems.

Both he and Mr. Fitzgerald argued that a strike by the boatmen who handle the coal, by the teamsters who haul it, and by the engineers and firemen who turn it into steam for the operation of the transit power plants, would be a more severe blow to the subway and elevated than for an equal number of motormen and guards to go on strike.

This was the resolution adopted:

> We recommend as a preliminary to the general strike that all unionists as are: Tidewater Boatmen and 'Longshoremen, nIternational Brotherhood of Teamsters, Engineers, Firemen and Plumbers and such other trades whose labor is keeping the traction cars running, stop work, and we guarantee to support them financially to the end.

All unions were instructed to keep in constant touch with Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the Central Federated Union, relative to the strike situation.

At the conclusion of the meeting Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the union, declared that the strike would come on or before Monday as surely as though each individual local had already authorized it. It would be necessary, he said, for each local to indorse the recommendation of the union, but this would be a mere formality.

The program for last night's meeting was arranged by the Committee of Five, which conferred last Sunday with Samuel Gompers, head of the American Federation of Labor, at the Continental Hotel, when the resolution recommending the general strike was adopted.

The members of the committee are Mr. Holland, C. C. Shay, International Pres-

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Transit Companies and Business Men Prepare To Prosecute Labor Men Who Foment Strikes

It became known yesterday that arrangements had been completed for starting proceedings for criminal conspiracy against labor leaders who, without legitimate cause, participate in or encourage sympathy strikes in the city in aid of the striking carmen.

An official of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, who has been watching closely developments in the widespread labor agitation, and who has had lawyers collecting evidence, asserted last night that he was prepared to invoke the full machinery of the law to punish those who, without justification, might seek to throw the city into a state of industrial chaos in order to win the transit strike.

It is known that representatives of the traction companies, as well as associations of business men which have interested themselves in the transit controversy, have been keeping a close watch on the actions of the labor leaders who have been suspected of trying to stir up a labor war. They already have in their possession a great mass of data as to the movements of these men, and have arranged to present it to the District Attorney if sympathy strikes are ordered.

It was reported from one source that the Committee of Five which called on the Mayor and Mr. Straus on last Thursday, as representatives of the Merchants' Association and other bodies, was also watching conditions with the view of appealing to District Attorney Swann.

ELEVATED TRAINS AGAIN ATTACKED

A Pistol Shot Is Fired Into Car, and Bottles and Stones Are Thrown.

POLICE GUARD HOUSETOPS

Surface Track Slots Wedged at Night—Strikers Show More Resentment Toward Car Crews

Early morning bombardment of elevated trains on several lines apprised the Police Department yesterday that the strike was bringing on an uglier temper than existed at the beginning, and led Arthur Woods, Police Commissioner, to order what approached a regular patrol of roof tops along the lines attacked.

Special squads were detailed to make systematic efforts to end the attacks that became really dangerous just before daylight yesterday when pistol bullets were added to the showers of bricks and bottles meant to terrorize passengers and train guards.

The sudden increase in violence against the elevated roads preceded a day of unusual quiet on the surface lines, which were operated yesterday not only without rioting, but without any serious disorder.

The continuance of the strike and the failure of the men to make headway have led the Police Department, however, to prepare for less peaceful days, for experience has taught them that long strikes make workers restless and incline them and their sympathizers to lawlessness.

Commissioner Woods was so desirous yesterday of bringing the force to its maximum strength that he ordered the forty-two members of the mounted squad, who hiked to Syracuse, to give an exhibition, to return as quickly as possible by rail. At the same time sixty-four men in the police training school, who have had only five weeks' drill, were ordered to report for strike duty, though the usual training course is ninety days. These men have no uniforms, and will be put to work in civilian clothes, with only badges to indicate their office.

The police were kept busy from midnight until 5 o'clock yesterday morning in a vain effort to catch the persons who were attacking elevated trains from roofs and windows.

The most serious incident occurred at an early hour at 141st Street and Eighth Avenue. A Sixth Avenue train was going uptown when passengers were startled by the crack of a pistol. An instant later those in the forward car were huddled in terror in the aisle staring at a bullet buried in the paneling.

Two patrolmen hurried from the train at the next station and rapped for others in the street. A squad of them searched tenements on the side from which the shot came but in vain.

A milk bottle burst harmlessly on the roof of a Sixth Avenue train at Eighty-eighth Street a little later. Stones shattered windows in another train at 147th Street a few minutes after another milk bottle had struck with great force on a car platform in a train at 147th Street.

A Ninth Avenue train ran a gauntlet of stones at 144th Street and came out with two windows broken.

When the surface cars resumed operation early in the morning it was found that strikers or sympathizers had been busy in the night wedging obstructions into trolley slots. At 110th Street and Lexington Avenue, iron hooks had been driven in. In the slot junction at Fourteenth Street and Eight Avenue pieces of wood had been forced deep into the opening of the metal guard box surrounding the underground feed wire. The same thing had been done at Twenty-third Street and Seventh Avenue and at other places.

The scarcity of policemen in the streets owing to the strike demand made it comparatively safe for those who perpetrated malicious mischief. For that reason the department was relieved when no definite announcement was made last night of early intention to attempt surface car operation after dark.

Policemen in many parts of the city reported that early morning workmen on their way to their jobs had begun to manifest more hostility toward the

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P. S. BOARD FINDS UNION CULPABLE

Mayor Joins in Formal Declaration That Third Av. Men Had No Cause for Strike.

SAY CONTRACT WAS BROKEN

Concluding, Inquiry Reveals No Collusion Among Roads on Individual Agreements.

A formal finding of culpability against the organized service employes of the Third Avenue Railway Company in the matter of the present strike was announced by Mayor Mitchel and the Public Service Commission yesterday at the end of the second hearing on the causes of the transit controversy. The finding had been forecast by Mayor Mitchel and Chairman Oscar S. Straus of the commission in statements made by them at the hearing on Thursday.

All of the Commissioners joined with the Chairman and Mr. Mitchel in deciding that the service employes had gone out "without justification, and in violation of" the agreement of Aug. 6, which had obligated the company and the men to ask for arbitration of any differences that might arise between them.

The Mayor and the Public Service Commissioners asked that the strike be called off at once, but the request was not respected by the union officials.

The Finding in Full.

The finding follows:

Sept. 15, 1916.

Case No. 2,126.—State of New York.—In the matter of the investigation by the Public Service Commission for the First District, under Sections 45 and 48 of the Public Service Commissions law, into the general condition of each and every common carrier within the First District, and as to the manner of operation and the adequacy and safety of service of such common carrier, by the Mayor of the City of New York and Public Service Commission for the First District.

The situation created by the signing of the compact of Aug. 7, covering the Third Avenue Railroad system, is wholly separate and distinct from the Interborough and New York Railways situation. The conferences between the committees of the Third Avenue men and Mr. Maher and Mr. Whitridge show clearly that the parties were able to agree upon various points in the proposed "working agreement," and also agreed to arbitrate certain differences. Both sides sought to avoid arbitration if it could be done, but, failing to agree, they followed the procedure outlined in the compact of Aug. 7.

On Sept. 7 Mr. Fitzgerald testified that these conferences were proceeding satisfactorily and in good spirit. There is no evidence of any conduct on the part of the company indicative of bad faith or of intention to violate the compact of Aug. 7, nor up to Sept. 7 do we find any evidence of the intention to violate it on the part of the men. We do find evidence of suspicion on the part of the men dating from Mr. Whitridge's return, but this could not justify a clear violation of the contract of Aug. 7. The men went on strike on Sept. 9 in spite of the fact that the Mayor and Chairman Straus told them in conference earlier that evening that such an action would constitute a breach of their contract. They took this action without justification, and in violation of their compact.

The strike should be called off at once and the agreement of Aug. 7 should be lived up to in letter and spirit.

Fridiger Tells of Suspicion.

The commission held a brief session yesterday to permit Louis Fridiger, attorney for the union, to offer further explanations as to why the carmen's organization thought Frederick W. Whitridge, President of the Third Avenue Company, had entered into a compact with the officials of the New York Railways and the Interborough Rapid Transit Companies to "exterminate" the union.

It seems significant to him, Mr. Fridiger said, that lawyers in the office of James L. Quackenbush, counsel for the Interborough and the New York Railways Companies, prosecuted strikers accused of acts of violence against the Third Avenue Company and its employes. He said that this, with other acts cited previously, disclosed the close

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Lloyd George Denies Abuse of Trade Secrets; As Safe in Censor's Hands as in Our Post Office

LONDON, Sept. 15.—David Lloyd George, British Secretary of War, today gave to The Associated Press the following statement:

"There appears to be a deliberate campaign, set on foot in the United States by German agents, to throw doubt on the good faith of his Majesty's Government in regard to the use of information obtained through the censorship.

"These German agents, with whose underground methods of working we are quite familiar, appear now to have resurrected my statement in the House of Commons on Aug. 8, although that statement was fully explained by Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, on Aug. 9, and most explicit assurances on the same subject were given by him in a later interview on Aug. 25.

"In spite of this these propagandists are trying to dress out my statement as something new, nullifying Lord Robert Cecil's assurances which followed it. Let me now say on behalf of the military authorities what has already been said on behalf of the Foreign Office—that when information is passed on by the censorship to other departments it is for the sole purpose of guiding the action of the Government in the conduct of the war.

"For instance, when we get information that an American firm, to whom the Foreign Office has given a permit for the export of certain German goods from Rotterdam, on the ground that these goods had been paid for before the war, is using that permit fraudulently, as frequently has been the case, we pass the information on to the Foreign Office in order that they may cancel the permit.

"Again, when we find that a neutral firm is using British banking facilities for the purpose of trading with our enemies and is deceiving the British banks in question as to the real purpose of the transaction, we pass that information on to the proper department in order that they may refuse to license the transaction. Or, again, if we learn that a shipment of contraband, ostensibly from one neutral firm to another, is really destined for the enemy, we see that the Contraband Committee gets that information.

"That, frankly stated, is what we do. But we affirm, and challenge any one to deny it, that honest business interests and trade secrets of an American merchant or manufacturers are as safe in the hands of the military censors and of every other Government department as they are in the hands of the American Post Office."

In the House of Commons on Aug. 8 Mr. Lloyd George, in answer to questions concerning the use made of a letter written by a neutral manufacturer and examined by the military censor said, according to The London Times report of the debate, that the letter in question was not stopped in the sense that it was not allowed to proceed to its destination. "But," the War Secretary added, "it is, of course, the practice to communicate to the public department concerned any information on matters of public interest which may be obtained through the censorship, for such use to be made of it as the particular department may consider desirable. This was done in this instance."

Lord Robert Cecil in his statement of Aug. 9 said that neutral correspondence in no single instance had been used to assist British competition with peaceful neutral commerce. In his statement to The Associated Press, Aug. 25, Lord Robert reiterated that data from trade letters had been used solely for Government purposes "and never for the purpose of substituting allied trade for neutral trade."

WILSON PREPARING 8-HOUR LAW SPEECH

Sees Vital Principle in Establishment of Day for Railroad Workers.

INSISTS ON FULL PROGRAM

Welcomes Republican Argument—Expects to Go to St. Louis Monday—Caught in Rain on Links.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 15.—President Wilson received a telegram late this afternoon from the physicians attending Mrs. Anne E. Howe, his sister in New London, saying there was a slight improvement in her condition. Earlier in the day he received word that she was very low and that her death was momentarily expected, and all engagements for the day were immediately cancelled in preparation for an immediate trip to New London should it prove necessary.

Although all his plans for the coming week are held dependent upon her illness, Mr. Wilson is not expected to return to New London unless summoned by the family. The Mayflower is still at his disposal at Atlantic Highlands should he wish to make use of it in an emergency.

If Mrs. Howe's condition permits, the President will leave late Monday evening for St. Louis, where he has a long standing engagement to make an address on Sept. 20. Should the worst fears of the family be realized, and Mrs. Howe die, the President will drop everything to go to South Carolina, where the family once lived, to attend her funeral.

Caught in the Rain on Links.

The President motored to the Spring Lake Golf Club this morning with Mrs. Wilson, expecting to spend several hors on the course, but shortly after they began playing a sudden pouring rain drove them to the clubhouse. After waiting vainly for a time for signs of clearing they gave up hope for fair weather and returned to Shadow Lawn.

The President did not go to the Executive Offices in Asbury Park today, but after receiving the reassuring message about his sister, he spent some time in his study working on the first speeches which he is to make here to visiting delegations, in which a discussion of the principle of the eight-hour law is expected to have a prominent place.

The President, his political advisers said today, considers the principle of the eight-hour day vitally affected by the strike settlement, and will seek to show that while the railroad legislation passed by Congress to meet the situation will give the employes at least a temporary increase in pay, the more important point is that it established the eight-hour as the basis of work for railroad workmen.

The President will make his views either in a speech here at Shadow Lawn, or in a letter. Democratic leaders expect the Republicans to continue their efforts to make the strike settlement an issue, and it was said today that Mr. Wilson will welcome such an argument.

Will Push Railroad Program.

Mr. Wilson expects to make clear that he will not be satisfied until Congress enacts into the law the rest of the railroad legislation he recommended when the strike was threatened, including an increase in the Interstate Commerce Commission and a measure for an investigation of controversies between railways and their employes before strikes or lockouts are called.

The President has already begun the work of selecting the board for the investigation of the working ability of the eight-hour day on railroads, although the new arrangements will not go into effect for several months. He will seek, it was said today, to appoint a board which will have the full confidence of the railways, the employes, and the public.

Confidence of a Democratic victory in Nebraska was expressed in a telegram from Senator Hitchcock received by the President today. The Senator said a survey of political conditions in his State had convinced him that Mr. Wilson is strong there.

The President had no callers today at

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BRITAIN ADDS MORE TO TRADE EMBARGO

Proposes to Limit Scandinavia and Holland to Normal Imports of Various Commodities.

HITS DUTCH TRADE TRUST

English and American Exporters Alike to be Restricted in Transactions with Holland.

A delayed dispatch received from London yesterday with regard to a new British order dealing with trade to Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Holland gave the impression that Great Britain was attempting to cut off all neutral trade with those countries. However, Lord Robert Cecil, the British Minister of War Trade, explained yesterday that the prohibition was limited only to certain articles and not to trade in general.

How the Order Applies to America.

LONDON, Thursday, Sept. 14, (Delayed.)—The plan of rationing the neutral countries of Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Holland, under which no further licenses will be granted for the present to British exporters, has been extended to apply to the United States by the expedients of refusing to allow the Netherlands Overseas Trust to accept further American consignments and by declining to grant letters of assurance for American shipments destined for these countries.

In consequence of this American shipments for Holland will be stopped absolutely, while the regular transportation companies trading between the United States and Scandinavia will not take cargoes without assurances of their innocent destination by the British authorities. Furthermore, tramp steamers are hardly likely to risk the inevitable landing in the prize court of any cargo they might accept.

Neutral diplomats here believe two reasons induced the British Government to take this action. The first is the simplicity of the plan, which enables the Government to control supplies at the source. The second is the growing bill with which Great Britain is being pressed by neutral Governments for demurrage and other expenses incurred by taking suspected ships into Kirkwall and other ports for examination. So far as is known, no machinery exists at present for adjusting these claims because many of the cargoes never actually reach the prize court. When shippers ask for compensation they are referred to the prize court, which thus far has declined to consider their claims on the ground that they have no standing in court.

It is expected that Washington will make an inquiry in regard to this matter, especially as to the American schooners which were taken into Lerwick and released after being detained for several weeks. No charges were preferred against them.

Another blockade measure, which also probably will interest Washington, is the recent arrangement under which bureaus were set up in England and France for granting licenses for exchange of goods which figure on the list of prohibited imports. The American authorities contend that under the British-American commercial treaty of 1815 such prohibitions must be enforced equally against all countries. Consequently any privileges granted to France and not extended to the United States are held to be in violation of that treaty.

Cecil Explains the Order.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, today explained the recent orders of the British Government, refusing to allow Holland to accept further consignments of American goods and refusing letters of assurance that American shipments would reach Scandinavia. He said the orders applied only to certain prohibited articles and not to trade in general.

Great Britain has forbidden the export of various articles to European neutrals on the ground that they have already received in the first seven months of this year more than an ordinary year's supply. Lord Robert said it was not logical to forbid such exports from Great Britain and to permit them from America and other neutral sources.

Lord Robert explained that one neutral nation, taking normally 18,000 tons of coffee, in seven months of this year already had imported 50,000 tons, so all further imports of coffee to that country would be regarded as likely to reach an enemy destination. The list of pro-

Continued on Page 3.

BRITISH PIERCE GERMAN LINES 2 MILES, SMASH 6-MILE FRONT, TAKING 2,300 MEN; THREE TOWNS TAKEN; COMBLES DOOMED

Monster Armored Cars, Used by British in Charge, Defy Trenches, Barbed Wire, or Craters to Stop Them

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 16.—Reference today in the official communication to a new type of armored car is the first official mention of a development which has been much whispered about recently in army circles. Those who have seen the new vehicles refer to them as "tanks," while the soldiers who have been handling them have given them the nickname of "Willis."

The object sought by the designers was to render a heavily armored motor car capable of being operated in the shell-torn and roadless wilderness of trenches, where a vehicle mounted on ordinary wheels could not be used.

Although no details of the car's construction have been published, The Times says: "Our inventors have not hesitated boldly to tread unbeaten paths. We may imagine the feelings of German infantry in shell-battered trenches when, in the uncertain light of dawn, they saw advancing upon them an array of unearthly monsters, cased in steel, spitting fire and crawling laboriously but ceaselessly over trenches, barbed wire, and shell craters."

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE, Sept. 15.—When the British brought into action today for the first time the new type of armored motor car capable, because of its powerful traction, of crossing trenches and shell craters, the soldiers cheered it even in the midst of shell fire as it moved along beside them in the charge. There has been nothing mor wonderful in this war than th spectacle of its advance toward the German line.

NEW SOMME BLOW TERRIFIC

Infantry Sweep On Resistlessly While Airmen Fly Low to Use Guns.

MOTOR CARS ALSO IN CHARGE

Flers, Martinpuich, and Courcelette Are Won, Also Heights Toward Bapaume.

FRENCH HELP RING COMBLES

Take Positions Directly East of Village and Reach the Outskirts of Rancourt.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—An allied offensive, launched with great strength against the Germans north of the Somme today, swept over the lines of Crown Prince Rupprecht's army for a width of six miles on the British front alone, penetrating the German defenses to a depth of one to two miles at some points.

The towns of Flers, Martinpuich, and Courcelette, with High Wood and most of Bois de Bouleaux, just north of Combles, fell into the hands of the British, who in addition captured all the high ground between Combles and the Pozières-Bapaume Road.

The British onset was made with the greatest dash, a novel kind of motor car aiding in the advance while aviators swooping low bombarded trenches with machine guns.

By 1 o'clock in the afternoon Flers had been captured by the British troops, some of whom had also gained the outskirts of Martinpuich, a mile and a half east of Pozières. The great assault had even then broken through the enemy's third line of defense, and in several parts of the line the Germans were fleeing in haste, while hundreds were surrendering as the British pressed on. A total of 2,300 prisoners were taken during the day.

For their part the troops of General Foch took more ground in the region of Combles, driving a wedge into the outskirts of Rancourt and pushing northward from Le Priez Farm 1,500 yards. Thereby they rendered the encirclement of Combles closer, the Allies now holding trenches to the north, west, south, and partly to the east of the village.

British Reports of Successes.

The night bulletin of the British War Office, giving the results of the drive on Haig's front, reads:

> Today's fighting, which has been severe, resulted in our capture of virtually all the high ground between Combles and the Pozières-Bapaume Road.
>
> Most of the Bouleaux Wood, Flers, High Wood, Martinpuich, and Courcelette have fallen into our hands. The enemy fought stubbornly to retain his ground.
>
> Over 2,300 prisoners already have been passed back, including 65 officers, 6 of them being battalion commanders.
>
> Our air service today maintained a constant successful co-operation with our artillery and infantry. Frequent accurate reports have been furnished of the course of the battle. Hostile artillery and infantry have been effectually gauged by our aeroplanes with machine gun fire. Many bombing attacks were carried out against hostile aerodromes and railway stations, in the course of which troop trains were hit and transport and railway sidings were attacked with machine guns.
>
> Another German kite balloon was brought down. The total number of hostile aeroplanes destroyed today was thirteen. Nine others were driven down in a damaged condition. Four of our machines are missing.

The day bulletin of the British War Office, telling of the beginning of the offensive, says:

> Last night enemy trenches southeast of Thiepval on a front of about 1,000 yards, including the strongly defended locality known as the "Wunder Werk," were captured by our troops.
>
> This morning we attacked the enemy on a front extending from Bouleaux Wood to north of the Albert-Bapaume road, a distance of about six miles. Considerable successes already have been obtained. Our troops have advanced some 2,000 to 3,000 yards at various places, and the attack is progressing satisfactorily.
>
> A large number of prisoners has been taken.
>
> In this attack we employed for the first time a new type of heavy armored car, which proved to be of considerable utility.
>
> Much aerial fighting has taken place. Four hostile machines were brought down in flames and at least four others were driven down damaged. One hostile kite balloon was brought down last night and one this morning.
>
> Our aeroplanes co-operated with the advance of our infantry, from a low altitude, firing on the enemy on the ground.
>
> Bombs were successfully dropped on three headquarters of the enemy. The railway station at Bapaume was also successfully bombed, much railway stock being damaged and one train destroyed.

Deeds of French Airmen.

The night report of the French War Office emphasizes the growing encirclement of Combles and tells of great activity of the French airmen. The bulletin reads:

> North of the Somme we accomplished an advance north of Le Priez farm, where we took a system of trenches to a pedth of 500 meters. This advance, in conjunction with the British operations, marks the beginning of the encircling of Combles.
>
> There was some lively fighting today east of the Bethune Road and north of Bouchavesnes during which we enlarged our positions.
>
> South of the Somme, two attacks, begun at 4 P. M., in the sector of Deniécourt-Berny, brought us con-

BULGARS ROUTED AND LINE SMASHED

Serbians Pursue Them for Nine Miles, Capturing 25 Guns and Many Prisoners.

FRENCH PIERCE DEFENSES

Storm Positions Half a Mile Deep—British Take Town and Russians Join the Fighting.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Under smashing blows delivered by the Entente forces, all the Allies on this front now being represented with the entry of Russian troops in the fighting, the Bulgar-Teuton defense line is rapidly crumbling.

The Serbians, after several days of brilliant fighting, have overwhelmed the Bulgar positions in front of them, capturing twenty-five guns and a large number of prisoners, causing the enemy to retreat precipitately for more than nine miles; the French have captured positions half a mile deep over a front of a mile to the east of Vardar, while the British, west of that river, near the centre of the allied front, took by assault the town of Makukovo from a mixed Bulgar and German force, as well as two points north of this locality. These successes are announced officially. Unofficial advices say Russian troops have captured villages north of Kastoria, which town (southwest of Florina) has been evacuated by the Bulgars, who, however, have occupied and fortified the heights of Coryba to the north of it.

Following is the report of operations made public today by the French War Office:

> From the Struma to Lake Doiran the cannonade continues everywhere on both sides. It is rather spirited in the mountainous region of Belles.
>
> On the left bank of the Vardar British troops delivered a violent attack against the Bulgarians, who were supported by contingents of German infantry. This terminated to the advantage of the British. Makukovo was taken by assault, as well as two points north of this locality, where the British established themselves solidly. One hundred prioners and about ten machine guns were captured by them.
>
> To the right of the Vardar the French troops took enemy trenches along a front of 1,300 meters, to a depth of about 800 meters.
>
> East of the Cerna the Serbians continue to advance toward Vetrenik and Kajeckalan, west of Lake Ostrovo. The battle was under way for several days between the Serbian army and important Bulgarian forces. It resulted in a very brilliant success for our allies. Gornizevo was carried at the point of the bayonet, as well as the greater portion of Malkanidze crest.
>
> Serbian cavalry, pursuing the Bulgarians as they retired in disorder, captured the village of Eksisu, thus compelling their adversaries to make a precipitate retreat of more than 15 kilometers, (9 3-10 miles.) During these actions the Serbians captured twenty-five cannon and took a great number of prisoners, the number of which has not yet been ascertained.
>
> On our left wing Franco-Russian forces completely cleared out Bulgarian comitadje bands, which had advanced as far as Koyani, from the entire region south of Lake Ostrovo for a distance of sixty kilometers.
>
> Four French aeroplanes dropped numerous bombs on Sofia and then, continuing their voyage, landed at Bucharest.

A version of this aeroplane attack received in a Reuter dispatch from Bucharest says: Noel and Lesueur, French aviators, dropped five bombs on Sofia on their way from Saloniki to the Rumanian capital, where they landed after a flight of about 400 miles.

British naval aircraft raided railways and troop concentrations within the Bulgarian lines of communication beyond Kavala between Aug. 25 and Aug. 31, according to a report issued by the Admiralty tonight. Considerable damage, the report states, was done to the railways, rolling stock, petrol and other depots and troop concentrations at Berk Drama, Ckuliar, Kavala, Porna, and Angista.

SOFIA, Sept. 15, (via London.)—An official communication issued today says:

> Two enemy aeroplanes coming from the south dropped nine bombs of small calibre on Sofia Thursday, causing slight damage. The machine fled northward.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, (via London.)—Concerning the fighting on the Macedonian front the War Office statement today

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ITALIANS BEGIN NEW OFFENSIVE

Terrific Drive at Trieste Starts, and Enthusiastic Crowds Parade in the Cities.

BIG NEW GUNS ARE DEADLY

Vienna Tells of Loss of Some Trenches to the Foe, but Insists It Is of No Importance.

ROME, Sept. 15.—A new offensive has been started on the Isonzo front, with Trieste as the objective. The new drive, which has been going on four days from Gorizia to the Adriatic, is still in its first stages, with the Austrians reintrenching and blocking the way to Trieste along the line of Hermada-Selo-Novelo.

A feature of the offensive is the effectiveness of the new Italian artillery. One hundred new 305-millimeter guns are being employed, the aim of which is deadly, due to an invention for long-distance range finding, by which observation is possible despite rain.

In various cities of Italy tonight there were scenes of rejoicing, the crowds marching through the streets singing. The tone of the Italian press is hopeful.

Capture of Austrian positions on the Isonzo front and in the Trentino, near Monte Cauriol, was announced officially today. The statement reads:

> Between the heads of the Vano and Fiemm Valleys our attacks were directed toward extending possession of the crest northeast of Monte Cauriol. We are proceeding satisfactorily notwithstanding the difficulty of the ground and the stubborn resistance of the enemy.
>
> Yesterday the enemy's artillery kept under violent fire, without result, the positions we captured recently on Monte Lagazuoi and in the Travenanzes and Boite Valleys.
>
> On the lower Isonzo yesterday our heavy artillery and heavy trench mortar batteries kept up an intense fire against the enemy's lines east of Gorizia and on the Carso. While torrential rains were falling in the afternoon we stormed positions east of Vallone, taking some lines of intrenchments. We captured 2,117 prisoners, including 71 officers, and some machine guns and trench mortars yesterday.
>
> One of our aeroplane squadrons in an aerial fight succeeded in bringing down two enemy seaplanes off Panzano.

Austrians Tell of Violent Attacks.

VIENNA, Sept. 15, (via London.)—The War Office today had this to say of operations in the Italian theatre:

> The Italians have opened a new offensive. For the time being their efforts are being directed chiefly against the Carso Plateau.
>
> Yesterday the artillery and mine fire increased there with the greatest violence. In the afternoon strong enemy infantry forces in dense formation advanced to the attack along the whole front between the Wippach River and the sea. Fierce fighting developed. Although the enemy at first suucceeded in penetrating parts of our first line trenches and maintaining himself here and there, his first assault, nevertheless, is looked upon as a failure.
>
> North of the Wippach as far as the region of Plaza artillery fire was very lively, but no infantry engagements worth mentioning developed.
>
> On the Flemm Valley front artillery duels continue. Several attacks delivered by Italian detachments about a battalion strong against Bassane Ridge were repulsed. During one of these attacks, to the west of Cima di Val Maggiore, our troops made prisoners of sixty Alpine soldiers.
>
> Naval Events: On the night of Sept. 13-14 one of our hydro-aeroplane squadrons successfully bombarded military positions at Grado, and a second squadron railway establishments and other military objectives at San Giorgio di Nogaro. Several direct hits were made, and great fires were observed. Notwithstanding a violent bombardment, all the aeroplanes returned safely.

FLORIDA—CUBA—ATLANTA & S. W. Quick Schedules. Solid steel trains. Inquire Seaboard Air Line Ry., 1,184 B'way.—Advt.

siderable gains. East of Denécourt a trench, strongly held by the enemy, and a small wood were captured after a quick fight.

Northeast of Berny three trenches were successfully conquered by us. We took 200 prisoners and ten machine guns. The latest advices say that the ground won this afternoon is covered with German dead.

On the remainder of the front the day was relatively calm, except in the sectors of Thiaumont, Fleury, and Vaux-Chapitre, where the artillery duel continues sharply.

Aviation—Our aviators on the Somme front distinguished themselves, particularly in numerous combats above the enemy's lines. Lieutenant Guynemer felled his sixteenth, Lieutenant Nungesser his twelfth, Lieutenant Heurtaux his sixth and Lieutenant de Rothefort his sixth aircraft, while in a recent fight it is confirmed that Lieutenant de Ullin won his sixth victory. Two other German machines were attacked at close range, and compelled to descend, seriously damaged.

On the Verdun front one enemy machine was felled north of Douaumont. In the Vosges our anti-aircraft artillery brought one Fokker down near Luses.

Our bombing squadrons also were very active Thursday night. A group of ten machines dropped seventy-seven bombs and 128 incendiary bombs on the station and railway at Tergnier and Chatenay and on the station and barracks at Guiscard. Numerous hits were made. A huge fire was observed at Tergnier and the commencement of a blaze at Guiscard.

Another squadron dropped forty shells on the barracks at Stenay, where several fires were observed, and forty bombs on works at Rombach. One of our pilots pushed as far as Dillingen, in the valley of the Saar and dropped eight bombs on a large factory where a fire is reported to have been observed. The same night the Rombach blast furnaces received ten bombs and four more bombs fell on the railway between Metz and Pont-a-Mousson, which was seriously damaged.

The day report of the French War Office tells how Foch's troops last night captured a series of German trenches north of the Somme and advanced as far as the village of Rancourt. The bulletin reads:

North of the Somme at the close of yesterday evening our troops, in an attack carried out with dash, took by assault a group of German trenches south of Rancourt, and pushed forward parties to the edge of the village.

In the night the Germans renewed their attack in the region east of Clery. All their efforts were defeated with sanguinary losses. Especially in an attack made near the southern extremity of Hill 76 the enemy sustained heavy losses.

South of the Somme we easily repulsed a grenade attack northeast of Berny-en-Santerre.

Between the Oise and the Aisne a surprise attack was delivered against the enemy's trenches in the region of Autreches, enabling us to inflict losses on the Germans and take some prisoners.

On the right bank of the Meuse, (Verdun front,) the enemy attempted twice to attack our lines west of the Fort Vaux Road. Our machine gun fire drove him back to his trenches. The night was calm everywhere else.

Berlin Reports Allies Repulsed.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, (via London.)—The official account today of fighting on the Franco-Belgian front reports the repulse of allied attacks in the Somme region, where violent fighting continues. The statement reads:

Army group of Prince Rupprecht—Artillery duels continue with the same violence between the Anore and the Somme. An attempt by considerable British forces to capture by an encircling movement our salient line south of Thiepval met with failure.

Strong and bravely conducted French infantry attacks, prepared for an exceedingly persevering drum fire, and which were intended as an effort to break through our lines between Rancourt and the Somme, also failed with very heavy and sanguinary losses. Le Priez Farm, west of Rancourt, has been occupied by the enemy.

West of Belloy and south of Soyecourt partial attacks were repulsed.

In successful aerial engagements Captain Boelke and Lieutenant Wingens brought down two enemy aeroplanes each. (The official German statement of Sept. 10 said that Captain Boelke had brought down his twenty-second aeroplane.)

Army group of German Crown Prince—Subsequent to the actions reported on Wednesday parts of our foremost lines west of the Souville salient were lost. After bitter fighting, which continued throughout the night, the enemy was ejected again. In the evening a strong French attack before our Thiaumont-Fleury front broke down completely.

French Senate Passes Loan Bill.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—The Senate today, by a unanimous vote, adopted the bill authorizing the new war loan, proposed by Finance Minister Ribot. The bill passed the Chamber of Deputies yesterday.

TEUTONS OUST RUSSIANS.

Recapture Positions Lost West of Kapul, in the Carpathians.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, (via London.)—Successful operations by the Teutonic allies on the Russian front are recorded in today's official announcement, which follows:

Army Group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria—There is nothing to report.

Army Group of Archduke Charles Francis—In the Marajowka sector and to the east thereof operations by German and Turkish detachments were successful.

In the Carpathians Russian troops which penetrated our line on the western slope of the Einbros Lawawk were driven out again. A section of our position west of Kapul which fell into the hands of the enemy in the fighting reported yesterday has been recaptured.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—According to advices from a Swiss source the Austrians have suffered another sanguinary defeat west of Kapul Mountain in the Carpathians, says a wireless dispatch from Rome today.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 15.—Conditions along the front in Russia and Galicia are unchanged, the War Office announces today.

SNOW ON CAUCASUS FRONT.

Kurds Defeated by Russians in Isolated Engagements.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 15.—Cold weather is setting in in parts of Turkish Armenia, where isolated engagements with Kurdish forces have occurred, an official statement says, which follows:

Increased activity by hostile Kurds in the region southwest of Kighi continues. In the direction of Bitlis our advanced guards drove the Kurds out of Tchukhur and Norshen, (fifteen miles north of Bitlis,) and pressed them back to Tohavkis.

Frosts are being experienced in positions in the Priamur and Giumichkhan sectors, and more than seventy centimeters of snow has fallen in some places.

KIN OF DICKENS KILLED.

Grandson Meets Death in France—General Brooke Is Wounded.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Major Cedric Charles Dickens, grandson of Charles Dickens, was killed in action in France Monday.

LONDON, Spt. 15.—Brig. Gen. Lord Brooke has been wounded in France.

Lord Brooke is the eldest son of the Fifth Earl of Warwick and has lately been in command of the Fourth Infantry Brigade of the Canadian expeditionary force.

He commanded the manoeuvres in Canada in 1914 and was aid de camp to the Commander in Chief of the British Army in France in 1914 and 1915.

FAMINE GRIPS SYRIA, BEIRUT DEVASTATED

Whole Levant Is Starving and Hopeless, American Woman Writer Says.

THE DEAD LIE UNBURIED

Cases of Cannibalism Are Reported—Syrians Hanged by Dozens in the Beirut Public Squares.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The London Times publishes an article by an American woman who recently returned from Beirut, Syria, by way of Turkey, Bulgaria, Austria-Hungary and Germany. She begins:

"The Levant is starving. This is the literal truth. We left the country exactly two months ago, a party of six, five Americans and one Greek. We crossed the whole of Europe at war, visited four countries of the Central Powers, and saw a lot we would rather forget than remember, but nothing existing in Europe can even compare with present conditions in Asiatic Turkey."

When Cumberbatch, the British Consul General at Beirut, warned all British subjects to leave the country, many laughed at him, thinking he was an alarmist unnecessarily. "Cumberbatch, however," the writer says, "went on advising all families and practically ordering all single women engaged in mission work in Syria to leave the country. That part of the British Consular archives which Cumberbatch did not destroy before leaving was left at the Consulate under the protection of the United States Consul General. American protection, which at first seemed a safeguard, proved of very little value. The United States Consul General sealed up the archives, but as soon as the Turkish officials realized that there was no military backing behind his refusal to give them up, they daily became bolder in their attitude and at last broke the seals and seized them.

Population in Panic.

"A great panic among the population followed. Arrests of members of the best Syrian families began to take place in quick succession. All the people arrested belonged to families which had been connected with the French Consulate. It became known that among the French papers a number had been found which proved political sympathies so strong that the Turkish Government termed them high treason. There had been as great a panic among Syrians with British sympathies, but none of them was touched.

"The arrests were followed by trials by courtmartial. Men whom we knew personally, with whom we had been on committees, with whom we dined and played tennis, whom we looked upon as the best and most enlightened of their country, were beaten, tortured, deported, and put to death. There were days when a dozen at a time were hanged in the public squares of Beirut at dawn, their dead bodies being left there for some hours.

"The hush of fear hung over the city. No man dared to trust his neighbor. The end of this tragedy only came in the beginning of 1916." The writer then paints a graphic picture of the havoc wrought to the crops by the visitation of swarms of locusts. By the end of July, 1915, the whole olive and grape crop of Lebanon and Southern Syria had gone. The wheat crop in the north was damaged, but not ruined. Syria had been suddenly thrown on its own resources by the strict French blockade enforced shortly after the beginning of the war. After the visitation of the locusts ceased, the Turkish Government in the Autumn of 1915, as a result of the reported proposed landing of the Allies, began to prepare for an invasion.

"The open coast of Syria," the writer continues, "was recognized as untenable, but at any rate it should be as little of a prize as possible, so no stores of food were allowed to be laid up any longer, and transportation of food from the north was limited.

Famine Prices for Food.

"After a few weeks the activities of the Red Cross were stopped entirely by the Government. The city's supplies became smaller and smaller. At last all transportation of flour and wheat was taken in hand by the Government, and as a natural result food prices went higher still. Money was scarcer than ever, and misery increased weekly.

"Toward Spring cases of starvation began to be known. The poor were found in the streets unconscious and were carried to hospitals. We passed women and children lying by the roadside with closed eyes and ghastly pale faces. It was a common thing to find people searching garbage heaps for orange peel or other refuse, and eating it greedily when found. Everywhere women could be seen seeking edible weeds among the grass along the roads.

"The priest of a mountain village had to come down to another village to beg some men to help him bury the dead that were lying about in the streets. From a very reliable source we heard that in the Kessrman barren district in the Lebanon range, cases had been found of the eating of human flesh."

Arranging for Relief Supplies.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The State Department arranged today to ask the Governments of the Entente Allies for consent to ship relief supplies for the starving population of Syria through their blockade of Turkey. The chief obstacle to these shipments was removed when word came yesterday that the Turkish Government had reconsidered its former refusal to allow them, and has assented on condition that they pass through the port of Beirut and be distributed by Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies. It was believed by department officials that the Entente Allies would interpose no objections.

President Wilson has designated Oct. 21 and 22 as special days for the collection of funds and supplies for famine-stricken Syrians and Armenians. The State Department will continue to press the Turkish Government to allow shipments to the Armenians.

ZAIMIS AGAIN REFUSES.

Ex-Greek Premier Summoned to King, but Cannot be Induced to Resume Power.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 16.—King Constantine summoned former Premier Zaimis to Tatoi, his Summer home, yesterday morning.

Reuter's Athens correspondent says the interview was fruitless, M. Zaimis refusing to resume power.

ATHENS, Sept. 14.—The inability of former Finance Minister Dimitracopulos to form a Cabinet, as requested by the King, is believed by the Venizelists and anti-Venizelists alike to have been due to the belief that he intended to build up a personal political party.

His assurances that he would do his best to bring Greece into the war do not seem to justify the price demanded by the Entente, who asked a free hand in Greek internal politics and immediate elections, despite the evident difficulties in the way of such a course.

The political situation is still very much involved.

NEW LONDON'S FAITH IN U-BOATS WANING

Tomorrow Noon Is the Time Limit Set for Arrival of German Submarine Long Awaited.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 15.—If a German submarine does not reach New London and tie up at the new State pier by Sunday noon the good people of this old whaling town will be ready to "give up the ghost."

The undersea phantom has been haunting them day and night for the last six weeks. The report that a submarine called America was spoken yesterday about 300 miles off Nantucket is not confirmed here, either by the Scott Wrecking Company, the State Terminal officials, or representatives of the Eastern Forwarding Company, yet there is still an air of expectancy, and certain movements plainly show that some submersible is expected very soon from across the Atlantic.

Workmen were busy at the State Pier this morning placing pontoons in position, and carpenters later began the erecting of a high sectional board fence on the pontoons, the whole forming a floating barrier, which will extend from the pier to the bow of the steamship Willehad, 100 feet distant in the stream, completing a four-sided inclosure for the submarine when she is docked. Electric lights have been placed underneath the pier, evidently to thwart any attempt that might be made to injure the craft by explosives.

The Willehad's searchlights were in action last night for a couple of hours, their powerful beams sweeping the harbor and sending rays far out across Long Island Sound. Just what significance the searchlights played in the possible appearance of the long-expected submarine is not known by the outside public.

The big warehouses on the State pier, constructed recently in double-quick time, a twelve-day contract, are well filled with crude rubber, nickel, and other valuable materials. Newspaper men from Boston and New York and the ever-present moving-picture men are flocking to New London again on the strength of the "300 miles off Nantucket" rumor, and Customs officials are sleeping close to telephones, believing they have a sure tip this time.

SWEDEN DISPUTES CHARGES BY ALLIES

Denies Neutrality Has Favored Central Powers—Upholds Her Treatment of Submarines.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Swedish Government's reply to the representations of the Entente Ministers concerning Swedish measures to preserve the neutrality of Swedish territorial waters has been published in Stockholm, says a Reuter dispatch from that place.

The reply, the dispatch says, disputes in a most formal manner the suggestion that there is any difference in the treatment accorded either to one or the other of the belligerent camps which could be regarded as incompatible with the duties of a loyal and impartial neutrality. The Swedish reply says:

"The Government of the King cannot enter into any discussion on the sincerity and impartiality of its neutrality, which have been abundantly demonstrated throughout the whole situation of the present war. It would, however, observe that an allegation of this character is not well founded when based only on isolated and imperfectly investigated facts."

The reply refers further to the treaties which the Entente Allies in their representation adduce as governing the points in dispute. The Swedish Government, the reply says, declares itself ready to discuss the interpretation of these treaties, but holds that it has the right to choose between several lawful methods for the maintenance of Sweden's rights and the fulfillment of her obligations.

Regarding submarines, the reply contends that all are treated as war submarines unless their employment for commercial purposes is clearly established by evident facts. The protest of the Entente referred especially to the regulations covering submarines entering Swedish waters, and the laying of a mine field off Kogrundrenden in the southern sound.

LAUDS VERDUN DEFENDER.

Official Journal Pays Unusual Tribute to General Nivelle.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—A tribute unusual for an official French communication is paid to General Nivelle, the defender of Verdun, in The Journal Officiel today. Announcement was made on Wednesday that General Nivelle had been decorated with the insignia of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor, and in this connection the following citation is published:

"Robert Georges Nivelle, General of Division, commanding an army, has for four months commanded the army that resisted victoriously the attacks of the enemy, renewed without cessation, and has supported heroically the hardest trials. He has shown in this command, with the most brilliant qualities of leadership, an energy and force of character which have powerfully influenced the operations in progress over the entire front.

"After having checked the advance of the enemy toward his objective, which had become a moral stake of the war, General Nivelle resumed the offensive, foot by foot, and by his attacks succeeded in dominating the adversary on the very ground chosen by the latter for a decisive effect."

BERLIN TO CUT BREAD PRICE

Lord Mayor Announces Coming Reduction in Rye Loaves.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, (via London.)—Replying to the socialist resolution introduced yesterday in the Berlin City Council demanding a reduction in the maximum prices of staple foods, Adolf Wermuth, Lord Mayor of Berlin, announced today that in a few days the price of the largest size of rye loaves would be reduced from 78 to 64 pfennigs and the smaller two-pound loaf from 42 to 34 pfennigs; also that cheaper beef and veal were a matter of the immediate future.

The advantage thus accruing to the poorer part of the population that eats rye bread exclusively would be offset, it was explained, by an increase of a half pfennig in the price of part white rolls.

CLYSMIC
THE KING OF TABLE WATERS

BULGARS ROUTED AND LINE SMASHED

Continued from Page 1.

tells of the repulse of the Entente attacks on the Moglenica sector and east of the Vardar. The statement follows:

After violent fighting Malkanidze, east of Florina, was conquered by the enemy. In the Moglenica sector the enemy's attacks were repulsed. East of the Vardar, British detachments having obtained a footing in German trenches, were ejected again.

RUSSIANS TAKE A HAND.

Drive Bulgars from Two Villages North of Kastoria.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Sept. 15, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The Crown Prince of Serbia reached the Serbian front during Wednesday night. Since then he has inspected the whole line, and held a conference with the divisional leaders.

On this front the offensive began with the first light and continued all day Thursday, the Serbians victoriously attacking along the whole front. Great success attended this determined offensive, and one after another the Bulgarian positions fell. Thus the enemy is being steadily and continuously driven back toward Florina.

On the left the Serbians pierced those Bulgar lines which resisted. Prisoners report heavy enemy losses caused by the accurate fire of the Serbian artillery.

Further reliable news from the northwest reports that a detachment of Russians has reached the neighborhood of Kastoria and taken villages north of Kastoria—Zagoritsani and Zoritsani—where prisoners fell into their hands.

French forces advancing south of Kastoria via Krupitsa, Kzepini, Makukovo, and Tsapanitsa arrived within a very short distance of Kastoria. The Bulgars retreated before the French forward move to heights running to the north of the town. Here the enemy is obviously avoiding battle, and is said to be retreating to the fortified line of Roulias-Kanoblitioru.

KAISER'S NEPHEW KILLED.

Prince Frederick William of Hesse Falls in Balkan Battle.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, (via London.)—Prince Frederick William of Hesse has been killed at Cara Orman, it was officially announced by the War Office today in its report on operations on the Balkan front.

Prince Frederick William of Hesse was a nephew of Emperor William. He was born in 1893 at Frankfort-on-the-Main, the eldest son of Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse and Princess Margaret, sister of the German Emperor. He was reported wounded in the fighting in France in September, 1914.

Prince Frederick William is the second Prince of the house of Hesse to be killed in the war, Prince Maximilian falling on a French battlefield in October, 1914. Seven other German Princes have been killed during the war—two of Saxe-Meiningen, three of Lippe, one of Reuss, and one of Waldeck.

SEES SERIOUS WARNING IN RUMANIA'S COURSE

Dr. Naumann Calls It Judgment Of Defeat, Tells Germans They Must Prepare Anew.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Friedrich Naumann, author of "Central Europe," who wrote recently an article on the weakening of German popular opinion about the war, published another interesting article in last week's issue of his weekly paper, Die Hilfe, and it is reproduced in part today in The Times. The article is entitled "The Second Beginning," and makes a candid statement concerning the entrance of Rumania into the war.

Dr. Naumann begins by saying that Germany is now brought face to face with what she expected at the beginning of the war—"the real great danger." He proceeds: "Sacrifices are growing and the number of dead and wounded is becoming great. The war has reached every family, and the grave seriousness of the whole situation is hemming us about on all sides. This is the moment at which our moral forces must be aroused a second time, and this time with all emphasis."

Dr. Neumann then develops his argument about the intervention of Rumania, saying:

"After two years of vacillation, the Rumanian Government has subscribed to the opinion that the Central European cause is lost and that a division of Austro-Hungarian territories can now begin. It is only upon this assumption that the Rumanian invasion of Transylvania has any meaning. These calculating gamblers consider us ripe for the slaughter.

"This is now a small event, for this judgment, passed by neutral covetousness, is regarded over almost all the world as a sort of conclusion of a first period of the war. We must be prepared for the possibility of further development.

"In spite of the enormous efforts of these two years we have not been able to prevent this. This, then, is the judgment of our neighbors, in spite of our occupation of vast Belgian, French, and Russian territories. It is true that the Rumanians are not worthy to stand up as our judges and critics, for they are, as regards their leading classes, a hollow people; but it is precisely their lack of character that makes them a mirror of things as seen by an outward and purely worldly eye.

"The outside of things wears an appearance which is observed in Bucharest. He who only sees what one can establish by reason comes to the conclusion that, in spite of our brilliant victories of 1914 and 1915, our enemies have now in the year 1916 so grown up that even the most powerful efforts are hardly sufficient to ward them off on all fronts. To realize this is not pleasant for us, and it is hard for us to say it, but the Rumanian declaration of war relieves us of the trouble. The blindest see what it must mean. It means that the superficial judgment of the world regards us as used up."

Dr. Naumann then turns to Germany, and declares in emphatic language that it is time for her to realize that she has now to rely upon her moral strength. He says that, although it is possible to argue that the Rumanian Government has miscalculated and failed to consider many circumstances which are favorable to the Central Powers, reliance upon such arguments means reliance upon "an external calculation of probabilities, in which the error may be on the German side just as well as on the enemy's side."

Consequently, he says, Germany must now consider that "the day has come when she must put faith in her inner strength."

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BULGARS WANT TURK ARMY.

Demand Said to be one Reason for Teutonic Allied Conference.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—A dispatch from Milan to The Daily Telegraph says:

"The visits of King Ferdinand and Enver Pasha to Berlin and German headquarters are taken as events of special significance. A long dispatch from Rome to the Secolo says:

"'Despite certain rumors of discontent and agitation among the Old Turks Enver Pasha still is undisputed dictator and arbiter of the military situation in Turkey and enjoys the entire confidence of the Turkish Army. If Enver, therefore, goes to Germany it is not a mere visit of courtesy. Its object is military and political.

"'The convention between the responsible heads of the Teutonic coalition is for a solution of the grave Balkan problems, in which King Ferdinand is also interested. The situation of the Germanic League is critical, but not yet desperate. A German offensive by the interior lines is no longer possible. Worse still, the defensive power of the Central Empires is declining, owing to lack of reserves and growing inferiority in numbers compared to the Allies.

"'That Austria has no reserves is abundantly proved in Transylvania. The enemy is able to take the offensive only at one point, viz., Dobrudja, but this will certainly be checked by the combined Russian and Rumanian forces. The concentration of a strong Russian force in Bessarabia was announced months ago, and if Premier Bratiano preferred to anticipate a declaration of war before the Russian expedition was fully ready it was because greater advantages were assured by a surprise movement in Transylvania, and compared with it the German advance in Dobrudja is small. There is nothing to show it will not end in disaster if the great Russian forces are brought into action.

"'The Germans perceive this danger and the Bulgarians realize it still better. Bulgaria would have preferred to continue her inactivity of the last nine months. Her sham offensive in Macedonia was only to prevent Rumanian intervention. When this diversion failed Bulgaria was threatened on a new front and naturally demanded further help from her German allies. Her army, estimated at half a million at the beginning of the war, had lost 100,000 men, and now is only 400,000 strong. The combined forces of General Sarrail at Saloniki, of the Rumanians along the Danube, and of the Russians in Dobrudja will before long have a crushing superiority.

"'The 50,000 Germans, which is the number of these auxiliaries of the Kaiser supposed to be in Dobrudja, hardly suffice. The Turks have material in Thrace for an army of about 200,000 men, and the object of King Ferdinand is to obtain 150,000 Turkish troops to oppose them to the Russian and Rumanian troops in Dobrudja and on the Danube, leaving the rest of the Bulgarian army free to defend the Macedonian front. The Turks have hitherto refused to dispose of this army of Thrace, alleging it may be needed at any time for the defense of Constantinople.

"'The only condition on which the Turks would consent is compensation by Bulgaria, which Bulgaria is unwilling or unable to give, and hence the visits of Enver Pasha and Ferdinand to discuss the question with the Kaiser and Chancellor von Bethman Hollweg at German headquarters. A solution of the problem is further complicated by the urgent solicitation of the Magyars for assistance also in Transylvania.'"

RUSSO-RUMANIAN ARMY RETIRES IN DOBRUDJA

Rumanians in Transylvania Occupy Three Villages and Cross the Aluta River.

BUCHAREST, Sept. 15, (via Amsterdam to London, Sept. 16.)—The Russian and Rumanian troops in the Dobrudja region of Rumania are in retirement northward, according to the official communication issued this evening, which says:

On the north and northwest fronts there have been light engagements.

On the south front there is violent fighting in Dobrudja. The Russo-Rumanian troops are retiring northward.

An earlier bulletin was worded as follows:

At Meagra, in the Maros Valley, we captured a depot of munitions and equipments. Our troops advanced in the middle region of the Oltfoaluta River and occupied the positions of Barsaolt, Bogata, and Olterna. South of Sibbia we captured an armored train.

In Dobrudja there is violent fighting on the whole front.

VIENNA, Sept. 15, (via London.)—The official statement issued from Austro-Hungarian headquarters today regarding the position on the Transylvania front says:

The attack of the allied (Teutonic) troops in the district to the southeast of Hatzeg is progressing favorably. To the east of Fagaras (thirty miles northwest of Kronstadt) Rumanians have commenced an advance across the Aluta River.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, (via London.)—Progress in the operations against Rumania is reported in the following official statement today:

In Transylvania German and Austro-Hungarian troops engaged in favorable fighting southwest of Hoetzing and Hatzeg.

Dabrudja Front.—At several places we broke up the enemy's resistance, driving him back to the general line of Cazpun-Cara Orman.

The number of prisoners made during the combats around Tutrakan and in the conquest of this fortress, according to reports now available, is approximately 28,000 men.

INDIA BARS FOREIGNERS.

Even Missionaries and Educators Must Get Special Permit.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Sept. 15.—The India Office in London has notified the Government that owing to circumstances arising out of the war, persons other than British subjects who are desirous of proceeding to India to undertake missionary or educational work are now required to obtain permission from the Indian authorities to enable them to enter on such work.

"Experience has shown," says the communication, "that some safeguards are necessary to insure that individuals desiring to work as missionaries in India are not in active sympathy with the enemies of the British Empire or lacking in good-will toward the good of the country in which they propose to teach."

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PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

SLACKER ROUNDUPS ANGER ENGLISHMEN

Many Protests Made Against War Office Methods of Seeking Out Recruits.

DERBY SEEKING A WAY OUT

Calls Together Chief Constables of Provincial Towns to Consider the Question.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Lord Derby held a conference today with the chief constables of the principal provincial towns with the object of testing expert opinion as to the most efficacious methods of preventing evasions from military service.

A communiqué issued from the War Office in reply to public protests against "roundups" whereby hundreds of innocent people were subjected to inconvenience and annoyance, was generally condemned as a lame excuse and it was thought that, as the official communiqué practically admitted that the raids failed to discover any appreciable number of slackers, this particular method of using the military dragnet would be dropped. The Manchester Guardian today, however, records fresh instances of "roundups," describing one as follows:

"There was a very drastic roundup last night at the Chiswick Empire. A friend, whose visit was unpleasantly prolonged by having to spend weary hours while convincing the military authorities that he was entitled to exist in civilian's clothes, was struck by the extraordinary good humor of men in the most vexing circumstances. A military officer appeared on the stage shortly before the end of the performance and forbade any men of military age to leave. Women, children and most of the ineligible men were allowed to go, but some who were clearly above military age were kept behind and all had to file past the military officers in a long, tedious queue. There were striking exceptions to the general Londoner's philosophical jesting acceptance of worries. One or two men were loudly and openly contemptuous and indignant and these bold spirits, who would not go quietly, found themselves distinguished by a powerful escort of police, ordinary and special, on their way to the Police Station. There was a bag of twenty out of some 500 men examined, and most of these, of course, had some good explanation.

"Another point was the remarkable contrast between the manners of the military and the police. Entirely unnecessary roughness was shown by some army officers in cross-examining perfectly innocent persons. The regular police, with a knowledge of human nature and of how men should be handled, and the special police, who have not acquired the official point of view, behaved with consideration and courtesy. Underneath the surface of the submission of the people there was evidently a bitter resentment and that not only on the part of those described by one newspaper yesterday as liberty-of-the-subject-at-any-price fanatics."

As already indicated in dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES these affairs created no little uneasiness here, chiefly because of the fear that evidences of "Zabernism" would interfere with the spirit of the general acceptance of conscription as a means to win the war against Prussian militarism. The Daily News declared:

"The War Office seemed infected with the virus of German militarism in its most malignant form."

Under the heading "The Prussianization of England," William Archer contributes an article to the same paper today wherein he says:

"While I vehemently reprobate many actions of the militarists militant, whom war has dressed in a little brief authority, I think there is no great danger providing we win. Instead of militarism becoming endemic in England, it is industriously cutting its own throat. The country is learning what militarism means and it will not soon forget the lesson. It does not rise up in fury because the Hun is at the gate and we cannot endanger a great cause for the sake of a few foolish fanatics, whether they be persecutors or persecuted, but when peace returns the reign of the persecutors will be over and I am not without hope that some then may be brought to book for their illegal excesses.

"At all events I am optimist enough to believe that the people who count on the permanent Prussianization of England will be disappointed. There is a large reserve of humanity and common sense in the British character, which will be mobilized as soon as the immediate peril has passed away."

DENIES ATROCITY CHARGE.

Bucharest Says Bulgars Seek to Cover Up Their Own Cruelties.

BUCHAREST, Sept. 15, (via London.)—Concerning the charges of atrocities made against Rumanian troops by Bulgaria, the following official statement was issued today by Army Headquarters:

The German press circulates statements accusing the Rumanian troops operating in Dubrudja of acts of cruelty against the Bulgarian population. It is hardly necessary to deny these false assertions, which are intended to divert attention from the atrocities the Bulgarians have committed on wounded prisoners and Rumanian inhabitants elsewhere.

The Bulgarian army is no stranger to the reputation gained by the violence it committed against neighboring Balkan States without exception during the recent wars.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—A Sofia dispatch to the Overseas News Agency says the Bulgarian Government has invited the American Chargé d'Affaires to inspect the ruins of villages destroyed by the Rumanians during their retreat in Dobrudja, and to investigate the charges of cruelty inflicted on inhabitants of these towns which have been made in official Bulgarian reports.

The Bulgarian Government has addressed a protest to all neutral nations, whose representatives at Sofia will be asked to co-operate in the investigation.

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Write immediately and state experience on subjects mentioned.
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BRITAIN ADDS MORE TO TRADE EMBARGO

Continued from Page 1.

hibited articles, he said, varied with different countries, according to what they already had imported, all allowances being made for imports formerly made to German ports.

WASHINGTON WILL PROTEST.

Recognizes Old Point of Contention in New Blockade Order.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The United States Government will challenge and protest against the new British restrictions on exports to Scandinavian and Holland concerning which Lord Robert Cecil made the statement today that the British order restraining trade with Holland and other northern neutral countries applied only to certain articles and not to trade in general.

The principle involved in the new British restrictions is not new—that is, it is not new in the controversy that has been in progress between the United States and British Governments for nearly two years as a result of President Wilson's protests against British restraints on American and other neutral commerce under the so-called blockade policy—but the new order involves a different application of the principle for which Great Britain has been contending.

Early in the war the British Government undertook to regulate and restrict trade into the Netherlands and Scandinavia. Under this policy Great Britain undertook to bar the entry of foodstuffs into Holland and the Scandinavian countries in excess of the normal consumption of such goods by those countries, the theory being that goods imported over and above the normal consumption of Holland, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark were ultimately destined for the Germans.

The British Government's contention that it has a right to interfere with and detain non-contraband goods destined for use as part of the stock of these neutral countries already has been vigorously challenged by the United States in informal notes in which such action has been characterized as "unwarranted" "illegal," and "unjust."

The new British restrictions do not yet forbid all American shipments to Holland, but do forbid the shipment of certain specifically named articles.

President Wilson may find it necessary to apply the retaliatory provisions of the new general revenue law in an effort to obtain definite results. Secretary Lansing has been carefully considering the British situation since the adjournment of Congress, during the closing days of which this retaliatory legislation was enacted, with a view to determining the applicability of the legislation to the situation.

PUZZLES SHIPPING MEN.

Agents of Ocean Lines Fail to Understand New British Order.

Representatives in New York of the Holland-America and other steamship lines operating vessels between American and Dutch and Scandinavian ports said last night that the dispatches from London were the first intimation they had received of probable changes in the rules to be applied to cargoes for the neutral nations. They could not understand, they said, the meaning of the new regulations as outlined in the cable advices. The only possible reason, some of the steamship men said, that they could advance, was that the existing arrangements, by which merchandise for Holland was handled through the Netherlands Overseas Trust, had proved unsatisfactory, and that the rule, whereby "assurances of innocent destination" must be obtained from British authorities by all vessels before they left American ports was to be applied.

Officials attached to the British Consulate here said they were without advices as to any impending changes in the shipping regulations.

DECORATES FALKENHAYN.

The Kaiser Confers an Order on His Former Chief of Staff.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—An Amsterdam dispatch quotes the Deutsche Tageszeitung of Berlin as stating that an army order has been issued announcing that the Order Pour le Mérite has been conferred upon General Berthold von Deimling, Commander of the Fifteenth German Army Corps. The order also announced that General Erich von Falkenhayn, former Chief of the General Staff, has received the Cross and Star of a Commander of the Royal House, order of Hohenzollern, with swords.

Another Berlin message states that General Fretag Koringhofen, hitherto Quartermaster General, has been appointed Deputy Chief of the General Staff.

Kaiser to Open the Reichstag.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—A Geneva dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says it is reported unofficially from Germany that Emperor William, attended by Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg, and Field Marshal von Hindenburg, Chief of Staff, will open the session of the Reichstag, which convenes on Sept. 28.

TISZA HOTLY ATTACKED IN HUNGARIAN CHAMBER

Premier Calls Criticism of Army "Well Poisoning"—Count Serenyi Joins Opposition.

BUDAPEST, Sept. 14, (via Berlin and London, Sept. 15.)—The Hungarian Parliament today was again the scene of great excitement. Count Albert Apponyi, Stephan Rakovsky, and other leaders of the opposition attacked Premier Tisza, and the latter defended himself by criticising them.

Premier Tisza inserted a personal issue into the discussion when he said he regretted his "foolishness" in recommending to Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, that he confidentially discuss the state of affairs with Rakovsky. The Premier called the criticisms of the army leadership by the head of the People's Party as "well poisoning."

Count Apponyi declared that the three chief questions needing discussion were the foreign policies, the military situation, and the food supply. The harmony and unity needed for considering these three problems were endangered by the introduction of other questions, such as Premier Tisza's attempt to bind Hungary economically to its allies for a long period of time.

Discussing the military situation, Count Apponyi said it was, of course, out of the question to think of a change in the leadership of the army, which was now regaining the strong confidence of the people. When, however, the Entente leaders had made a mistake guarantees always had been offered that the mistakes would not be repeated, and he insisted, therefore, that Austria-Hungary also should have such guarantees. He demanded that the Premier exert his influence to obtain such guarantees. The Speaker had to order a temporary adjournment to silence Count Apponyi.

On the reopening of the session Rakovsky aroused Premier Tisza by repeating what he had learned in his conferences with Baron Burian as representative of the opposition, and he severely criticised the Foreign Office leadership.

The sessions culminated in the announcement by Count Bela Serenyi that he was in sympathy with the proposals of the opposition, and that he had therefore withdrawn from the Government Party.

GERMAN PACIFISTS IN JAIL.

Berlin Police Hunt Down Those Circulating Anti-War Tracts.

Some of the recent activities of the Berlin police in their efforts to suppress those features of the peace propaganda that displease the German authorities are described as follows by the Lokal-Anzeiger:

"Under the caption 'Dangerous Activities,' Social Democratic and bourgeois newspapers have recently warned the people against some pamphlets of a nature dangerous to the community which were being distributed by anonymous authors to influence the people in favor of forcibly restoring peace. The Berlin police have succeeded, as our reporter has learned, in throwing some light upon this shady activity by means of a series of house searchings and arrests, and has discovered that the place where several of these anonymous tracts were printed is a little printing plant in Oranien Street, whose owner also works in a Berlin factory, and in which the anarchist organ, Der Freie Arbeiter, was formerly printed.

"A member of the staff of the local Social Democratic Press Bureau was arrested, charged with having ordered the publication of the leaflets, which were provided with false printing labels, such as 'Swiss Co-operative Printing Shop, Berne,' or 'Eugen Döske & Co., Dörentrupp,' while a Secretary of the General Committee of the Social Democratic electoral organization for Berlin and vicinity was seized as their distributer. Both of these men are partisans of the Social Democratic Working Group. The printer, the man who gave the order, and the distributer were turned over to the District Attorney after thorough investigation, and now face stiff punishment."

TWO NEUTRAL SHIPS SUNK.

Danish and Norwegian Vessels Are Reported Lost.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Danish steamer Hans Tavsen, of 1,709 tons gross, has been sunk, according to a Lloyds dispatch today from Saint Malo, Normandy. The crew was landed.

Lloyds also announces the sinking of the Norwegian steamer Ethel, of 1,153 tons gross.

The Belgian steamer Marcel, a vessel of 1,433 tons gross and owned in Bruges, has also been sunk.

The Antwerpen's Crew Landed.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The crew of the Dutch steamer Antwerpen, which was reported sunk on Sept. 13, has been landed at Plymouth, according to a dispatch to Lloyd's.

LIGHT ON HISTORY.
A book of reminiscences by Frederick W. Seward, son of the civil war Secretary of State, is the subject of an article in The New York Times tomorrow. Order today.—Advt.



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HUNT RUSSIANS LIKE BIG GAME

Austrian Night Patrol Takes Times Correspondent on Dangerous Expedition.

POPULAR SPORT ON STYR

Specially Picked Sharpshooters Lie in Wait on River Bank —Prey 20 Feet Away.

MIST AIDS THE HUNTERS

Clear Moonlight Makes Slightest Movement Seen by the Keen-Eyed Watchers.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AUSTRO - GERMAN HEADQUARTERS ON THE STYR, Sept. 10, (by Courier to Berlin, Sept. 14.)—I have long wanted to tell THE NEW YORK TIMES readers from actual experience about a fascinating phase of the fighting in this war—the nocturnal man hunts in the swamps and marshes of these Russian rivers—but invariably had been balked by the hard common sense of the German commanders.

My ideal Austrian hosts on this trip, however, looked like good fellows, and when I asked to be allowed to take an active, though neutral, part in a midnight "Schleichenpatronille"—a crawl patrol to the enemy's lines—the Austrian officers enthusiastically consented. A diminutive olive-cheeked Spanish correspondent was also game to essay the adventure.

"Count Festetics will take you on a patrol with him," an Austrian Colonel said, and the Count, who is well known in America as a big game hunter in all quarters of the globe and was an attaché of the Austrian Embassy in Petrograd until the outbreak of the war, affably agreed.

The Count retains his drawing-room polish despite the fact that he now enjoys the dangerous honor of being commander of the jago commando. That is, he is the chief huntsman of the pack of patrols that go gunning nightly for Russians on the Styr.

He rose from the table, put on his cap and greatcoat, belted on a revolver, took up a rifle and signaled me to follow.

The preliminaries were not such as to inspire confidence. Under orders from the German staff officer, who escorted me from Berlin, I left behind my dispatch case, containing uncensored notebooks, also all other documents and notebooks (except personal identification papers) that were calculated to give the Russians valuable information in case I fell into their hands. To forestall recriminations my defensive armament consisted only of an umbrella cane, a brandy bottle, and a pair of cold feet.

Watchword Is Given.

It was midnight when, amid farewells and shouts of good luck, we started through the trenches in a hamlet which is the beginning of Dead Man's Island, and then through a gap in the outworks reached a clump of bushes in the meadows, where the night hunt band was already assembled, waiting for its leader and impatiently eager to start on the hunt for Russian game. They were all picked huntsmen, strapping Tyroleans, sharp-eyed stalkers of the frisky chamois, stocky and stolid Croats, swarthy and agile Cleches, and blond youngsters from Kaeraten.

These mingled representatives of a dozen polyglot races and nationalities had one thing in common—keen relish for this dangerous sport of hunting Russians and intense confidence in and devotion for the young diplomat who commanded them.

Count Festetics now whispered the watchword of the night "Urlaub," (furlough,) an dordered me to stick close to him, also to throw away my lighted cigar, as its red glow would betray us to the sharpshooting Russians. Then he gave final orders to the men in short whispers of various dialects.

The whole band then proceeded in single file, twenty feet between each, every man stepping soft footedly and hugging the bushes and trees as long as there were any to hug, which, unfortunately, was for only a hundred yards beyond the last Austrian trench.

Every thirty feet or so we were challenged in whispers by Austrian sentries and outposts, we giving the watchword "Furlough," in equally disquieting whispers.

Behind the last bushes were the outermost field watch, two men who crouched and watched by the banks of the Styr, paying not the slightest attention to us.

We halted here, while with perfect team play and without further orders from Count Festetics the whole patrol dispersed. A Sergeant crawled ahead in the lead. Fifty feet behind him crawled a second man, a Croat. Then came the Count, followed by Spain and America. Two others crawled on each side of us, the four forming a rear guard, while others swarmed out to the right and left to protect our flanks, and were soon lost to sight in the grass.

In the bright moonlight one was struck by the tense faces of these huntsmen. They seemed not to move a muscle. They strained their eyes ahead and pricked up their ears as if their lives depended on it. Not a sound was made.

In this open order patrol the skirmish line emerged from sheltering bushes on to the moonlit meadows, making for the tall grass along the Styr as fast as possible. The Austro-Hungarians stalked steadily, but the correspondents chose to crawl on their bellies. At a soft, sibilant signal from the Count, the whole party would hug the ground and lie motionless for long minutes until the Count was satisfied that some suspicious noise was a false alarm. This happened time and again. Other soft signals came to us from up and down the patrol line, relayed from one huntsman to another and so soft one could not have heard it fifty feet off.

See Russian Lines Across River.

Our caterpillar crawl ended at the banks of the Styr, which is too deep to cross with comfort on a bright night without attracting undue Russian attention. Here in the tall reeds the Count and his patrol knelt, rifle up and ready for instant firing.

The Styr before us was not over twenty feet wide and immediately behind it ran the advanced Russian lines, with dark forests at the back. The Russian lines were sharply discernible, but although we watched them in closest proximity for an hour, no Russian showed his head, let alone displayed the enterprise to come out.

As we crawled back in the early morning hours the Count whispered that the Russians were probably afraid to come out in the bright moonlight, which was unfavorable for patrol undertakings. He added that his hunting command had had its best successes on misty nights.

Although I saw no hand-to-hand fighting on this occasion, the Russian and German outpost patrols, all up and down the lines, were exchanging a lively rifiefire at random, which increased in violence as later a heavy mist rose from the Styr and enveloped the front. The young Austrian ensign who was the commandant of Deadman's Island, and with whom I spent the rest of the night as he made his rounds, explained that the danger was always greatest during a night fog, as it afforded fine chances for surprise infantry attacks, and the watch was consequently redoubled, while the nightwatch increased its random firing in order to discourage the Russians from attempting an attack.

Whole Line Has Attack of Nerves.

At 4 o'clock in the morning real pandemonium broke loose. The commander left me in a hurry and I never saw him again, nor heard what the trouble was. From his little citadel I watched the defenders of Deadman's Island hurling hand grenades, crash after crash, at those Russians forty feet away. The machine guns sputtered on the front of a neighboring company. A rocket, indicating trouble, went up further down the line. The whole Styr front seemed to be suffering from sudden attack of nerves with apparently no immediate cause.

The tension appears periodically to become unbearable on this uneasy front, where the Russians and Austrians are each fighting on their own soil.

At sunrise all firing stopped as if by agreement.

TELLS WHY BRUSILOFF IS MOVING SLOWLY

Rumania's Entry Into the War Raises New Problems of Co-ordination.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 15, (Dispatch to the London Daily Chronicle.)—Chief movements to note at present on the Russian front are the steady advance in the wooded Carpathians and the fighting near Halicz on the Dneister, which now consists chiefly in the repulse of German and Turkish counterattacks.

The entry of Rumania introduced a new note into those chords which General Brusiloff has been so skillfully playing and has extended the range and variety of the calculations both on our side and on the enemy's. The striking feature of Brusiloff's attacks has been their precisely determined order and the systematic way in which each of the four armies took up the advance when the army previously attacking had achieved its immediate object and compelled fresh enemy concentration. General Kaledin took over the burden from General Letchitsky, or vice versa, and at the right moments Generals Sakharoff and Tscherbatcheff took their turn.

Rumania's entry into the war not only imposed a further heavy tax on German resources but broadened the scope of Brusiloff's calculations and introduced a new factor into the ordering of attacks. The movements of Tscherbatcheff and Letchitsky in Galicia and Bukowina are affected by what happens on the new left flank in Transylvania and in Dobrudja. The Danube passes on the word to the Dniester, opportunities have grown bigger and at the same time more complex, and the fact that days pass without news of smashing victories is only a sign of the increased sweep of the operations which demand still more finely calculated co-ordination.

FIGHTING IN MESOPOTAMIA.

Turks Report Repulse of British with a Loss of 2,000 Men.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Renewal of heavy fighting in Mesopotamia, with the British on the offensive, is reported in a delayed official statement issued at Constantinople on Sept. 9. The British are said to have lost 2,000 men in one engagement. Following is the statement, as received here by way of Berlin:

In the Euphrates sector the enemy attempted a surprise attack. His effort was frustrated and he was forced to flee.

In the Tigris sector we carried out heavy attacks successfully. The enemy attempted surprise attacks in the night and was repulsed by our counter movement, sustaining heavy losses. While storming a height, the enemy lost 2,000 men.

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Following closely on the heels of the French successes of the last few days comes the British attack on the entire line engaged in the battle of the Somme. This is the line from Thiepval to Combles, where the British line ties up with that of the French. The first blow appears to have been struck against Thiepval. Here the same old obstacle which has held up the British advance along the Ancre for weeks was encountered, and the British swung to the east and north after gaining another small part of the Thiepval defenses. In this change of direction considerable progress was made. Courcelette was taken, and with this village over a mile of the Bapaume road. Martinpuich then followed, as the Germans were completely outflanked by the advance on their left, and the entire line north of the Somme thrown open. Once Martinpuich was out of the way the last point of support for the line to the east was gone, and the German line had to fall back all the way to Combles. Flers, on the way to Combles, was also taken, and with Flers, the turning point of the German line. Flers held the same position with respect to the German line which Ginchy had filled before it was taken. It was the point on which the Germans pivoted, and when taken weakened the line north and east of Combles. Not satisfied with gaining only on the north, where their action was of but little assistance to the French in their part of the offense, the British struck also to the east in an effort to line up with the new French positions. In this they met with considerable measure of success, although they did not accomplish all that was needed in this direction.

Combles is, for all practical purposes, cut off completely from the country to the south. The French wedge at Bouchavesnes is so far to the east that it is only by a detour of nearly ten miles that Peronne can be reached. It would not be necessary for the British to advance to any such depth as the French have to snuff out the Combles salient. In fact the ground to be gained before this can be done is now but small. The Bouleaux Woods really constitute the key to the Combles position, and of these woods the British succeeded yesterday in taking the greater part. Directly in their front and not more than a mile distant is the village of Morval, and when this is in British hands the fall of Combles is assured. Already the town is almost enveloped, the pocket is almost complete. Another push and the work here is done. As stated yesterday, Combles has lost its value in its relation to the rest of the front. It is of value only as a strong point of support strongly held. Once it passes from German control there is no other large town between the Allies and the Cambrai-Arras Railroad.

The French in the meantime are doing their part to complete the encircling of the city. Since their advance which carried them to the Peronne-Bapaume highway, they have been attempting to extend their lines northward, working toward Priez Farm. They have indeed taken the farm and yesterday advanced their lines considerably over a quarter of a mile beyond it. This has two effects. In the first place, it draws the strings closer about Combles, and in the second place it lengthens the French front. By this I have reference to the salient which their bulge has created. Such a salient is always more or less dangerous. Whenever the neck of a salient is so narrow that the guns of the enemy on one side can reach the other the element of danger is present. If the French can extend their lines north, as they are trying to do, their line will be straightened out and all inequalities between them and the British will have been done away with.

The British advance is a conspicuous example of the comparative ease with which gains are made now as compared with a short time ago. The fact that the British were going to deliver another attack must have been apparent to the German commander. The French gain of a few days before created a situation where it was absolutely necessary for the British to move out or the French could not take the full advantage of their own work. Therefore, knowing that the attack was to come, there was every opportunity to prepare for the resistance. But whatever preparations the Germans did make, if any, were not sufficient.

It is not often that we have read of the western front that this side or that has gained a couple of miles. In fact, up to the 1st of September such a thing was thought impossible, and it was considered that in order to drive the Germans out of France it would be a question of going forward foot by foot. This theory is beginning to be questioned. The Germans have, of course, a perfect maze of trenches, dugouts, and pits about their first line positions, and even in most cases about their second line positions also. But there must of necessity come the point where the elaborate nature of these defenses gives way to a much more simple form, and finally to none at all. When this point is reached, and apparently it has been reached on both the British and the French fronts, the gains, with the same artillery preparation, become greater and greater. This is but natural, and we do not have to seek any mysterious strategical conception of events on other fronts for an explanation. Apparently the Germans have gone their limit of defense, and their limit is not enough.

There is and always will be a constant battle between the offense and defense as to which can be made the stronger. In the construction of the forts at Liége and Namur it was thought that the acme had been reached in defensive works. They were considered absolutely indestructible. The heavy German guns, the offense which Germany had carefully built up, proved the fallacy of this. Again the battle was on. Gradually as the war has progressed the defense has gradually been advancing until now it is a question which is in the ascendency. Modern defense is powerful, more powerful than was dreamed of two years ago. Modern offense is struggling to keep pace. It has not stood still, but the advance of defense has been more rapid. Where time is permitted, it is apparent that the defense is now ahead. But where time is not available for the very elaborate construction necessary, the offense can still smash its way through.

So it is with the British and French fronts. The Germans, ready to fall out of their strong positions, are now not able to stem the steady forward movement of the Allies. It is apparently irresistible. A question in fact arises as a result of recent gains which opens a most fertile field for speculation. Can the German front be really broken? When the last of the German field works has been passed and they are forced to depend on trenches constructed on the moment can the Allies break through on a wide front and open a dike through which they can pour their infantry and cavalry, particularly the latter, in an effort to turn the flanks of the two wings and roll them up? Recent events indicate that this can eventually be done.

WAR CUTS ITS TOLL OF WORLD'S SHIPS

Lloyd's Reports 137 Vessels Lost by Attack in the March Quarter.

316 IN ALL WRECKED

Neutrals' Shipping Suffers Heavily —War Losses of France Heaviest for the Period Reported.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Lloyd's Shipping Register, issued this week, gives the return of losses of merchant shipping, dealing with the quarter ending March last, the intervening time being required for obtaining accurate information from all countries of the world. The total losses from all causes, from war misadventure and other natural conditions, for this quarter, were 316 vessels of 612,519 tons.

This is less than in preceding quarters, due in part to smaller war losses. The total of war losses for the quarter is not by any means as great as in some earlier periods of the war. The war losses of all nations for the quarter ending in March include 137 vessels of 389,994 tons, more than one-third of these being those of other countries than Great Britain. In the September quarter of last year, for instance, the total war losses were 229 vessels of 462,553 tons, while in the December quarter of last year the war losses were 167 vessels of 409,587 tons, so it will be seen there is a falling off.

Losses in the Baltic fleet from all causes are about double the normal volume, but notwithstanding this percentage of loss for the March quarter it is only 1.71 per cent. of the tonnage owned, representing considerably less than 7 per cent. per annum.

This is regarded as a fair proportion and equal only to the normal rate of loss in the merchant fleets of most of the other maritime nations of the world.

Neutral countries are suffering heavily from this shipping return. It is seen that the Dutch are losing now at an annual rate between 9 and 10 per cent. of the tonnage owned; Norway over 6 per cent.; Spain, 7.6 per cent., and Sweden between 4 and 5 per cent.

In the quarter under review, the war losses of Holland were 8 vessels, 34,355 tons; of Norway, 12 vessels, 21,159 tons, of Sweden, 4 vessels, 5,096 tons, and of Spain, 3 vessels, 5,981 tons. The fact that the German fleet has been swept from the high seas is shown by the circumstance that their war losses were only 2 vessels, 474 tons, and their total losses from all causes 5 vessels, 5,058 tons.

Among the Allies other than Great Britain, France lost most heavily during this quarter, it war loss being 16 vessels 47,408 tons, but, on the other hand, only 5 small craft were lost by misadventure, the total losses being 48,407 tons. Italy lost by war operations vessels totaling 8,102 tons, but 8 vessels were lost by misadventure of double the tonnage lost. Japan lost no vessels owing to war, and the losses by natural causes made up 9 vessels, 39,835 tons. Russia lost by war 3 vessels, 4,700 tons, and 8 others, making the total loss from all causes 961 ton.

Engineering considers these figures quite satisfactory, and says they "show that the submarine menace of the enemy is not achieving by any means what they hoped for, and is certainly not such as should disturb either ourselves or our allies."

More Women in German Factories.

Further evidence of the rapid increase in the ranks of women factory workers in Germany is found in reports in the German press telling of the appointment of twelve more women factory inspectors in Prussia, bringing the total number up to forty-six. In 1913 there were only eighteen women factory inspectors in the Kingdom.

PEOPLE OF KAVALA FLEE CITY IN TERROR

Ship Bearing 2,000 Refugees, Starving and Penniless, Arrives at the Piraeus.

15,000 ARE LEFT BEHIND

Aeroplane Tries to Sink Crowded Vessel — $16,000,000 Worth of Tobacco Abandoned.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Sept. 14, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The ship Marguerite arrived at the Piraeus from Kavala this evening bringing 2,000 refugees. On board was Mr. Skidmore of the Standard Oil Company, who gave me a graphic story of the happenings at Kavala, which he left yesterday afternoon. At that time the Bulgars had not yet entered the town, but their advance guards were only a mile or so away from the outskirts. Of the 2,000 refugees on the ship, the most part were women and children, and 90 per cent were absolutely penniless and starving. For five days all the food that it was possible for them to obtain was fifty loaves of bread, which were secured yesterday at the island of Thasos from the French at the request of Colonel Christodoulos. While the ship, crammed with refugees, was awaiting an opportunity to depart in Kavala harbor Monday afternoon a German aeroplane appeared. It first bombed the town, one shell exploding in a warehouse and killing ten men. It then flew over the harbor and endeavored to hit the Marguerite. It did not succeed in this, though one bomb fell within three yards of the vessel.

The scene in the harbor was extraordinary. The people were crowded on all sorts of craft. Overloaded caiques were everywhere. British trawlers came along and towed them to Thasos. Other terrified refugees boarded numerous lighters which went astray with their heavy loads in all directions. When the lighters came near the ship the refugees swarmed aboard, leaving the lighters in a heavy sea to be sunk or wrecked on the rocks. It was estimated that yesterday there were still 10,000 to 15,000 refugees in Kavala. They were in an awful condition, many children dying, and all utterly foodless.

Mr. Skidmore met the famous Colonel Christodoulos and offered him his felicitations. The Colonel explained that on Wednesday of last week he occupied a position outside of the town which he was going to defend. Two lines of trenches have been thrown up, defended by about 1,000 men, with six mounted guns and four heavy cannon. The latter, curiously enough, were captured from the Turks and Bulgars during the Balkan war. Asked why he withdrew eventually, Colonel Christodoulos said:

"After the forts had been given over we were helpless. What could we do? If we had fought we should only have sacrificed ourselves uselessly. We decided to retire so that we might be more useful another day."

Christodoulos, with about 1,000 men and some of his artillery, managed to reach Thasos in safety. Colonel Chatzopoulos, Chief of Staff at Kavala, with those troops who had not adhered to the forces of Christodoulos and who was called up on Tuesday by the Bulgars to surrender 200 of these non-volunteers, had in the meantime gone aboard ship and had been taken to Thasos. There, Skidmore says, it is a question whether as they did not belong to the Christodoulos movement, they should be sent back to Kavala. Skidmore says the Sixteenth Greek Regiment was cut off between Kavala and Drama and disarmed by the Bulgars. The Bulgar force outside Kavala is said to be 25,000 strong. Their headquarters are at Doxalo, the scene of hideous massacres in July, 1913.

Between $14,000,000 and $16,000,000 worth of tobacco, mainly the property of English and American companies, had to be abandoned in Kavala.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 16.—According to a Wireless Press message from Paris the tobacco mentioned in the Daily Chronicle's Athens dispatch has been transported to Bulgaria.

ATHENS, Sept. 14.—(Delayed.)—The news of the recent events at Kavala has just been permitted to be printed here and created the most profound resentment.

The Hestia, organ of former Premier Venizelos, prints a sensational story to the effect that the Ministry of Premier Zaimis asked the intervention of Germany to prevent the Bulgarian occupation of Kavala, in conformance with a written pledge of the Germans and Bulgarians that Kavala, Drama, and Seres would not be occupied. The newspaper alleges that Count von Mirbach-Harff, Germany's special plenipotentiary, replied that it was impossible to do anything, as the Bulgars were determined to treat the Greeks as undeclared enemies.

The German and Bulgarian Legations deny this story, but seemingly it is generally believed and is adding fuel to the national feeling.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 15.—The Frankfurter Zeitung estimates the strength of the Fourth Greek Army Corps, which is to be transported to Germany, at 25,000 men. The newspaper rejoices that the Entente Allies are deprived of the use of the troops, which they might gain if Greece came into the war on their side.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The Vossische Zeitung says that the officers of the Fourth Greek Army Corps, which is to be transported from Kavala, Greece, to Germany, will be accompanied by their families, "thus preventing the starving of women and children by the Entente."

INDIGNANT AT GERMAN COUP.

London Papers Call "Kidnapping" of Greek Army Corp an Outrage.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 16.—The morning newspapers display much indignation over the news of the German coup at Kavala, whereby the Fourth Greek Army Corps surrendered.

The Daily Telegraph says:

"This is an outrage of a character quite unique even in Germany's record, and certainly is unprecedented in history. An entire Greek Army corps has been literally kidnapped by the Germans and Bulgarians and packed off with its arms and equipment to Germany. The plot was organized in Berlin and carried out by the Bulgarians.

"The story of this miraculous international crime, adorned with mandacious excuses put forward to account for it, comes from the Wolff Bureau and is a mixture of truth and falsehood. The Wolff Bureau states that communication between the Greek Army Corps and Athens was interrupted by the Entente—the truth is it was cut by the Bulgarians. The Wolff Bureau states that the Greek Commander, wishing to maintain neutrality, appeal to the German Commander for protection from the Entente. The truth is the Fourth Army Corps surrendere under the menace of the Bulgarians and Germans, and only after it was surrounded and at the mercy of the enemy."

There are a lot of people who go right through life with a krouchy disposition and a disordered stomach when 25c. for a package of Bell-Ans at any drug store would set matters normal and make life both pleasanter and longer.—Advt.

VICTORIA CROSSES FOR JUTLAND FIGHT

Boy of 16 Years, Who Stayed at Post When Dying, Is Posthumous Recipient.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—An echo of the Jutland naval battle at the end of May is found in the announcement in the Official Gazette today of the bestowal of three Victoria Crosses, two of them posthumous, on participants in the battle. One of those named is John Travers Cornwall, 16 years old, who, although mortally wounded in the beginning of the battle, remained at his post until the end of the action and then died. He has become a popular hero.

The two other names are those of the Hon. Edward Bingham, who is now a prisoner of the Germans, his ship having been sunk beneath him, and Major Francis Harvey of the Marine Corps who, although mortally wounded, saved his ship from sinking by flooding the magazine. He then died at his post.

Admiral Sir John Jellicoe, in making recommendations for the decorations, says:

"Where all carried out their duties so well it is somewhat invidious and difficult to make selections for special recognition."

Admiral Jellicoe himself receives the Order of Merit. To Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty, who commanded the battle cruiser squadron, is awarded the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath. Rear Admirals Evan-Thomas and Pakenham are made Knights Commander of the Order of the Bath, an honor which is conferred posthumously on Rear Admirals Arbuthnot and Hood, both of whom were killed in action.

Several hundred other decorations for bravery are awarded to officers and men, and many promotions are announced.

FRENCH HOSPITALS NEEDY.

Dr. Ginnever Tells of Conditions in Relief Stations at the Front.

Dr. Arthur Ginnever of 39 West Fifty-eighth Street has returned to New York after a two months' tour of inspection of military hospitals in France in the interests of the British War Relief Association in this country, and reports that there is still need for all the hospital and relief supplies that Americans can contribute.

"The British hospitals are fully supplied," he said.

"Many of the French hospitals are equally well provided, but others are in need of additional supplies, and one of my recommendations to the association will be that they send their supplies rather to the French than to the British.

"The British War Relief Association has lost a certain amount of efficiency by not having a Paris office, but sending supplies from America only in response to specific requests from specific hospitals which, on account of the delay in transmitting mail and freight, frequently received the supplies needed from other sources before shipments from this country could arrive. I shall recommend that the association co-operate with the American Fund for the French Wounded and make all its shipments to the fund's central depot in Paris, from which they can be sent out direct as the need offers.

"The American Ambulance at Neuilly and the hospital at Oranges, of which Dr. Joseph E. Blake is the head, are of course doing a wonderful work, but it is so easy for them to get funds from persons closely connected with their organizations that I can not recommending that any special effort be made to assist them. Dr. Alexis Carrel is doing a wonderful work in his hospital at Compiegne, which is supported by Mrs. Post of Newport; it is an amazing hospital and is not in need of anything. In general the hospitals in Paris are all fully supplied with everything they need, but in the smaller towns much can be done, although the situation is much better than during the sudden and tremendous strain at the beginning of the war.

"Let there be no mistake about the need. Every woman in America who knits a bandage or makes up a kit is doing something very definite and valuable to help the work along. And the American women who are working as nurses, clerks, or anything else in the various relief works in Paris ought to have the Victoria Cross, every one of them. But the Paris hospitals and other relief activities are pretty well manned by this time; there is hardly room for anybody else. And it is very difficult for foreigners to get into the work in the provinces. I met a few American and British doctors and nurses serving in French hospitals, but not many."

BRITISH STRIKE CRISIS NEAR

Walter Runciman Strives to Avert a Railroad Tieup.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Another effort is being made today to avert the threatened strike of railroad employes who are demanding a 10-shilling increase in wages, which the railway managers refuse to grant. Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, has taken the initiative in the attempt to prevent a walkout.

A conference between representatives of the roads and the men broke up yesterday without any agreement being reached, the unions refusing to accept a compromise on an advance of 3 shillings a week, in addition to the war bonus of 5 shillings given to the men last October, and arbitration of the question whether more should be given.

This afternoon Mr. Runciman went into conference with the railroad men in an attempt to compose the differences between the roads and the employes and prevent a crisis.

NAMED FOR MOLTKE'S POST.

Von Freytag-Loringhoven Chief of German Supplementary Staff.

BERLIN, Sept. 15, via London.—Lieut. Gen. Baron von Freytag-Loringhoven has been appointed chief of the supplementary General Staff to succeed the late Lieut. Gen. von Moltke. His appointment is regarded as a consequence of the appointment of Field Marshal von Hindenburg, who took with him General von Ludendorf as Quartermaster General, leaving General von Freytag-Loringhoven, the former Quartermaster General, open for another position.

Since the death of Field Marshal von der Goltz, General Freytag-Loringhoven is probably Germany's most prominent authority and writer on military subjects.

T. N. PAGE GUEST OF KING.

American Ambassador Entertained by Victor Emmanuel at the Front.

UDINE, Italy, Sept. 15.—Thomas Nelson Page, the American Ambassador, and Captain Elvin R. Heiberg and Lieut. Commander Charles Russell Train, respectively Military and Naval Attaché of the embassy, have been cordially entertained by King Victor Emmanuel, Lieut. Gen. Cadorna, Chief of Staff, and General Porro, Under Chief of the General Staff, at the front. Either the monarch or General Cadorna or General Porro accompanied them on their visits to observation posts.

Mr. Page declined today to express an opinion concerning the war, but said Italy's sanitary organization and commissariat were perfect. He added that the difficulties overcome by the troops along the front are beyond description.

GREEK KING POINTS TO PERIL OF WAR

Says a Million Greeks in Turkey Would Share the Fate of the Armenians.

IS BOUND BY NO PLEDGE

Nation Ready to Join Entente Whenever Definite and Certain Advantage in Doing So Is Seen.

On Sept. 1 the staff correspondent of The Associated Press obtained the interview from King Constantine of Greece that follows. It is impossible to say which of the censorships through which it passed held the dispatch at the time. Various reports concerning the attitude of Greece and King Constantine were afloat in the first days of the present month, but even London received no official dispatches for several days. The interview was given about the time the Entente Allied fleet was taking position at Piraeus, the port of Athens, and revolutionary outbreaks were reported taking place in Macedonia.

TATOI, Greece, Sept. 1, (via Paris, Sept. 15.)—King Constantine received the correspondent of The Associated Press in his Summer palace here just previous to a visit from the British Minister at Athens. The King spoke of the present situation with the utmost frankness, although refusing to be directly quoted. He said that Greece was ready to join the Entente Allies whenever she could see her definite and certain advantage in so doing.

The King expressed indignation that it could be thought by any one, much less published, that he was bound by any pledge to any one not to make war, or that he had been moved in his course hitherto by any reasons save those he conceived to be for the greatest good of his country. He declared that the situation up to the Bulgarian invasion of Greek Macedonia and Rumania's entry into the war had not revealed with sufficient certainty the advantage to be gained by Greece to compensate for the risks and unquestionable cost in lives and property bound to follow Greek participation in the war.

King Constantine referred with particular feeling to the fate almost certain to overtake more than a million Greeks living in Asia Minor and Thrace in the event of Greece finding herself engaged in hostilities with Turkey, and he pointed out that while those who judge Greece and himself harshly for what was regarded as inaction, they gave no thought to the prospect of condemning to the lot of the Armenians Greek women and children caught in the toils of the Turks.

The King said the world regarded with callousness, due to ignorance, the real situation concerning the attitude of Greece, criticising the country and the Government for bargaining when the Greeks alone could know and estimate the frightful cost of a war to Greece. He laid stress on the difference between Greece's situation and Rumania's in this respect.

Quite frankly the King admitted that the presence of Bulgarians in Macedonia and Rumania's entry into the war would greatly complicate the situation, constituting a new element which might easily alter the premises upon which the policy of Greece hitherto had been based. The King declared that all these new elements had to be duly considered and weighed before Greece would be justified in changing her position, but he added that they were now being thought over, and the course of Greece would depend on the result of that consideration and on nothing else.

With profound earnestness King Constantine stated it was not the moment to talk of his deciding the fate of Greece, nor of the Government deciding, nor of any political party in Greece indicating the action the country must take, but, he put it, the hour will come when we want the voice of the soul of Hellas to dictate the future of our race."

The King received the correspondent while lying on a sofa in a darkened room. Physicians and nurses are still in attendance upon him on account of the fever and continual irritation of the wound which keeps the King confined and in a state of constant physical annoyance when not in actual pain.

Despite his mental anguish, the Greek sovereign apparently is trying to see clearly the way leading to the salvation of his country under circumstances which are altering hourly.

BRITISH STEAMER FOUNDERS

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Captain and crew of the British steamer Counsellor, have been landed here. They say the steamer foundered. One member of the crew is an American.

The Counsellor was a vessel of 3,170 tons. She sailed from Colon for Liverpool on Aug. 27 on her way home from Vancouver via San Francisco.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A Split of White Rock Makes A Fine "Tom Collins"

MUNITION MEN BURNED IN A POWDER EXPLOSION

Workmen Escape by Safety Chutes When Dupont Blending Tower Is Destroyed.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 15.—Nineteen powder workers were burned, at least six of them seriously, by the explosion of several thousand pounds of smokeless powder at the plant of the du PPont Company at Carney's Point, N. J., tonight.

The flames originated in a bleding tower in what is called the finishing area, and, while the company has not established the cause, it is thought that a piece of metal may have found its way into the powder which was being worked through the tower.

Following the first big flare which lighted up the country for miles around, there were several smaller ones as fresh bins of powder in the tower were set off.

All the injured workmen were in the blending tower. When the blaze was discovered they made their escape through the safety chutes. They were burned while fleeing from the building. The tower was destroyed in a few minutes.

DANES DISCUSS SALE AGAIN.

Talk Follows Minister's Address to Joint Session of Parliament.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company says that at a joint session of the Danish Parliament the Foreign Minister explained the present status of international affairs.

His address was followed by a discussion, particularly of the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The session was strictly private.



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Fall Hats Which Echo the Rio Grande



LIKE the "trencher" coat of England, which is as smart in the motor car as it is in the trenches, are the new military-style soft hats in Broadway.

* *

Negligee to the proper degree of smartness, and in the palmetto and buckskin shades.

* *

Weber and Heilbroner are presenting these new, flat-brim, graceful styles, in their own well-known hat qualities, at $3 to $5.

* *

Sensible Indian Summer ideas, before jumping into winter styles.

* *

Browns, tans, greens and grays, in the smart blocks which the season demands.

* *

The new stiff hats, $3 to $5; and sporting hats and caps, $1 to $2.50—imported checks and homespuns.

Weber and Heilbroner

Eleven Stores

241 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 20 Cortlandt; 345 Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 30 Broad; 775 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 42nd and Fifth Ave.; 1185 Broadway, 150 Nassau



The One Best Bet—

THE man who knows wears Young's Hats. Half a glance tells him the style is right. Experience long ago has taught him that Young Quality will preserve the style against severest hardships. There's no gamble—"*Young's Hats are as good as they look.*"—$3—$4.

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6 Broadway, 169 Broadway; 231 Broadway, 605 Broadway; 849 Broadway, 903 Broadway; 1197 Broadway, 1361 Broadway; 37 Nassau St., Only BROOKLYN Store 371 Fulton St.

Young's Hats

NONE BETTER MADE

HUGHES TO MODIFY ATTACKS ON WILSON

Eight-Hour Law and Tariff Text for His Speeches on Second Western Trip.

NO MENTION OF HYPHENS

Managers Expect Roosevelt to Expound Americanism—Want Constructive Talk from Nominee.

When Charles E. Hughes starts on his second Western campaign trip on Monday he will change his line of speech-making, if plans of his campaign managers go through. The Republican Presidential candidate, it is said, is to conduct a dignified campaign, in that there will be no criticism of President Wilson and only important issues will be discussed. The tariff and the eight-hour railway bill are to be the principal topics, with occasional reference to Democratic extravagance.

The candidate's managers believe that it is time for him to present a more constructive policy to the voters and the tariff will be made the big feature. Mr. Hughes, it is said, will stick closely to his original plan not to discuss hyphenates. Americanism will be left largely for Colonel Roosevelt to discuss, and it is expected that the Colonel in the speeches he is to make will follow the lines of his Lewiston, Maine, address.

Both Republicans and Democrats will wind up their campaign in New York with big rallies in Madison Square Garden. The Republican meeting will be held on Saturday night, Nov. 4; the Democrats will have the Garden on the previous night. The Republican meeting is being arranged by the County Committee. Mr. Hughes will speak. The Democrats will hold their Saturday night rally at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn.

Philander C. Knox, ex-Secretary of State and candidate for the United States Senate from Pennsylvania, called on National Chairman Willcox yesterday and said he had ceased to regard the election of Hughes and Fairbanks as other than a certainty.

"We are going to have a majority in the United States Senate, too," said Mr. Knox. "The election in Maine shows that very conclusively. When Democratic candidates of the strong and intensely popular kind like Senator Charles F. Johnson and highly popular candidates for the House of Representatives like Daniel J. McGillicuddy are beaten, there is no doubt about what is going to happen in the other States. To my mind it proves conclusively that the whole country has been aroused to the need for a change of national control in the White House and in the Capitol at Washington. The people are voting for principles this year, not personalities.

"In Indiana the chief hope of the Democracy has been in the popularity of Tom Taggart, Senator Johnson is just as popular in Maine and in other respects a stronger candidate before the people of Maine than is Mr. Taggart before the people of Indiana. Of course, the result in Pennsylvania is a foregone conclusion."

Chairman Willcox received a message from the Western Headquarters at Chicago quoting A. T. Hert, the Western manager, as saying regarding the Illinois primaries:

"The Republicans have every reason to congratulate themselves on the numerical showing made by their party at the primaries. They far outvoted the Democrats. The returns have the same heartening effect for Republicans that the primary returns had in Michigan, California, Wisconsin, and other States. They show that Republicanism is alive everywhere, and that a far deeper interest is taken in men and in issues by Republicans than by Democrats."

NO MORE REST FOR HUGHES.

Will Close Summer Home and Keep on Stump Till Election Day.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEHAMPTON, L. I., Sept. 15.—Charles E. Hughes expects to be on the stump, with only brief intervals for rest, from the time he leaves New York next Monday morning for his second trip to the Middle West, until Election Day. He will not return to his Summer home at Bridgehampton again this year, but will spend his few days of rest in New York.

Mrs. Hughes will not accompany her husband on this second trip but, after taking her daughters to their schools, she will close the home here. She will join her husband after Oct. 1 and remain with him on all of his tours for the balance of the campaign.

Today Mr. Hughes refused to comment upon the fact that President Wilson intends, according to dispatches from Long Branch, to discuss the principle involved in the Adamson eight-hour legislation, which Mr. Hughes has made an issue of the campaign.

With the exception of a short auto ride late in the afternon he occupied himself with his secretaries, preparing material to be used in his campaign in the Middle West. An unusual amount of correspondence from all parts of the country has reached the nominee. Many of these letters from leaders in various sections of the country congratulated Mr. Hughes on the Republican victory in Maine.

WILLCOX HAS WOMEN AIDS.

Appoints a National Campaign Committee to Work for Hughes.

Chairman Willcox of the Republican National Committee has appointed a National Woman's Campaign Committee, whose work will be directed partly from the Chicago headquarters and partly from the New York headquarters. The committee is to give advice as to campaign work among women in both suffrage and nonsuffrage States, and it will act in conjunction with the various State committees and the Woman's Committee of the Hughes Alliance.

The following is the personnel of the committee:

Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen, Mrs. Laura B. Evans, Mrs. William Severin, Illinois.
Mrs. J. D. Whitmore, Colorado.
Mrs. Abbie E. Krebs, Mrs. Mary E. Gibson, California.
Mrs. John Hays Hammond, Mrs. Lars Anderson, Mrs. Charles Sumner Bird, Massachusetts.
Mrs. William Einstein, Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. Oscar S. Straus, Mrs. Nelson H. Henry, Miss Frances A. Kellor, Mrs. Henry G. Danforth, Mrs. Cabot Ward, New York.
Mrs. Solomon Hirsch, Oregon.
Miss Maude Wetmore, Rhode Island.
Mrs. George W. Aiken, Washington.
Mrs. Frank Mebane, North Carolina.
Miss Belle Fligelman, Montana.
Mrs. Edna C. Baker, Nevada.
Mrs. L. C. Harmsberger, Wyoming.
Mrs. Margaret Hill McCarter, Kansas.
Mrs. Henry Morgan, Arizona.
Mrs. Margaret Zane Cherdron, Utah.

Miss Helen Varick Boswell will be in charge of the work at the New York headquarters.

BACON SPENDS $8,176.

Accounts for Pre-Primary Expenses in Senatorial Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The account of receipts and expenditures of Robert Bacon, candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator in New York State, was filed with the Secretary of the Senate today in accordance with the Federal statute. Mr. Bacon said that he had received no contributions. His expenditures for campaign purposes covered two periods, that prior to Aug. 22, and the period between that date and Sept. 13.

In the first period Mr. Bacon's expenses were $3,676.70 for printing of his primary petitions, express charges, and obtaining lists of enrolled voters. For the same purposes in the second period his expenditures were $4,500, making a total expenditure of $8,176.70.

A note attached to the statement said that several political committees throughout the State had expended money in his behalf, but Mr. Bacon did not know the amounts. They would be accounted for, he said, under the laws of the State of New York.

MAYOR NOT AIDING BACON.

Denies Influencing Department Heads in Republican Fight.

Mayor Mitchel denied yesterday reports that he had asked the Republican heads of his departments to vote for Robert Bacon in the Republican primaries next Tuesday.

"The heads of my departments include both Republicans and Democrats," he said, "and every one of them understands that he is free to act in party matters as his judgment and conscience dictate. This is an administration pledged to non-partisanship in the conduct of the city's business, but this does not mean that those who hold office under it surrender their convictions or right to freedom of action in national and State affairs. This being true, it would be in the highest degree improper for the head of the administration to attempt in any way to influence the political course of department heads or others."

It was announced at the Bacon headquarters that Ludwig Nissen, diamond importer, had come out for Mr. Bacon.

CALDER ON BROOKLYN TOUR

Pleads for Support at More Than a Dozen Meetings.

William M. Calder, candidate for the United States Senatorial nomination in the Republican primaries, made a whirlwind tour of Brooklyn last night and spoke at more than a dozen meetings. The largest was in the Johnston Building, 8 Nevins Street, where 500 people waited until a late hour to hear him.

The candidate pleaded for support on his record of ten years as Representative, and predicted that Charles E. Hughes would carry New York State by 200,000 majority. He urged the voters of Brooklyn to support him in the primaries and at the election. In practically all of the Assembly district meetings the Republicans present pledged themselves to support Mr. Calder.

FAIRBANKS CANCELS TOUR.

Candidate for Vice President Is Suffering from Attack of Gastritis.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Word reached Western Republican headquarters today that Charles W. Fairbanks, Republican candidate for Vice President, is suffering from a slight attack of gastritis, and that after speaking in Atchison, Kan., tonight, he will cancel his other dates and return to his home at Indianapolis for a few days' rest. He expects to be able to resume his speaking in a week.

Edward C. Toner, a member of the Republican Campaign Committee of Indiana, reported to Manager Hert that the Republicans would carry Indiana in November by at least 25,000 plurality.

DOUBTS ROOSEVELT OPPOSES SEABURY

Moose County Chairman Thinks McGrath Statement Is Unauthorized.

CITES WHITMAN ATTACKS

O'Connell Says He Can't Believe Colonel Is Backing Now Man He Once Called Unworthy.

John J. O'Connell, County Chairman of the Progressive Party, issued a statement last night, in which he said the statement issued by John McGrath for Colonel Roosevelt, that the Colonel would not support Samuel Seabury for Governor in the Progressive primaries was not "Rooseveltian."

"I refuse to believe that the statement attributed to John McGrath in the morning papers was either authorized by Colonel Roosevelt or represents his attitude," he said. "Everybody knows that when the Colonel has anything to say he says it himself, and there is no room for doubt as to what he means. The oblique statement of John McGrath is not Rooseveltian.

"In view of the Colonel's utterances on Whitman in the 1914 campaign and subsequently, I cannot believe that the Colonel would advise the voters of the State of New York to accept for Governor one whom he has pilloried as utterly unworthy, [Whitman,] as against a man whom he has continually admired and lauded, [Seabury].

"The Colonel knows the voters of the State of New York," said Mr. O'Connell, "and he knows that if they want Hughes they will get him, and if they want Seabury they will get him. The Colonel knows that those voters are not so lacking in intelligence as to be unable to vote for Hughes unless they also vote for Whitman. I wonder who induced Mr. Perkins to bring up the Tammany bogy? He knows Seabury and knows how absolutely beyond control by any boss he is; and he also knows Whitman and knows how he has not only made, but sought Tammany alliances for the benefit of himself and his proteges."

Hamilton Fish, Jr., of the Seabury Progressive League, also refused to believe that Mr. Roosevelt was responsible for the statement. He said it was merely an eleventh-hour attempt by George W. Perkins to make it appear that the Colonel was for Governor Whitman.

"I am willing to make a wager with Brother Perkins," said Mr. Fish, "that Colonel Roosevelt will not vote for Mr. Whitman in the Progressive primaries and that neither will any member of his family. The attempt also by Mr. Perkins to make Judge Seabury appear to be the Tammany candidate is ridiculous, considering that he ran alone on the Progressive ticket in 1913, the same year that Mr. Whitman accepted the Tammany nomination for District Attorney in New York City.

"Mr. Perkins on his own account has offered the crown to Governor Whitman, whereupon the latter discovered that he was and always had been a Progressive and announced himself a candidate in the primaries. Mr. Perkins cannot deliver the Progressive voters if they familiarize themselves with Mr. Whitman's record and are not fooled into thinking that Colonel Roosevelt is for Whitman by statements calculated to convey that impression."

The Seabury Progressive League sent an appeal yesterday to all Progressives to support Mr. Seabury. The appeal says in part:

"The friends of Charles S. Whitman desire the abolition of the Progressive Party. Facing his defeat in the primary, they have sent out an S. O. S. appeal.

"Their cry is, 'Defeat Whitman and Hughes is lost. No matter what Whitman has or has not done, he must be saved.' The suggestion made that the Progressives are not intelligent enough to vote for Hughes for President and Seabury for Governor is an insult.

"The large committee of Hughes Progressives under Hamilton Fish, Jr., and Philip Roosevelt have seen the wisest course—to cut Whitman adrift and save Hughes and the Progressive Party in New York State."

Mr. Seabury will return to the city today from a two weeks' trip through the State and a reception will be given for him in the evening at the Imperial, Red Hook Lane and Fulton Street, Brooklyn. On Sunday evening he will have another Progressive reception at Buriand's Casino, Prospect Avenue, near Westchester Avenue, the Bronx.

BACON AND CALDER APPEAL SIDE BY SIDE

Primary Rivals Urge Claims in Same Clubhouse—Mayor Denies Interference.

Robert Bacon and William M. Calder, contestants for the Republican Senatorial nomination, spoke from the same platform last night at the Twenty-ninth Assembly District Club, Madison Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, before a large crowd that applauded both men about equally. As the political rivals shook hands there was loud cheering.

Mr. Bacon, speaking first, declared the "humiliating policy" followed by the present Administration in Washington, so far at it related to Mexico, was one thing that had prompted him to get into the race. A study of international affairs for many years, he said, had made him ambitious to get into the Senate. Civic duty and study of the wonderful career of Elihu Root, he said, had added to the ambition. He urged industrial as well as military preparedness, and he lauded universal service, declaring that he had recently been on the border and that mobilization there had proved our utter unpreparedness.

"All honor to the National Guard," he said. "They have sacrificed much. They don't dare to tell or write the truth. I don't dare. We would be misunderstood. Our boys are unprepared, no matter what the papers say. There are thousands of trained Yaqui Indians there, and our boys couldn't begin to cope with them."

Mr. Calder said he had been studying preparedness and was the first to advocate it in this State. He said he differed with his opponent regarding universal suffrage. The people inland the against such service ten to one, he said. The speaker said that to his mind industrial preparedness to meet peace conditions was the one question of the campaign. The country, he said, must solve the question of meeting the output of 40,000,000 impoverished European soldiers when the war was over.

Coxey in Race for Senate.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 15.—Jacob S. Coxey of Massillon, Ohio, who more than twenty years ago led "Coxey's Army" of unemployed on a long march to Washington, today filed papers with the Secretary of State as an independent candidate for United States Senator. Coxey is the only independent candidate for office on the Ohio ticket.

MOOSE INDORSE HUGHES.

Bonaparte Reports Roosevelt's Views to the Maryland Committee.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 15.—The Progressive State Committee today indorsed Charles E. Hughes for President by a vote of 15 to 4. The committee followed the example of the National Progressive Committee, and there was no indorsement of the candidacy of Mr. Fairbanks for Vice President, Colonel Parker of Louisiana being the Progressive candidate. There also was no indorsement of State candidates.

Former Attorney General Bonaparte, leader of the Maryland Progressives, just returned from a conference with Colonel Roosevelt, in addressing the Committee, said:

"Mr. Hughes's record of public service will make his choice, if he be chosen, at least a promising experiment; and I must give him my vote when the only alternative is to promote, directly or indirectly, the election of a man whose administration has been, to my mind, a signal and ignominous failure.

"I was present today at a conference at which Mr. Roosevelt discussed political affairs with his friends. In regard to the Republican politicians, Mr. Roosevelt made it clear that his opinion had not changed and will not change. He convinced us that his opinion of the participants in a certain event of 1912 is just as it was four years ago. He said that he invited the co-operation of all good citizens in pursuing the course in this campaign which he is pursuing."

Congressman Pearre of the Sixth District caused a sensation by saying he disapproved of the resolution indorsing Hughes and would vote for Wilson.

ASSAIL THE 8-HOUR LAW.

Brass Manufacturers, In Convention, Call the Bill "Illicit."

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 15.—Members of the National Association of Brass Manufacturers, meeting in their thirty-fourth semi-annual session at the Hotel Traymore today, denounced what they termed the "foolish and illicit" action of Congress in passing the Adamson bill. They declared the act was illegal and could not stand the test of the courts.

"While we have all had a big volume of business during the past year, it has mostly been eaten up by the ridiculous demands of labor," the members declared, "and we expect still further trouble with the passage of the Adamson bill."

Indignation was also expressed at the meeting over the action of the Interstate Commerce Commission in rescinding the "four section relief," which was said to have raised freight rates to the Pacific Coast fully 33 per cent. and worked injustice to shippers and the railroads.

The brass manufacturers declared this was put through because the Government expected the Panama Canal to be opened and to divert shipping to that route.

McADOO AT HEADQUARTERS.

Secretary Says President Wilson Is Confident of Election.

William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, paid his first visit yesterday to National Democratic headquarters. He was on his way to Topeka, Kan., to join the other members of the Federal Land Bank Board in session there. His comment on the political situation was this:

"In 1912 the Republicans celebrated in September and went into mourning in November. History will repeat itself in this particular year."

Mr. McAdoo was accompanied by Postmaster General Albert S. Burleson and conferred with Henry Morgenthau, treasurer of the campaign committee, and with Fred B. Lynch, National Committeeman for Minnesota. He told friends that President Wilson was confident of his re-election and had been for many months.

Robert Bridges, President of the Port Commission of Seattle, who was a candidate for the Democratic Senatorial nomination in the Washington primaries also visited headquarters.

"I am returning to Washington to take the stump for the Democratic State and National ticket," he said. "President Wilson is very strong with the people of Washington. The nomination of Senator Poindexter over Representative William E. Humphrey, as the candidate of the Republicans, was a vindication of the policies of President Wilson. Poindexter has supported consistently the policies of the President, while Humphrey has been the uncompromising critic of the Administration."

Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York will return from Wyoming where he has been on his vacation, on Oct. 1 and will go on the stump. Mr. Malone sent this telegram to President Wilson:

ROADS DISCUSS 8-HOUR DAY.

Eastern Executives Await Report of Railways' Counsel.

Executives of the Eastern roads held their regular monthly conference on divisional topics, and it was reported that most of the time was consumed in discussion of the eight-hour law. Whatever references were made to it were, however, mere suggestion and no attempt was made to reach a conclusion on any point at issue for the reason that the counsel of the roads have not yet reported, and until the lawyers decide what the law means it is idle for the managers to study changes of operation under it.

More serious consideration will be given to the law at a meeting of the Railway Executives Advisory Committee which has been called for the middle of next week. A. P. Thom, general counsel of the Southern Railway and counsel for the committee, and Walker D. Hines, general counsel of the Atchison, will then present their views and the committee will have comething tangible to work on. In addition to discussion of the eight-hour law the committee will consider the preparation of material to be submitted to the Congressional committee which is to hold its first session imediately after election.

WILSON PREPARING 8-HOUR LAW SPEECH

Continued from Page 1.

the Executive Offices at Asbury Park. Several political conferences were held. Sheriff Eugene Kinkead, of Hudson County, a candidate for Congress, and several other New Jersey Democratic leaders discussed New Jersey politics with Secretary Tumulty. The President probably will see a group of New Jersey Democrats in the near future.

WILL VISIT SHADOW LAWN.

President to Address Trenton Business Men Next Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 15.—At a meeting today of the Executive Committee of the Democratic State Committee, arrangements were begun for a visit to Shadow Lawn a week from tomorrow afternoon by a delegation of business men. President Wilson will speak at 2 o'clock.

The committee pledged itself to carry this State for the President and also indorsed the candidacy of H. Otto Wittpenn for Governor in the primaries. Mr. Wilson was lauded in resolutions for having preserved peace and promoted prosperity.

PRESIDENT'S SISTER SINKING.

Mrs. Howe's Condition Grows Steadily Worse All Day.

NEW LONDON, Sept. 15.—The condition of Mrs. Anne E. Howe, President Wilson's sister, who is dying here grew steadily worse today. Dr. H. M. Lee, her physician, was in constant attendance at the bedside tonight, and did not issue his usual evening bulleting concerning her condition.

The morning bulletin stated that Mrs. Howe had grown weaker in the past twelve hours.

AN HONEST WAY TO AVOID PAYING PERSONAL TAXES

October 2d is the date on which personal property will be assessed.

You may honestly avoid payment of this tax by investing your idle funds, no matter what the amount, in our First Mortgage Participation Certificates, secured by a specific guaranteed first mortgage.

They are exempt from personal tax in this State, and you can procure them at any time without expense.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

Boyd-Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Capital & Surplus, $10,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 173 Remsen St., B'klyn.
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Potential Russia
By Richard Washburn Child

The New York Post says: "Knowing Russia for Mr. Child has meant the production of a book, careful and temperate in statement, reflecting with sympathy the havoc of war, but noteworthy particularly for its forecast of what the future may hold. A land of neglected yesterdays but confident tomorrows."

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Science and Art of Salesmanship—*S. R. Hoover.*	68c
Selling Things—*O. S. Marden & J. F. McGrail.*	89c
Efficiency as a Basis for Operation and Wages—*H. Emerson.*	$1.79
Twelve Principles of Efficiency—*H. Emerson.*	$1.79
The American Office—Its Organization, Management and Records—*J. W. Schulze.*	$2.69
Increasing Human Efficiency in Business—*Walter Dill Scott.*	44c
Influencing Men in Business—*Walter Dill Scott.*	89c
Economics of Efficiency—*N. A. Brisco.*	$1.34
Economics of Business—*N. A. Brisco.*	$1.34
Principles of Scientific Management—*F. W. Taylor.*	$1.34
Shop Management—*F. W. Taylor.*	$1.34
How to Deal With Human Nature in Business—*Sherwin Cody.*	$1.79

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Just Think of It!
Men's Suits and Overcoats at $15

Suits regularly $25 to $35.
Overcoats regularly $25, $30.

If the response to Thursday's announcement of Men's Suits and Overcoats at $15 is any criterion it seems that a great part of New York's Men-Who-Care will be GIMBEL men in the immediate future.



The suits are light, medium and heavy weight—most of them just right for Fall and Winter. All kinds of weaves, effects and colorings. Linings all the way from skeleton to full. Some silk lined. Some blue serges. At $15.

The Overcoats are Oxford gray, full silk lined; some with silk top and sleeve lining; loose-fitting knitted cloth, with silk top and sleeve lining. At $15.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Business Hours, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

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The New Selections of Women's Separate Skirts

for the Autumn season, now being shown, comprise a number of original models of unusual distinctiveness, featuring the smart soft satins, striped velours, wool velours, broadcloths and poplins.

A complete range of sizes, including some up to 36 inches waist measure.

WOMEN'S SPORTS SKIRTS

mostly made of striped serge in the popular effects, but some of pongee silk, are being offered, to close out, at the extraordinarily low price of

$3.90 each

(Ready-to-wear Department, Third Floor)

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Lord & Taylor Fall Shoes
FOR MEN

Long distinguished for their excellent wearing qualities, their fine workmanship and the comfort they give the wearer. The latest Autumn Styles are shown at Attractive Special Prices.

New Fall Boots $4.85
Various styles in tan or black Russia calf.

Excellent Boots $3.95
Tan or black leathers in several smart styles.

Dress or Street Boots
Patent Leather with black cloth tops. Patent and dull leather with buckskin tops. Tan or black Russia calf..... $5.85

Ground Floor.

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Authentic Autumn Styles in Young Men's Suits

are strongly featured in the Department on the Fourth Floor (Madison Avenue section).

The smartest materials have been utilized, and the technique of cut and tailoring is that of the expert.

Sizes 33 to 40 inches chest.

Prices $20.00 to $45.00.

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Parisian styles—and our own that denote the much-sought fashion innovations of the season—and still hold true to the universal law of *youthful simplicity* which well-informed mothers always demand for their daughters who spend the season at school or college.

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New Fall Hats for Men of Discriminating Taste

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The new Autumn models are here, in all of the newest shapes and colors.

Those who have worn "The Lansdowne" hats know that they are equal, if not superior, to any hat sold for three dollars elsewhere.

The new flat military brims predominate in models for young men, while brims slightly curled continue to be the correct mode for more conservative dressers. The colors are olive, brown and gray.

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WHY THE RIGHT OUTFIT IS NOT AN EXPENSE

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Real estate men will tell you that buildings warmed with American Radiators and Ideal Boilers will attract and hold best tenants at 10 to 15 per cent higher rentals; property sells quicker, and owner gets back the full cost of the heating outfit. Ideal Boilers and American Radiators are annually assisting to revive thousands of these non-productive old buildings, thus giving them new renting or sales values.

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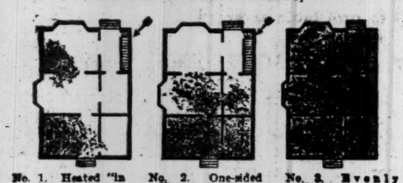
Ideal Boilers and American Radiators are more valuable to the building than almost any other feature, and the little larger first investment over cost of a cheap heating arrangement could be quickly made up by omitting the useless inner doors, extra chimneys, mantels, fancy lamps that are never lighted, etc.

The bank may pay 3 per cent interest on the cash difference between the cost of a hot air furnace or stoves, and a complete outfit of American Radiators and an Ideal Boiler. But this difference invested in one of our steam or water heating outfits will yield many times 3 per cent annually in economy of fuel and labor, absence of repairs, and long-lasting value of the outfit. It is not the first cost of the plant, but the low cost of running it, coupled with durability, that makes an Ideal-American outfit the best investment.



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No. 1. Heated "in Spots" by Stoves. No. 2. One-sided Heating by Hot-Air Furnace. No. 3. Evenly Warmed by an Ideal Boiler.

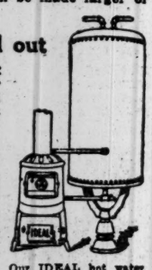
The shaded portions of the rooms above show how much a house is heated when a cold northeaster is blowing.

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It is not necessary to wait until you build a new house to enjoy all the benefits of an Ideal Boiler and American Radiators. They can quickly be put into an old cottage, house, garage, store, school, church, hotel, whether in country, town or city, with little annoyance or disturbance to occupants. They are made in sections which will pass through the cellar door of any building already erected, and can be made larger or smaller.

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The best way to determine what the investment will be for your own building is to have a careful examination made of its exact heating needs. You will be surprised to learn that an Ideal-American Heating outfit will cost you far less than you had imagined. As it will cost you nothing to have an estimate of complete cost of the outfit, why not permit us to help secure this information at this favorable time? This will not obligate you in any way, and it will show you that an "Ideal Heating Investment" can be enjoyed with a small outlay of money. Stop paying the price of postponement.



Our IDEAL hot water supply boilers give plenty of warm water always on tap at cost of few cents per day for fuel.

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OLD or NEW building?_____

about_____ feet long by_____ feet wide and_____ stories high.

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Get radiator ready— a long winter ahead!

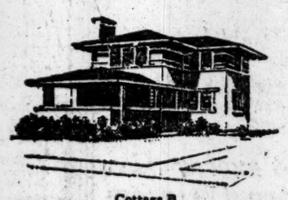


Winter's army is almost upon us. Defeat it for good and drive away chill dampness, dirt, wastefulness, and unhappiness with an IDEAL heating outfit. Thousands of homes not as good as yours, and thousands of people not as well off as you, are now enjoying the great benefits and savings of an *Ideally* heated home. Your *indecision* is the *only barrier* to your having

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Cottage A is heated with a No. 5-25-W IDEAL Boiler and 425 ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner $270.

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At above prices the goods can be bought of any reputable, competent Fitter. This did not include costs of labor, pipe, valves, freight, etc., which vary according to climatic and other conditions.

Sold by all dealers.
No exclusive agents.

Even if you don't buy an IDEAL outfit now *you are paying for it anyway* by suffering all the ills and bills of old fashioned, inadequate heating makeshifts.

IDEAL Boilers are the last word in scientific, economical heat makers. They never rust or wear out nor need repairs nor overhauling—our up-to-date factories turn them out perfect in every detail—air and gas tight and tested to withstand twenty-five times as much wear as they will ever be called upon. Also equipped with automatic regulation so that the heat may keep step with the weather.

A lifetime of lowest cost heating

AMERICAN Radiators are made plain or ornamental, in many attractive styles and shapes—to fit any conceivable space. Our name is cast on each IDEAL Boiler and AMERICAN Radiator—*your guarantee*—accept no substitute. Many exclusive features!

As the "proof of the pudding is the eating," we ask you to consult also some of your house-owner friends who have IDEAL heating—their every-day experience will undoubtedly free your mind of indecision.

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Cottage C (see below)



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My face was even worse than yours till I found that



Resinol

clears poor skins

Just wash you face with Resinol Soap and hot water, dry and apply gently a little Resinol Ointment. Let this stay on for ten minutes, then wash off with more Resinol Soap. In a few days redness and roughness simply vanish! I know that sounds too good to be true but it *is* true. Try it and see!

All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. For a free sample of each, write to Dept. 46-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. *Use Resinol Soap for baby.*

Announcement is herewith made that

The New Synagogue

will hold its HOLY DAY SERVICES at **AEOLIAN HALL**

on 43rd St., between Fifth and Sixth Aves., at the following hours:

New Year Eve, Wed. Eve., Sept. 27th, at 5:30.
New Year Morn, Sept. 28th, at 10.
Atonement Eve, Oct. 6th, at 7:30.
Atonement Morn, Oct. 7th, at 10, and continuing until dusk.

Reservations for Holy Day Seatings may be made with the Hon. Secretary, J. L. Frankel, 95 Fifth Avenue, Phone Stuyvesant 3360, or at the Synagogue Building, 43 West 86th Street, Schuyler 2625.

The Congregation, which is liberal in its platform, takes this opportunity to invite people to permanent membership. It maintains a Sisterhood and a Young People's League, and conducts a Religious School and other germane activities.

RABBI EPHRAIM FRISCH, MINISTER.
MR. CLARENCE ADLER, DIRECTOR OF MUSIC.

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GERMANY MISJUDGED
By Roland Hugins

The New Republic says: "This kind of verdict lies nearer to the judgment that history will pass upon the war than the various highly colored demonstrations of German lust for world dominion."

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ADVERTISEMENT.

GIANTS to-day with PITTSBURGH. 2 games. 1:30 P. M. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.

CRASH ON ELEVATED STARTS STRIKE PANIC

Fifteen Passengers Hurt When Third Avenue Trains Collide at Fifty-ninth Street.

WOMEN JUMP FROM CARS

Police from Four Stations Called Out to Quell Riotous Crowd Attracted by the Accident.

Fifteen persons were injured, the reserves from four precincts were called out to restore order, and ambulances from three hospitals were sent for at 6:45 o'clock last night, when two northbound Third Avenue elevated trains collided at Fifty-ninth Street. Of the injured, Miss Annie Gleason, a stenographer of 806 Elton Avenue, the Bronx, was the most seriously hurt. Her right leg was broken when it was caught in a gate on one of the cars. She was sent to the Reception Hospital, while the others were treated for cuts and bruises and were sent home.

The police questioned Nicholas Gluckman of 344 South Third Street, Brooklyn, the guard on the last car of the first train, and Charles Selig of 888 Forest Avenue, the Bronx, the motorman of the rear train. After hearing their account of the accident the trains wereallowed to proceed. Selig was said to be a strikebreaker. He was not in uniform except for a motorman's cap.

The accident occurred when a seven-car Bronx local train stopped at Fifty-ninth Street. Owing to the fact that it was so overcvrowded that the guards could not open the gates, the train had run by the three stations before this. While the guards were struggling with the passengers on the platforms in an effort to wark the gates the second train, also of seven cars, approached the station. The last car of the first train was about 10 feet from the end of the platform.

Selig, the motorman, said that he applied the brakes in time to stop his train, but that the tracks were wet from the rain, and the whills slipped. The second train crashed into the rear car of the train ahead, throwing many of the passengers on both trains off their feet. A window broke in the first car of the forward train, and immediately the cry of "Strikers! Strikers!" arose. Men fought to get to the doors of the cars and women screamed in panic.

Policeman John Flood, on duty at the elevated station, tried to calm the passengers by calling out that there was nothing to fear. Four women jumped off the train on the third-rail side and began to run along the tracks. A moment later they were followed by others. Policeman Martin Dunn of the Clinton Street Station, who was riding on the front platform of the rear train, drew his revolver and threatened to shoot if any more persons left the cars.

But men continued to jump to the tracks from the rear train and to climb down the elvated pillars to the street. Seeing that the fear-stricken passengers were beyond control, Flood ordered the ticket chopper to telephone for the reserves from the East Eixty-seventh Street Station. Headed by Captain Wall these policemen found that a large and disorderly crowd had gathered in the street below the staled trains. Captain Wall telephoned to Inspector Boutellier, who caled out the reserves from the three other precincts in his district. The police had to use harsh measures, but quiet was restored after a short struggle.

The elevated station platform was turned into a "first-aid" depot for the injured passengers. Among those who were treated were: Morris Silliv, a tailor of 224 East Sixty-seventh Street; Hermione Sweet, of 208 East Seventy-third Street; Marie Miller, of 123 East Thirtieth Street, and Robert Ebbs, a negro porter of 119 East Eighty-fourth Street.

4 HURT WHEN CARS COLLIDE.

Policeman and Passengers Break Ribs—Motormen Were "Green."

Two surface cars in charge of "green" motormen collided at Kingsbridge Road and Kingsbridge Terrace last night, and four persons were injured. One of the cars, in charge of Motorman John Boyle of 160 Bleecker Street, was standing at the crossing, and was struck by the other car, which was returning to its depot. Motorman Richard Brady, in charge of this car, said later that the air brake failed to work propertly.

Policeman Louis Hemminger of the Elizabeth Street Station, on strike duty on the second car, suffered several broken ribs, as did also Thomas Fogarty, 40 years old, of 724 Amsterdam Avenue. The two others injured, August Dahlen, 38 years old, of 432 West 213th Street, and Patrick Hyland, 55 years, of 17 West Ninety-eighth Street, suffered injuries about the head and body. Their injuries were treated at Forham Hospital and they were sent to their homes.

LOYAL I. R. T. MEN SEE MAYOR.

Say They Are Satisfied with Contracts and Oppose Arbitration.

Officers of the brotherhood organized by employes of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company in opposition to the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes called on Mayor Mitchel yesterday and urged him not to encourage arbitration of their right to make individual, or "master and servant," contracts with their employers. The delegation, which consisted of fifty-four men, assured Mr. Mitchel that they had called of their own will and were sincerely anxious to abide by the compact they had entered into with the traction company.

J. J. Harrigan, President of the brotherhood, and Harry Post, representative of the motormen, switchmen, and signalmen on the subway, told Mr. Mitchel that no one had the right to intervene between them and their employers, and that they had the law on their side in making their own contracts.

Reports were read by the spokesmen of the delegation to show that only a few of the service employes had quit.

Mayor Mitchel said at the close of the meeting that he had only one question to ask.

"Are you satisfied with the police protection that has been given you during the strike?"

"We are, sir," replied Mr. Harrigan. "Our only request is that you will continue to protect us."

Mr. Mitchel said he would see that this was done.

COMMITTEE TO AID STRIKERS.

Carl Beck Calls Together Municipal Ownership Advocates.

A citizens' strike committee will be formed at a meeting at the City Club on Monday afternoon. It is understood that those back of the formation of the committee are in sympathy with the striking carmen. A statement given out last night by Carl Beck, Director of the Labor Forum, said: "It is known that the feeling runs strong among the members that thousands of citizens in New York are indignant at the position taken by the traction trust, and at a drop of the hat would rally to the moral principle involved."

Mr. Beck said last night that the following would be members of the Citizens' Strike Committee: Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Frederic C. Howe, United States Commissioner of Immigration; Max Heidelberg, architect; Alfred J. Boulton, Vice President of the Municipal Ownership League; Cornelius M. Sheehan, also of the Municipal Ownership League, and Amos Pinchot. He said a score of other prominent citizens had been invited, and as soon as they returned to the city, next week, it was expected they would serve.

Mr. Beck intimated that the committee might start a propaganda for municipal ownership.

YONKERS MAYOR ASKS INQUIRY

Calls on Second District P. S. Board to Look Into Strike.

Seven more men joined the strikers of the Yonkers trolley system yesterday. They were starters and inspectors, of which the road employs twelve, five of them still not members of the union.

Mayor James T. Lennon wrote to the Public Service Commission of the Second District yesterday:

"The citizens of this city are suffering from the lack of transportation facilities at the hands of the public service corporations directly under your jurisdiction. The commission of the First District is at work seeking a settlement for its part of the system, while the commission of the Second District, equally responsible, is not at work.

"As Mayor of Yonkers, I respectfully urge your immediate consideration of this strike, and request your assistance in bringing to a satisfactory settlement this struggle between the railroad company and its men, which is paralyzing this community."

ASK SHONTS TO DEBATE STRIKE

Socialists Want Railway Head to Meet Fitzgerald.

Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the New York Railways Company, and William B. Fitzgerald, general organizer of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, have been invited by the Socialist Party of New York County to discuss the issues of the transit strike in New Star Casino, 107th Street and Park Avenue, tomorrow afternoon.

Julius Gerber, Executive Secretary of the Socialist Party, said in a letter to Mr. Shonts that the Socialists were about to start a "vigorous campaign" for municipal ownership of the street cars, subway, and elevated lines of the city, and that they were anxious to hear both sides in the transit controversy. Mr. Fitzgerald, the Secretary of the Socialist Party, informed Mr. Shonts, already had accepted the invitation to be a speaker.

"As the President of the corporation controlling the transit lines of New York, we assume that you owe an explanation to the public for the present condition of disorganized traffic and the reasons your corporation will not yield to the strikers," wrote Mr. Gerber. "We hope you will grasp this opportunity to submit your side to the public. We have arranged another meeting at Cooper Union on Tuesday, Sept. 19, and will arrange meetings in other large halls."

Mr. Shonts had not received the letter last night, and it is not known if he will debate the question with Organizer Fitzgerald, send a representative, or ignore the invitation altogether.

ORDER FOR 2D AV. INTEREST

Receiver Tells Court Railway Was Making Money When Strike Came.

John Beaver, receiver of the Second Avenue Railroad, got an order yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Guy, permitting him to pay a half year's interest at 6 per cent. on $3,140,000 certificates of indebtedness, issued in 1912. The court also gave permission to issue new certificates to such holders of the former issue as may prefer them.

In his petition the receiver said that the property is now making money, barring strike conditions, and that until the present trouble occurred was earning enough to pay the expenses and the interest on the certificates. "At the present time the earnings are suspended and the road operated at a loss by reason of a strike which prevails among a large proportion of the employes, the duration of which I am unable to predict," said the receiver.

TAX POLICEMEN $10 EACH.

St. Louis Force Asked to Aid the Democratic Fund.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 15.—Word has been passed to many of the 1,950 men of the St. Louis Police Department that a gift to the Democratic Campaign Fund would be willingly received, and that the donor's attitude to the Democratic Party will be made a matter of record. It is understood that the 1,400 policemen are asked to give $10 apiece, but the Sergeants are expected to contribute $25 each.

The patrolmen, it is said, will be permitted to pay the $10 in two installments.

KAISERIN OFF TO FRONT.

Empress Going to Eastern Headquarters for Her First Visit.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Amsterdam says:

"German newspapers announce that Empress Augusta Victoria has been summoned to the eastern headquarters by Emperor William, and passed through Breslau yesterday on the journey from Berlin. It will be her first visit to the eastern front."

ROW OVER CHILD REFUGEES.

Dutch Disagree as to Feeding of Those Sent from Germany.

THE HAGUE, Netherlands, Sept. 6, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The question of whether German children should be entertained in Holland and fattened there on Dutch milk and butter has led to a storm in a teacup here. Columns of the newspapers have been devoted to articles on the subject by learned professors and editorial writers.

"Germany is a besieged fortress," it is declared on the one hand, and "it is unneutral and, what is more, opposed to all Holland's interests to help defeat the object of the besiegers by relieving distress there."

"How can that be?" is the question posed in reply, "when Germany has free access to Holland, Scandinavia, and Switzerland? Holland is sovereign of her own frontier, and the feeding of hungry German children is our good right, and not the faintest violation of neutrality."

"If you have money to spare for poor children," is the retort, "give the benefit of it to many thousands of half-starved children in your own cities, who are suffering from too large exports to Germany, or lavish your pity upon the millions of suffering children in Poland, Serbia, Belgium, and Northern France, the countries ruthlessly desolated by Germany. Moreover, you are endangering our own food supplies by giving the Allies ground for thinking that the goods imported here will indirectly help their enemy to hold out."

So runs the controversy, and meanwhile, all unconscious of the mild storm they have raised, little parties of German children, many of them pale-faced, but some looking in fairly good condition, are daily crossing the Dutch border. They are being accommodated about the country, mostly in children's holiday camps and such institutions, but also by twos and threes in private families. The work has been organized by various committees set up by Hollanders with family ties in Germany and others. There are now between 1,000 and 2,000 such children in the country, and they are still arriving.

A movement is also now on foot to bring children from the occupied districts of France, so that Holland promises to develop into quite a children's refuge, following the claims on its hospitality made by the flocks of Belgian fugitives, part of Antwerp's escaping garrison, and many hundreds of fleeing prisoners of war.

HOLLAND A HUGE BARRACKS.

British Writer Thinks 90 Per Cent. of Dutch Are Pro-Ally.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 16.—A Daily Mail correspondent, recently in Holland, writes:

"You cannot be on Dutch soil very long without realizing how completely war has altered the appearance of things in little Holland. At Flushing, for example, six Dutch submarines are lying, an uncommon sight at that busy port. As you cross the country by train to Amsterdam, soldiers greet the eye everywhere. I do not know exactly how many men Holland has mobilized. Some say, although the figure never has been officially stated, that there are 300,000 to 400,000. At any rate the Netherlands has been converted into one huge barracks, and is evidently prepared to do her duty to herself if the kaleidoscopic fortunes of war should embroil her, too.

"I should say 90 per cent. of the Dutch people are sincerely pro-Ally. The remaining 10 per cent., however, represents an influential body. In my opinion it consists roughly of church leaders, aristocrats, and military men. Important personages in both Protestant and Roman Catholic churches are undisguisedly pro-German. They have been hypnotized by the Kaiser's incessant pretended religiousness. Their positions enable them to influence a good deal of popular sentiment."

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Men---Read This!

(From New York Evening World, Sept. 15th).

Closed Season for Straw Hats! Fall Styles 'Young and Snappy'

If you wear your straw hat to-day, you do it at your peril. Some anonymous authority long ago decreed that straw hats were not permissible on and after Sept. 15, and every strawpiece at the Coney Island Mardi Gras was duly and dutifully smashed, crushed, obliterated and exterminated at midnight as a starter.

Incidentally, some of the men who have chafed over having to spend ten cents every time they recovered their hat from a restaurant check boy, found a way to get even. They checked their hats as usual last night and didn't go back for them.

Young and snappy is the description of the fall and winter styles for men's hats. Stiff hats run to higher crowns and narrower brims, with a graceful roll to the brim. Soft hats will be designed for comfort and negligee, and favored colors are brown, greens, Oxford and light gray, and in most cases with a rough finish. Everything is with an eye to the effect of youth. A big demand is expected for the laurel green knockabout hats.

And our good friend, the New York "World" is right!
Incidentally, we may say that when it comes to the matter of Autumn headgear, the knowing ones will come to Greenhut's.
The following brief mention of our Fall offerings for today will show you why:

Men's Soft Hats, $1.65

(Regularly $2.50 to $4)

One of America's foremost hat makers, the H. & F. Hat Co., has turned over to us its entire sample line. Here are the most fashionable blocks for Autumn. The colors and shades are of those which will be most approved during the season. The values are exceptional.

Another Hat That Appeals to Men, the 'Crown' Soft Hat, $2



You could pay $3 and get a hat not so good. This hat is superior to the average $3 hat, in quality and finish. All silk trimmed. Fine leather sweatband. Colors include BLUE, GREEN, BROWN, BLACK, GRAY, STEEL, BLACKSTONE, TAN, PEARL and EMERY. It's a hat that appeals to particular men especially. (Greenhut's are the exclusive distributors of "Crown" hats for Greater New York.)

The "Gentle Breeze" Soft Hat at $3

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Soft Hats and Black Derbies, $1.25

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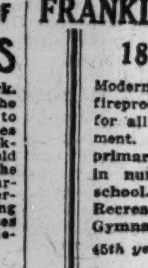
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Walt Whitman wrote much of Brooklyn, where he lived nearly forty years. His manuscript has just been found. Read about it in The New York Times tomorrow. Order today.—Advt.

ELEVATED TRAINS AGAIN ATTACKED

Continued from Page 1.

crews of passing cars and it was feared that such strike sympathy might take more violent form if cars should be moved at night.

The Police Department is putting in the busiest days of its history. Continued congestion at 149th Street and Third Avenue and at other junction and transfer points have necessitated the assignment of special squads and the traffic snarls due to the sudden activity of all varieties of jitneys have made unusual work for a diminished traffic force.

Jane Dugan, a nurse, 22 years old, of 19 West 103d Street, was riding in a Ninth Avenue elevated train near 132d Street and Eighth Avenue last night, when a stone thrown from a roof came through the window and struck her on the head.

She was taken from the train at 135th Street and sent to Harlem Hospital, where she was treated for severe lacerations of the scalp.

ATTACKS MEN OF WEALTH.

Fitzgerald Discusses the Proposed $100,000 Loyalty Fund.

The alleged relations of J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller, and other men of wealth to the traction companies of the city were discussed by William B. Fitzgerald, general organizer of the Carmen's Union, last night, in a statement in which he expressed surprise over the modesty of the offer of an unnamed banker who, Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the New York Railways Company, had announced, was willing to contribute $100,000 for the support of the service employes, who have remained loyal to the companies in the strike.

"Mr. Rockefeller owns more than $20,000,000 of the capital stock of the Manhattan elevated lines, which comprise more than half of the Interborough system," said Organizer Fitzgerald. "He could very well afford to contribute $100,000. Mr. Rockefeller owns a large share of the bonds of the Interborough and the Metropolitan, the holding company of the subway, elevated, and surface lines in Manhattan and the Bronx, and he is represented in the New York Railways Company by Charles P. Howland, who is a Director, and a member of the law firm of Murray, Prentice & Howland.

"Mr. Murray has been Mr. Rockefeller's legal adviser for a quarter of a century; Mr. Prentice is Mr. Rockefeller's son-in-law, and Mr. Howland represents Mr. Rockefeller not only in business corporations, but in public and private matters.

"Mr. Rockefeller is a large investor in the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, and he holds some of the security of the Third Avenue line, which owns the Bronx trolleys. The Rockefeller Foundation owns $900,000 of the Interborough bonds and $1,387,000 of the stock of the Manhattan Elevated, and the foundation has been branded as a public menace by the Federal Industrial Commission."

After commenting on the $10,000,000 profits "already made by Mr. Morgan out of the subways" mainly at the expense of the taxpayers," and of the large holdings of August Belmont, the organizer of the carmen's union told of other bankers who could afford to offer a fund of $100,000 to loyal traction employes. He included F. de C. Sullivan, who represents the Plant Estate; Cornelius Vanderbilt, E. S. Morston, and Thomas De Witt Cuyler. Talk of such a fund was current several days ago.

ALL TRACTION LINES HOLDING THEIR OWN

Service Shows Improvement, Particularly on Third Avenue and the Union System.

Police figures last night showed that but 116 subway trains were operated at 6 o'clock last evening, when the greatest number were in service. That was fourteen less than the normal number, and was said to strengthen the strikers' assertions that more employes were quitting. Mr. Shonts said last night, however, that he knew of no reduction in service and didn't believe the figures were correct.

The elevated again operated its maximum of 229 trains, with diminished but seriously felt congestion. Efforts to keep passengers off the platforms continued, but habit of long standing was not easily broken.

The Interborough announced these travel figures for Thursday, compared with the corresponding date of last year:

	Yesterday.	Last Yr.	Increase.
Elevated	1,057,820	821,673	236,147
Subway	1,007,453	801,683	205,770
Queensboro tube	13,492	5,820	7,672
Total	2,278,765	1,629,176	449,589

The New York Railways Company scored again yesterday, with amaterially nearer approach to normal service. It operated, according to the company's maximum figure, 346 cars, almost 29 per cent. of the rolling stock usually in motion on week days. The police figures again disagreed with those of the company. The police total was 332. That represented a gain over Thursday of nineteen cars, while the company's figure showed a gain of thirty-three.

Not only were more green cars used, but, according to official assertions of the Interborough, the individual trips were 309 more than on the day before. The record was still far from the 1,291 cars normally operated at rush hours, but represented a steady gain, achieved without the use of strikebreakers.

Operations on Other Lines.

The Second Avenue Railroad just held its own yesterday, running twenty-fire cars, as it had done the day before.

In the Bronx, the Union Railways Company was nearer its maximum of 252 cars. From being the worst tied up of all the surface lines last Sunday, it emerged last evening with a record of 156 cars moved at the rush hours of the day. This advance to 60 per cent. operation in five days was accomplished with the use of many strikebreakers.

The Third Avenue Railway in Manhattan ran 113 cars yesterday, after operating but eighty-three on the two days preceding. Its normal rush-hour service requires 505 cars. Yesterday's efficiency was slightly more than 22 per cent. of normal.

All surface cars in Manhattan and the Bronx were put away at dark. The public felt the need of more adequate surface operations, particularly yesterday because of the heavy rainstorms.

From both sides came admissions last night that the crux of the whole situation lay in the part played in the walkout by Interborough motormen, skilled and not easily replaceable. Not a single motorman of that system has struck, asserted Mr. Shonts last night, adding that, besides having cleaned out all strikebreakers from the subway, the company had succeeded in displacing ninety more on the elevated lines, leaving but 150 at work there.

Says Motormen are Quitting.

To those asssertions Organizer Fitzgerald of the Amalgamated opposed contentions of material gains to the strikers' ranks from the Interborough system. In a statement he said:

Forty motormen, guards, and switchmen on the Interborough quiet their jobs yesterday and went over to the strikers. There were three desertions from the ranks of th estrikers on the Third Avenue system. These men were not sent out on cars, but were housed with the strikebreakers for the present.

Reports were received in Amalgamated Association headquarters yesterday that the Interborough was hiring men who had been discharged in past years for having had accidents and for other serious reasons. These reports were verified by Organizer Fitzgerald. The facts were placed before the Public Service Commission by James Vahey and Louis Fridiger, counsel for the Amalgamated, with a formal complaint. The commission will make an investigation.

In a second statement last night, regarding the New York Railways Company's report that its men had returned to work in large numbers after the parade of Thursday, Mr. Fitzgerald said:

The Interborough President gave a newspaper a story which was printed this morning to the effect that after the strikers' parade on last Thursday, 1,200 men went to the Fiftieth Street barn of the Seventh Avenue line and asked for their old jobs back. The facts were that it was payday for the men of the Interborough surface lines, and many of them went to the barns of their respective lines to get what pay was coming to them. They were told to go to the barn at Seventh Avenue and Fiftieth Street. There they all turned in their badges and uniform buttons and were given slips for the pay due. These slips they were ordered to take back to the barns of their respective lines to get the money.

Representatives of Shonts and Hedley tried to cajole them into returning to work. In many cases threats were made that the men never could get employment again on the Interborough lines if they did not return at once. Investigation proved that in no instance did these strikers return to work, but that on the contrary they all reported at their local headquarters the trouble they had been put to to get the money due them and the attempts made to cajole and coerce them into returning to work. This was made the basis oft he Shonts story that men had deserted the ranks after the big parade.

It was learned yesterday that Mr. Shonts was carrying a pistol. It was explained that he had armed himself in response to the solicitations of friends.

P. S. BOARD FINDS UNION CULPABLE

Continued from Page 1.

relationship among the three companies.

He insisted that Mr. Whitridge had been asked by his organized employes if he had been in conference on the "master-and-servant" contracts with the officials of the other traction companies, and that his refusal to reply had convinced the men that their suspicions of a secret compact were justified.

Mr. Fridiger was the only witness, and his testimony failed to shake the belief of the Commissioners that the union was to blame for the strike on the Third Avenue lines.

It will be noticed in the foregoing that the finding gives Aug. 7 as the date of the agreement said to have been broken by the carmen's organization. Previous references to the agreement gave the date as "Aug. 6." The confusion is due to the fact that the settlement was signed on Aug. 6, but not ratified by the Third Avenue Company until the following day.

Steal Express Safe in Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 15.—When the joint office of the Adams and American Express Companies was opened for business this morning it was found that burglars had removed the safe weighing 200 pounds and its contents, said to consist of about $700 and valuable papers. Entrance was gained by breaking the glass in a window, unfastening the catch, and hoisting the window.

Cuba Continues Cholera Quarantine

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Sept. 15.—The Cuban Government has decided to continue the cholera quarantine against Mexico until the experts sent there report fully.

UNIONS DECIDE TO CALL OUT 75,000 MEN

Continued from Page 1.

ident of the International Alliance of Stage Employes; John Sullivan, representing the brewery workers; Edward Cassidy and E. C. Rybicki, representing Typographical Union No. 6, and Mr. Bohm.

LEADERS NOT UNANIMOUS.

Some Unionists Skeptical as to Advisability of a Walkout.

Out of day-long discussions of the proposed general walkout of union labor in support of the traction strikers which agitated wage workers yesterday, there crystallized last night a well-defined belief among many unionists themselves that there was little likelihood of such a movement on an extensive scale paralyzing industry in this city.

Leaders of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America worked at top pressure in their Hotel Continental headquarters all day to promote such a movement. But when William B. Fitzgerald, organizer for the carmen's union in this city, left last night to attend the meeting of the Central Federated Union at which a strike vote was a foregone conclusion, he took pains to inform reporteds that neither he nor his Amagamated Association of Street and Electric Raiway Empoyes had asked for such support from wage earners.

In the debates over the question in the Continental, it was learned last night, the objection was offered by some men prominent in union circles that thousands of wage earners were to be asked to quit their jobs in support of the employes of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company who had refused to quit in any large numbers.

At least one man prominent in the councils of the workers has told the strikers themselves that they were unwise to walk out before they were sure the Interborough motormen were going out with them and that same argument has been used, labor leaders said last night, by those who have urged workers in industries where conditions are satisfactory not to jeopardize their jobs and interrupt their earnings by walking out in sympathy.

It was a debated point last night whether the local unions embraced in the Central Federated recommendation would strike without a struggle.

One official of a labor organization, who wouldn't be quoted, said that there existed some doubt whether the general strike movement, if unsuccessful, would not set back the cause of organized labor by leading the public to disbelieve in its collective power.

NEGROES INDORSE HUGHES.

Race Conference Also Approves Labor's Migration to the North.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—A race conference of negroes from twenty-one States, mainly in the North and West, met here today and adopted resolutions indorsing Charles E. Hughes for President, and gave approval to the migration of negroes from the Southern States to the North. There was a large attendance of delegates, representing the New England and Middle Atlantic States.

The economic phases of the present movement of the negroes of the South to Pennsylvania, New York, and New England, to take the places of Italians, Polaks, Hungarians, and others who have returned to Europe to engage in the war, was discussed at length.

The conference endorsed the wisdom of the migration, and presented a great deal of information in regard to it. It was asserted that more than 500,000 colored men had moved north in the last six months. Letters and telegrams were read from many manufacturers, mine owners and others, giving assurances that negroes would be encouraged to make their homes in the North and would receive a "square deal." It was represented that the industrial situation now in Pennsylvania and New York was such that at least 2,000,000 negro laborers could be employed in the next year and would be welcome.

At the morning session of the conference the convention was addressed by H. Martin Williams, Reading Clerk of the House of Representatives, who asked that the conference declare itself for President Wilson. The matter was discussed, and it was decided to appoint a committee of nine representative negroes to visit Mr. Hughes and ascertain his attitude toward the negro race and, if his views justified it, to support him. The conference tonight overturned that action and emphatically indorsed Hughes for President.

A committee of nine was appointed to visit Mr. Hughes and inform him of the action of the convention and receive from him any word he might be willing to extend to the negro race as to civil rights and the economic importance of the present migration of the negro from the South to the North.

The conference also adopted resolutions condemning race oppression, lynching, the Jim Crow car, and the practice of segregation in Government departments in Washington. A resolution was adopted thanking the business men, manufacturers, mine owners, railroad managers, and other employers in the Northern States who had given the negro of the South a chance to earn a living.

The committee appointed to visit Mr. Hughes includes the Rev. William H. Jernigan, M. W. D. Norman, and Calvin W. Chase of Washington; William M. Alexander of Baltimore, M. B. Huches of New York, J. E. Dockery of Waltham, Mass.; E. A. P. Cheek of New Jersey, S. L. Corrothers of Pennsylvania, and J. P. Brown of Florida.

GERALDINE FARRAR AS JOAN.

She Returns from Acting the Role for the Movies in Los Angeles.

Geraldine Farrar, the prima donna, arrived yesterday from Los Angeles, where she has been posing all Summer for a motion picture based on the life of Joan of Arc. The film is in twelve reels and in some of its scenes several thousand persons acted, w hile complete villages and replicas of cathedrals were built to serve as backgrounds. Miss Farrar said that she had always had an ambition to sing Joan in opera and that when the opportunity to act the role for the screen came she was delighted. The picture will be shown on Broadway this Fall.

Miss Farrar will take a short rest in the mountains before beginning her operatic work. She will sing "Carmen" and "Il Trovatore" on tour with the company organized by her manager, Charles Ellis of Boston, and later will join the Chicago Opera Company. She will appear at the Metropolitan in some of her best-known roles during the season.

ARREST 3 IN MUNITIONS CASE

Jersey City Will Make Test of Rights Under Law.

Jersey City is to make a test case of the right of its police to make arrests along the shore line in connection with the crusade against the handling of munitions there. Yesterday afternoon Police Inspector Battersby arrested three men employed on a barge which is said to be loaded with dynamite, at the foot of Pier 19, and charged them with aiding and abetting a public nuisance.

The men under arrest said they were John J. Gaughran of 221 Warren Street, Jersey City; John Mattson of 62 First Place, Brooklyn, and Oscar Carben of 143 Nelson Street, Brooklyn. They were paroled last night in care of counsel and will have a hearing today in the Jersey City Police Court.

The police, because of an injunction issued by Judge Rellstab, are powerless to interfere with the movement of munitions on railroad cars in Jersey City; but they say there is nothing to prevent them from making arrests along the shore line, as in the case of the three men yesterday on the barge said to be loaded with dynamite.

Inspector Battersby said last night that the Central Railroad of New Jersey officials had not kept faith with Jersey City, in their promise not to move any more cars of high explosives through Jersey City. The Inspector said he learned that four cars of explosives were at Pier 19, Jersey City, and he and his men went there and found them, and then it was they saw the barge loaded with dynamite, they say, tied to the pier, and decided to make the arrests.

Japanese Aviator Falls to Death.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 15.—Frank Ouye, a Japanese aviator, was killed here today when a military type tractor overturned 100 feet in the air as he was endeavoring to effect a landing. Ouye's skull was fractured by the fall.

EMERSON ACQUITS JERSEY MOSQUITOS

Health Commissioner Says New York's Pests Are Born and Bred in City's Own Precincts.

NONE FLY OVER THE RIVER

Would Clear Long Island Breeding Places—Inspects Work Done by Neighbor State.

New Jersey mosquitos do not bite New Yorkers, but New York mosquitos do bite Jerseyites, according to Dr. Haven Emerson, Health Commissioner, who adds that if any one in the city suffers from mosquitos he should not direct his imprecations toward New Jersey, but look into his own or his neighbor's back yard for a breeding place of still water or exercise his influence as a citizen to obtain money for the elimination of breeding places in Jamaica Bay and the Flushing meadows.

Dr. Emerson made his statements before an anti-mosquito army which gathered for luncheon yesterday at the Downtown Club in Newark after a tour of inspection of New Jersey's one-time famous mosquito breeding places—the Meadows and the Passaic River. The Health Commissioner, Dr. Alonzo Blauvelt, Acting Sanitary Supervisor of the Department of Health, and Eugene Winship, the department's sanitary engineer in charge of mosquito control, were invited to make the inspection by the Mosquito Extermination Commissions of Bergen, Passaic, Hudson, Essex, and Union Counties, and they made the start yesterday morning from Hackensack, despite the weather, in open automobiles that carried their occupants more than half way to meet the rain.

Hope to See Last Mosquito Die.

Jesse B. Leslie, chief inspector for the Bergen County Commission, met the New York officials at Hackensack, and guided them through the first part of the tour. Later the party was augmented by Dr. Thomas J. Headlee, State Entomologist of New Jersey, who is the commander in chief of the anti-mosquito forces in his State; Jacob B. Lipman, Director of the New Jersey Agricultural Experimental Station; H. B. Vannote, Chairman of the Bergen County Commission; Dr. Ralph H. Hunt of the Essex County Commission; Dr. F. W. Sell of the Union County Commission, and other Commissioners and Inspectors of the five counties to the number of about thirty.

The purpose of the tour was to show the extent and nature of the mosquito extermination work in New Jersey, which, according to officials, has resulted this year in such a material reduction of the number of mosquitos in the State that real estate values have increased, living has been to a great degree relieved of the mosquito annoyance, and the ultimate destruction of the last Jersey mosquito has been seen as a possibility. The protected areas of New Jersey, according to Dr. Headlee, are now as little troubled by mosquitos as unprotected inland localities.

This has been accomplished by comprehensive and scientific effort. Fully one-fourth of the entire 296,000 acres of salt marsh in the State of New Jersey has been drained, at a cost of $125,000, Dr. Headlee told the inspecting party; 125 miles of the most densely inhabited part of the coast has received attention, and "a large measure of relief from the salt marsh mosquito has been afforded to about 1,725,000 people." And the war against the mosquito, on anything like an extensive scale, began only in 1912.

Hunt the Pest to His Lair.

There are many sides to the New Jersey work as revealed in yesterday's tour. To illustrate its intensiveness, Mr. Leslie explained how, on every Tuesday night, inspectors go to the parks and other places where mosquitoes are most likely to congregate and capture specimens by clapping bottles containing formaldehyde over them after they have settled for business on the inspector's hands. He said the specimens caught were examined and identified, and that thus it was learned whether they were of the salt marsh variety, the house kind, or some other species. With the identity of the pests of any locality discovered, Mr. Leslie added, it was often not difficult to trace them to their breeding place and render it uninhabitable.

Much of the work is also general. For example, the automobile tour led, first, along the shores of the Passaic River in Passaic County, where men constantly go up and down in boats pouring deadly oil on the waters, from which so much of New Jersey's trouble comes. Next was seen the meadows of Bergen County, which have been drained by 100 miles of ditches and protected from tide overflows by 6,200 feet of dike along the bank of the Hackensack River. The dike was inspected from motor boats. The salt water meadows of Hudson County, drained by 1,000,000 feet of ditches, were next inspected, and pumps used on the Frank's Creek section in Kearney Township, where natural drainage has been found ineffectual, were also visited. Similar work in Essex and Union Counties was inspected in part and described fully by the commissioners from those counties.

Good Example for New York.

The anti-mosquito work in the five counties has been done with county appropriations with State aid. The cost to residents has varied between 9 and 15 cents a person, although hundreds of thousands of dollars have been spent.

After the tour Dr. Emerson said he had seen evidence of "the most intelligently directed mosquito extermination work that had been undertaken outside of the tropics," and he added that he hoped the work already begun in Queens would be developed along the same lines. He said also that business-like mosquito extermination should be undertaken on Long Island beyond the city limits and in Westchester County. He and all others who discussed mosquitos agreed, however, that the house variety could be exterminated only by the co-operation of residents, who would destroy breeding places in rain barrels and other receptacles holding water.

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MID-WEEK

September 14th

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UPHOLDS PRIESTS IN WIRETAP CASE

Court Says Evidence Does Not Support the Mayor's Charges.

NO CONSPIRACY SHOWN

Police Are Exonerated, Though, for Listening to Telephone Conferences.

STRONG EXCEEDED POWERS

Charities Investigator Had No Right to Question Witnesses on Catholic Pamphlets, Greenbaum Asserts.

The charges of conspiracy, perjury, and libel brought by Mayor Mitchel and W. J. Doherty, Second Deputy Commissioner of Charities, against Mgr. John J. Dunn, Chancellor of the New York Archdiocese; the Rev. Dr. William B. Farrell; Robert W. Hebberd, ex-Secretary of the State Board of Charities, and the late Dr. Daniel C. Potter were dismissed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum, who, as a Magistrate, had conducted a John Doe inquiry. He also exonerated Police Commissioner Arthur Woods of the countercharge of the priests that he had violated the law in tapping telephone wires of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union when he thought a strike was impending.

Charges and countercharges grew out of the charities investigation conducted by Commissioner Charles. Strong and the consequent disclosure of the police wire tapping, which arrayed the Mayor and the heads of the Catholic Church in this city against each other. Justice Greenbaum's decision, which he filed yesterday, is thought to put an end to the controversy, and contains exoneration also of the members of the police wire-tapping squad, who, he finds, faithfully performed their duty.

Justice Greenbaum found that the evidence against Father Farrell and his associates failed to establish the charge that they had conspired to keep witnesses from testifying before the Strong Committee, or to convict them of libel or perjury in connection with the publication of pamphlets attacking the investigation and the men behind it. He ruled further that Mr. Strong had exceeded his powers as Commissioner when he tried to ascertain the authorship of the documents. Mr. Strong, he found, had power only to summon and question witnesses in reference to the conduct of the charitable institutions under investigation, and continued:

It seems to me that Potter, as well as the other witnesses, would have been within their rights to refuse to testify before Commissioner Strong, where the sole purpose of their examination was to ascertain the identity of the authors and instigators of the alleged libellous publications, upon the ground that if the publications complained of constituted a criminal conspiracy they could not be required to testify against themselves.

Of the tapping of wires by the police Justice Greenbaum said:

The complaint largely relied upon the testimony of the officers who composed the special detective squad whose duty it was to report telephone conversations for the purpose of detecting crime. A vast amount of testimony was taken before me, and the testimony of police officers justifies the finding that they were faithfully discharging the duties assigned to them by the Police Commissioner, and that their testimony was of higher value than that of the ordinary witness who may attempt to repeat a conversation in which he had no special interest.

But, giving full effect to this testimony of the police officers, which in the main was not contradicted, it falls far short of establishing a criminal conspiracy. The most that may be claimed is that the defendants who were deeply interested in the work of the Strong Commission, discussed from time to time ways and means of redefeating a movement which they believed had been instituted to subvert the system of institutional charities and sought to prevent their opponents, as they believed them, from receiving any information concerning themselves.

Referring to the thirty-nine charitable institutions of the city and their child inmates, eighteen of them Protestant, with 5,794 children; seventeen Catholic, with 15,912, and four Jewish, with 3,091, Justice Greenbaum asserted:

"It seems undisputed that those connected with the administration of Catholic charities are imbued with a conviction that the institutional system of caring for the dependent child is an inseparable part of Church activity, and that any attempt to interfere with the institutionalism of Catholic charities is an assault on the Catholic Church itself."

Thus, the Justice held, Mgr. Dunn and Father Farrell were actuated in publishing their pamphlets by religious motives, believing, and resenting, that their institutions were unjustly attacked before the public. The perjury charge against Mr. Hebberd was dismissed with the assertion that the statements questioned were not material to the investigation in any event.

Mayor Mitchel declined to comment on the decision, but Alfred J. Tally, counsel for Mgr. Dunn and Father Farrell, said it cleared the way for the only issue before the public, "that is, the wire-tapping for which two of Mitchel's subordinates are now under indictment." He referred to Commissioner of Charities John A. Kingsbury and Special Deputy Corporation Counsel William H. Hotchkiss, who acted as legal adviser to Mr. Kingsbury. Both were indicted for wiretapping by a Brooklyn Grand Jury last May.

Asserting that Justice Greenbaum's dismissal of the charges left the "natural deduction" that "the tapping of the telephone wires was equally unjustified," Mr. Tally said there were some things "a resentful public is not likely to forget. One of them is that public officials listened in on the conversation of reputable citizens to serve their own private purposes. Another is that the Mayor was courageous enough to fill the columns of the newspapers with charges of conspiracy against him and his administration, but lacked the courage to sign his name to sworn charges against the men whom he accused, and took refuge behind the coattails of a Second Deputy Commissioner."

COURT ACQUITS WARBURG.

But Yonkers Judge Scores Auto Owners Who Demand Speed.

Felix M. Warburg of 1,109 Fifth Avenue, New York City, member of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., bankers, appeared before City Judge Beall in Yonkers yesterday to contend against being held liable for the reckless driving of his chauffeur, Edward Mehl, of 170 East Seventy-fifth Street, who was arraigned on Wednesday and fined $25. According to Mehl, he was driving in excess of the speed limit under the explicit direction of his employer.

Mr. Warburg explained to the court that when stopped by Policeman Morrissey he was on his way to Dobb's Ferry Hospital with a friend, the father of Albert Stern, Jr., who had been shot accidentally, but he denied that he had told his chauffeur to break the speed limit. He asked the policeman, he said, whether he might proceed to Dobb's Ferry Hospital, promising that after he had done this he would be willing to go anywhere the policeman might suggest. Mr. Warburg said Morrissey replied that he had received instructions to arrest speeders and that the offender would have to go with him to the station. Mr. Warburg admitted that he had refused to pay any bail to the Lieutenant at the desk without a receipt.

"Mr. Warburg," said Judge Beall in dismissing the matter, "had I known at the time that the case was one of emergency I should not have entertained the complaint. My object in having you brought here this morning was that I do not approve of the noticeable reticence of employers in cases where chauffeurs get into trouble through following the employer's instructions. But in view of this morning's developments we'll forget all about it."

Later Judge Beall had this to say:

"Something should be done whereby the owner of a car riding in the car at the time of a violation of the speed laws, can be held to a liability equal to that of the chauffeur who drives the machine, should the owner direct his chauffeur to proceed at an excessive rate of speed.

"If these cases do not cease I shall go to Albany and introduce legislation providing for the present defect in the laws. No man is above the law, I don't care who he is."

WITHDRAW CORNELL SUIT.

Hotel Langdon Guest Settles with Dreicer & Co.

The attachment for $11,407 obtained by Dreicer & Co., jewelers of Fifth Avenue, against the property of Mrs. Claire J. Cornell of the Hotel Langdon, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street, who was sued by Dreicer & Co. for goods they alleged she purchased, was withdrawn yesterday by counsel for the plaintiff, after Mrs. Cornell had made a settlement. Mrs. Cornell's attorney, Philip Carpenter, then got an order from Justice Guy dismissing the suit.

The lawyer for Mrs. Cornell asserted that his client had not disposed of the property purchased from Dreicer & Co. as alleged, except a few articles which were acquired for gifts. The lawyer declared that Mrs. Cornell's purchases from the firm in the last six months had amounted to more than $20,000, all of which had been fully paid for in cash. The report that Mrs. Cornell had been out of town was denied. It was said she had been inaccessible to strangers owing to the serious illness of a member of her family.

WALTONEN JUMPS FROM MOVING TRAIN

Mrs. Nichols's Butler, Who Confessed Murder, Eludes Detectives on Chicago Express.

ADDS TO STORY OF CRIME

Man Accused of Disposing of Loot Is Arrested and Part of Jewelry Is Recovered.

Arthur Waltonen, who tried to escape from the detectives who were bringing him from Ironwood, Mich., by jumping from the Chicago express of the New York Central Railroad at Harmon, N. Y., yesterday, sat on the side of a bed in Bellevue Hospital later in the day and told Inspectors Faurot and Cray how he and Joseph Milholland committed the robbery at the house of Mrs. Elizabeth Nichols, 4 East Seventy-ninth Street, on the night of Sept. 8, 1915, which resulted in the death of the aged widow. Waltonen said, according to the detective chiefs, that it was he who tied pillow slips about the head of Mrs. Nichols.

Although Waltonen jumped from the rear of the observation car he was not seriously injured, as the train was slowing up at the time. Detectives Enright and Fogarty signaled the engineer to stop, picked up their unconscious captive, and when the train reached New York took him to Bellevue.

With the confession of Waltonen, supported by Milholland, the arrest late yesterday of Harry Resnick, the "fence," and the recovery of part of the jewels stolen from Mrs. Nichols, the police have only one more step before they believe they will have rounded up every one who had anything to do with the affair—that is, the arrest of Harry Lehto, who stood guard on the night of the robbery, it is said, while Milholland and Waltonen got the jewels. Omni Talas, a pantry boy in the Nichols household, is now in Sing Sing under a life sentence for his part in the crime.

Police Worked a Year on Case.

The climax yesterday of the year's work of the Police Department, and especially the efforts of Inspectors Cray and Faurot, showed that the police have many times been very near the solution of the problem. Milholland, who was arrested Wednesday, was first arrested by the police the day after the death of Mrs. Nichols, but released. Yesterday he confessed that it was he who held the revolver when he and Waltonen entered Mrs. Nichols's bedroom.

Soon after Waltonen had been taken to Bellevue Inspector Faurot went there, taking Milholland with him. Then Waltonen, who was Mrs. Nichols's butler, told the story of the robbery.

According to the police Waltonen said that for a year he and others had been planning to rob Mrs. Nichols. On the night of Sept. 8 Waltonen said he and Milholland and Lehto went to the Nichols residence and were let in by Talas. They bound him and the maid, Waltonen said, and leaving Lehto on guard he and Milholland went upstairs to Mrs. Nichols's room.

"Then," Waltonen continued, the police said, "Joe and I went into the room. We had masks on which Joe had bought at a candy store on Madison Avenue. Mrs. Nichols arose in bed. Joe, who had the gun, said, 'Throw up your hands!' Then she just sighed and lay back. I got some pillow cases and put one over her head and tied her with another. She must have been dead then. We took all the jewels we could find, went downstairs and left with Lehto.

Took Gems to "Fence."

Waltonen said that he and Milholland went to 125th Street to Resnick's restaurant and Milholland handed the jewelry over to Resnick. He said that he and Milholland got $850 from Resnick for part of the jewelry, but because he was so slow in selling it they got some of it back and sold it themselves. He said that following the confession of Talas he left New York and went West.

Headquarters detectives had traced Resnick to Dover, Del., yesterday morning. There they found that he had been running a restaurant, but had sold out and left town Monday. In the restaurant they found, in a bunk, the skeleton of a ring that was identified as a part of the Nichols jewelry. The two big stones had been pried out. They traced Resnick to 1,428 Vyse Avenue, the Bronx, yesterday afternoon, and arrested him. The police said last night that on top of a transom in the Vyse Avenue house they found the two diamonds that had been taken from the ring, worth about $3,000, and two small diamonds and an emerald, said to have been part of Mrs. Nichols's necklace. The police said that Resnick admitted disposing of the jewelry for Milholland and Waltonen. They expect to arrest Lehto soon.

Inspector Faurot, as soon as he heard of the leap of Waltonen from the train, started an investigation of how he was at liberty. He summoned Enright and Fogarty to Police Headquarters and questioned them as to why Waltonen was not handcuffed. Later the Inspector absolved the detectives from blame. He said that they had had to treat Waltonen well to get from him the information they had. The detectives told the Inspector that Waltonen asked permission to smoke a cigarette on the rear of the train, and that as soon as he got on the platform he dived from the train.

At Bellevue it was said Waltonen's injuries consisted of a painful scalp wound and lacerations. He said that he did not know what he was doing when he jumped, but acted on the impulse of the moment. He was later taken to the Fifty-seventh Street Prison and will be arraigned this morning on a charge of homicide.

Inspector Faurot yesterday cleared up what has been one of the mysteries of the case—Talas's frequent references to "Joe, the Wop"—when he learned from Waltonen that that was a name by which Milholland was frequently known.

MOTORMAN FOR HIS HEALTH

Accident Discovers Son of Well-to-Do Parents on Sand Car.

How Frederick M. Hull, Jr., of 665 Delamere Place, Brooklyn, the son of well-to-do parents, became a motorman to regain his health became known yesterday after a collision between a trolley and a sand car of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company at Nostrand Avenue and Hawthorne Street, Flatbush.

Hull, who is 24 years old, was in charge of the sand car. As he was attempting to make a switch a passenger car in charge of John Doherty of 1,969 Flatbush Avenue, coming in the opposite direction collided with it. Doherty was taken to the Kings County Hospital suffering from cuts and bruises.

It was learned after the accident that Hull was the son of Mrs. Irving T. Hynds, who married a second time, in his earlier years he was a popular athlete in Erasmus Hall High School. On June 10, 1915, he disappeared from his home and was absent six days. When he returned he was found to be suffering from a nervous breakdown. His physician said he was suffering from amnesia and recommended outdoor employment. Four months ago he took the job as motorman.

Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $10 from Catherine H. Batch of Asquam Lake, N. H., for the benefit of the Armenians in Northern Arabia.

WOULD ALTER DIXIE.

Music Teachers Want "Star-Spangled Banner" Changed Also.

At a conference of high school music teachers on Thursday a committee was appointed to ask music publishers and the public school teachers to eliminate negro dialect from songs printed in the text books. Dr. Frank R. Rix, Musical Director of the Education Department, who was present at the conference, said:

"My suggestions for these changes were made some time ago by me to the Board of Superintendents, but they were shelved, and I do not know what has become of them. The reasons for changing the darkey dialect should appeal to any interested person. We want our children to learn pure English, not a dialect. Then also there are many foreign children in our schools. The number is growing constantly. Dialect confuses them. It is hard enough for them to learn our ordinary English. I think that the change ought to be made throughout the country."

In "Star-Spangled Banner" "perilous fight" is to be changed to "clouds of the fight," and the uniform key will be changed from B flat to A flat to make the singing of the song easier. In "Dixie" "de" will be changed to "the" and "nebber" to "never," among other things.

DE SAULLES TO FIGHT SUIT.

Phoenix Ingraham Appointed Referee to Hear Divorce Case.

Phoenix Ingraham was appointed referee yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Guy to hear the divorce suit of Mrs. Blanca Errazuriz de Saulles, a Chilean heiress, against John L. de Saulles. Counsel for de Saulles said his client intended to defend the case.

Mr. de Saulles, who is now in the real estate business, was one of Yale's most noted football players, and during the campaign to elect President Wilson organized the college men for Wilson. He was later appointed Minister to Chile, but declined the office. He is a cousin of ex-Mayor McClellan. Mrs. de Saulles is the niece of a former President of Chile and of the former Chilean Minister at Rome. The co-respondent in the divorce case is not named.

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MEXICANS TO PLEAD TROOP RECALL FIRST

Cabrera Says Withdrawal of the Pershing Forces Supersedes All Other Questions.

BLISS BEFORE COMMISSION

General Analyzes Various Plans to Protect Border—Constabulary Is Considered.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 15.—Minister of Finance Luis Cabrera, Chairman of the Mexican delegates of the joint commission now meeting at the Hotel Griswold, asserted today that all consideration of the social regeneration of Mexico, the financial situation and the international problems arising out of new decrees and proposed new taxes would be very distinctly secondary to a consideration of the advisability of withdrawing the Pershing column from Mexican soil.

"The Mexican nation," said Minister Cabrera, "is very much in the situation of a rat in a trap. What we want just now is not cheese but to get out of the trap again."

Mr. Cabrera returned again and again to a consideration of the military situation, always concluding with an emphatic statement that the Mexican nation wanted the American soldiers out of the country.

"It may be," he said, "that the American troops can do the work better than our own soldiers can, but nevertheless we want them out. We believe that they never should have been in there."

For the first time since his arrival here Mr. Cabrera received the newspaper correspondents and discussed the questions of the day with them. He indicated that the Mexican Commissioners might submit a list of claims against the United States for the death of Mexicans along the border and at Carrizal should a similar claim be made by the American Commissioners, but was not willing to make any definite statement on the question before it comes up for consideration. It was learned authoritatively but unofficially tonight that this point probably will be among those considered next week.

Major Gen. Bliss went before the entire commission this morning and for nearly an hour explained to the Mexican delegates the advantages and disadvantages of such plans as had been considered for the protection of the border. It was stated that he made no recommendations of his own.

Constabulary Force Suggested.

A suggestion that the Mexican Government create a constabulary force for border duty, similar to the rurales of the Diaz régime, was made. Apparently the plan for a joint police force, previously discussed, was abandoned as unworkable after the Commissioners had conferred at length with General Bliss. The General made a dispassionate statement of the situation which would result if General Pershing's forces were withdrawn from Mexico before a properly constituted constabulary had been created to relieve them.

The whole question of creating a non-military police force to hunt down bandits in their hill retreats is based upon a feeling that Mexico must realize her responsibility for her nationals' border depredations, and it is believed that the suggestion that the Carranza Government undertake this task for itself as an international obligation came from the Mexican commissioners. None of those present at the joint conference would discuss the proceedings. The theory of the constabulary is that a force of carefully selected mounted police could be disposed in small posts in the hill country where the bandits take refuge. The chase would become an individual pursuit rather than a military movement, which is rendered ineffective if the fugitive band scatters and the members mingle with the peaceful residents of the wild country. The police force would be required to check up the comings and goings of every man in a suspected community. Moving swiftly and unhampered by the women camp followers, who compose the commissary of a Mexican military force, the rurales, it is believed, could do much toward putting a permanent check on brigandage along the border.

The question of the withdrawal of the American expedition was brought up only incidentally in connection with a discussion of the ability of the Mexican military forces to take over and protect the positions now held by the United States troops. Mr. Cabrera expressed a personal opinion that the Mexican forces were fully prepared to take over the work of the American column, but said this question would be referred to Mexican military authorities before any action was taken. The commission did not arrive at any solution of the military problem, but General Bliss is not expected to appear before it again at this time.

It was learned tonight that the attitude of the American commissioners on the border situation would place the burden of protecting American life and property on the Carranza Government. They will not insist on this question of responsibility in view of the existing conditions in Mexico, and will make any consideration of legal niceties secondary to the facts as to the ability of the Carranza authorities to fulfill international obligations as specified in treaties.

Hold America Responsible.

The attitude of the Mexican commissioners will reiterate the stand taken by General Carranza some time ago to the effect it is incumbent on the United States to prevent the incursion of Mexican bandits into American territory. Neither side is expected to stand on ceremony in arriving at a satisfactory solution of the difficulty.

An effort will be made by the American Commissioners to get before the conference a consideration of the question of claims of American citizens against Mexico, whether due to loss of life, excessive taxation, expulsion from the country, or confiscation of properties owing to the inability of Americans to conduct their business during revolutionary disorder. The Mexican members of the commission are expected to dodge this issue as extraneous to the present crisis, and, failing to sidetrack it in this manner, they probably will present a list of claims for damages to Mexicans.

No mention of possible claims from European countries has arisen so far, and they are not expected to come into the discussion. It is known that the American Commissioners contend that the European nations should take this matter up directly with Mexico, and that no legal and little moral obligation devolves on the United States in this question.

A report was circulated here today that officials of the State Department might be asked to appear before the commission in a capacity similar to that of General Bliss regarding military matters. It is expected that either the head of the Bureau of Latin-American Affairs or the counselor of the State Department will be called. The Mexican Commissioners already are fully acquainted with the facts which they wish to make clear and will conduct any consultations which are necessary on diplomatic matters by telegraph.

The Mexican members of the commission left for New York tonight to join in the celebration of the Mexican national holiday there which has been arranged by consular officials. The American members offered to act as hosts at such celebration as the Mexicans might wish to hold tomorrow, but the Mexican Commissioners considered this incompatible with the present situation.

"While there are American troops in Mexico and while we have so many great problems to think about we do not feel much like celebrating," Mr. Cabrera said.

CARRANZA DEFENDS DECREE.

Denies Constitutional Convention Is to Promote Dictatorship.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 15.—General Carranza's purposes in issuing a call last night for election of delegates to an assembly to consider changes in the Constitution are set forth in the preamble of the decree, now made public here.

The preamble refers to the platform of the Constitutionalists, as set forth in the Plan of Gaudelupe, adopted in 1913, before the downfall of General Huerta, and elaborated at Vera Cruz in 1914, and says it shows clearly that the program of the Constitutionalists provided that when their cause was triumphant and municipal elections had taken place the First Chief should call for the election of a congress, give an account of his administration and have his actions ratified or modified by the congress. He was then to call a Presidential election and turn over the executive power to the legally elected President.

The First Chief always intended to carry out this program, and to that end adopted various measures to provide government of and for the people, to improve the economic situation of the working classes and to insure a correct application of republican principles as embodied in the Constitution. It had been found, however, that some of these reforms affected the functions of the Government as limited by the Constitution.

These reforms were necessary, General Carranza points out, because there existed the danger that if the functions of government were limited strictly in accordance with the Constitution of 1857 the administration of public affairs would not meet the necessities of the time and there would be a return to tyranny through the absorption of powers by the Executive. Another source of danger was that the powers vested in the legislative branch of the Government would be a constant stumbling block in the way of beneficial administration.

The enemies of the Constitutionalists, General Carranza says, have imputed to him motives which he never entertained. Accordingly he determined to forestall attacks by a frank and sincere declaration that the reforms projected are not intended to lead to the establishment of a dictatorship. On the other hand, the Government to be established will be of such form as to demonstrate categorically that sovereignty resides within the people, by whom it should be exercised for the public benefit. Both Federal and State rights will be respected and the spirit of the Constitution will be carried out. The only purpose is to purge the Constitution of defects in the way of obscurity and contradiction, or of clauses inserted for the purpose of nullifying democratic rights.

The election of delegates to the Constitutional Assembly will be held on Oct. 15. Business sessions will begin on Dec. 1, and will be limited to two months. As soon as a Constitution is adopted a Presidential election will be arranged and the Assembly will be dissolved.

The 106th anniversary of the proclamation of Mexican independence by Hidalgo, at Dolores, in 1810, will be observed throughout the republic tomorrow. In the capital bands will play throughout the day and a chorus of a thousand voices will sing. In addition to the formal speeches and meetings, a field has been laid out for track and field events, baseball games, basket ball and association football matches. General Carranza gave 30,000 pesos to provide the equipment. A gala performance at the Opera and a special bull fight are expected to draw large crowds.

SPECIAL MINE TAXES IN MEXICO REVOKED

Carranza Declares All Such Levies Imposed by His Subordinates Are Illegal.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Sept. 15.—Special mine taxes which have been decreed throughout Mexico by Governors, military commanders, and others have all been revoked by order of General Carranza, and a supreme decree issued in their place states that the Federal Government alone has authority under the Constitution to levy taxes and that all other decrees would automatically become void. This information was received today by the American mining men here and the El Paso smelter and is considered especially favorable to the mining interests of the republic, which are largely held by the American and other foreign interests.

In the past the mines, wherever they are permitted to operate, have been forced to bear the burden of heavy taxes to meet the expenses of State and local governments at a time when no other revenues were being received. The new Carranza decree has created a highly favorable sentiment here for the de facto Government and mining men are already talking about reopening their plants in the northern part of the republic.

An American packing house representative has arrived here from Mexico City, with an order for $50,000 worth of canned beef from a Chicago packing plant to feed the army in the field. In the past the army has been fed on corn and beans and whatever fresh meat could be killed in the field. The order for tinned meat is taken to indicate that General Carranza, who placed the order personally, is planning to garrison his troops soon instead of having them in the field.

Herman Lowenberg, an American merchant from Parral, who arrived at the border today, declared that conditions were normal in Chihuahua City and that no efforts were being made to fortify against the predicted coming of Villa. He said some cannon were put out in Parral as a precaution.

PAY DAY IN NEW YORK DIVISION

Twelfth Infantry and First Cavalry Get Their July Money.

Special to The New York Times.

McALLEN, Texas, Sept. 15.—Lieut. Colonel Henry S. Sternberger, Division Quartermaster and Acting Federal Paymaster, yesterday began paying the troops of the New York division. The Twelfth Infantry yesterday received its pay for July and today the First Cavalry received its pay for the same month. The field bakery will draw its August money tomorrow and this perhaps will be the last time any man in that unit receives the pay of a private since all of the forty-two bakers have been made non-commissioned officers.

Heavy early morning rains for the last three days have kept parade grounds muddy, and regiments have not been able to take full advantage of the consequent cool weather that would otherwise make drill and manoeuvres easier on the men. The drainage systems of the camp easily carried most of the water to the irrigation canals and little discomfort was caused among the soldiers. Company I, relieved today of its border duty at Madero City, reported that the rains had raised the river more than ten feet.

With no more cases of paratyphoid fever reported and with few men in the hospital, medical officers believe that September will set a better health record than did August if the regiments remain through the month. The hospital train from the base hospital at San Antonio will return to this sector on Monday to take all transportable patients to Fort Sam Houston.

Captain Clarence J. Walker of Company Commissary, Twenty-third Infantry, and Captain Joseph G. Fogarty of Company I, Sixty-ninth, have received leaves of absence for thirty days.

Headquarters carpenters are fixing up house No. 13 for one of the most influential Generals in the army who will arrive next week. Major Leslie R. Kincaid, Judge Advocate, says his name is General Court-Martial, and his insignia is sometimes stripes.

4,500 MEN UNDER QUARANTINE.

General Vaccination Will Begin Today at Camp Whitman.

Special to The New York Times.

GREEN HAVEN, N. Y., Sept. 15.—With the Third Regiment in Camp Whitman, after a day of pitching tents in a driving rain, there are 4,500 men in strict quarantine here. In the Third hospital there is one positive paratyphoid patient, two others who are thought to have developed paratyphoid, seventeen suspects from the Fourteenth Regiment, and six from the Seventy-first. Included in the quarantine are Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer, commander of the Second Brigade, and his staff. General vaccination will be begun tomorrow by a staff of twenty-two physicians, including army medical authorities, members of the Medical Reserve Corps, and the State Board of Health.

The only positive patient is James Reagan of Company C, Seventy-first Regiment, who developed an undetermined fever on the train. The names of the other men who are thought to have developed positive paratyphoid are withheld. Paratyphoid has made its appearance in every company of the Fourteenth Regiment, it was said today, and in six companies of the Seventy-first. The Third Regiment, while it has reported no suspected paratyphoid since its arrival this morning, left two positive cases at the base hospital in San Antonio and two suspected cases at Washington. For this reason the quarantine placed over the Third is as rigid as over the Fourteenth and the Seventy-first.

Lieutenant John W. Goff, son of Justice Goff of New York, who is a suspected paratyphoid patient, was said to be resting comfortably today. Theodore Valleu was rushed by motor ambulance into Poughkeepsie late last night to be operated on for appendicitis. Lieut. Col. Henry Page of the regular army, in charge of the quarantine, said today that a vacant house near the Third field hospital had been taken over to be used for clinical purposes, and that hereafter it would not be necessary to send patients to Poughkeepsie for operations.

79 Men Listed as Deserters.

Captain Joseph Norton of Company F, Fourth New Jersey Infantry, now at Sea Girt awaiting muster out, having been at Douglas, Ariz., for three months, arrived in Jersey City Thursday night with a list of seventy-nine men listed as deserters. The police were asked to pick them up. The men were seen about Jersey City Thursday, but when the police went to look for them they found but three. The prisoners said they had obtained leave of absence, and if they had overstayed it they had made a mistake.

Wants Two Regiments Furloughed.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 15.—A furlough of ten days for the entire First and Second Regiments of the Illinois National Guard, in camp here, is asked by Governor Dunne in a telegram sent to the War Department today. The Governor declares the men are suffering from cold. The troops are said to have only single blankets and not enough clothing. The temperature went down to 43 degrees here last night.

American Outpost Fired On.

DEL RIO, Tex., Sept. 15.—An American outpost at Sycamore, twelve miles east of here, was fired on by Mexicans across the Rio Grande last night. An investigation is being made.

100,000 SEE CONEY PARADE.

Rain Fails to Spoil Big Event of Island's Mardi Gras.

Notwithstanding the rain, which did not stop until 7 o'clock last evening, it was estimated that 100,000 persons traveled to Coney Island to see the Mardi Gras parade. If it had been fine weather, the officials said, it would have been the banner day, as 1,000 employes of the Brooklyn Post Office, headed by Postmaster Walter Burton and the Post Office band, took part in the march.

In addition, 500 men from the electrical department of the Brooklyn Navy Yard marched behind the first float, "Preparedness," which led the parade. Permission for the men to take part in the Mardi Gras festivities was obtained from Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, by Congressman Daniel Griffin.

The parade will take place at 3 o'clock this afternoon for the benefit of the children, and the festical will end tonight.

TEXAS GIRL A BALLERINA.

Margaret Ladd Coming Back After Triumphs in French Capital.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—Among the passengers leaving Bordeaux today on the Rochambeau is Margaret Ladd, who was born on a Texas ranch and came to Paris six years ago to learn dancing. A year later she entered the ballet at the Opera Comique, where she has risen from the back row to be a ballerina, and is the only American who ever danced there.

She has never danced in America, but will give classical dances in New York this Winter under the direction of Elisabeth Marbury.

MEN OF 80 CELEBRATE.

Combined Age of Luncheon Guests 1,607 Years.

STROUDSBURG, Penn., Sept. 15.—The fourth annual luncheon of the Octogenarians' Association of Monroe County was held today at Echo Lake, the host being Dr. C. E. Van Alten, aged 81 years.

There were twenty members of the association present, and the combined age fotted up 1,607 years.

Officers elected were: President—H. R. Besecker, age 81; Vice President—J. S. Williams, Stroudsburg, age 84, and Chaplain—Dr. Van Alten, Echo Lake, age 87.

Prof. Frank D. Sherman Very Ill.

Professor Frank Dempster Sherman, head of the Department of Graphics in the School of Architecture of Columbia University, is seriously ill in St. Luke's Hospital, following an operation for appendicitis performed there last Saturday. With his wife he spent the Summer in Asbury Park, N. J., instead of going to their place in the Catskills. Ten days ago symptoms of appendicitis developed and they returned to their home, 501 West 110th Street, from which Professor Sherman was removed to the hospital. He rallied well from the operation, but complications have since set in which are giving the physicians some concern. Professor Sherman is one of the leading mathematicians of this country and is widely known as a genealogist.

PRINCE MISKINOFF SUED FOR DIVORCE

Reconciliation with Former Mrs. Aimee Crocker Gourard Was Short-Lived.

CO-RESPONDENT NOT NAMED

Heiress to Crocker Millions Retains Lawyer Who Lost Husband's Suit for Abandonment.

The former Mrs. Aimee Crocker Gouraud, now the wife of Alexandre Miskinoff, who calls himself a Caucasian Prince of Russia, has entered the divorce court for the third time. After having efected a reconciliation with her husband folowing the settlement of the suit he brought against her for separation on the ground of abandonment, she has accused him of unfaithfulness with a women unknown to her and asks a divorce from him.

The last public appearance of Prince and Princess Miskinoff was at Atlantic City in July, when it became known that the Princess Miskinoff and her foster daughter, Yvonne, who figured extensively in the Miskinoff separation separation suit testimony, were registered at the Hotel Traymore and the Prince was at the same hotel. Until the papers in the Miskinoff divorce case were filed in the Supreme Court yesterday it was believed that the Prince and the heiress to a large part of the Crocker millions were living happily together.

The papers submitted yesterday revealed the fact that soon after the Princess returned from Atlantic City she went for advice to John C. Oldmixon, who acted as counsel for her husband in the separation suit, and who had a god deal to do with effecting a settlement. Before she left the attorney's office the Princess had retained him to bring the divorce action in her behalf.

The complaint was filed on the Prince in July, and he sent an answer to his wife's attorney soon afterward denying the charges. The Princess then served an amended complaint and the Prince put in an amended answer.

No document in the case reached the Supreme Court until yesterday when Mr. Oldmixon asked for permission to file papers as of the date on which they were served, explaining that the failure to file them before was due to anoversight. He also asked that a referee be appointed to hear the case. It is expected that the orders will be signed and the papers filed today.

The Princess states in her complaint that she married the defendant in London on June 11, 1914, and that there is no issue of the marriage. The question as to whether or not the Prince was a father caused him to bring the separation suit. Testimony was offered then which convinced him that the infant child that had become a member of the Miskinoff household was a foundling and that when the Princess was in a private hospital in April, 1915, she was merely suffering from a nervous breakdown.

The Princess Miskinoff charges that her husband was guilty of improper conduct between Jan. 1 and July 1 last at various places. She does not ask for alimony.

The Princess Mishinoff's first two divorces were obtained from R. Porter Ashe and Henry F. Gillig, whom she married in the order named. She lived happily with her third husband, Jackson Gouraud, who died suddenly about five years ago. Soon afterward she sold her home in West Fifty-sixth Street and went abroad, where she lived in retirement for several years. She inherited a fortune from her father, Edwyn Bryant Crocker.

MRS. HARRIMAN GIVES ARDEN HOUSE TO SON

For "Love and Affection" Deeds to Him Country Property Valued at $5,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

GOSHEN, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Mrs. E. H. Harriman, in a deed dated Aug. 3, has transferred to her son, William Averell Harriman, the Harriman mansion, Arden House, on the mountain summit overlooking the Ramapo Valley, and all the surrounding country for a hundred miles. The gift includes 2,500 acres of forest land.

The late E. H. Harriman planned to make the property an ideal country home, but he did not live to see all his plans executed. The property is valued at $5,000,000.

Since their marriage several months ago, W. A. Harriman and his wife have lived in a wing of Arden House, which was added for their occupancy.

The deed making the transfer has been placed on record in the County Clerk's office at Goshen. The consideration given in the deed is "love and affection."

187 I. W. W. MEN HELD.

Court Demands $935,000 Bail for Their Release—All Go to Jail.

SCRANTON, Penn., Sept. 15.—Bail in the aggregate sum of $935,000 was demanded of 187 industrial workers of the world who received hearings today for participation in the meeting which was raided in Old Forge yesterday, and which resulted in 267 arrests by Sheriff Phillips, a dozen deputies and twenty State troopers.

Each defendant was also fined $10 for disorderly conduct. None gave bonds or paid the fine and all went back to the County Jail. The charges preferred against them were unlawful assembly, forcible entry, conspiracy, meeting to riot, and disorderly conduct. The other prisoners, including the twenty leaders, will be arraigned tomorrow.

The prisoners were loaded into four trolley cars and taken in batches of about fifty each to four different ward magistrates. The defendants' lawyers contented themselves with a protest against the size of the bail.

They were told by the Magistrates that they could go into court and have it reduced if it was exorbitant. This suggestion was not followed.

In one of the courts fourteen of the fifty defendants raised their hands when the attorney representing the prosecution asked "How many of you are citizens?"

Old Forge was quiet today and tonight. A meeting was called for 10 o'clock this morning in a field in an adjoining town, but only a few responded. The handbills printed in Italian contained an appeal particularly to all "veterans of Garibaldi" to attend.

The town of Jessup, twelve miles to the north of Scranton, which is another strong I. W. W. locality, was in a state of excitement all day, but a squad of State troopers prevented any disturbance.

THE MEMPHIS.
Illustration of the Memphis, driven high and fast on coral rocks, in the Rotogravure Section of The New York Times tomorrow. Order today.—Advt.

MUTINY ON U. S. HOUSEBOAT

Police Arrest Spanish Crew, Who Are Sent to Island.

Four husky policemen from the Sedgwick Station were sent to quell a mutiny on the United States Government Houseboat No. 1 late last night, and arrived at the Harlem River to find the Spanish crew in full possession. Captain Carlton Gibson, who had sent in the call, was in hiding on the bank, while the cook, Pedro, was barricaded in the galley, doing his best to avoid crockery which the crew were throwing at him.

Led by Policeman Smith, the bluecoats swarmed aboard and found Santiago Posso and Joseph Froga, the crew, ready to repel intruders. In the sharp fight which followed, the superiority of the night stick over pick handles and other weapons was proved, and the members of the crew were arrested.

In Night Court they were unable to tell Magistrate Koenig what caused the hostilities, and he settled the mutiny by sending them to the Island for three days.

BOY COULD NOT EXHALE.

Quick Operation Saved Emphysema Patient's Life.

Max Fader, Jr., the 13-year-old son of a tailor of 449 West 153d Street, is recovering in the Washington Heights Hospital from emphysema, a rare disease which kills by strangulation. The boy was run over by an automobile last Wednesday and was taken to the hospital with four ribs pressing against his lungs. His head began to swell, and it was seen that he could breathe in but could not exhale.

By the time Dr. C. C. Sichel of 210 Riverside Drive, chief surgeon of the hospital, reached the boy he was swollen almost from his feet to his head. The air he breathed was being forced into the tissues and he was dying. Dr. Sichel operated immediately and in less than three minutes made two incisions in the boy's chest, allowing the air to escape. The swelling began to subside at once, and last night it was said that he would probably recover.

NOTICE TO THE PATRONS OF THE SHUBERT THEATRES: OWING TO THE INCONVENIENCE CAUSED BY THE STREET CAR STRIKE, THE MESSRS. SHUBERT HAVE PROVIDED FREE AUTO BUS SERVICE FOR THE PATRONS OF THE SHUBERT THEATRES, LIVING UPTOWN. THREE CARS WILL START AT 125TH STREET AND 7TH AVENUE NIGHTLY AT 7:30 AND 7:45 O'CLOCK, BRINGING THE TICKET HOLDERS TO THE DOORS OF THE SHUBERT THEATRES. THE SHOWING OF YOUR THEATRE TICKETS TO THE CONDUCTOR ENTITLE YOU TO A FREE RIDE.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Evenings at 8. MATINEE TODAY 50c to $1.50. PASSING SHOW OF 1916. Sunday Night Concert With All the Big Stars in Town.

ASTOR Thea., 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:30. THE Guilty Man. Cast includes IRENE FENWICK

Pierrot THE Prodigal. THE PANTOMIME WITH MUSIC. BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:30.

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:30. HENRY E. DIXEY in a new Comedy, MR. LAZARUS.

COMEDY, W. 41. Ev. 8:45. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. Wash'n Sq. Players 4 COMEDIES

Maxine Elliott's 39 St., Nr. Broadway. 25&50c. Last 2 Days—2:15, 4, 7:45, 9:30 P. M. Season's Most Sensational Picture. Hundreds Turned Away Nightly. IS ANY GIRL SAFE? The Uncle Tom's Cabin of the White Slave. Children Under 16 Not Admitted. BEGINNING MONDAY, SEPT. 18. LOIS WEBER and PHILLIPS SMALLEY in "Idle Wives"

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today 25c-75c. 'The Lilac Domino' Next Week—"THE HOUSE OF GLASS."

CASINO Broadway & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:15. LINA ABARBANELL In New Operetta FLORA BELLA

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10 Sharp. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:10. RICHARD WALTON TULLY'S THE FLAME. "Glorified melodrama—a smashing success." —"Zit" in N. Y. Journal. A BLAZING SUCCESS

44th St. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:15. SEE THE FALL OPENING OF NEW STYLES in THE GIRL FROM BRAZIL. TYPICAL SHUBERT MUSICAL SHOW—THEREFORE A1.

48th St. Just E. of Broadway. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Today & Thurs. 2:15. JAMES T. POWERS in "SOMEBODY'S LUGGAGE," by Mark Swan. A Clean Farce with a Clean Comedian.

39TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:20. VERY GOOD EDDIE. A Musical Comedy That is Different.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Bryant 2628. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. The Man Who Came Back

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Tel. Bryant 23. FIRST MAT. TODAY 2:30. WILLIAM COLLIER IN A NEW FARCICAL COMEDY, NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH. "Fastest Farce of the Season."—Herald.

Park Thea., 59th & B'y. Daily & Sun. 2:15 & 8:15. Mats. 25c, 50c. Evs. 25c to $1. Boxes $1.50. Thos. H. Ince's $1,000,000 Photo Spectacle, CIVILIZATION

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. TODAY. REGRETFULLY LAST 2 TIMES. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES. ALSO LAST WEEK—3D EDITION. ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC (Atop this Theatre). ZIEGFELD NEW MIDNIGHT FROLIC Opens Thursday, Sept. 28

Turn to the Right! GAIETY Theatre, B'way & 46th. Evs. 8:20. Matinees TODAY & Wed. 2:20.

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way, 43d St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20. DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS Seven Chances

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. LAST 2 TIMES. MATINEE TODAY at 2. TONIGHT at 8. JULIA SANDERSON, DONALD BRIAN, JOSEPH CAWTHORN in the Musical Comedy, SYBIL. NEXT WEDNESDAY EVE. (Seats Now.) Margaret Anglin in "Caroline."

LYCEUM 45th St., B'way. LAST 2 TIMES. MATINEE TODAY 2:15. TONIGHT 8:15. ANN MURDOCK in the Laughing Triumph, —Please Help Emily. NEXT MONDAY EVE. (Seats Now.) Otis Skinner in "Mister Antonio"

CRITERION Broadway & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20. "There is only one Arliss. You can scarcely afford to miss him."—Times. GEORGE ARLISS in PAGANINI

HARRIS WEST 42D ST. Evenings 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed. 2:20. FAIR and WARMER with MADGE KENNEDY

BELASCO WEST 44TH ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs. 2:30. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20. THE BOOMERANG

FULTON 46 St. & B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed. 2:30. THE SILENT WITNESS. "THE BES. DRAMA IN TOWN."

HUDSON WEST 44 ST. MON., SEPT. 18. THE GLAD PLAY POLLYANNA. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

LIBERTY WEST 42D STREET. Twice Daily, Incl. Sundays 2:15 & 8:10. PRICES: Evening & Saturday Matinee: LOWER FLOOR .... $1.00 & $2.00. BALCONY .... $1.00 & $2.00. 2ND BALCONY .... 25c & 50c. All Other Matinees Includ. Sunday: LOWER FLOOR .... 50c & $1.00. BALCONY .... 50c & $1.00. ENTIRE 2D BALCONY .... 25c. LIFE'S MIGHTY DRAMA IN ONE SWEEPING GLANCE. D. W. Griffith's Colossal Spectacle INTOLERANCE. A Sun Play of the Ages

C. H. FORMERLY CANDLER THEATRE 42d St. W. of B'way. Eves 8:20. Mats Wed. & Sat. 2:20. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN IN HIS TREMENDOUS SUCCESS THE GREAT LOVER. "BEST PLAY IN TOWN."

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20. CHEATING CHEATERS. MATINEE TODAY 2:20.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. HIS BRIDAL NIGHT introducing THE DOLLY SISTERS

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE Evening 8:25. Last Mat. TODAY 2:25. FAST AND GROW FAT. NEXT TUESDAY—SEATS NOW. Madison Corey & Joseph Riter present THE AMBER EMPRESS. A NEW OPERATIC COMEDY with FRANK LALOR, EMMA JANVIER, THOMAS CONKEY, DONALD MACDONALD, MABEL WILBER, LOUISE ALLEN & Others.

HIPPODROME. Mat. Today at 2:15. Nights at 8:15. Management CHARLES DILLINGHAM. "THE BIG SHOW" SURPASSES ALL. With ANNA PAVLOWA. NEW ICE BALLET. Staged by R. H. Burnside. 100 NOVELTIES. 1000 PEOPLE. MAMMOTH MINSTRELS



OPEN AIR GRAND OPERA. CITY COLLEGE STADIUM. FIFTH AVE. BUS SERVICE. Metropolitan Opera Stars, Orchestra and Chorus. Sept. 18, (Mon.), 7:30 P. M. .... Walkuere. Sept. 21, 7:30 P. M. ...... Cavalleria & Pagliacci. AMATO, BOTTA, BRAUN, FAY, FITZIU, GADSKI, HOWARD, KURT, MATZENAUER, RUYSDAEL, SEMBACH. Conds., Bodanzky & Conti. Prices $2.50 to 25 cents and ticket sale at Metropolitan Op. House 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M. AND ALL AGENCIES.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 15, 25c. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. June Caprice in "Little Miss Happiness." S. S. VATERLAND ORCHESTRA.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'wy. Every Eve. at 8:15. LEW WELCH & CO., Chisholm & Breen, Smith & Kaufman, Brown Comedy 4, others and Photo Plays. ALL SEATS RESERVED 25c, 35c, 50c

L-U-N-A BOSTOCK'S with BONAVITA And Other Big Features. Mardi Gras Attractions. Park Closes Tomorrow Night

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47 St. Daily Mat. 25c.-$1. Tempest & Sunshine, Adelaide & Hughes, "Swat The Fly," Emma Carus, Mack & Walker and "Chic" Sale, others.

RIALTO ALWAYS WORTH WHILE. Douglas Fairbanks in "Manhattan Madness." Soloists Scenic, new comedy & Rialto Orchestra.

B'WAY & 47TH ST. STRAND NOON to 11:30. Celebrated Concert Orch. SOLOISTS. FASHIONS. LOUISE HUFF in "REWARD OF PATIENCE."

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. Popular Prices. THE BURLESQUE REVIEW 1916 MODEL

Julius Le Vallon
By ALGERNON BLACKWOOD
One of the strangest stories ever written by this master of the art of writing strange stories. It puts the reader in touch with mysteries spiritual and psychic.
The climax occurs in a remote valley of the Swiss Alps, and will probably stand supreme among all Mr. Blackwood's work for spiritual and descriptive power.
$1.50 Net. Postage extra. Any bookstore.
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 5th Av., N.Y.

Jaunty in Charge
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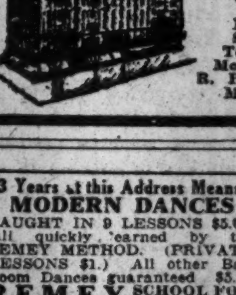
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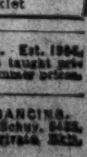
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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPT. 16, 1916.

EIGHT-HOUR POLITICS.

As was foreseen, the railway brotherhoods are appealing to the voters to support Congressmen friendly to the eight-hour law. The goods were delivered when the law was passed. The bill is to be paid at the next session. Therefore "it is important to you that "men be elected who are friendly to "you." It is no less important that Congressmen should be elected who are friendly to the country at large, rather than partisans of any part or class of it. Inasmuch as the social sanction has been claimed for the eight-hour day, it is worth while to look into the record on the subject. Some interesting comparisons appear. According to The Federationist:

> Eight-hour legislation was reported from five States. Colorado established it for miners, Missouri for glass factories and silica mines, Ohio, Massachusetts, and Oregon for public works.

That is the record for a single year, and it is incomplete. It is enough to establish the fact that Legislatures have been friendly to the eight-hour day in principle. The record of appeals to the people has been less favorable. The Milwaukee Leader, a sympathetic source of information, says:

> In California the Socialists in 1914 inaugurated an initiative for a universal eight-hour day, and tried to get enough petitions to initiate a right-to-work law. The eight-hour law was defeated, and the right-to-work law did not get enough signatures. * * * In Oregon in 1914 the Prohibitionists defeated a universal eight-hour law and a right-to-work law. In the State of Washington they defeated an eight-hour referendum.

The reference to the Prohibitionists is explained by the fact that the question of the open shop is now pending in California and is the subject of political vote-swapping and purchase. That is not a good way to settle questions of "human rights," including the right to more pay for less work and smaller product.

A Federal bulletin gives a broader outlook on the question. Eight hours is the prescribed day in 53 per cent. of the cases reported under union scales in eleven trades and thirty-two States. Another Federal report covering 317,005 workers in eight industries shows that only 2.6 per cent. worked 48 hours or less weekly. The largest percentage reported was 36.1 for 54 hours. The next largest class was 28.8 per cent. for between 54 and 60 hours. More than 20 per cent. worked over 60 hours weekly. As these are unionized industries, the figures are from sources most likely to give a favorable account of the situation. The Federal authorities have collected reports from the various States on the subject, but they are too diverse to allow of accurate condensation. It is fair to say that they do not differ in essentials from what is indicated above.

The upshot is that the social sanction as indicated by legislation is favorable to the eight-hour day, and the sanction of the polls is against it. The sanction of practice favors it under favorable conditions, but only in a small minority of cases. The principle which reconciles or which explains the difference between the votes at the polls and in the Legislatures is clear. The voters were largely those who employ and pay labor. The legislators were those who ordered others to employ labor on terms for which the legislators had no responsibility. It is the difference between preaching and practice, between enacting a principle and complying with it, between a theory of reform and a concrete application to conditions of practical life. No one is opposed to the eight-hour day as a measure of humanity. There is a difference of opinion regarding the economic results, and the humanity of enforcing the shorter day without considering them.

Experience has shown that the question is a dangerous one for appeal to the people. It is particularly dangerous to ask for the approval of rural communities, where the eight-hour day seems a wicked waste of opportunities to earn a difficult living, and where the sentiment against privilege by law is strongest. Maine gave no sign of supporting the supporters of the eight-hour law, and there is no good reason for supposing that the sentiment of the country on that point is different from Maine's.

KANSAS TO WISCONSIN.

Republican Governor Capper's Topeka Capital joyfully salutes the Wisconsin Senator renominated by Democratic votes:

> All the world loves a fighter, quite as much as it does a lover, and when the fighter is battling for the cause of the people, his triumph is an occasion of rejoicing. Hats off to Battling Bob La Follette of Wisconsin.

The latest fight of this athlete and champion of "the people" was against the Webb bill to authorize American collective selling agencies in foreign countries. The House passed it by a vote of 200 to 24. A majority of the Senate was said to be in favor of it. The President and the Trade Commission supported it. The fighter for "the people" threatened to filibuster against it, and so Congress, its will supposedly representing that of a different and wiser "people" than Mr. La Follette's, thwarted by him, adjourned without passing the bill. Can Governor Capper or anybody else explain how "the people" are to be injured by the expansion of American trade?

CARRANZA'S NEW PLAN.

There is no reason why Carranza's sudden call for a national assembly to revise the Mexican Constitution should be regarded with suspicion. He disarms criticism in advance by a clear enough explanation of his purpose. He was expected about this time to call for a general election to the two branches of Congress and to begin preparations in other ways for the election of a new President. But there is no doubt that Mexico's Constitution needs revision. As a matter of fact, it was not made in 1824, or revised in 1857, precisely to meet Mexican needs, but in imitation of the Constitution of the United States. Probably Mexico would have been better off if it had never been divided into States with governments of their own. It was a purely artificial division to begin with. But it is not likely that very radical changes will be made in the organic law.

Carranza's enemies will say, as he foresees, that his temporary assembly will be permanent, and that he intends to use it to establish a dictatorship. But fair-minded observers will prefer to believe that it is a step toward the rehabilitation of the republic, and that his explanation of his purpose is satisfactory.

MR. FITZGERALD'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Is Mr. Fitzgerald, the organizer of the Amalgamated Association, absolutely unable to see where futile persistence in his traction strike in this city is leading him? The acts of violence reported every day, increasing in number and now taking on graver forms, tell the tale plainly enough. The men he has persuaded to go out are angry. They have been deceived and misled, they have lost their places, perhaps permanently lost them, and, instead of calling to account the man who is responsible for their sorry plight, they vent their wrath on the companies, on the men who have remained loyal, and on the public. By refusing to confess defeat and stop his agitation, Mr. Fitzgerald is making himself responsible for whatever disturbances may occur, for whatever crimes may be committed, through keeping up the pretense that the strike has not failed. It may become a very grave matter for Mr. Fitzgerald. He would do well to take serious thought about it.

It is his strike, the personal affair of himself and his Amalgamated Association. When a committee representing more than 10,000 of the loyal employés of the Interborough Company call upon the Mayor and Chairman Straus to say that they are satisfied with their present relations to their employers, that they prefer their brotherhood union to his, and even go so far as to say that any yielding to him on the part of the company would be construed as a grave injury to them, Mr. Fitzgerald must see, if he is able to see at all, that he is not serving the cause of labor, that he is doing great harm to the interests of labor, by refusing to end what remains of the strike.

Mayor Mitchel and Mr. Straus are eminently just and fair-minded men. They condemn the strike of the Third Avenue employés as without justification, and as a violation of an agreement they had just made. That ought to give Mr. Fitzgerald cause for serious thought. The men around Mr. Fitzgerald talk of a sympathetic strike in other trades, even of a general strike. They would do well to consider the present attitude of Mr. Samuel Gompers. That experienced labor leader has acquired a good deal of wisdom and has learned the value of prudence. Mr. Gompers is ready to give anything in his power to aid the cause of labor, he always is, but he has carefully refrained from advising the declaration of sympathetic strikes of any kind to aid Mr. Fitzgerald. The very noncommittal character of Mr. Gompers's brief utterances during this strike is highly significant. Mr. Fitzgerald and his friends would do well to consider what it means.

Although his strike is in the remnant stage, Mr. Fitzgerald is still causing a great deal of annoyance to the people of the City of New York. He has done harm that may be irreparable to wage earners who have unwisely listened to him, he is trying to injure a great many more of them. Under our Constitution and our laws, as our laws now stand upon the books, it is possible for a reckless man in a position like that of Mr. Fitzgerald to do these things, to persist in them unchecked. But if the annoyance continues the public will lose what little patience it has left. If acts of violence become serious in number and in character the city and State authorities will have a duty to perform and for that they will find plenty of law. It is in that perilous direction that Mr. Fitzgerald's persistent efforts to continue the strike now tend. If his mind has a sober side, now is the time for him to call that particular lobe of his brain into operation.

USES OF CITY PARKS.

Misunderstanding of the uses of city parks is persistent, and the force of public opinion, recently exerted to prevent the destruction of a part of Morningside Park by the erection of a pumping station for the new aqueduct, must immediately be concentrated on a new plan to invade Central Park. This time the purpose of the would-be invaders is to build a stadium for outdoor sports on the west side of the park. A large tract north of Seventy-second Street has been occupied by temporary structures used in the building of the aqueduct. The havoc wrought in the execution of this great and useful work has been deplorable. The engineers are unanimously of the opinion that it could not have been avoided. Similarly the builders of the subways are confident that the temporary destruction of miles of city thoroughfares is essential to their purpose. But when in 1901-2 the work of building a vast new underground system was going on in London a stranger could walk daily all over the central part of that metropolis from the Strand westward to Kensington, from Victoria Station northward to Marylebone, without getting a hint of the network of tunnels being constructed beneath his feet. Where shafts were needed they were sunk on private property out of the public sight. Great engineering works can be constructed in crowded cities without putting all the inhabitants of those cities to inconvenience and blunting the aesthetic sense of the rising generation. But the American tendency is to make all building operations as much of a public nuisance as possible.

The stadium builders have fixed their eyes on the damaged tract in Central Park and are putting forth efforts to gain possession of it. Its temporary occupation by the aqueduct builders they regard as a precedent of which they propose to make use. They seem to be ignorant of the defeat in the past, by the force of public opinion, of a thousand and one schemes to invade Central Park. They will not be successful, of course, but they will be annoying until they cease their efforts. It is useless, however, to try to educate to the park idea people stung by the park invasion bug. The only course to pursue is to fight each scheme to destroy the integrity of the parks as soon as it is made known, to be as vigilant as park despoilers are energetic. Central Park is a garden spot, a breathing place in the heart of a city where people may walk abroad and recreate themselves. It was laid out in accordance with unimprovable plans by the best of landscape architects. It is not intended for sports on a large scale or for great shows or pageants. We have two other great parks, Van Cortlandt and Pelham Bay, fitted to those uses. Yet the availability of Central Park for occasional special entertainment of great masses of people has been proved in its use for open air concerts, and particularly for the Community Chorus concerts this week in which 60,000 persons have taken part with no damage whatever, we understand, to the trees and lawns. The assembling of huge crowds in any one part of Central Park is not to be commended on general grounds. Nor is its use for any special purpose. The success of the Community Chorus experiment must not be permitted to be made a precedent. Yet the charm of that splendid demonstration around the illuminated lake is not to be denied, and the proof it afforded of the good effect of vocal music out of doors is likely to be helpful to the open-air opera at the City College Stadium next week. "Die Walküre" on Monday night should be especially interesting.

It is well that a plan is afoot to organize the defenders of the city parks and keep up the work of fighting off the invaders in a business-like and systematic way. Every year brings forth a new batch of encroachment schemes, the promoters of which believe they are possessed of a new idea. Every plan to use Central Park for any special purpose whatever should be rigidly scrutinized in behalf of the people. There must be no more building in Central Park, and the sooner we can get rid of all the buildings now there—except the big Art Museum, which, being there, must stay—the better.

REPUBLICAN HARMONY.

"It is of the greatest importance," Mr. Taft tells the Hughes College League, "that in the very critical issues that are to be met in connection "with the ending of the war, we "should have a consistent and intelligent policy of a constructive and "courageous nature." Of course that can be had from the Republican Party alone. What is it? What consistent policy has the only party that can save the nation got? State Senator Brown is trying to stir the Republican farmers of Northern New York against Mr. Calder, who, when in the House of Representatives, was a friend of Mr. Taft's policy of reciprocity with Canada, which Mr. Roosevelt so consistently favored and opposed. Mr. Roosevelt congratulates Senator Poindexter of Washington, who voted for the Underwood tariff, which, as Mr. Hughes and all truly good protectionists know, would have been fatal to our industries had there been no war. Mr. Hughes, who has preached protection and the falseness of Democratic prosperity, is to visit Wisconsin, whose Republican Senator voted for that false prosperity.

Mr. Roosevelt, and Mr. Root, who is to help the so curiously divided Republican Party, have their own theories of our obligations to Belgium.

Mr. Roosevelt denounces the professional German-American politicians and the hyphen. Mr. Hughes, while giving a blanket indorsement to the Lewiston speeches, carefully refrains from offending the hyphen. Where there is no question of dual allegiance, as in Maine, the Republicans are anti-hyphen. In the Middle West, where swarm Republican hyphens, embargoists, would-be surrenderers of the right of Americans to travel on the sea, issues better calculated for the latitude are put forward. Mr. Roosevelt's Republican Party is for Americanism. The other end of it is for anti-Americanism. Somebody is being deceived.

Harmony of opinion, of purpose, personal harmony, is wanting. Old jealousies and rancors survive. Mr. Holbert Gardner, the Dirigo Progressive grandee, is sure that Mr. Roosevelt is chiefly responsible for the glorious result, if it was glorious, in Maine. How refreshing to Mr. Hughes! The Colonel is even asked to make the lukewarm West boil. He modestly consents. He will go, since go he must, not in a special, but a regular, train. Otherwise his journey would look too much like candidating. Yet, extreme as are his opinions and expressions in some respects, he is the only life and inspiration of the campaign. The man who couldn't be nominated has to pull through the man who was nominated.

How vigorously Mr. Roosevelt congratulated Hiram Johnson on his nomination for Senator, that large and solid Hiram Johnson who was invisible to Mr. Hughes in California. To be sure, Mr. Hughes found time for a belated and mechanical felicitation, but the mention of any candidates for office but himself comes hard to him. Even a rare little reference to Mr. Roosevelt, his principal, without whom his case would be hopeless, comes from him with an air of being dragged out by main force.

And Mr. Roosevelt himself, so impulsive, so ardent, can't be drawn by wild horses or mooses into saying one kind word of Governor Whitman, humbly awaiting it. Whitman, who is Whitman? The Colonel's memory, wax to receive and marble to retain, treasures no such name. Mr. Whitman's friends have petitioned, they have remonstrated, they have supplicated. The Colonel's heart is stone. Only by proxy, by the ever-busy, obliging hands of Mr. George Perkins, is the dose recommended to the Progressive faithful.

Such a tangle of Republican cross-purposes, such a comedy of Republican unity! And even the honored name of Mr. Choate is perhaps less calculated to help Mr. Hughes than to remind the doubtful of Mr. Choate's objection to making the Presidency a jumping-off station for the Supreme Court.

The Young Republicans of Philadelphia desire to visualize this Republican love feast. They want to get Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Hughes to speak from the same platform, "at "a gathering of Republican and Pro-"gressive leaders." Senator Penrose is to be a guest. Only Mr. Taft, Mr. Smoot, and Mr. Crane are needed to complete the picture.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

He Should Be More Explicit. Before issuing, and especially before giving out for publication, his letter of advice to prison Wardens on "the practice of featuring convicts and indiscriminate prison advertising," Superintendent Carter might well have taken pains to lengthen it with definite examples of the "featuring" and "advertising" to which he objects. Perhaps it was in kindness to the offending Wardens that he did not tell their names and instance their indiscretions, but that is a matter of no very great consequence, and the large section of the public that has become more or less deeply interested in prison management of late has a right to know just where the Superintendent stands with respect to the new and old methods of dealing with convicts.

As the situation is left by this too indefinite letter, some will fear and others will hope that Mr. Carter is not as sympathetic as he might be with the efforts of Mr. Osborne and other exponents of modern penology to change the prisons of the State from purely punitive institutions to places in which the turning of as many criminals as possible into fairly decent citizens is the most ardently pursued end. As Mr Carter's warning stands, everybody will take it, either gladly or sorrowfully, as a criticism of the would-be reformers—as a strong hint that they are attracting too much attention to themselves and their work.

That may be true. Reformers are not free from the common human weakness of liking to see their names in print. But those of us who do sincerely believe in the need of making the prisons into something better than schools for the graduation of desperate social enemies find more than difficulty in remembering any advertisement, say, of Mr. Osborne, of his methods or of his prisoners, that has been of conceivable injury to anybody or anything. To be explicit, does Mr. Carter find fault with the "featuring" which two of Sing Sing's most notorious prisoners received in The Times yesterday? That was done with the permission, though not at the instigation, of Mr. Osborne, but The Times can see nothing wrong about it. On the contrary, it expects some good to follow the revelation that these "bad men," when treated with ordinary kindness and a certain degree of confidence, responded in much the same way that the great majority of human beings would in similar circumstances.

Another Censor Appears. A Newark man who employs a large number of young women has taken the truly venturesome course of expressing to them—with the most impressive of all warnings in the situation described by grammarians as "understood"—his opinions as to the judicious length of skirts, the materials out of which blouses can be made with propriety, and the ills that lurk in the use of artifices that give illusive glamours to cheeks and noses. These opinions the employer in question sums up by saying that he wants his amiable servitors to dress as business women should.

His predilections as thus revealed are rather widely shared, both in the class of which he is a member and out of it, but none the less must dubiety be hinted as to the wisdom of his requests—which are in effect commands—and he may well ponder deeply the possibility that he makes a mistake in assuming the existence of an obligation resting on business women to dress as such.

Something could be said in support of that contention, and presumably the obligation does exist, but there is another—that of dressing as women, and for other ends than those of business.

The chances are that the young women to whom this critical admonition has been addressed think of themselves as in business only incidentally and temporarily. Their aspirations, conscious or unconscious, may be for a different career, and while their preparations for attaining it may not seem to be in the best of judgment or taste, what they do is dictated by an instinct of great antiquity, and immemorial experience goes far to establish its efficacy.

The man who meddles with these mysteries assumes a heavy responsibility—he is interfering with the course of nature, and that is always impertinent, often dangerous. Dress is in a measure regulated by statute. The probabilities are that rules not thus formulated should not be laid down by anybody.

Denies That "People" Have Spoken. A truly delicate distinction is made by one of our correspondents. It is not true, he writes, that the question whether or not women shall vote has recently been submitted to the people of several States and answered in the negative by majorities that tend to increase.

This surprising denial he supports by the assertion that, in the cases to which reference is made, the question was not submitted to "the people." What happened, in his opinion, was that one class, when asked if another should vote, answered "No."

The distinction does exist, and there has been no very good excuse for ignoring it in most discussions of the suffrage issue. But its moment is small. Invariable custom, for which there must be reason, leaves the deciding of every question as to voting power to those who, at the time, in one way or another, have become what are called "duly qualified voters." Never has it been deemed expedient to allow those who want to vote—or not to vote—to decide the matter by their votes. Something declares that they have no votes with which to vote until votes have been given to them or by force taken by them.

Both processes have been employed in the past, but the second involves a preparatory conquest of those already possessed of voting power, and that has not yet been proposed in this country. Here the women must get the vote, seemingly, by voluntary grant from the men, if they are to get it at all. And, for this particular purpose, the men are "the people."

It may be irritating, but it is true.

WHAT SPAIN THINKS.

Her Attitude Toward the Belligerent Powers of Europe.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The attitude of Spain, as described by Lord Northcliffe in your issue of Sept. 13, may be explained as follows:

First—We Spaniards are well convinced that most of the belligerent powers are only fighting for commercial interests, territorial gains, and material advantages, especially so in the case of Great Britain, Russia, Italy, and Rumania; their quarrels are, therefore, not only uninteresting to us, but contemptible.

Second—Our relations with the great belligerent powers during the last ten years have generally been disastrous for our interests and expansion, especially so with Great Britain, the most selfish and hypocritical nation in the world, a nation which, generally under the guise of humanity and civilization, will always try to further her own ends.

Third—If we departed one jot from our neutrality in favor of the Allies we should soon find ourselves in the position of Greece, that is, our territory would be violated, our railways seized, and our country invaded. We will fight before one single soldier, allied or German, sets foot on our territory. And remember, what Spain thinks and does today Central and South America will think and do tomorrow.

E. ZULUETA.

New York, Sept. 14, 1916.

College Campaign Clubs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thousands of college graduates are enrolling in the various college leagues which will take an active part in the coming campaign. At the Hughes National College League, of which I am a member, the enrollments are now several thousand a day.

Without advocating either candidate, I want to ask if this does not signify greater health in the nation when its highly trained men are taking such an active interest in public affairs? A college graduate is not necessarily a highly trained man, but he has at least a good mental card index to knowledge, and more and more of them are occupying important positions in the business world.

KEY MASON.

New York, Sept. 14, 1916.

An Error in Mr. Schiff's Letter.

In the letter of Jacob H. Schiff on the railway labor crisis, published on Sept. 13, an error made the writer say: "And we know what President Wilson should have done when he had to choose between the upholding of the majority of the nation or surrender to the bidding of four labor leaders." Mr. Schiff wrote "majesty of the nation," and not "majority of the nation."

THE GEORGIA CAMPAIGN.

Ex-Governor Slaton Replies to Dorsey's Charges.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 13, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just seen in your issue of the 12th instant the article sent out from Atlanta, entitled "Dorsey Assails Slaton and Jews."

I have already denounced in unmeasured terms in the Georgia papers a similar attack as entirely wanting in truth and introduced for the purpose of creating the lowest order of prejudice.

I stated, in reply to the suggestion made by Dorsey, that I had contributed an insignificant sum and had asked no one to contribute, and that no one had offered to contribute anything through me; and I invited anybody to give information to the contrary, and if Dorsey would sustain in spirit or letter his charge, made more by innuendo than direct statement, I would give $5,000 to any charity he might name. I reiterate to your readers this statement.

I knew nothing of the meeting of the Jewish Congress, and the first information I obtained of it was through Dorsey's article. The purpose of that article was not to convey truth or to make a charge which could be substantiated, but solely for the purpose of again arousing religious prejudice.

The introduction of the name of Mr. Louis Marshall, who represented Frank, as the head of the Jewish Congress, when in fact I am informed he was an opponent of the movement, is an evidence of the reckless disregard of truth in the effort to accomplish Dorsey's designs.

Without revamping the Frank case, I called attention, in my reply to Dorsey's card in the Georgia papers, to the fact that I held in my hands a letter, addressed to me as Governor, from Colonel Brewster, Dorsey's senior law partner for twenty years, in which Colonel Brewster, after reviewing the case, said: "Therefore, I am so thoroughly convinced that Frank is innocent I would not be willing, as a citizen of Georgia, to have the State put this man to death."

It may interest your readers to know that the two Judges of the Supreme Court to be elected this year, to wit, Chief Justice William H. Fish and Justice Marcus W. Beck, both of whom favored a new trial for Frank, were re-elected without opposition, as the bar of this State would not countenance opposition to them.

The Solicitor General elected on yesterday to fill the place of Dorsey, John A. Boykin, wrote me a letter urging the commutation of Frank's sentence, and, further, wrote The Augusta Chronicle a letter applauding my action in reference to it and denouncing Thomas E. Watson for his incendiary articles. These letters were published and sent by his opponent to every voter in this county. Watson reproduced these letters week after week for the purpose of injuring Mr. Boykin. Mr. Boykin, however, was elected by an overwhelming majority, carrying every voting precinct in the county. The bar of Atlanta was practically unanimous in the support of Boykin, and none of its members would run against him, except one who was willing to make this issue.

I write this communication because I do not wish any false statements to obtain credence anywhere through silence.

JOHN M. SLATON.

Alabama's Share of Troops.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue you quoted Senator Lodge as having made the statement that only three Southern States responded to the President's call for the mobilization of the National Guard on the Southern border. Senator Lodge mentions that 2,000 soldiers responded from Virginia, 500 from Louisiana, and 3,000 from Texas, and that no other Southern State has sent a single man. The State of Alabama responded to the call of the President with more than 4,000 troops, and these soldiers have been encamped at Montgomery, Ala., awaiting orders from the Government, since the month of June. I might also add that a new regiment of cavalrymen, approximating 1,600 men, has been recently organized in Alabama, and they are now being mustered into the service of Uncle Sam. I believe this is also true of the States of South Carolina and Georgia, and possibly of other Southern States, for it was only a few weeks ago that large bodies of troops from South Carolina passed through this city en route to the Mexican border. In proportion to its population, I dare say, this State has responded to the President's call with more troops than any one of the four States that Senator Lodge knows about, and it is a "10-to-1 shot" that the greatest percentage of native-born Americans will always be found in the ranks of the soldiers from the Southern States.

R. E. SEIBELS.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 12, 1916.

From a Reader in Switzerland.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let me thank you for your editorial article in The Sunday Times of July 30 (just received) on "Two Years of the Superman." If my voice could carry across the "waste of waters," I should like to shout my approval and send my thanks. And I can only do so in this insufficient way. Sheltered here in this oasis, in the great desert of war—good, brave, and efficient Switzerland—I watch with a jealous eye and a loving, longing heart for the right thing to be said and done by my "ain countrie."

A person said to me not long since, speaking of the interminable notes issuing in response to appeals to the land of liberty I claim as mine: "Oh, of course, it's only a matter of money with America!" I routed and settled her, but, of course, I cannot rule the Government at Washington, much as I'd like to!

AURELIA H. HOWELLS.

Lugano, Switzerland, Aug. 26, 1916.

Current History in New Zealand.

From The Feilding (New Zealand) Star.

Current History continues to be the very best of the world's war magazines, and a credit to the enterprise of The New York Times. The whole range of the war is ably and judicially covered by means of sane and far-seeing editorial comments and interpretations, reviews by experts among the belligerents, special articles by specialists, extracts from British and Continental magazines, pieces of speeches, reports, and dispatches, and the reproduction of human documents that depict the realities of war. The rotogravure illustrations from pictures and photographs are really fine.

WAY OF THE TRANSGRESSOR.

"Hard," say you? Mayhap 'tis so!
But I have ever found that straight
And narrow way the virtuous go
More difficult by far. For fate
Has made that pathway steep and bare;
The flowers that grow thereon are prim,
And 'neath the blossoms is a snare
To catch the eager hand of him
Who plucks, and lead him from the walk
That has no turns, no swift surprise.
There no delicious dangers stalk;
Thereon one plods, until one dies,
Along a road whose end one sees
From any point upon the way.
I long to try those paths that tease
My fancy with their twists and gay
Bright patches, here and there,
Alluring me to come—explore
Their half-veiled beauties! Tho' I dare
Not go, I hate to stay, and, more
And more, I halt, or slow
My steps, and then I plod along
The cold, straight way the virtuous go,
Hearing, in heart and voice, no song!

M. HAYS.

THE ISSUE IN THE TRACTION STRIKE.

Fitzgerald's Demand That the Employers Deal with Their Men Only Through His Union.

By a Man Closely Associated With Rapid Transit Operation in New York.

New York, Sept. 14, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your good editorial article of this morning on the traction strike calls attention quite clearly to the real issue involved, namely, has Mr. Fitzgerald with his associates in the Amalgamated Association the right or power to insist that he shall be the recognized medium of communication and negotiation between the management of the street railway and rapid transit systems of New York City and the uniformed men who operate the lines?

At this time, when we hear a good deal about "the interests of the public" as being dominant over the interests of either party in the strike controversy, it is desirable that the real issue shall be kept in mind and that our conception of what constitutes the real interests of the public shall be determined on the basis of the real issue and not upon any subordinate issue of a temporary or illusory character.

The labor leaders would, of course, be glad to arbitrate. The very recognition of such arbitration by the company and by the public officials would leave Mr. Fitzgerald and the Amalgamated with their claim to recognition established, for it is inconceivable that either the public officials or the company, having sat down with the labor organizers in such arbitration, could at the end say that the Amalgamated and its officers had no standing; and if any such conclusion were reached the obvious result would be another strike.

Assuming, then, that the arbitration resulted in the recognition of the Amalgamated, this situation would arise:

Either the Amalgamated would have to recognize the right of the Interborough and New York Railways to procure individual contracts of employment with their men, or the Interborough and New York Railways would have to waive such right and decline to deal with their own men except through Mr. Fitzgerald and his organization.

It is apparent that one of these conditions could never be accepted by the Amalgamated, and that the other, in violation of all constitutional and moral rights of employer and employe, could not be accepted by the companies. It is hardly necessary to cite any evidence on these points, but if a doubt arises in any one's mind let him refer to the record of the conference of Aug. 30, 1916, between Interborough officials and Mr. Fitzgerald of the Amalgamated, which is in evidence before the Public Service Commission.

> Mr. Fitzgerald: My position now with these men will be that the Amalgamated Association be recognized as the Amalgamated Association rather than through agreement with the Mayor.

And again:

> Mr. Fitzgerald: The Amalgamated Association and its officers have come into this city and intend to try to work out a proper and a mutual understanding. There is one other way of demonstrating whether or not the men of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company want their own organization or whether they want something that was forced on them. Now, if this company wants the test the Amalgamated Association is ready to give that test in the City of New York. We would sooner not, but if there is only one way to prove that to the companies, why, we might as well have it out; have the battle out.

This was less than thirty days after the agreement on the New York Railways, in which Mr. Fitzgerald, as well as the company, subscribed to the arbitration of all possible differences and Mr. Fitzgerald accepted a position of intermediary, not on behalf of the Amalgamated; but theoretically on behalf of the New York Railways men. The test which he has invited on the Interborough has been made. Employes to the number of from 9,000 to 10,000, who signed the individual service contracts, have remained with the company, thereby indicating, apparently under pressure of strike conditions, that they preferred to deal with the company directly and not through Mr. Fitzgerald.

But he is not contented to accept the result of that test. Having pushed the New York Railways employes into a sympathetic strike, he tries further to convince the Interborough's employes of his power by calling other sympathetic strikes on the Third Avenue and Second Avenue roads, by endeavoring to tie up deliveries of coal and other supplies and by filling the air with clouds of talk about general strikes. And for what? Solely to settle favorably to the Amalgamated what I pointed out at the beginning was the real issue, namely, whether Mr. Fitzgerald, with his associates in the Amalgamated Association, has the right or power to insist that he shall be the recognized medium of communication and negotiation between the management of the street railway and rapid transit systems of New York City and the uniformed men to operate their lines.

If Mr. Fitzgerald can demonstrate that he becomes the commanding figure of the labor world, and the most important individual factor in the electric railway industry of the country. As he and his associates have themselves said, they have been at work for twenty years to establish their domination of the traction situation in New York, and the grip that they now hold on other cities, notably Boston, Pittsburgh, and Buffalo, will be fastened for all time if they succeed in their New York fight. Obviously no city in the country could stand out, no matter what the relations might be between its street railroad companies and their employes, if Mr. Fitzgerald made good on his threat to tie up New York.

How foolish it is to expect that a man, playing such a game, will be bound by any agreement to arbitrate or will deal with the principle of arbitration on any basis except as a means for getting or maintaining a grip upon a situation which otherwise he could not break into, or to which he could not otherwise hold on! From the day when he refused to arbitrate the question whether the fourteen men convicted of crime in the former New York Railways strike should be reinstated to the day when he called out the Third Avenue Railroad employes in direct violation of their arbitration agreement, the word "arbitrate" has been to Mr. Fitzgerald only a thing of convenience, a screen behind which he might hide his real purposes from the public in general, from public officials anxiously considerate of the labor vote, and from well-meaning persons devoted to the cause of humanity who still believe that arbitration can be made a panacea for industrial disputes, regardless of the disposition and purposes of the individuals to whom it is to be applied.

How shortsighted also is the notion that the interests of the public will be served by a temporary truce that can only bring about a renewal of conflict as soon as the two sides have rejoined their issue! How short sighted must be the belief even that votes are to be gained by procuring such a truce, when sixty days' record with the same contending forces has shown that battle will break out again almost before the ink is dry on their treaties!

Why not confront the real question and attempt to answer it?

Is Mr. Fitzgerald necessary to the welfare of traction companies and their employes in New York City?

Let me quote from The Electric Railway Journal a recent statement by a railroad manager who is familiar with the operations of the Amalgamated throughout the country:

> When the Amalgamated Association goes into a city to organize the same, it is usually able to get together at least a small nucleus of discontented employes sufficient to call a strike and make a disturbance. The Amalgamated Association then demands arbitration of its differences to prevent a tieup of street railway traffic. This appeal usually strikes the uninformed public and the newspapers as only fair. An arbitration agreement is entered into, and this gives the Amalgamated the foothold among the employes of the company that it wants, and then, after getting the property fully organized, its slogan is "arbitration be damned."

Now, what does the Amalgamated propose to do for its member railroad employes in New York?

It has filed demands as to rates of pay, hours, &c. But has anybody evidence that the employes on whose behalf these demands were formulated were previously dissatisfied or, in fact, were not fairly treated? Certainly, Mr. Fitzgerald has produced none, even at this time when he is asserting his right to proceed with the further paralysis of traffic unless his claims of domination are recognized. It would not be at all difficult, if space permitted, to present indisputable facts which would show that the street railway employes in New York City generally, in respect to their earnings, their working conditions, and the various beneficial plans with which their welfare and the welfare of their families are protected, are now and have been better off than the employes in any of the cities where the Amalgamated has established its grip.

At a time when the managers of the great industries of the country are coming more and more to recognize the solidarity of interest between those who provide money for great enterprises and those who put the money to work by means of their own labor, when more and more is being done for the wage-earners, it would seem that the gentlemen who are now urging arbitration of the Interborough's right to have any individual relations with its own employes would accomplish more toward their respective purposes, whether such purposes be the promotion of public convenience, the winning of votes, or the uplift of humanity, by investigating the underlying purposes and probable utility of Mr. Fitzgerald and his organization than they will by the course which, judging from today's newspapers, they seem to be following.

OBSERVER.

To Buy England's Canal Claims.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Democratic Party four years ago pronounced in favor of exempting from tolls American ships in coastwise trade passing through the Panama Canal. But the seriousness of the situation that would have been created by the enactment of such a measure—considered by many to be a violation of the spirit as well as the letter of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty—was such as to lead a Democratic Congress to a complete reversal of the pre-election position. Without undertaking to say whether or not such a step would have been a violation of international convention and without unduly stressing the seriousness of the situation that would have been brought about had Congress gone on record in support of exemption, it must be conceded that some question does exist.

Therefore, why not improve the present moment, when Great Britain is borrowing large sums from us, by negotiating a quitclaim from England? The question of free transit for American vessels is one that cannot be regarded as settled, but only postponed. There is little doubt that with free tolls for American ships considerable impetus would be given to American shipbuilding, desirable both from the point of naval as well as of commercial necessity; that with an increase in tonnage there would develop active competition between rail and water routes; that this would not only result in reducing the cost of living, but enable the American manufacturer the better to compete in the markets of the world, and particularly for South American trade. Why not, therefore, endeavor now to remove what is at once a cloud upon our title to the Canal and a possible cloud upon our foreign relations?

B. T.

New York, Sept. 12, 1916.

Opening of the Schools.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why this great hurry to open schools Sept. 25? Allowing thousands of children to congregate, even in rooms well sprayed with disinfectants, may give fresh impetus to this death-dealing plague. What is the value of the knowledge gained compared to the frightful consequences made possible by opening schools before the disease is absolutely under control, and, judging from this week's figures, it is not.

E. S. MAYER.

New York Sept. 10, 1916.

Death Penalty and Justice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Within a period of a few weeks we have seen three prisoners in the death house at Sing Sing reprieved at almost the last moment because of a doubt concerning their guilt. Stielow is one of them; Onni Talas, whom the confession of Joseph Mulholland clears of all direct responsibility, if not indirect participation, in the murder of Mrs. Nichols, is another, and now comes Bambrick, already once reprieved, in whose behalf new affidavits, which have apparently impressed the District Attorney's office, are to be presented to the Governor.

In the light thus thrown upon the uncertainty of court decisions, the question of capital punishment comes up again for review. The cold-blooded killing of a man, even if guilty and under sanction of the State, has ever aroused misgivings in some of the noblest minds. What if subsequently he be proved innocent? How many such instances could the system survive? If it be replied that it has already survived many such, that is only a supposition, and, besides, the world grows daily more humane. It will not do to be maudlin, nor to deny the criminal his right to expiation in some form, but it seems as if society would one day abolish the only punishment that allows no possibility of reform.

J. K. PAULDING.

New York, Sept. 15, 1916.

Not in the Cashier's Office.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your news columns of Sept. 13, 1916, you indicate that an indictment was found against Joseph Lewis, described as a clerk in the cashier's office of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, for misappropriating funds alleged to exceed over $50,000. May I draw your attention, in justice to the employes of the cashier's office of the above department, to the fact that Joseph Lewis was in no way connected with the cashier's office? There are no alleged irregularities in that office.

JOHN A. LANGEL,
Assistant Cashier, Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity.

New York, Sept. 15, 1916.

LENOX 1916 'FOLLIES' SHOWN TO COLONISTS

They See Themselves in the Exciting Two-Reel Drama, 'The Treasure of the Incas.'

G. E. TURNURE, JR., THE STAR

"History of the Three Marionettes" Depicted by Mr. and Mrs. Osborne and W. H. Russell.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Sept. 15.—The most important offering in entertainments of the season was the Lenox Follies of 1916 at Sedgwick Hall tonight. Miss M. Civilise Alexandre, daughter of Mrs. John E. Alexandre, arranged the entertainment for the benefit of the Berkshire Red Cross, and the program of tableaux, local "movies" and dances and some songs by Allen Fenno was one of merit.

There was a very brilliant company at the show. Many dinners were given before the entertainment, and the curtain in the pretty little hall did not rise until after 9 o'clock, when the hall was filled to its capacity.

The program began with a series of twelve tableaux, "The History of the Three Marionettes," after the designs by Artist Fish. Mrs. David M. Osborne was Colombine, William Hamilton Russell, Harlequin, and David M. Osborne, Pierrot.

Alexander D. Rogers, Jr., was the announcer and Miss Grace Bristed played the music. These was a series of cleverly posed and gorgeously costumed pictures.

In diaphonous draperies Miss Louise Schoonmaker, Miss Josephine de Gersdorff, Miss Grace Bristed, Miss Margaret French, Miss Theresa Higginson, and Miss Lissa Parsons gave a beautiful Greek dance to music by Brahms. The rhythm and postures were most graceful and expressive.

Appearing in a Mexican dance were six couples, the solo dance being assigned to Miss Alexandre and William H. Russell. The dancers were perfectly costumed in Mexican attire. The women dancers were in red, green, and black gowns and the men in black velvet suits, making a fine stage picture. Miss Symphorosa Bristed and George Livermore, Miss Irene Turnure, and Sam Frothingham, Jr.; Miss Anna R. Alexandre and David M. Osborne also appeared in the Mexican dance.

Of the highest interest was the movies, a Lenox production, in which the most prominent cottagers had been "filmed." The title of the two-reel drama of love and adventure was "The Treasure of the Incas." Miss Grace Henry of New York wrote the scenario and there were about fifty episodes, which were taken by William B. Osgood Field on the Lenox estates.

The drama centres around a hidden treasure, and introduces in the search for the treasure an automobile race and accident in which George E. Turnure, Jr., was started. The cast of the drama was: Mr. Cameron, George E. Turnure; Mrs. Cameron, Mrs. Gorham Brooks; Nancy Cameron, their daughter, Miss Grace Bristed; Frederic Cameron, their son, Jack Richardson; Mason Gurthie, George Livermore; Mr. Cameron's secretary, Sam Frothingham, Jr.; Nancy's maid, Miss Anita Delafield; Mlle. Le Rouge, governess, really Senora Las Rayas, Miss Anna R. Alexandre; Cameron children, Warrick Bonsal, Lee Higginson; Donna Ine di Zelaya, Miss Irene Turnure; three men in her employ, George E. Turnure, Jr., Robert H. Ware, Rudolph H. Kissell, Jr.; American Consul at Puerta Carvello, Carlos M. de Heredia; Mrs. White, his wife, Mrs. Carlos M. de Heredia.

The scenes were taken at the country places of Mrs. John E. Alexandre, Mr. and Mrs. Albert R. Shattuck, Mr. and Mrs. Carlos M. de Heredia, on the Bishop estate, and on the highways about Lenox.

The reels were excellent and the play was of real merit. So well done were parts, especially the acting of Miss Grace Bristed and Miss Anna R. Alexandre, that the audience applauded the pictures.

There followed Allen B. Fenno in an original song and piano recital. Mr. Fenno had composed the score and the words to some of his songs, and his topical song on Lenox celebrities was a popular number.

Miss Grace Bristed had the solo part of a Polish dance. In this nine girls appeared in brilliant Polish folk costumes. The music for the dance was composed by Marshall R. Kernochan. Those seen in this number were Miss Anna R. Alexandre, Miss Anita O. Delafield, Miss Symphorosa Bristed, Miss Kate Haven, Miss Josephine de Gersdorff, Miss Alma de Gersdorff, Miss Irene Turnure, and Miss Isabell Shotter.

The instrumental music for the entertainment was by Miss Anna Byrne's orchestra from Southampton, L. I. The Follies will be presented again tomorrow night and will be followed by a dance at the Lenox Club.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt arrived tonight to visit with Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt at Ventfort Hall.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen, who are at Hotel Aspinwall, will give an illustrated talk on Ireland in the ballroom at the Hotel Monday evening.

Mrs. John E. Parsons was hostess at dinner in Interlaken tonight, entertaining in honor of her guest, Dean William M. Grosvenor of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Turnure gave a dinner entertainment at Beaupre. Among their guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. Woodward Haven, Mr. and Mrs. Gorham Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed, Mr. and Mrs. David T. Dana, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Delafield, Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. Pease, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Benjamin, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham, and Mrs. John E. Alexandre.

Tomorrow Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Sedgwick will present their daughter, Miss Christine Sedgwick, in society.

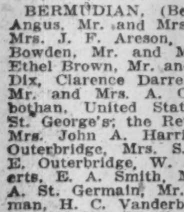
Tourists for Cuba and Bermuda.

Some of those booked to leave today on the Ward Line steamship Havana for Havana are:

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Dorsey, Mrs. Julia Canut, Miss Maria Canut, Miss Clara Canut, M. Fuentes, H. T. Waterman, W. R. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Frank McNenny, Mrs. I. Lanz, Miss Alicia Lanz, Miss Maria Lanz, Mrs. B. Troupe, Miss Adela Arias, Mrs. C. J. Massino, Juan Pino, and G. Linares.

BERMUDIAN, (Bermuda.)—Miss A. W. Angus, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Allen, Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Areson, Miss G. Abbott, G. E. Bowden, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Bone, Miss Ethel Brown, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Covert, L. Dix, Clarence Darrell, Miss J. E. Draper, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Fenn, T. T. Higinbothan, United States Consular Agent at St. George's; the Rev. C. W. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Harris, Richard Jordan, P. Outerbridge, Mrs. S. C. Outerbridge, Miss E. Outerbridge, W. J. Malloy, C. W. Roberts, E. A. Smith, Miss M. R. Shott, Mrs. A. St. Germain, Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Tallman, H. C. Vanderbilt, P. N. Winsor, and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Turner.

Two Great War Books



PRIVATE GASPARD

By Rene Benjamin

(This Book received the Academie Goncourt Prize.) Net, $1.35.

Love's Inferno

By Dr. Edward Stilgebauer.

(This Book suppressed in Germany.) Net, $1.35

BRENTANO'S

5th Ave. and 27th St., New York.

MISS PERKINS WEDS SEPT. 23

Daughter of George W. Perkins and E. W. Freeman Obtain a License.

Edward W. Freeman and his fiancée, Miss Dorothy Perkins, daughter of George W. Perkins and Mrs. Perkins, motored from Riverdale-on-Hudson early yesterday forenoon to the Marriage License Bureau of the Bronx, where they obtained a license to marry on Saturday, Sept. 23.

The ceremony is to be performed in the Riverdale Presbyterian Church and will be followed by a reception at Clyndor, the country estate of Mr. and Mrs. Perkins. The Rev. Ira S. Dodd is to officiate.

Miss Perkins will be attended by Miss Dorothy Freeman, a sister of the bridegroom. Alexander L. Barbour is to be best man, and the ushers selected include George W. Perkins, Jr.; Charles N. Warren, E. H. Baker, Richard Robbins, William Lippincott, and Benjamin R. C. Low.

The couple's engagement was announced last May. The father of the bride-elect was formerly a partner in the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. Mr. Freeman is a son of Mrs. B. W. Freeman, whose estate is near the Perkins' home.

A. R. PECK TO WED AT 85.

Retired Merchant Engaged to Miss Gahagan, 50, Niece of First Wife.

No date has been set for the wedding of Alonzo R. Peck of 7 West Eighty-second Street, a wealthy retired merchant, and Miss Fannie Ferris Gahagan, a niece of his first wife, whose engagement was announced yesterday. Mr. Peck is 85 years old, and his fiancée is aged 50.

Mr. Peck announced his own engagement, and it came as a surprise to his friends and relatives. Miss Gahagan has always called Mr. Peck "Uncle 'Lon," and no romance between the two was suspected, owing to the difference in their ages.

Mr. Peck's first wife died four years ago. About six months later Miss Gahagan's mother died at her home in Brooklyn. So Miss Gahagan, who was Mrs. Peck's favorite niece, was invited by Mr. Peck to make her home at his residence.

They are both members of the Brick Presbyterian Church, where Mr. Peck and his first wife occupied a pew for almost fifty years. He has large real estate interests, and owns property on Thirty-fourth Street opposite the Waldorf-Astoria worth a million dollars. He served on the Grand Jury for forty-five consecutive years. President Lincoln offered him a Consulate in an Italian city, but he refused because of his wife's objections. It was Mr. Peck who went to Tuckahoe, N. Y., with Archbishop Hughes and others, to assist in selecting the stone for the building of St. Patrick's Cathedral.

REV. R. C. THOMAS TO WED.

Will Take Miss Norma R. Waterbury as Bride in Beverly, Mass.

Mrs. Henry W. Peabody of Ledgewood, Beverly, Mass., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Norma Rose Waterbury, to the Rev. Raphael Clarke Thomas, pastor of the Second Avenue Baptist Church this city.

Miss Waterbury is a graduate of Vassar, and Dr. Thomas was graduated from Harvard and the Newton Theological Institution. He is a son of Professor Jesse Burgess Thomas and Mrs. Thomas, and has served as a medical misionary in the Philippines.

The wedding is to take place on Nov. 11, at the Beverly home of the bride's mother, and afterwards Dr. Thomas and his bride will go to the Philippines, where he will be stationed at the Union Mission Hospital, at Iloilo.

MISS EARLE BETROTHED.

Her Engagement to Alex. D. Walker Told at a Sailing Party.

The engagement of Miss Helen Talbot Earle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Pitman Earle of Brooklyn, to Alexander David Walker of New York, was announced yesterday afternoon at Bellport, at a sailing party and tea given by Mrs. William P. Earle, Jr., her sister-in-law.

Mr. Walker is a member of Squadron A, and belongs to the Manhattan and Apawamis clubs. He is senior partner of the firm of Walker & Serrell of 17 Madison Avenue.

The wedding will take place early in the Winter.

Miss Bird to Wed K. D. Hubbard.

Mrs. Emma T. Bird of East Orange, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Grace Johnson Bird, to Kenneth Davenport Hubbard, son of the late Judge L. M. Hubbard of the Court of Common Pleas in New Haven, Conn., and formerly Secretary of State of Connecticut. No date has been set for the wedding.

OFF FOR EUROPE TODAY.

Some of the Passengers on Three Steamships.

Three transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

ST. LOUIS, (Liverpool.)—C. H. Aldersmith, George P. Baker, Mrs. T. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Best, J. E. Brennan, Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Burns, Joseph Carlier, John Chaplin, Charles F. Crandall, Miss Gertrude Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Dunlap, Joseph Duveen, Henry C. Emery, Stanley Fletcher, William Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Gotshall, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Green, J. Amory Haskell, H. O. Hereford, Major and Mrs. Leroy T. Hillman, S. Joseph, Mrs. A. Kingsford, Miss A. M. Kingsford, Mr. and Mrs. David Landow, Benjamin Moore, H. W. Morgan, Philip Osler, Lady Pierson, E. Pitt, James Brown Potter, Ricardo Salazar, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Smith, Mrs. L. S. Tainter, Mrs. K. M. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Whigham, J. W. Wilson, Robert Winsor, A. Yeates, and Philip Winsor.

ORDUNA, (Liverpool.)—William Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. James Beauchamp, Mr. and Mrs. M. Barton, Miss Barton, Miss Annie Bourne, Mr. and Mrs. R. Brooker, Lionel Burford, Miss Mira Burford, Mrs. F. X. Cameron, Miss E. Cameron, Mrs. A. Christie, Mrs. C. Clayton, Miss May Clayton, Miss Mary Coutts, W. S. Dixon, Douglas Duncan, Mrs. Margaret A. Eakins, Miss M. J. Eakins, John Forbes, Miss C. L. Forester, Miss Joyce Forester, Alan Gray, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Gray, Miss Eva Gray, Mrs. J. E. Hallas, Mr. and Mrs. John Hicks, Miss Edith Heywood, Mrs. V. S. Jones, Thomas H. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. David Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Richard D. Lane, Miss Beatrice Lane, Charles W. Little, Robert London, Mr. and Mrs. Angus Macdonald, Mrs. Rose Marshall, Francis Mathot, Mrs. R. Mellors, Mrs. Ada Moors, Henry Nelson, Mrs. N. Nelson, Mrs. J. Ormond, Miss M. Palmer, George Peace, H. E. Phillips, A. Richard, James Quinn, Mrs. J. E. Sanders, Miss C. Sanders, Thomas Scott, Miss Bella Scott, Miss Annie Valentine, Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Webster, Alfred Williams, Mrs. C. Wilson, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Wootton.

TOURAINE, (Bordeaux.)—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Burlew, Mrs. M. A. Bond, James L. Crump, Allyn Cox, J. W. Eastman, E. J. Felt, Horace Fort, C. Freeman, Miss Josephine Foster, Rufus W. Gaynor, Mrs. Margaret K. Hoye, Benjamin Lastre, Miss Frances S. Mills, George H. McCall, L. William Newberry, Mrs. N. F. Paris, C. D. Plomer, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Richardson, Gordon M. Reese, P. Rossignol, E. Saloman, J. E. Vidal, H. R. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. A. Wilson, Dr. E. A. Lane, W. P. Leary, and Vernon R. Tower.

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Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

JEWS PLAN CANVASS FOR CHARITIES UNION

Trades and Professions Will Be Asked to Pledge Definite Annual Contributions.

$2,000,000 A YEAR SOUGHT

Twenty Organizations and Institutions Are Already Members of the New Federation.

Plans for a canvass of more than 100 trades and professions in behalf of the 100 or so Jewish charitable institutions in New York were completed yesterday afternoon at a luncheon in the Bankers' Club, held by the Organization Committee of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies. It was announced that the federation would begin a campaign on Sept. 18 to increase the yearly total of Jewish benefactions from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000.

It is the plan of the federation to act as a sort of clearing house for donations to all Jewish charities, thus eliminating the necessity for each institution to send out solicitors to get subscriptions. Not only would this result in a great economy of administration, it was said, but many of the smaller institutions would get more money each year than they have in the past.

According to Leo Arnstein, Vice Chairman of the federation, all contributions not especially designated for a certain institution will be pooled and divided equally among all the members. In the constitution of the new organization each institution is guaranteed that it will receive at least the same amount of money which was donated to it in 1915.

Mr. Arnstein said that when the federation gets to working smoothly it will do away with the balls and entertainments which many of the institutions have been compelled to resort to in order to raise funds. He stated that one of the requirements of membership in the federation would be that no institution should make any individual efforts to get contributions.

At the luncheon yesterday there were representatives of about 125 trades, businesses and professions. A committee of twenty-five women was chosen to begin a movement to interest 3,000 women and girls in the charity plans.

Mr. Arnstein announced that the following had already joined the federation:

Institute for Deaf Mutes, Committee Care of Jewish Tuberculars, Home for Hebrew Infants, Jewish Protectory, Crippled Children's East Side Free School, Dispensary and Hospital for Deformities, Educational Alliance, Emanuel Sisterhood, Lebanon Hospital, Montefiore Home, Mt. Sinai Hospital, Sanitarium Hebrew Children, Free Synagogue Social Service, Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, United Hebrew Charities, Widowed Mothers Fund Association, Young Men's Hebrew Association, Young Women's Hebrew Association, Hebrew Technical Institute, Hebrew Technical Institute for Girls.

The Federation of Jewish Charities, while new to this city, was inaugurated several years ago in Baltimore and later was established in Chicago. In both instances it has met with much success and, in the case of Chicago, has been directly responsible for an increase of 50 per cent. in the total of last year's donations.

The officers of the federation here are: Felix M. Warburg, Chairman; Leo Arnstein, Vice Chairman; Harry Sachs, Treasurer; William Goldman, Secretary, and Miss Harriet B. Lowenstein, Controller and Auditor. Among those interested in the movement are: Bernard F. Gimbel, Daniel Kops, Louis Stern, Jacob Wertheim, E. M. Gattle, and Justice Irving Lehman.

NEWPORT IN RED CROSS.

Wife of Governor Beeckman Elected President of Chapter Formed.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 15.—Colonists met in the drawing room at the residence of Governor and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman this afternoon and formed a Newport chapter of the American Red Cross. Governor Beeckman opened the meeting, and E. A. Morse, after explaining the needs of a State chapter, said that up to six months ago the Red Cross membership in the United States was only 27,000. The society had been recently conducting a campaign in New York and the membership had been raised in the metropolitan districts from 4,000 to 95,000. Today in the United States there are 245,000 members of the society.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman told of her personal experiences during the border trouble and the work of the Red Cross, telling of thousands of refugees that had come across the border for protection at Bronswville. Hundreds had been brought in wounded and in desperate need of medical attention. There was not a nurse in two, neither was there anaesthetic to be used by the few doctors who were there.

Mrs. Beeckman was elected President of the chapter, Mrs. French Vanderbilt and Mrs. James Swan Vice Presidents, Thomas B. Congdon Treasurer, and Mrs. B. B. H. Sherman Secretary.

A public meeting will be held soon to discuss plans.

MISS VAUGHAN BETROTHED.

Botson Girl to Wed Langdon Parker Marvin, New York Lawyer.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Vaughan of 354 Beacon Street, Boston, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Eliot Vaughan, to Langdon Parker Marvin, a lawyer, of this city, son of the late General and Mrs. Selden E. Marvin of Albany, N. Y.

Miss Vaughan is prominent in Boston society, and was formerly President of the Vincent Club in that city.

Mr. Marvin was graduated from Harvard, class of '98, and from the Harvard Law School in 1901. Since 1907 he has been Secretary of the Harvard Club of New York, and also belongs to the University and Racquet and Tennis clubs and the Metropolitan Club of Washington, D. C. He is a member of the firm of Marvin, Hooker & Roosevelt of 52 Wall Street.

In 1901-02 Mr. Marvin was Secretary to Justice Horace Gray of the United States Supreme Court, and during the following year Secretary to Elihu Root while a member of the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal in London. He is on the Executive Committee of the Hughes Alliance and of the Hughes National College League.

No date has been set for the wedding.

President Butler Touring Northwest

Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, accompanied by Mrs. Butler, and their daughter, Miss Sara Schuyler Butler, are making a tour of the Northwest. They are now at the Banff Springs Hotel, Banff, Alberta, Canada.

"ON SHADOW LAWN."

Marcus has a fine cartoon, showing how President Wilson takes the news of the Maine election, in The New York Times tomorrow. Order today.—Advt.

MISS CANNON ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mrs. T. Frelingmuysen to Wed Henry Luden of Holland.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Mrs. Theodore Frelinghuysen announced here today the engagement of her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Adelaide Cannon of Tuxedo Park and New York, to Henry Luden, son of John A. Luden, a banker of Amsterdam, Holland.

Miss Cannon is the second daughter of Mrs. Theodore Frelinghuysen and sister of Mrs. George Kingsland and Le Grand B. Cannon of the Aviation Corp of the United States Army. Her father was the late Henry Le Grand Cannon, a well known New York financier.

Mr. Luden is a brother of Countess Van Lemberg Stirnum and Madame Van Loan, Lady in Waiting to the Queen of Holland. He is a partner of Hope & Company, bankers, of Amsterdam, Holland, and owner of the largest shooting box in Holland. He is well known in New York socially.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Cannon has been prominently identified with the younger set in society. Her father died in May, 195, at his home, 60 Fifth Avenue. On June 2, 1898, her mother wa married to Mr. Frelinghuysen. Her sister, Mrs. Kingsland, was formerly Mrs. John Dyneley Prince, Jr., from whom she was divorced.

SONDER RACE IS LIKELY.

Boston Yachtsmen Plan a Contest with Craft on Sound.

The recent sale of the sonder yacht Panther by Hans Wickenhauser of this city to a Boston yachtsman for racing on the waters about Marblehead brings the fleet of boats of that type in Boston waters up to nine, the others owned there being the Sally XI., Tern, Lady, Bandit, Eleanor, Hevalla, and Tomboy. Besides these the old German boat Seehund and the American-built Spokane and Vim are still owned in that city.

Boston owners are so enthusiastic over the sailing of these craft that they now have a plan on foot, which has been submitted to yachtsmen in this vicinity, for a series of races next season between the Boston craft and those owned in Long Island Sound waters for a suitable trophy which the Boston men have undertaken to provide.

There are now five sonders owned by the American Yacht Club at Rye, and about a half dozen others privately owned by members of the several Sound clubs. All of these are, or could readily be put in good racing trim, as several of them have competed in the open regattas held this Summer. Their owners welcome any step leading to an active revival of sonder class racing in Sound waters. They would even go to Boston waters to race for a challenge trophy such as has been suggested by the Boston sonder sailors, either for a team race or for a cup for the winner of a series of races, part of which should be sailed in Boston waters and part in the waters of the Sound.

Down in Cuban waters the sonders Ellen, Cima, Harpoon, and Sprig are being raced by a number of Havana gentlemen and these latter have promised to come North with their boats next Summer and have a series of international team races if New York and Boston yachtsmen will figure out some plan which will make it worth while for them to make the trip. This matter will be taken up this Winter and some feasible plan worked out so that a series of races are pretty certain for the coming Summer, part of which will be sailed on Long Island Sound.

RUMSON HUNT MEET TODAY.

Many Fine Horses Entered in Seven Events on Program.

The Rumson Hunt and Steeplechase Association will hold its regular annual race meeting at the Rumson Country Club course, Rumson, N. J., this afternoon. There are seven races on the program, three on the flat and the same number over the jumps, and the other event is for ponies.

More than $1,700 will be distributed in purses besides plate. These liberal premiums have gone a long way toward drawing a large number of high-class entries, among them being many jumpers which have taken part in the steeplechases at Belmont Park and the other regularly authorized hunt meetings. The course is one of the most picturesque in this part of the country, and has been elaborately laid out for this meeting.

The first flat race is at six furlongs, for three-year-olds and upward, the Monmouth Plate, for which there are seven entries. Top weight for this event has been assigned to A. Ludlow Kramer's Culvert, which will be asked to carry 163 pounds. The aged gelding came in second last year, being defeated by Mrs. Godfrey Preece's Dash, which had a light impost of 100 pounds. The Seabright Steeplechase Handicap, with a $500 purse, is for three-year-olds and upward, about two miles over the brush course. Otto Floto, a winner at Belmont Park, will carry top weight, with 152 pounds up.

A fine field of jumpers will go to the post in the fourth race, which is for the Rumson Cup, for hunters duly registered by the Hunts Committee of the National Steeplechase Association. The entries include Conqueror, Jim Hanson, Dooley, and a number of other high-class chasers.

The entries follow:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, Monmouth Plate; six furlongs. The Decision, 137 pounds; Doublet, 157; Cabaret, 150; Campeon, 150; Culvert, 163; Martasha, 147; Peaceful Star, 127.

SECOND RACE.—Seabright Steeplechase Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Rusila, 130 pounds; Doublet, 138; MacNab, 133; Sand Hog, 136; Helen Chester, 136; Astute, 146; Expectation, 136; J. R. Johnson, 144; Grey Leg, 143; Otto Floto, 152.

THIRD RACE.—Shrewsbury Plate, high-weight handicap, three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Doublet, 146 pounds; Campeon, 138; Burglar, 136; White Metal, 142; Ohara, 155; Solar Star, 160; Martasha, 136; Varuna, 138; Mr. Specs, 160.

FOURTH RACE.—For hunters, Rumson Cup, steeplechase; two and a half miles. Butler Thompson, 162 pounds; J. W. Hanson, 160; Conqueror, 157; Dooley, 152; Inexhaustible, 157.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, the Shore Plate; one and a half miles. Cloud, 155 pounds; Martasha, 155; Varuna, 155; Gallant and Gay, 155; Inkle, 155; Ohara, 155.

SIXTH RACE.—For ponies; about three furlongs. Pete, Jr., 162 pounds; Glory, 162; Pinochle, 162; Pete, 162; Norwood, 162; Boldy, 162; Bud Armstrong, 162; Oosey, 162.

SEVENTH RACE.—Brookdale Cup, for horses which have been hunted with the Monmouth County Hounds; about three miles. Grey Friar, 172 pounds; Irish Nora, 172; Oceanport, 172; Summer Hill, 172; Orange 172; Bray, 172.

Eastern Team Wins at Traps.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 15.—The East defeated the West in the international championship at the annual trapshooting tournament of the Westy Hagons, which closed here today. The winning squad aggregated 2,419 breaks in the three days' program of 2,500 targets, and the West collected 2,403. Members shot at 500 each.

Rain Puts Off Harness Races.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Rain compelled the postponement of the Grand Circuit races at the New York State Fair today. Tomorrow's card includes eleven races, nine for amateur drivers and two class events, a 2:10 pace and a 2:06 trot. A total of sixty-one horses are carded to start.

A. C. ZABRISKIE DIES; RICH REALTY OWNER

Member of Old New York Family Succumbs at His Country Home in His 64th Year.

PROMINENT IN POLITICS

Ex-President of American Numismatic and Archaeological Society Was Known for His Charities.

Andrew C. Zabriskie of 34 West Fifty-third Street, President for ten years of the American Numismatic and Archaeological Society, and known for his charities, died yesterday at his country home, Blithewood, at, Barrytown-on-Hudson, N. Y., in his sixty-fourth year. He was a member of one of this country's oldest families, being descended from Albrecht Zaborowsky, who came here on the ship Fox in 1662.

Mr. Zabriskie was born here and was a son of the late Christian A. Zabriskie and Mrs. Sarah J. Titus Zabriskie. He was educated in private schools and was a graduate of the School of Mines of Columbia University. In 1873 he entered the Seventh Regiment, N. Y. N. G., subsequently serving as Inspector of Rifle Practice for the Seventy-first, in which he was Captain of Company C, and from which he resigned in 1897. Mr. Zabriskie was active in politics in Duchess County, a member of the Democratic State Executive Committee, and Chairman of the Duchess County Board of Supervisors.

All his life Mr. Zabriskie was a collector of coins and medals, and owned one of the best collections in this country, in which are many rare Lincoln medals and many rare Polish coins and medals. His collection of books and prints relating to the early history of New York is also notable.

Mr. Zabriskie was also interested in breeding Ayrshire cattle and fancy poultry on his 1,000-acre estate at Blithewood. He was a Director of the Poughkeepsie Trust and the Bonner Brick Companies, Vice President of the Hospital and House of Rest for Consumptives, a Trutee of the Sheltering Arms and of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and President of the Board of Trustees of the Church of St. John the Evangelist at Barrytown. In addition, he was a member of the St. Nicholas and Holland Societies, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Military Society of the War of 1812, and the Union, Metropolitan, Army and Navy, City, Riding, and Church Clubs and the Aero Club of America.

He was one of the largest real estate owners of this city and spent his time taking care of his estate, making his offices at 52 Beaver Street, in the building erected more than seventy years ago by his grandfather, William M. Titus, on land once owned by his great-grandfather, Thomas Gardner.

Mr. Zabriskie married Miss Frances Hunter, daughter of Charles F. Hunter, President of the People's Bank for many years, in 1895. They had two children, Miss Julia Romeyn Zabriskie and Christian Andrew Zabriskie.

STIFFER WORK AT FORDHAM.

Coach Gargan Drills Squad on Tackling Dummy and New Formations.

Practicing during the last half hour in the rain, the Fordham football squad had the hardest workout of the season yesterday. The tackling dummy was in use for the first time, but Coach Gargan did not order actual tackling, confining all the drill to the proper methods of launching the body in smashing up backfield interference.

Departing from the straight line and flank formations of the last few days, Gargan gave all his attention to open-field evolutions during the afternoon's signal drill. Caddell and Fitzpatrick drove the pigskin in the kicking plays. Matty Golden, Morcaldi and Cantwell practiced hurling the forward pass with Jack Conklin, Fordham's only remaining end veteran, at the receiving flank.

Several freshmen were in the first squad line-up yesterday. Tom O'Neill, a six-footer, was tried out at centre. He was All-Scholastic centre of Pennsylvania two seasons ago, and is expected to force Treanor and Delehanty to the limit for the place over the ball. Kendricks and May, the two veteran tackles, were shifted to guard, and their positions were occupied by Caddell, the former New Utrecht tackle, and Ryan, a former Fordham Prep lineman.

INTERCIRCUIT POLO TODAY.

Matches for National Honors to Start on Bala Field.

With a match between the Mid-Western and Southeastern teams, the championship intercircuit polo contests will start this afternoon on the Bala field at Philadelphia. It is the first time that a tournament embracing the whole country has ever been played, and it is the hope of the Polo Association officials that the event will go a long way toward taking the place of the international matches.

The country has been divided into eight circuits. Each circuit participating in the event has selected its best team, after a process of elimination, and this quartet has been sent to Philadelphia to take part in the finals. A special trophy has been designed for the event, the winners of which will be designated the champions of America.

In order that the individual members of the various teams may be easily recognized and the play more closely followed by the spectators, the players will carry numbers on their saddle cloths, corresponding with the positions on the field. All the matches will be played under existing handicaps.

Today's line-up follows:

MIDWESTERN CIRCUIT.—A. G. Miles, 0; E. Y. Clausen, 1; J. L. Anderson, 0; W. P. Hulbert, 1. Total—2.

SOUTHEASTERN CIRCUIT.—Thomas Stokes, 4; W. Standley, 4; E. Lowber Stokes, 4; R. E. Strawbridge, 5. Total—17.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The new Kalman operetta will be called "Miss Springtime" when it is presented at the New Amsterdam Monday night, Sept. 25. The piece was produced last Monday in Philadelphia under the title of "Little Miss Springtime."

Elsie Ferguson began rehearsals yesterday in "A New York Girl," the new comedy written for her by Hulbert Footner. Before her New York engagement Miss Ferguson will present the play in several other cities.

Gilbert Miller, son of Henry Miller, returned yesterday on the Lapland from London, where he went to arrange for the production of "Daddy Long Legs." The comedy is now running at the Duke of York's Theatre, with Renee Kely in the role created by Ruth Chatterton.

Raymond Kenny has been engaged for the role of Pistol in the revival of "The Merry Wives of Windsor," in which Thomas A. Wise will be starred.

Helen MacDonough of the Metropolitan Opera ballet forces will dance at the Rialto next week.

Al Hayman, the vetera ntheatrical manager, will return to New York today for the Winter from West End, N. J., where he has been spending the Summer. Mr. Hayman retired from business several years ago because of ill-health, and since then he has never completely recovered his health. Alf Hayman, his brother, said last evening his condition was somewhat improved.

SAMUEL H. VALENTINE DEAD.

New York Lawyer Was a Founder of Aero Club of America.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Sept. 15.—Samuel H. Valentine of 5 East Sixty-seventh Street, New York, a member of one of the oldest families of that city and for many years with the law firm of Benedict, Taft & Benedict of 64 Wall Street, died suddenly today at Valmar, his Summer home here. He died from heart disease, from which he had suffered for the last two years.

He was a son of the late Samuel H. Valentine and Mrs. Elizabeth Hemstead Valentine, and was a graduate of Amherst College and the Law School of Columbia University. Mr. Valentine was one of the founders of the Automobile Club of America and the Aero Club of America, of which he was formerly a Vice President. He was a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Metropolitan Club of New York and the Point Judith Country Club of this place. Mr. Valentine married Miss Lilie W. Porter, who survives him.

JOHN J. SINCLAIR DIES.

Retired Merchant Was a Vice President of Union League Club.

John J. Sinclair, a retired stone merchant, and formerly a member of the firm of James Sinclair & Sons, who furnished the stone for the Vanderbilt mansions here and at Biltmore, and for the Sloan homes, died yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Plaza, in his seventy-first year. He was born here and was a son of James Sinclair, who founded the firm, which is now out of existence.

Mr. Sinclair was a Director of the Second National Bank, the oldest Director in point of service of the Bowery Savings Bank, and a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

"Tony" Faust's Widow Found Dead.

Mrs. Adine Louise Faust, widow of Anthony R. Faust of St. Louis, Mo., died suddenly on Thursday morning in her home, 28 West Ninety-seventh Street, in her thirty-sixth year. Her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Bouvier, the wife of J. C. Bouvier of St. Louis, went to Mrs. Faust's room, to find her dead on the floor by her bed. The physicians said she died from a sudden attack of heart disease. Mrs. Faust's husband, who was known as "Tony" Faust to all who visited St. Louis, was the proprietor of one of the best-known restaurants in the Middle West. He died two years ago, and his wife came here to live with her mother. Mrs. Faust was born in St. Louis, and leaves only her parents.

Francis Carlyle, Actor.

Francis Carlyle, an actor well known on the New York stage, died yesterday in Hartford, Conn., at the home of his sister. Mr. Carlyle had been in failing health for a year. He was born in England forty-eight years ago and came to this country as a boy. He made his stage debut at the age of 18 and until a few years ago was prominent in Broadway productions, in leading heavy roles. He played with William Gillette in "Clarice," and was in David Belasco's production of "Lord Chumley" at the Old Lyceum, and in the same manager's "Under Two Flags" at the Garden. He had important roles in Charles Frohman's productions of "White Heather," "The Sporting Duchess," and "The Fatal Card."

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD H. DUNAN, 55 years old, formerly a watchman in the Library of Congress at Washington, D. C., died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Thursday from heart disease, and the funeral will be held from 396 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, tomorrow. Mr. Dunan was a member of General Warren Council, Jr., O. U. A. M., and left a widow and a daughter.

Mrs. MARGARET DUFFY HAWKINS, wife of John B. Hawkins, who is with the Brooklyn Edison Company, is dead at her home, 599 Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 50 years.

PHILIP MAHONY, for thirty years employed in the composing room of the Martin B. Brown Printing Company, died on Thursday at his home, 19 Fenhurst Street Brooklyn Hills, Queens, in his seventy-seventh year. He was one of the oldest members of Typographical Union No. 6, and left a widow and two sons.

Mrs. MARGARET F. GIBLIN, widow of James J. Giblin, a manufacturer, of Manhattan, died on Thursday at her home, 135 Bay Twenty-eighth Street, Bath Beach. She was 70 years old, and was born in Dublin, Ireland.

Captain JAMES CHARLES GILLEN, a veteran of the civil war and at one time employed in the commissary department of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died at his home, 1,732 Stephen Street, Ridgewood, on Thursday. He was born in this city, and during the civil war was a member of a New Jersey regiment. Captain Gillen was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and the Army and Navy Veterans' Association.

Mrs. FLORENCE J. BRONSON, wife of the Rev. George A. Bronson, pastor of the Vanderveer Park M. E. Church, Brooklyn, died at the Methodist Episcopal Hospital on Thursday, aged 55 years. Mrs. Bronson was born in Vesper, Onondaga County, N. Y., and was a daughter of the late Andrew and Sarah Pickett. She lived at 2,901 Farragut Road, Flatbush, and besides her husband is survived by three daughters.

JOHN HENRY WRIGHT, in the real estate business in Manhattan with an office at 38 Broad Street, died on Thursday at his home, 48 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn, where he had lived for the last forty years. He was 78 years old and was born in Deerfield, Mass.

Mrs. MARIA ROSHORE WITHINGTON, widow of Isaac Chandler Withington and descended from old Huguenot stock, died at Christmas Cove, Me., on Wednesday, in her ninety-second year. The funeral services will be held at the residence of her son, 185 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn, this afternoon. She is survived by two daughters and three sons.

Mrs. MARY BAILEY HALL, long an active member of the Episcopal Church of the Incarnation, died of apoplexy on Thursday at her home, 419 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn. She was the widow of Frederic Nelson Hall, an accountant, and left two daughters.

Mrs. FRANCES E. LOCKWOOD, 78 years old, widow of Alvah W. Lockwood and a daughter of the late John and Adeline Cox, died at Crystal Run, N. Y., on Thursday, and the funeral services this evening will be held at the home of her daughter, 614 East Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn. She is survived by two daughters.

ARTHUR P. SMITH, formerly a photographic chemist and the inventor of several appliances for photography, died yesterday in the New Rochelle Hospital from injuries received in an automobile accident. He was in his fifty-fifth year and a resident of New Rochelle.

Mrs. ALICE C. BLACKWELL, wife of Howard C. Blackwell, died on Thursday at her home in Montclair, N. J.

THOMAS KEMPSEY, active in politics for many years in Phillipsburg, N. J., died on Thursday at his home there in his sixty-third year.

Mrs. KATHERINE POOLE, wife of Joseph W. Poole, died on Thursday at her home in Newton, N. J., in her sixty-first year.

HENRY MAINS, a florist for many years in College Point, L. I., died yesterday at his home there in his seventy-ninth year.

CHARLES W. HARER, a billiard instructor and the tutor of "Willie" Hoppe, the champion, died on Wednesday in Peekskill, N. Y., in his sixtieth year. Recently he was instructor at the Racquet and Tennis Club here.

EPHRAIM F. ALDRICH, a graduate of Dartmouth College and the Boston University Law School, died on Thursday at the home of his parents in Littleton, N. H., in his thirty-ninth year.

The Rev. EBENEZER J. JEWETT, the oldest Baptist clergyman in Connecticut, died on Thursday in Hampton, Conn., in his ninety-eighth year.

The Rev. HENRY HINCKLEY, a Baptist clergyman who had filled pastorates in Cambridge, Lynn, and Boston, Mass., died on Thursday at his home in Cambridge, in his eighty-fifth year.

WILLIAM F. TURNER, for thirty-five years identified with the shoe and leather business here, died on Wednesday at his home, 450 Riverside Drive, in his sixty-eighth year.

MAURICE COHAN, President of the Hyman Corporation, owners of retail stores in New Haven, Conn., died on Thursday in Mount Sinai Hospital.

Dr. FREDERICK MUNZ, Dean of the Theological Department of the Central Wesleyan College at Warrenton, Mo., died of typhoid fever there yesterday, in his fifty-first year. He was a former President of the German Epworth League and for fifteen years was editor of Haus und Herd, a German family magazine.

JOSE ECHEGARAY DEAD.

Famous Spanish Dramatist and Statesman Was in His 84th Year.

MADRID, Sept. 15, (via Paris.)—Jose Echegaray, one of the foremost Spanish dramatists and formerly Minister of Finance, is dead, in his eighty-fourth year. He was best known for his plays, and in 1904 he shared the Nobel Prize for literature with the French poet Frederic Mistral. Through his writings he became a member of the Spanish Academy of Sciences in 1866, and two years later was elected a member of the Cortes. From 1867 to 1874 he occupied at various times the positions of Minister of Commerce, of Education, and of Finance, and in 1905, Señor Echegaray was again Minister of Finance.

Soon after his graduation at the head of his class of engineers in the Escuela de Caminos he was admitted to the Academy of Sciences for his "Problems of Analytical Geometry." His entry into politics followed the revolution of 1868, in which Queen Isabella was exiled.

When the monarchy was restored, Señor Echegaray retired from public life, and in his fortieth year gave to the theatre his two dramas, "Harold the Norman" and "Two Fanaticisms." Since then he has produced more than fifty plays, the best known of which are "Folly of Saintliness," "The Mad God," and "Mariana."

In January, 1912, King Alfonso decorated him with the ancient Order of the Golden Fleece.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

Brooklyn.

BANNIGAN—BRADLEY.—Sept. 11, Martha Bradley to Frank Bannigan.

FOSTER—BOSTWICK.—Sept. 14, Mary I. Bostwick to Charles L. Foster.

Died.

BELL.—At Caldbeck, Cumberland, England, suddenly, on Aug. 5, 1916, Pattinson, the dearly beloved husband of Mary Bell. Interred at Caldbeck on Aug. 8.

CARR.—On Friday, Sept. 15, Thomas J., beloved husband of Annie T. Carr, (nee Keen,) father of Ambrose A., Vincent H., Cecelia F., Agnes T., Florence A., and Veronica M. Carr. Funeral from his late residence, 287 President St., Brooklyn, Monday, Sept. 18, 9 A. M. Solemn requiem mass St. Agnes Church, Sackett and Hoyt Sts., 9:30 A. M.

COBB.—George W., Jr., 769 Ocean Av., Flatbush, New York, suddenly, in Havana, Cuba. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CRANE.—On Friday, Sept. 15, 1916, Cordelia Matthews, widow of Edward N. Crane, and daughter of the late John E. and Mary R. Matthews. Funeral services from her residence, 356 Mt. Prospect Av., Newark, N. J., on Monday, the 18th inst., 11 A. M.

DRUMMOND.—H. Adelbert. "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th and 67th, (Campbell Building,) Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

ELLIS.—Charles C., of Bayside, L. I., beloved husband of Alice Neese Ellis, at White Sulphur Springs, N. Y., Friday, Sept. 15, aged 47. Funeral notice later.

EMERY.—Samuel, at West End, N. J., Sept. 14, 1916, aged 65. Interment private, Oakhill Cemetery, Washington, D. C., Sunday, Sept. 17.

FISH.—On Friday, Sept. 15, at Mystic, Conn., Gaston Fish, aged 9, son of Silas and Helen Gaston Fish. Funeral services at Mystic, Conn., on Sunday, Sept. 17, at 3 o'clock.

FUESSEL.—Sept. 14, 1916, Robert C., aged 45, beloved husband of Dora Fuessel (nee Bossuot.) Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend funeral services from his late residence, 295 West St., West Hoboken, N. J., Sunday at 2 P. M.

GAINES.—At her home, Boonton, N. J., on Thursday, Sept. 14, Hellenece Ellithorpe, wife of the late Oscar F. Gaines. Services on Monday arrival 1 o'clock train from New York.

GRAHAM.—John B., Friday, Sept. 15, son of the late John and Margaret Graham, at his residence, 2,869 Webster Av., Bronx. Funeral private.

GROSVENOR.—At Murray Bay, Quebec, Canada, Sept. 12, Minna Ludeling, widow of James B. N. Grosvenor. Interment at Swan Point Cemetery, Providence, R. I., on Saturday, at 11 A. M., from 64 Angell St.

GULDEN.—At a stated meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Citizens' Savings Bank, held at the banking house, 56 and 58 Bowery, in the City of New York, on the 14th day of September, 1916, the following minute was unanimously adopted and ordered to be recorded:

MINUTE.

This board is again called upon to record the loss of a valued associate, Charles Gulden, who died on the 15th of August.

Mr. Gulden was elected a Trustee Oct. 8, 1895, and had thus served the bank nearly twenty-one years.

His standing as a merchant and business man of unquestionable integrity and sound and reliable judgment, the result of his own efforts and industry, had been already attained, and he brought and applied to the service of the bank the same keen and active interest that marked his individual business life. He appreciated fully and conscientiously the responsibilities of a Trustee of a savings bank to the bank, to its depositors, and to the community, and steadfastly fulfilled them.

He was many times Chairman of the Finance Committee and of other important committees. His knowledge of real estate and of the conditions affecting its value was thorough, and his judgment in the matter of loans thereon especially accurate, discriminating, and valuable.

His personal relations with the officers and employes of the bank and with his brother Trustees were always genial, cordial, frank, and straightforward, and he enjoyed the respect and esteem of all.

In his death the Citizens' Savings Bank has lost a faithful and efficient Director and adviser, and the Trustees a wise and valued associate and friend.

And the members of this board direct that a copy of this minute be transmitted to the family of our deceased associate, and hereby express their deep and sincere sympathy with them in their great affliction; and they further direct that this minute be published in the daily press.

HENRY HASLER, President.
HENRY SAYLER, Secretary.

HADDON.—On Sept. 14, 1916, Mary A., widow of Henry Haddon, in her 78th year. Funeral services at the home of her daughter, Mrs. M. D. Borgmeyer, 684 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

HANSON.—On Wednesday, Sept. 13, at West Outlet Camps, Me., Stanton I. Hanson, aged 59 years. Funeral service will be held at Parish House of the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, 30 East 31st St., at 10 A. M., Saturday, Sept. 16. Interment at convenience of the family.

HALL.—On Thursday, Sept. 14, 1916, at 419 Franklin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Mary Bailey Francis, wife of the late Frederick Nelson Hall. Washington, D. C., and Hartford papers please copy.

JACKSON.—John, on Sept. 15, in his 61st year. Funeral services at his late residence, 86 Rodney St., Brooklyn, Monday, at 8:30 P. M. Liverpool, (England,) and Trenton, (N. J.,) papers please copy.

JOANIVER.—Charles. Funeral services at John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., Saturday, 2 P. M. Interment St. Michael's.

JONES.—Townsend, on Friday, Sept. 15, at his home in Cold Spring Harbor, L. I. Funeral services at St. John's Church, Cold Spring Harbor, on Sunday at 2:30 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Pennsylvania Station at 1:03 P. M.

LOCKWOOD.—Funeral services of the late Frances E. Lockwood will be held at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. F. Skinner, 614 East 18th St., Brooklyn, Saturday, Sept. 16, at 8 P. M.

MOIR.—At his residence, 281 West 11th St., on Wednesday, Sept. 13, William Ralston, beloved husband of Johanna G., (nee Eberhardt.) Relatives and friends of deceased, and members of Loring Council, 17, L. A., Samaritan Council, 1,359, R. A., Past Regents and Regents Association, R. A., and Past Councilors and Councilors Association, L. A., are invited to attend funeral services to be held at St. Luke's Chapel, Hudson and Christopher Sts., on Sunday, Sept. 17, at 1 P. M.

OVERMAN.—At Bay Head, N. J., on Sept. 15, 1916, William W. Overman, in his 66th year. Funeral service will be held from his late home, 148 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J., on Monday, Sept. 18, at 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of train leaving Hoboken 2:15 P. M. for Brick Church station.

PEIRCE.—At Goshen, N. Y., Thursday, Sept. 14, 1916, Theodore Whitney, son of the late Henry T. and Ellen A. Private funeral services will be held at the residence of Mr. William H. Coldwell, 196 Montgomery St., Newburg, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Cedar Hill Cemetery.

ROSENHAUPT, Sigfried.—Suddenly, on Sept. 14th, in his seventy-fourth year, beloved husband of Rosa Rosenhaupt and father of Jennie Rosenhaupt, Lena Solomon, Selma Dreyfus, and Bella Friddman. Funeral Sunday morning, 17th. Strictly private. (Philadelphia papers please copy.)

ROSENHAUPT.—Members and seatholders of Temple Israel of Harlem are hereby notified of the death of our esteemed member, Siegfried Rohenhaupt. Funeral at convenience of family.
DANIEL P. HAYS, President.

TWO WISHES

"I wish the House of Rest had two thousand beds."

"I wish you could see him now."

A City nurse recently expressed herself thus. A small boy developing tuberculosis, distracted parents; a resourceful nurse, one empty bed. He was only thirty-six months old, and it was at the end of eighteen additional months that the nurse expressed the second wish. She had secured the baby's admission to

THE HOSPITAL AND HOUSE OF REST FOR CONSUMPTIVES, Inwood-on-Hudson, N. Y. City.

WAS $648.00 TOO HIGH A PRICE TO PAY FOR THIS BOY'S LIFE?

Please send something for the others to WM. M. CRUIKSHANK, Treas., 59 East 59th Street.

WOODBURY G. LANGDON, Pres.
ANDREW C. ZABRISKIE, Vice-Pres.
BENJAMIN WELLES, Sec'y.

Died.

SHELDON.—At Silver Lake, Susquehanna County, Penn., Anna Kissam Embury, widow of the late Henry K. Sheldon. Funeral service at her late residence, 220 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, Saturday, 11 o'clock A. M. Interment private.

SHERIDAN.—Friday, Sept. 15, 1916, at her home, 322 West 100th St., Emma Josephine Sheridan, (nee Hart,) beloved wife of James Sheridan. Funeral service private. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

SINCLAIR.—At Plaza Hotel, New York City, September 15th, 1916, John J. Sinclair, in the seventy-first year of his age. Funeral Monday, Sept. 18, at 11 A. M., from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Irving E. Raymond, 13 East 63d St. English and Scotch papers please copy.

SPELMAN.—In Glen Rock, N. J., Sept. 14, 1916, William R., in his 72d year. Funeral private on Monday, Sept. 18, from his late residence, 434 South Maple Av. Please omit flowers. Interment Woodlawn, N. Y.

THOMPSON.—Elizabeth Parmly, wife of the Rev. Isaac M. B. Thompson and daughter of the late Rev. Wheelock H. Parmly, D. D., on Thursday, Sept. 14, 1916. Funeral private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

TORRANCE.—Suddenly, at Kineo, Me., on Sept. 13, Kenneth Torrance, husband of Louise Meisel, son of the late Henry and Sarah Creighton Torrance, aged 53 years. Funeral services at his former home, Tenafly, N. J., 2:15 P. M., Saturday, Sept. 16. Carriages will meet train leaving Erie Railroad, Jersey City, at 1:24. Schenectady papers please copy.

VALENTINE.—Suddenly, at Narragansett Pier, Samuel H. Valentine, son of the late Dr. Samuel Morgan and Virginia Hemsead Valentine. Notice of funeral hereafter.

VON DOHLEN.—On Sept. 15, 1916, at his home, 77 South Clinton St., East Orange, N. J., Theodore, beloved husband of Minnie K., aged 74. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WILSON.—On service in France, on the 13th inst., Lieutenant George Douglas Wilson of 102d London Brigade, R. F. A., senior partner of J. & R. Wilson, Ltd., New York and San Francisco, Cal.

WITHINGTON.—Entered into rest, Sept. 13, 1916, at Christmas Cove, Me., in the 92d year of her age, Maria Roshore, widow of the late Isaac Chandler Withington of Kingston, N. J. Funeral services Saturday, 2 P. M., at the residence of her son, No. 185 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ZABRISKIE.—On Friday, Sept. 15, 1916, at his residence, Barrytown, N. Y., Andrew C. Zabriskie, son of the late Christian A. and Sarah J. Titus. Notice of funeral hereafter.

COLLINS.—May A., 732 Kelly St., Bronx, Sept. 14. Funeral today.

COSTELLO.—Mary, 202 East 26th St., Sept. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

FINAN.—Farrell, 207 West 142d St., Sept. 13. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

FOLKE.—Mary, 257 Avenue B, Sept. 13, aged 49. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

GARVEY.—Annie, 170 East 90th St., Sept. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

GILMARTIN.—Catharine, 307 East 56th St., Sept. 14. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

HAYMAN.—Gustave, Sept. 14. Funeral 2,603 7th Av. tomorrow, 10 A. M.

HICKS.—Dr. John, 1,824 Washington Av., Bronx, Sept. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KIERNAN.—John, 406 East 16th St., Sept. 13. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

KOHLER.—Louise M. C., 2,201 Andrews Av., Sept. 14, aged 60. Funeral notice later.

MARTIN.—Mary, 3,091 Webster Av., Bronx, Sept. 13, aged 69.

McGUINNESS.—Francis, 433 West 16th St., Sept. 13. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

NEWBAUER.—Henry M., Sept. 14. Funeral 905 Grant Av., Bronx, tomorrow, 2 P. M.

O'CONNELL.—Captain John, 213 East 11th St., Sept. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

O'CONNOR.—Peter F., 163 West 4th St., Sept. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PRICE.—Catherine, 515 West 175th St., Sept. 14. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

REDDEN.—Alexander, 440 East 77th St., Sept. 13. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

WALTER.—Adam, 1,329 Theriot Av., Bronx, Sept. 12.

WHITE.—Margaret, 536 West 125th St., Sept. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ACKERMAN.—Hobart, 5,619 5th Av., Sept. 14, aged 53.

BEER.—Morris F., 337 10th St., Sept. 15. Funeral tomorrow.

BOSS.—Henry, 1,138 Jefferson Av., Sept. 14, aged 64.

BERLENZ.—Elisabeth, 234 Adelphi St., Sept. 14.

DULEBOHM.—Irene R., 206 Nassau St., Sept. 13. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DECOWSKY.—Herman, Kings County Hospital, Sept. 13.

FREEMAN.—Alice, 2,115 Avenue I, Sept. 14. Funeral private.

CURTIS.—Anna, 173 Pearl St., Sept. 13. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

CALLAHAN.—Winifred T., 452 45th St., Sept. 14, aged 38.

CULLINGTON.—Marguerite V., 144 Luquer St., Sept. 14.

GRIFFIN.—Francis J., 518 7th St., Sept. 14. Funeral notice later.

HANSON.—Charles W., 14 Jackson Place, Sept. 1[illegible], aged 52.

HADDON.—Mary A., 684 Putnam Av., Sept. 14, aged 78. Funeral private.

HOERE.—Catherine, 65 4th Av., Sept. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

JACKSON.—John, 86 Rodney St., Sept. 15.

KREUTZER.—Katherine, 287 Sterling St., Sept. 14. Funeral Sept. 18.

LEONARD.—James, 434 Willoughby Av., Sept. 14.

MAURER.—Andrew, 1,214 Hancock St., Sept. 13, aged 82. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—Mary E., 260 Nostrand Av., Sept. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Hoboken.

FUESSEL.—Robert C., 295 West St., Sept. 14, aged 45.

ROBBIANI.—Edgar B., 513 Highpoint Av., Sept. 13, aged 3.

SAHR.—Eva, 705 Park Av., Sept. 14, aged 53.

Long Island.

CASSIDY.—Joseph N., 80 East Av., Long Island City, Sept. 12, aged 5.

EGAN.—Johanna B., 303 11th Av., Astoria, Sept. 12, aged 43.

GUTHEIL.—Elizabeth, Great Neck, Sept. 14, aged 78. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

HARRIS.—Julia P., Port Washington, Sept. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HENNING.—Louisa M., 60 Halsey St., Astoria, Sept. 13.

HEUSER.—Henry, Flushing, Sept. 14. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MAHONY.—Philip, Brooklyn Hills, Sept. 14. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

RYAN.—Lizzie L., Hollis, Sept. 13. Funeral private.

SCHILLING.—August H. C., 101 Camelia St., Astoria, Sept. 13, aged 85.

SCHWANK.—Catherine A., Elmhurst, Sept. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SWEENEY.—John J., Elmhurst, Sept. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

McCREADY.—The solemn unveiling of the monument erected by his friends and the parishioners of Holy Cross Church to the memory of their late and venerated pastor, the Rt. Rev. Monsignor Charles McCready, will take place on Sunday afternoon, 3 o'clock, in Section 9, Calvary Cemetery. Friends and former parishioners are invited.

STOLZ.—Unveiling memorial to the late Lieutenant Melvin L. Stolz, U. S. N., Sunday, Sept. 17, at 3:30 P. M., at Mount Neboh Cemetery, Cypress Hills, Brooklyn.

SULLIVAN.—James E, died Sept. 16, 1914.
Sincerely missed and mourned by youth of all the land.
For whom unceasingly he ever worked and planned,
He rests within the tomb so lovingly prepared,
By friends and fellow-workers with whom his life was shared,
Who deemed that work no trivial thing to benefit mankind,
In grateful recognition still to keep his name in mind.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolleys. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York. Lots of small size for sale.

Brenze Memorial Tablets
Designs and Estimates Furnished. Jno. Williams, Inc., Bronze Foundry, 556 West 27th Street, New York. Write Dept. A for our illustrated booklet. Free.

BROOKLYN TEAM INCREASES ITS LEAD IN NATIONAL LEAGUE RACE BY ONE PROLIFIC INNING

ROBINS BEAT STORM IN BEATING PIRATES

Marquard Hastily Disposes of Buccaneers in Fifth and Saves 8 to 1 Score.

WHEAT CLEARS BASES

Zach's Circuit Wallop Brings in Four Tallies—Dodgers Gain a Precious Half Game in Race.

It was easy enough for the Dodgers to beat the disheartened Pirates yesterday, so far as making runs went, but Rube Marquard in the box had to speed to the limit to retire the visitors in the fifth before the clouds that hovered over Ebbets Field broke and put an end to hostilities with the Dodgers on the long end of an 8 to 1 score. The satisfying lead had been obtained in the fruitful second inning when every man of the home contingent faced the opposing pitchers and walloped them to their hearts' content.

Elmer Jacobs had been chosen to try and head off the Dodgers from taking the final and deciding game of the series, but the ferocious Superbas took to his curves so kindly that four runs were over the plate and the bases full when Zach Wheat came up to partake in the feast. Wheat was due for a hit that would complete a score of twenty-eight games in which he had slapped the ball for a safety.

Jacobs, apparently, was too easy, so Manager Callahan substituted Evans in the hope that he would check Robbie's slugger. Evans got two strikes on Zach, the second of which was a tremendous wallop to the right field in the form of a foul. The next ball was the one picked out by Zacharias for business purposes. He swung fiercely and met the ball squarely, but this time the sphere sailed far and away to left field, hitting the B. C. sign with a bang. Wheat ran almost as fast as the ball flew through the air and when he pulled up at the home plate after clearing the bases of his mates he was almost treading on the heels of Jake Daubert, who started with a lead off first base. It was a spectacular home run and the crowd yelled in delight as the four men raced home, making a luscious total of eight runs for the inning.

Marquard Beats the Rain.

Dramatic as was the moment when Wheat banged out the homer it had its counterpart as far as excitement went when after a spell of zeros McCarthy came to bat in the fifth inning of the Pirates. There was no doubt that the dense black curtain was ready to pour forth its moist contents and put a damper on the hopes of Brooklyn's winning unless the Buccaneers could be made to retire to the bench before the deluge came.

As it turned out a hit would have delayed the game long enough for the umpire to call the fray off, but Marquard was equal to the occasion. There were less than 2,000 persons present, but they made noise enough for 20,000 as the Rube sizzled each successive ball over the plate with telling effect.

McCarthy was the first to fall under his spell with a fly that was quickly gathered by Stengel. W. Wagner wasted a little more time before he left the game by the strike-out route and the cheers rose to the dignity of a demonstration when Evans flied to Stengel and put the issue beyond doubt.

The finish came with two out in Brooklyn's half of the fifth, and was a lucky one for the Dodgers, as it meant half a game more lead over the three teams nearest in the pennant race. The games started by Philadelphia, Boston and the Giants were all called, and through the arrangement of the schedule there will be no further opportunity for them to be played. By the addition of this precious half game the Superbas now have an advantage of two full games on Philadelphia, with the Braves a game further behind.

Marquard pitched a splendid game, allowing three hits in the five innings, and there was some cavilling at Umpire Harrison over the decision which gave a safety to Warner to start the opening chapter, and which later was converted into a run by Bigbee's sacrifice and Carey's double to left field.

Dodgers Try a Trick.

The pity of it was that the Brooklyn infielders were attempting the trick made famous by Connie Mack's men—the throw of Collins to Barry to McInnis—and nearly every one present except Harrison appeared to think that they had successfully duplicated the manoeuvre. Warner hit over second base and Cutshaw, racing for the ball, nabbed it with his bare hand. He had no time to turn round, but shipped it to Olson, who shot it over to Daubert with lightning-like rapidity.

It was a close race between the runner and the ball, but Harrison gave Warner the benefit of the doubt, making up for the decision rendered against him earlier in the week, when he was put out of the game for arguing. More damage might have resulted in this frame but for a splendid catch by Myers of Hinchman's long fly to centre field. Hi had to run back to get it, and got under it just in the nick of time to save a three-bagger, or possibly a home run. Mowrey threw out Wagner to end the vicious start.

Cutshaw began the attack on Jacobs in the second with a single to right, and Mowrey followed with a safe hit to left. Olson picked out the second bag as his objective point with signal success, as the ball fell safe and Cutshaw crossed the plate. Chief Meyers was only strong enough to pop a Texas Leaguer over short, so the runners had to wait for Marquard's single through the box before Mowrey and Olson raced home.

Myers also hit safely by the pitcher, and on Daubert's single to left Chief Meyers arrived tardily at the home plate. Stengel broke up the succession of hits by flying to Carey, and the dependable Wheat came up to clear the bases with his opportune home run. That was enough for one day, as Cutshaw on his second turn at the bat flied out to Hinchman, and Mowrey popped an easy one to Honus Wagner. The score:

BROOKLYN (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PITTSBURGH (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
H. Myers, cf	3	1	1	2	0	Warner, 3b	2	1	2	2	1
Daubert, 1b	3	1	2	4	0	Bigbee, 2b	1	0	0	0	0
Stengel, rf	3	0	1	2	0	Carey, cf	2	0	1	2	0
Wheat, lf	3	1	1	2	0	H'chman, lf	2	0	0	0	1
Cutshaw, 2b	3	1	1	1	1	J. W'gner, 1b	2	0	0	5	0
Mowrey, 3b	3	1	1	0	1	Schulte, rf	2	0	0	2	0
Olson, ss	2	1	1	0	1	M'Carthy, ss	2	0	0	3	2
J. Meyers, c	2	1	2	4	0	W. W'gner, c	2	0	0	0	0
Marquard, p	2	1	2	0	1	Jacobs, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Evans, p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	24	8	12	15	4	Total	17	1	3	*14	5

*Two out when game was called.

Brooklyn	0	8	0	0	0	—8
Pittsburgh	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hit—Carey. Home run—Wheat. Sacrifice hit—Bigbee. Double play—Warner, McCarthy, and J. Wagner. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 2; Brooklyn, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Jacobs, 6 hits, 5 runs in one and one-third innings; off Evans, 6 hits, 3 runs in three and one-third innings; off Marquard, 1 run. Struck out—By Marquard, 2. Time of game—Fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Harrison.

American Association.

Louisville, 4; Milwaukee, 2.
Kansas City, 9; Indianapolis, 5.
Toledo, 9; St. Paul, 0.
Minneapolis, 10; Columbus, 0.

Eastern League.

Springfield, 6; Worcester, 5, (eight innings, rain.)

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
(No game; rain in fourth inning.)
Brooklyn, 8; Pittsburgh, 1.
(Five innings.)
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
(Game postponed; rain.)
Chicago at Boston.
(Game postponed; rain.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, 4; New York, 2.
Boston, 8; St. Louis, 3.
Chicago, 3; Washington, 2.
Cleveland, 3; Philadelphia, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	80	54	.597
Philadelphia	77	55	.583
Boston	75	55	.577
New York	68	62	.523
Pittsburg	64	72	.471
Chicago	62	76	.449
St. Louis	60	79	.432
Cincinnati	53	86	.381

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	79	58	.577
Detroit	81	60	.575
Chicago	80	60	.571
New York	72	66	.522
St. Louis	73	68	.518
Cleveland	72	69	.511
Washington	68	68	.500
Philadelphia	30	106	.221

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at New York.
(Two games; first at 1:30 P. M.)
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
(Two games; first at 1:30 P. M.)
Chicago at Philadelphia.
(Two games.)
St. Louis at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Cleveland.
Boston at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Washington at St. Louis.

RED SOX BUSY WITH BATS.

Register Fifteen Hits Off Six Brown Pitchers and Win, 8 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 15.—Boston easily defeated St. Louis in the last game of the season with the Browns here today, 8 to 3. Hard hitting marked the contest throughout, Gardner leading for the visitors with three hits and a walk in the five times he faced St. Louis pitchers. Manager Jones used twenty players, including six pitchers. The score:

BOSTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	ST. LOUIS, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper, rf	3	3	2	1	1	Shotton, lf	2	1	0	0	0
Janvrin, 2b	5	0	1	2	5	Miller, rf	5	0	2	2	0
Walker, cf	1	1	1	0	0	Sisler, 1b	5	0	2	11	1
Shorten, cf	3	0	2	0	0	Pratt, 2b	4	1	2	6	6
Gainer, 1b	1	0	0	2	0	Marsans, cf	3	0	1	8	0
Hoblitz'l, 1b	4	2	2	12	0	Rumler, c	1	0	1	2	1
Lewis, lf	4	1	0	4	0	Hartley, c	0	0	0	0	1
Gardner, 3b	4	0	3	2	3	Severeid, c	2	0	0	2	0
Scott, ss	4	0	1	2	2	Austin, 3b	3	0	0	0	2
Thomas, c	5	0	2	2	2	Lavan, ss	4	0	0	0	3
Foster, p	2	1	1	0	0	Koop, p	0	0	0	0	0
Mays, p	2	0	0	0	4	Davenport, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	8	15	27	17	Hamilton, p	0	0	0	0	0
						aBorton	1	0	0	0	0
						Fincher, p	0	0	0	1	2
						bLee	1	1	1	0	0
						Park, p	0	0	0	0	0
						cTobin	1	0	0	0	0
						McCabe, p	0	0	0	0	2
						dPaulette	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	33	3	9	27	18

a-Batted for Hamilton in the third inning.
b-Batted for Fincher in the fifth inning.
c-Batted for Park in the sixth inning.
d-Batted for McCabe in the ninth inning.
Errors—Pratt, Rumler, Severeid.

Boston	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	—8
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Foster, Pratt. Stolen bases—Walker, Lewis, Hooper, Scott, Shorten. Sacrifice hits—Foster, Hooper. Double plays—Lavan, Pratt, and Sisler; Scott, Janvrin, and Hoblitzell; Mays, Thomas, and Hoblitzell; Austin, Pratt, and Sisler. Left on bases—Boston, 10; St. Louis, 10. First base on error—Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Foster, 4; off Mays, 3; off Koob, 2; off Davenport, 1; off Hamilton, 1; off McCabe, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Foster, 6 hits and 3 runs in four and one-third innings; off Davenport, 4 hits and 1 run in one and one-third inning; off Mays, 3 hits and no run in four and two-thirds innings; off Hamilton, 1 hit and 1 run in one inning; off Koob, 2 hits and 1 run in two-thirds inning; off Fincher, 4 hits and 1 run in two innings; off Park, 1 hit and no runs in one inning; off McCabe, 3 hits and no runs in three innings. Struck out—By Mays, 1; by Davenport, 1; by McCabe, 1. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Dineen.

WILD PITCH SETTLES GAME.

Senators Headed by White Sox Through Thomas's Blunder.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—A wild pitch by Thomas gave Chicago the final game of the year with Washington today, 3 to 2. Thomas replaced Shaw in the ninth inning after Terry had doubled down the third base line. Lapp sent Terry to third on a sacrifice, and Thomas cut loose with the wild pitch, Terry romping home with the winning run. Cicotte was in fine form and allowed Washington only three scattered hits. The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	WASHINGTON (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
J. Collins, rf	4	0	1	2	0	Leonard, 3b	4	0	0	4	0
Weaver, 3b	4	1	1	3	3	Foster, 2b	4	0	0	2	6
E. Collins, 2b	3	0	1	1	3	Milan, cf	4	0	1	4	2
Jackson, lf	4	0	2	3	0	Smith, rf	3	0	0	1	0
Leibold, cf	3	0	0	2	1	Shanks, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Ness, 1b	4	1	1	9	0	Judge, 1b	3	0	0	11	0
Terry, ss	4	1	2	1	0	Morgan, ss	2	1	1	1	4
Lapp, c	[illegible]	0	1	6	2	Henry, c	1	0	0	0	2
Cicotte, p	[illegible]	0	1	0	3	Shaw, p	3	0	0	0	2
aMurphy	[illegible]	0	0	0	0	Thomas, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	3	10	27	12	Total	28	2	3	*25	16

*One out when winning run was scored.
a-Batted for Cicotte in the ninth inning.
Errors—Terry, Cicotte, Leonard, Morgan.

Chicago	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3
Washington	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Terry. Three-base hits—Morgan, E. Collins. Stolen bases—E. Collins, Jackson, Weaver. Sacrifice hit—Lapp. Sacrifice flies—Henry, 2. Double plays—Leibold, E. Collins, Lapp, and Weaver; Foster and Judge. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Washington, 3. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Cicotte, 2; off Shaw, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Shaw, 10 hits and 3 runs in 8 1-3 innings; off Cicotte, 3 hits and 1 run in 9 innings. Struck out—By Cicotte, 5. Wild pitch—Thomas. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Connolly.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	—6	12	3
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1	11	2

Newark at Providence; postponed, rain.
Baltimore at Richmond; postponed, rain.
Rochester at Montreal; postponed; rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Buffalo	82	57	.590
Providence	73	62	.541
Montreal	72	64	.529
Baltimore	73	65	.529
Toronto	72	66	.522
Richmond	63	74	.460
Rochester	60	75	.444
Newark	52	84	.382

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Newark at Providence.
Baltimore at Richmond.
Buffalo at Toronto.
(Two games.)
Rochester at Montreal.

Boxing Bouts Tonight.

Fairmont A. C.—Billy De Voe vs. Young Rector; Willie Warren vs. Young Marquard. Both ten-round bouts.

Broadway S. C., Brooklyn.—Frank Carbone vs. Silent Martin. Ten rounds.

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YANKS' FLOURISH AT START FUTILE

Tigers Soon Overcome Two-Run Lead of the First Inning and Win by 4 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15.—The Yankees started out as though they were going to knock little George Dauss's suit clean off his angular frame today, slamming out four vicious hits and scoring two runs in the first inning before the startled Tigers could retire the side. Although the Bengal twirler was in frequent holes thereafter, he managed to squirm out without allowing further scoring, and the Highlanders lost the final game of the series by a score of 4 to 2.

Donovan's men outhit the Tigers, but the latter were more fortunate in bunching their bingles, the bulk of which went to three players, Cobb, Bush, and Heilman. Ty partially atoned for his failure to hit in the two previous games by banging out two singles and a double. Bush, however, was the batting star of the afternoon, getting two triples and a single in four attempts.

Mogridge pitched a very creditable brand of ball for the Highlanders, giving several exhibitions of gameness. In round three he disposed of the terrible trio, Cobb, Veach, and Crawford, with Bush on third base. Miller, Peck, and Baker featured with the hickory for the Highlanders, Miller's first hit being responsible for his team's only runs. The only error, a wild throw to first by Gedeon, was made while that player was off balance after picking up Heilman's infield bounder.

Hughie High was again forced to retire in favor of Baumann. As in Tuesday's game, Hughie grabbed off a batting average of 1,000, giving way to Paddy in the first round after slamming out a slashing single.

The Highlanders made almost half their hits in the first round. After Dauss had thrown out Magee, High singled to left. On the hit and run Peck singled to right, Hughie stopping at second. Pipp singled to right, and High, handicapped by his lame ankle, was caught at the plate. Peck went to third and Pipp to second on the play. Baker was purposely passed, filling the bases. Peeved over this reflection on his batting ability, Miller singled sharply to centre, scoring Peck and Pipp. Baker was out attempting to steal third.

Heilman inaugurated the Tigers' second stanza with an infield bounder, which Gedeon hurled past Pipp, the runner taking second. Gedeon threw out Young, Heilman making third. He scored while Peck was flagging Stanage.

Detroit tied it in the third, which Vitt opened by drawing a pass. He registered on Bush's triple down the right field foul line. Peck held Bush at third while he threw Cobb out. Veach fanned, and Crawford flied to Magee. In New York's half Magee doubled to the scoreboard as a starter, but died there, the next three being unable to help.

Bush again tripled in the fifth with one down, and registered on Cobb's double to left. Ty stole third, but was left when Veach again fanned, and Crawford went out to Pipp unassisted.

Alexander, first up in New York's seventh, hit to right, but was caught at third trying to stretch it, on a fine relay by Young.

The Tigers' fourth run came in the seventh, Vitt opening it with a single to centre. Bush skied to Magee, but Cobb, on the hit and run play, singled to right, sending Vitt to third. The run counted on Veach's long fly to Magee. The score:

DETROIT, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	NEW YORK, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Vitt, 3b	3	2	1	2	4	Magee, cf	4	0	1	4	0
Bush, ss	4	1	3	1	3	High, lf	1	0	1	0	0
Cobb, cf	4	0	3	0	0	Baumann, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Veach, lf	3	0	0	4	0	P'paugh, ss	4	1	2	1	2
Crawford, rf	4	0	0	1	0	Pipp, 1b	4	1	1	10	1
Heilman, 1b	4	1	2	13	2	F. Baker, 3b	3	0	2	0	2
Young, 2b	3	0	1	2	3	Miller, rf	3	0	2	2	0
Stanage, c	4	0	0	5	1	Gedeon, 2b	3	0	2	2	0
Dauss, p	3	0	0	0	3	Alexander, c	3	0	1	3	1
						Mogridge, p	3	0	0	1	5
						aMaisel	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	4	10	27	17	Total	32	2	10	24	12

a-Batted for Gedeon in the ninth inning.
Error—Gedeon.

Detroit	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	..	—4
New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Magee, Peckinpaugh, Alexander, Cobb. Three-base hits—Bush, (2.) Stolen bases—Miller, Cobb, (2.) Sacrifice hit—Miller. Sacrifice fly—Veach. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; New York, 6. Bases on balls—Off Mogridge, 2; off Dauss, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Mogridge, 10 hits and 3 runs in eight innings; off Dauss, 10 hits and 2 runs in nine innings. Hit by pitcher—By Dauss, (Alexander.) Struck out—By Mogridge, 3; by Dauss, 3. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Nallin and O'Loughlin.

Queensboro Kennel Show Today.

The Queensboro Kennel Club Show, which will be held at Links Park today, will have more than 400 entries. The exhibition will be the first American Kennel Club show held by this club, and many prominent owners will exhibit.

The following are the number of dogs entered in the several breeds: Bulldogs, 50; Pekingese, 35; Bostons, 34; Pomeranians, 25; English toys, 24; French bulldogs, 25; Airedales, 20; Great Danes, 22, and St. Bernards, 15.

RAIN TIMELY FOR GIANTS.

Reds in Lead, but Game Does Not Count—Matty Gets a Gift.

A timely rainstorm saved the Giants' winning streak at the Polo Grounds yesterday. The Cincinnati Reds were in the lead by a score of 2 to 0 when the shower came and ended the proceedings. The game goes as no contest, and the sad part of it all is that there will be no chance to play the game off.

The Giants were on their way to the tenth straight victory when the moisture came. It was as dark as perdition, and the general atmosphere around Coogan's Bluff gave the impression that doom's day was near at hand. The Reds had the Giants on the run, to be sure, but there is no telling what might have happened if the clan of McGraw had had a chance to go the full nine innings.

There was one saving note to the day's proceedings. Joe Humphries made a speech. The why and the wherefore of Joe's speech was as follows: Old Chris Mathewson, who is now exiled to Cincinnati in the rôle of manager, was the recipient of a present. By popular subscription several hundred dollars were collected to show Big Six just where he stood in this town. Matty was consulted and his choice for a gift was an oil painting.

Just what the subject of the painting will be hasn't been decided. It may be a Rembrandt or a Gainsborough or a John Sargent. Who can tell? Or, if Matty doesn't want any highbrow art in his drawing room, perhaps he can get Jimmy Powers or Tad to paint him a classic to hang right over the Persian divan.

As far as the ball game goes, the Reds got a run in the opening stanza. Neale singled to left and Groh was tossed out at first by Zim. Roush singled to right, and when McCarty made a bad peg to second Neale romped home. Another run came over in the fourth, when, with one gone, Louden was hit by one of Pol Perritt's rampant curves. He stole second and went to third while Wingo was being thrown out at first. Without a word of warning Louden then stole home, much to the surprise of the Giants and Mr. McGraw.

The rain checks which were given out at yesterday's game will be recognized at the gate at future games.

INDIAN RECRUITS DO WELL.

Two New Pitchers Win Last of Eleven Home Games from Macks.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 15.—Effective pitching by two Cleveland recruits enabled Cleveland to defeat Philadelphia by 3 to 2 today. Cleveland thus made a clean sweep of the eleven games played by Philadelphia here this year. Pitcher Smith drove in Cleveland's winning run with a single in the ninth inning. The score:

CLEVELAND, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney, lf	4	0	3	2	0	Witt, ss	4	1	2	0	6
Barbare, 3b	4	0	1	0	3	McElwee, rf	3	0	0	2	1
Speaker, cf	3	0	0	2	0	Grover, 2b	4	0	1	4	1
Allison, rf	4	1	1	0	0	Strunk, cf	4	1	2	0	0
W'gans, ss	4	0	0	4	3	Schang, lf	4	0	1	2	0
Guisto, 1b	3	0	1	12	0	McInnis, 1b	3	0	0	12	1
Chapman, 2b	3	1	2	3	3	Pick, 3b	3	0	2	3	4
De Berry, c	3	0	2	3	1	Haley, c	3	0	0	2	1
O'Neill, c	1	0	0	1	0	Sheehan, p	3	0	0	0	4
Penner, p	2	0	0	0	4	Total	31	2	8	*25	18
Smith, p	1	0	1	0	1						
aMoeller	0	1	0	0	0						
bRoth	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	33	3	11	27	15						

*One out when winning run was scored.
a-Ran for De Berry in seventh inning.
b-Batted for Penner in seventh inning.
Errors—Wambsganss, Penner, Grover.

Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	—3
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Barbare, De Berry, (2,) Schang. Stolen bases—Graney, Strunk, (2.) Sacrifice hit—McElwee. Sacrifice fly—Chapman. Double plays—Pick, McInnis, Grover, and Haley; McElwee, Sheehan, and Pick; Guisto, (unassisted;) Penner, Wambsgans, and Guisto. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; Philadelphia, 3. First base on error—Cleveland, 1. Bases on balls—Off Sheehan, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Penner, 6 hits and 1 run in seven innings; off Smith, 2 hits and no run in two innings; off Sheehan, 11 hits and 2 runs in eight and one-third innings. Struck out—By Penner, 3; by Smith, 1; by Sheehan, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Owen and Evans.

WELSH TO BOX CLINE HERE.

Ten-Round Bout Is Arranged at Empire A. C. for Oct. 12.

The next appearance in this city of Freddie Welsh, holder of the lightweight championship, will be at the Empire Athletic Club in Harlem, where he is scheduled to box Irish Patsy Cline in the feature ten-round bout on Oct. 12. This announcement was made at the club Thursday night. It will mark Welsh's first appearance in this city since his victory over Charlie White.

The club's next show will be staged on Oct. 5, when Benny Leonard, whose knockout victory over Frankie Conifrey stirred the latter's enthusiasts into a small-sized riot, will oppose Johnny Harvey, the Italian lightweight of Harlem.

PLAYERS DRAFTED BY MAJOR LEAGUES

Connie Mack Draws Twelve, the Largest Number; Yanks Get Five and Giants Two.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 15.—Seventy-four minor league players were drafted by the major leagues at the meeting of the National Baseball Commission and representatives of every major league club here today. Of this number the American League obtained forty-seven and the National twenty-seven. These latter figures do not signify that the American League was proportionately more lucky in the draw than the National, but that President Johnson's organization had in a large majority of the drafts, the Philadelphia Americans alone making an effort to obtain twenty-six youngsters through this method of baseball precedure.

Of the twenty-six that Connie Mack attempted to get twelve were forthcoming to him when the drawing of lots had ben completed. He was surpassed, however, by the Chicago Americans, who obtained fourteen players. Next in point of number came the Cleveland Americans and the Chicago Nationals with seven each, while the New York Americans corralled five. Cincinnati, Brooklyn, and the St. Louis Americans each obtained four, while Detroit, Boston Nationals, and Pittsburgh came away with three each. The New York Nationals, St. Louis Nationals, Philadelphia Nationals, and Washington each received two, while the Boston Americans retired from the meeting room at the end of the draw without a single player.

That the minor league field has been picked over rather thoroughly for good material through the process of purchase, was indicated by the fact that in no individual case was there an exceptionally keen competition, the majority of the players being drafted by a single club. The Cleveland club originally drafted Haas of Wikes-Barre, but waived their draft on him, and he was obtained by the Chicago Americans. The same thing happened to McTigue of Toronto, who was originally drafted by the New York Nationals, but went to the Chicago Nationals when New York cancelled its draft.

When the official list was compiled late today it was discovered that the Philadelphia Americans had obtained Schauer from Louisville; that the Cleveland club obtained Dickerson from Dotham, and that Flannagin had gone to the Chicago Nationals from Muscatine, Iowa.

The commission decided to leace the world series tickets proposition to Chairman Herrimann. If, on Sept. 25, Chairman Herrimann believes it would be wise to have the tickets printed in order to save time, he was given the power to notify the management of the three teams who are then leading in the two races, the National and American Leagues, that they were privileged to have the tickets printed.

A partial list of the drafts follows:

Petty, San Antonio, Cleveland first, Detroit second, New York Americans third; Plitt, Portland, Me., St. Louis Americans; Ray, Newport News, Chicago Americans; Reuther, Spokane, Chicago Nationals first, Cincinnati second, (only two drafts;) Ring, Utica, Cincinnati; Roberts, Owensboro, Chicago Americans; Shaw, Macon, Ga., New York Americans; Smith, Oklahoma City, Philadelphia Americans; Snyder, Macon, Brooklyn; Teague of the Rocky Mountains, Chicago Americans; Wolf, Duluth, Chicago Nationals; the St. Louis Nationals selected De Fate from Topeka; Bigler of Gettysburg to St. Louis Americans; Bratcli, Muskegon, Philadelphia Americans; Freen, Rockford, Ill., Chicago Americans; Carlson, Rockford, Chicago Americans; Carmichael, Paris, Texas, Philadelphia Nationals; Causey, Waco, Texas, New York Nationals; Daugherty, Wilkes-Barre, Penn., Detroit; Dunning, Portland, Me., Brooklyn first, Detroit second, Cincinnati third.

Eller, Moline, Ill., Cincinnati; Ellis, Fargo, Pittsburgh first, Brooklyn second, (only two drafts;) Gardinier, Newport News, St. Louis Nationals; Gleason, Lynn, Mass., Pittsburgh; Fitzsimmons, Butte, Mont., Brooklyn; Gerner, Reading, Penn., Cincinnati; Haas, Wilkesbarre, Cleveland first, Chicago Americans second, Boston Nationals third; Hammond, Springfield, Mass., Boston Nationals; Heatley, Tulsa, Okla., Detroit; Henry, Petersburg, Va., Chicago Americans; Hill, Waco, Texas, Philadelphia Americans first, Chicago Americans second, Pittsburgh third; Horne, Wellsville, N. Y., Philadelphia Americans; Leking, Wheeling, W. Va., Pittsburgh first, New York Nationals second, Chicago Americans third; Knaupp, Shreveport, La., New York Nationals; Lake, Newport News, Chicago Americans; McCanvess, Dallas, Texas, Boston Nationals; Maylor, McAllister, Okla., Philadelphia Americans; O'Farrell, Peoria, Ill., Chicago Nationals first; Chicago Americans second, (only two drafts;) O'Rourke, Utica, N. Y., Cincinnati; Pennington, Lawrence, Mass., St. Louis Americans first, Philadelphia Americans second (only two drafts.)

TIGERS GET SIGNAL DRILL.

Rush Puts Tentative Line-Up on Gridiron for Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE MINNEWASKA, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Princeton football candidates were put through their first signal drill of the season here this morning in a drizzling rain. It rained so hard in the afternoon and the players' togs were so wet that the practice was called off altogether. Coach Rush had his men out rolling in the mud this morning principally to assumtom them to a muddy and slippery field. Long conferences between coaches and players were held in the morning, afternoon and evening.

In the first lineup that was selected by Coach Rush to run through signals this morning, Moore, Brown, and Driggs made up the backfield trio, with Cyril Haas as quarterback. Haas and Brown are new men in the positoins, but fit in well and will probably be used in the early season games, at least. This is probably the strongest combination that could be gotten together at present for the backfield, although Dave Tibbott will have to fit in somewhere back of the line. There are several quarterbacks, including Ames and Eberstadt, who have not yet put in an appearance at the camp.

Wilson and Rahill were on the extremities of the line today. Several ends, including Highley, have not come out yet. Latrobe and Sinclair were at the tackle positoins with Hogg and Charles, the guards, and Gennert the centre.

Cruikshank, the former Washington Jefferson all-American centre, arrived at the camp last evening and took the centres under his wing this morning. Dave Tibbott also put in an appearance today but was too late to get in the morning practice.

SHORT SCRIMMAGE FOR YALE ELEVENS

Ames Handles 'Varsity, Which Scores Once in Ten-Minute Practice with Scrubs.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 15.—Battling through fifteen minutes' strenuous scrimmaging, the Yale 'Varsity and second eleven today played their first practice game since the squad reported ten days ago. A light rain fell and the ground was soft, preventing long runs by either side. The regulars scored once, the veteran Harry Legore having the honor of taking the ball over the scrub line for the first touchdown of the season on a five-yard straight line plunge.

The 'Varsity reached the scrub ten-yard line a second time but was held. A feature of the game was a clever forward pass, tossed by Bob Bingham, from halfback, to Art Gates at left end. This netted thirty yards and was the only pass used during the session.

No change from yesterday's lineup was ordered by Head Coach Tad Jones, except at fullback, where Rex Hutchinson was given a day off; Emil Jacques, substitute halfback last year, replacing him. As Jacques is about thirty pounds lighter than Hutchinson, the plunging plays of the 'Varsity were less effective than with Hutchinson, a 200-pound line borer, carrying the ball.

Ames again ran the eleven and showed dashing field generalship. He has already been given the call on several occasions instead of the veteran Howell Van Nostrand and Bill Robinson, who seemed in the lead in the competition for quarterback when the squad reported.

John Field was the only addition to the visiting coaching staff. Lonny Stagg, the University of Chicago coach, and Henry Hobbs, the former Yale tackle, who have been here all the week, assisting the resident Yale coaching staff, left town tonight. Stagg will immediately return to Chicago to organize the Maroon gridiron squad.

LAWS A FIND FOR RUTGERS.

Brooklyn Boy's Expert Toe Arouses Admiration of Sanford.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Sept. 15.—Coach Foster Sanford of Rutgers believes he has found a crack drop kicker in the person of Laws, a Brooklyn boy, who was well known in scholastic football circles there last year. Laws kicked two field goals from the forty-yard line yesterday, and in twelve tries from the thirty-fve-yard line he dropped the ball over the posts ten times.



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SEMI-FINALS REACHED IN PIPING ROCK GOLF TOURNAMENT

BARNES AND CARTER SUCCUMB TO WHITE

Flushing Golfer Plays Jekyl-Hyde Game, Yet Survives Two Rounds at Piping Rock.

ILL-FATE PURSUES CARTER

Reaches Turn 4 Down, Although He Has Low Score of 38—White to Play Curtis Today.

Gardiner W. White of Flushing survived the first two rounds of match play in the annual Piping Rock invitation tournament yesterday, but in doing so he gave an exhibition of Jekyl-Hyde golfing that was the wonder of his fellow-contestants. In the morning, against Phil Carter, he went to the turn in 33, came back in 38, for a total of 71, and won his match 3 and 2. In the afternoon he went to the turn in 43, came back in 39, for a total of 82, and won from E. Mortimer Barnes, 2 up. His Dr. Jekyll morning round would have enabled him to give his Mr. Hyde impersonation in the afternoon a handicap of a stroke a hole to the turn, and would still leave the first round player 1 up at the turn.

Phil Carter was surely running in bad luck when he reached the turn in 38, normally good going, and was 4 down to a player who holed every putt and took only 33 strokes for the nine holes. It might have been a 32 but for the fact that Carter laid White a stymie on the sixth hole. The Flushing golfer knocked Carter's ball into the cup and took a 5 where he was putting for a 4. This gift was the only hole that Carter won on the outward journey.

It was not miraculous putting that gave White his wonderful score to the turn, for a twenty-footer on the first hole was the only long putt that he was called upon to make. Most of his approaches left him dead to the pin for a chance at a stroke under par, and he made good use of his chances. He came home in two strokes over par, taking three putts on the fifteenth green, and missing the short seventeenth green on his pitch from the tee. The North and South amateur champion came back in 37, for a total of 75, and reduced White's margin so that the final result was 3 up and 2 to play.

White Could Have Made Record.

Had White taken the trouble to hole all his putts on his inward journey he would have established a new amateur record for the course and equaled the professional record of 71, held by Jim Maiden of Nassau. The cards of the match were as follows:

Gardiner White—
Out ....3 4 3 4 4 5 4 3 3—33
In ....5 3 4 4 4 5 4 4 5—38—71
Philip V. G. Carter—
Out ....5 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 4—38
In ....4 3 5 4 4 4 4 3 6—37—75

Carter, White, and E. Mortimer Barnes tied for the low score medal yesterday at 76, and the luck of the draw found them grouped at the top of the sheet. Having disposed of the Nassau golfer, White was called upon to cross niblicks with Barnes in the afternoon, the Englewood player having put in a busy morning defeating Hamilton Kerr, former Connecticut champion, 1 up on a match that went to the last putt on the home green.

For medalists their play was anything but exemplary. Each seemed insistent upon handing the game to the other player. White was short on his approach shots to the first four greens, and yet he was 1 up at the fifth hole because Barnes either got in traps on his long shots or took three putts on the greens. In spite of getting into the bunker to the right of the seventh green, however, the Englewood player pitched out dead to the hole, and won it in a stroke under par. White met with trouble along this stretch, and reached the turn in forty-three strokes, 2 down to Barnes.

Coming in, he took three putts on the eleventh, the thirteenth, and the fourteenth greens, yet he halved two of these holes and won the other. Barnes was having all sorts of difficulty in keeping on the fairway, and required 46 strokes to make the inward journey, the sixteenth hole alone contributing an approximate eight to his card. He carried the match to the home hole, however, but here he spoiled his chances of squaring the match by skying his tee shot and putting his approach into a bunker left of the green, White winning 2 up.

White to Meet J. F. Curtis.

Herbert Harriman, former national amateur champion, and Percy R. Pyne, 2d, former intercollegiate champion, are the two players left in the lower half of the first sixteen. In the upper half White will be opposed by another former intercollegiate champion, J. F. Curtis of Essex County Club, Massachusetts, whose golfing ability is more or less well known and recognized as a family trait.

A remarkably heavy shower in the late afternoon drenched the few golfers who were still on the links, yet the ardor of Malcolm Stevenson in the beaten eight of the first division could not be cooled until Clifford Dunning defeated him on the nineteenth green, where caddies and players were so wet that they were nearly washed away.

The summaries:

FIRST SIXTEEN.—First Round—G. W. White, Flushing, defeated Philip V. G. Carter, Nassau, 3 and 2; E. M. Barnes, Englewood, defeated Hamilton K. Kerr, Ekwanok, 1 up; J. F. Curtis, Essex County, Mass., defeated Stuart Stickney, St. Louis, 6 and 5; John M. Ward, Garden City, defeated W. L. Hicks, Nassau, 2 and 1; Eric S. Winston, Piping Rock, defeated C. A. Dunning, Nassau, 4 and 3; H. M. Harriman, Piping Rock, defeated Malcolm Stevenson, Piping Rock, 5 and 4; G. C. Greenway, National, defeated R. Downing, Jr., Wheatley Hills, 5 and 4; Percy R. Pyne, 2d, Princeton, defeated Drew Fletchter, Nassau, 2 and 1.

Second Round—White defeated Barnes, 2 up; Curtis defeated Ward, 4 and 3; Harriman defeated Winston, 3 and 2; Pyne defeated Greenway, 6 and 5.

BEATEN EIGHT OF FIRST SIXTEEN.—First Round—Carter won from Kerr by default, Hicks won from Stickney by default, Dunning defeated Stevenson, 1 up (19 holes); Downing defeated Fletcher, 5 and 4.

SECOND SIXTEEN—First Round.—J. G. Bates, Morris County, defeated T. H. Frothingham, Somerset Hills, 6 and 5; J. N. Steele, Piping Rock, defeated W. S. Johnston, Dunwoodie, 1 up; A. D. Weekes, Jr., Piping Rock, defeated Devereux Milburn, Piping Rock, 5 and 3; Mason Day, Nassau, defeated F. P. Frelinghuysen, Piping Rock, 3 and 2; H. C. Berner, Nassau, defeated Lawrence Waterbury, Piping Rock, by default; F. M. Kerr, Maidstone, defeated F. C. Jennings, Nassau, 2 and 1; M. L. Fearey, Garden City, defeated A. P. Roth, Manhattan, 2 up; Malcolm McBurney, National, defeated R. W. Goelet, Newport, 6 and 5.

Second Round.—Bates defeated Steele, 1 up; Day defeated Weekes, 1 up, (19 holes;) Kerr defeated Berner, 2 up; McBurney defeated Fearey, 7 and 5.

BEATEN EIGHT OF SECOND SIXTEEN—First Round.—Frothingham won from Johnston by default; Milburn defeated Frelinghuysen, 3 and 1; Jennings won from Waterbury by default; Roth defeated Goelet, 4 and 3.

THIRD SIXTEEN—First Round.—W. R. Simons, Garden City, defeated Effingham Lawrence, Piping Rock, 4 and 2; L. E. K. White, Wheatley Hills, defeated L. De B. Moore, Piping Rock, 5 and 4; E. S. Knapp, Westbrook, defeated W. S. Bird, Sleepy Hollow, 7 and 5; L. S. Wing, Piping Rock, defeated J. B. C. Tappan, Nassau, 1 up; H. L. Pratt, Nassau, defeated W. H. Nichols, Jr., Piping Rock, 5 and 4; Artemas Holmes, Wee Burn, defeated C. C. Pell, Piping Rock, 1 up, (19 holes;) C. L. Tiffany, Piping Rock, defeated A. P. Coates, unattached, 6 and 5; A. G. Wellman, Tuxedo, defeated Martin W. Littleton, Garden City, 6 and 4.

Second Round.—Simons defeated White, 1 up; Knapp defeated Wing, 2 and 1; Holmes defeated Pratt, 6 and 5; Tiffany defeated Wellman, 6 and 5.

BEATEN EIGHT OF THIRD SIXTEEN—First Round.—Lawrence defeated Moore, 5 and 3; Tappan defeated Bird, 3 and 2; Pell defeated Nichols, 4 and 3; Coates defeatd Littiton, 3 and 1.

FOURTH SIXTEEN.—First Round—L. G. Hunt, Piping Rock, defeated Winchester Noyes, Piping Rock, 3 and 1; S. A. W. Baltazzi, Piping Rock, defeated G. M. Eddy, Piping Rock, 2 up; Stephen Peobody, Piping Rock, defeated H. W. Baltazzi, Piping Rock, 3 and 1; W. R. Peters, Piping Rock, defeated C. O. Iselin, Jr., Meadowbrook, 3 and 2; Russell Doubleday, Piping Rock, won from S. W. Gwinn, Cherry Valley, by default; David Wagstaff, Tuxedo, defeated Joseph Fahys, Piping Rock, 3 and 2; Virgin Lewis, St. Louis, defeated Lewis Murdock, Nassau, 3 and 2; J. N. Stearns, Nassau, won from E. Crowninshield, Stockbridge, by default.

Second Round—Hunt defeated S. A. W. Baltazzi, 2 and 1; Peabody won from Peters by default; Wagstaff defeated Doubleday, 2 up; Lewis defeated Stearns, 5 and 3.

BEATEN EIGHT OF FOURTH SIXTEEN.—First Round—Noyes defeated Eddy, 6 and 4; H. W. Baltazzi defeated Iselin, 5 and 4; Fahys won from Gwinn by default; Murdock won from Crowninshied by default.

DYER WINS EASY VICTORY.

May Meet Fetterolf in Final on Glen Ridge Golf Course.

Frank W. Dyer of Montclair, Pennsylvania State amateur champion, is on the high road to winning the first invitation tournament of the Glen Ridge Club, and unless all signs fail, his opponent in the final round this afternoon will be Carl M. Fetterolf of Upper Montclair. To carry out this part of the program Dyer will be forced to dispose of A. L. Pierson, Jr., of Montclair in the morning semi-final and Fetterolf must eliminate Schuyler Van Vechten of Baltusrol.

Dyer proved to be a strong mud-going golfer during his two rounds yesterday, winning by 8 and 7 from Frederick Connell of the home club in the morning round and by 5 and 4 from C. W. Schwinn, also a home club player, in the afternoon. It was a dark and dismal day for all the golfers, but the Haight family suffered the most, for both father and son were defeated while the rain poured down in the afternoon. The junior Haight was gently but firmly removed from the path of A. L. Pierson by the margin of 4 and 3, and Van Vechten completed the wreck of the family hopes by beating Dr. A. T. Haight 6 and 5.

Fetterolf won his afternoon match against A. LeMassena of Glen Ridge in a most peculiar manner. He was far in the lead when the turn was reached, and with rain, mist, clouds, a cold wind, and poor shots conspiring against him, LeMassena decided to put a sudden stop to the proceedings by picking up—which he accordingly did.

The summaries:

FIRST SIXTEEN—First Round.—Frank W. Dyer, Montclair, defeated Frederick Connell, Glen Ridge, 8 and 7; Carl Schwinn, Glen Ridge, defeated L. Broe, Forest Hills, 7 and 5; Schuyler Van Vechtan, Baltusrol, defeated L. A. Wilson, Forest Hills, 6 and 4; C. N. Fetterolf, Upper Montclair, defeated W. S. Fralich, Massapequa, 7 and 5; A. L. Pierson, Jr., Montclair, defeated R. M. Schiffley, Gled Ridge, 3 and 1; R. A. Haight, Massapequa, defeated R. S. Owens, Glen Ridge, 2 up; Dr. A. T. Haight, Massapequa, defeated W. J. Allsopp, Forest Hills, 4 and 3; A. Le Massena, Glen Ridge, defeated W. J. McLoughlin, Upper Montclair, 2 up.

Second Round.—Dyer defeated Schwinn, 5 and 4; Pierson defeated R. A. Haight, 4 and 3; Van Vechtan defeated Dr. A. T. Haight, 6 and 5; Fetteroff won from Le Massena by default.

SECOND SIXTEEN—First Round—W. Murdock, unattached, defeated F. W. Stiles, Forest Hills, 1up; R. E. Moody, Glen Ridge, won from Gallagher by default; R. F. Miller, Baltusrol, defeated H. J. D. Mackie, Upper Montclair, 6 and 5; D. W. Granberry, Baltusrol, defeated C. T. Hoffman, Canoe Brook, 6 and 4; H. B. Salmon, Forest Hills, defeated H. Buchanan, Weequahic, 1 up; E. F. Schoonmaker, Forest Hills, defeated F. W. Arnold, Jr., Montclair, 3 and 2; R. W. Frier, Forest Hills, defeated D. Ward, Baltusrol, 1 up; Dr. J. K. Adams, Essex County, defeated H. B. Cutting, Montclair, 2 and 1.

Second Round—Moody defeated Murdock, 1 up; Granberry defeated Miller, 5 and 4; Salmon defeated Schoonmaker, 5 and 3; Adams defeated Frier, 3 and 2.

THIRD SIXTEEN.—First Round—S. Soverill, unattached, defeated W. Strobaeus, Glen Ridge, 4 and 3; W. H. Watt, Arcola, defeated H. S. Blake, Glen Ridge, 3 and 2; J. Noyes, Montclair, defeated Dr. Walter Washington, Forest Hills, 2 up; A. J. Strobaeus, Jr., Glen Ridge, defeated W. E. Donohue, Weequahic, 1 up, (19 holes;) W. R. Okerson, Baltusrol, defeated S. F. Haywood, Glen Ridge, 4 and 3; R. F. Porter, Baltusrol, defeated R. C. Thompson, Glen Ridge, 1 up, (19 holes;) E. W. Congdon, Jr., Glen Ridge, defeated A. D. Mills, Glen Ridge, 5 and 4; M. McLean, Glen Ridge, defeated L. H. Smith, Glen Ridge, 7 and 6.

Second Round—Soverill defeated Watt, 1 up; Noyes defeated A. J. Strobaeus, 5 and 3; Porter defeated Okerson, 3 and 2; McLean defeated Congdon, 6 and 4.

FOURTH SIXTEEN.—First Round—S. E. Barr, Upper Montclair, defeated Paul E. Heller, Essex County, 4 and 3; W. H. Le Massena, Glen Ridge, defeated T. D. Miller, Glen Ridge, 1 up; W. B. Seymour, Glen Ridge, defeated A. H. Humpreville, Glen Ridge, 8 and 6; J. S. Ogilvie, Glen Ridge, defeated J. S. Brown, Jr., Montclair, 3 and 4; L. B. Hughes, Baltusrol, defeated R. C. Stevens, Glen Ridge, 7 and 5; M. W. Ward, Race Brook, defeated Robert Mitchell, Glen Ridge, 4 and 3; K. W. Haller, North Jersey, defeated W. J. Worcester, Glen Ridge, 1 up; E. H. Eaton, Upper Montclair, defeated W. C. Biddle, Mahopac, 5 and 3.

Second Round—Barr defeated Le Massena, 1 up; Ogilvie defeated Seymour, 5 and 4; Hughes defeated Ward, 2 and 1; Eaton defeated Haller, 2 up.

MARSTON IN SEMI-FINALS.

Will Meet Lewis Today in Ekwanok C. C. Golf Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Sept. 15.—Heavy rain, starting early this morning and continuing until late in the forenoon, delayed the start of the match play of the Equinox Cup at Ekwanok Country Club today to the extent that the first division was the only flight to play the allotted two rounds of the match play. Other flights played the first round only.

The play today indicates that Paul Hunter of Midlothian is a favorite to reach the final where the winer of the Max R. Marston-R. M. Lewis match will also appear. Hunter was playing very nearly par golf today. Max Marston drew the gallery both morning and afternoon, disposing of George E. Morse of Rutland in the first round, and of Dwight Partridge of Bedford this afternoon. The results of the first sixteen follow:

First Round.—W. G. McKnight, Baltusrol, beat W. H. Gardner, Pine Valley, 4 and 3; H. Wentworth, New Bedford, beat J. D. Cady, Rhode Island Arsenal, 5 and 4; Paul Hunter, Midlothian, beat M. W. Littleton, Jr., Garden City, 4 and 3; R. D. Pierce, Brae Burn, beat P. Rothwell, Hartford, by default; R. M. Lewis, Ridgefield, beat W. A. Barber, Jr., Ekwanok, 7 and 6; W. I. Howland, Chicago G. C., beat A. Gregory, Albany C. C., 3 and 1; Dwight Partridge, Bedford, beat H. L. Phillips, Arcola, 5 and 3; M. R. Marston, Baltusrol, beat George A. Morse, Rutland, 3 and 1.

Second Round.—Wentworth beat McKnight, 4 and 3; Hunter beat Pierce, 2 and 1; Lewis beat Howland, 4 and 3; Marston beat Partridge, 3 and 1.

Consolation Flight.—Second Round—Cady beat Gardner by default; Littleton drew a bye; Gregory beat Barber, 5 and 4; Morse beat Phillips by default.

ROSENBAUM WINS AT NET.

Takes Unfinished Match from Anderson in Nyack Tourney.

Only one match was played yesterday in the Nyack Country Club's open tennis tournament, and that was one which had been partially completed on Thursday. Dr. William Rosenbaum of Long Island won his way into the semi-finals of the men's singles by taking a set from Fred T. Anderson, Jr., at 7—5, and winning the match at 6—1, 4—6, 7—5. The victory makes Rosenbaum eligible to meet Abraham Bassford, Jr., in the upper half of the semi-finals, and the winner of this match meets Harold Throckmorton, national junior champion, in the final.

CRIMSON AND TIGER GOLFERS IN FINAL

Cornell and Yale Eliminated in Title Play—Princeton Favored by Experts.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 15.—The intercollegiate golf championship for the year rests between Princeton and Harvard. These two colleges were the survivors after the semi-final round at the Oakmont Country Club here today. Harvard won its way into the final by defeating Cornell, and Princeton eliminated its old rival, Yale.

The Harvard-Cornell match was one sided, as Harvard took all of the doubles matches and five of the six singles, the final score being 8 to 1. The Princeton-Yale match, however, was close, and the Tigers won out by only one point. That point was scored when Howard Maxwell holed a fifteen-foot putt on the eighteenth green for a victory over Frank Blossom, the intercollegiate champion.

Princeton gained its lead in the morning by winning two of the three four-ball matches. Maxwell and Davidson Herron proved a little too strong for Armstrong and Blossom and won out 3 and 2. W. A. Lowrie, the Princeton captain, and Pomeroy Herron walked away with Robert Markwell and Rosewell-Fuller to the tune of 5 and 4. The pair to score for Yale were Dudley Mudge and Dewitt Balch, and they finished 2 up on Henry Grinnell and D. C. Corkran.

With two matches to one, the Princeton aggregation had only to split even to win in the singles and this they did. Both captains did considerable jockeying in arranging the positions of their players for the afternoon. Yale was anxious to have Mudge and Corkran, figuring that the medalist at Detroit last year stood a better chance to defeat the Baltimore player than anyone else. Princeton realized this and was anxious to keep the two apart as Corkran was almost a sure winner against anyone else. When the captains submitted their lists Corkran was paired against T. David and won rather easily, 5 and 4. H. Herron was the other winner for Princeton in the singles, defeating Mudge 8 and 6.

Herron was playing in par figures while Mudge was poor on his short game. On the first twelve holes he hit every tee shot down the centre of the course, but lost eight of them through poor work around the greens. Maxwell's victory over Blossom came as a surprise. Neither man played particularly well, Maxwell taking 84 and Blossom 85. Blossom lost the fifteenth hole through a dead stymie and had to play a shot on the third from beneath a wagon which was too heavy to move.

Although Harvard won eight of the nine matches with Cornell, all but one or two were closely contested. In the four-ball matches L. M. Lombard and James Wylde had to go twenty-three holes to defeat H. J. Bradley and M. J. Loeb, and L. H. Canon and F. I. Amory won out on the nineteenth from John Dewitt and Glenn Cole after both Cornell players had taken three putts.

Princeton is picked as the winner in the match with Harvard tomorrow.

The summaries:

PRINCETON vs. YALE.

H. Herron and Maxwell, Princeton, defeated Armstrong and Blossom, Yale, 3 and 2; Mudge and Balch, Yale, defeated Corkran and Grinnell, Princeton, 2 up; Lowrie and P. Herron, Princeton, defeated Fuller and Markwell, Yale, 5 and 4.

SINGLES.

D. Herron	1	Mudge	0
Corkran	1	T. Davis	0
Maxwell	1	Blossom	0
Lowrie	0	Armstrong	1
Grinnell	0	Markwell	1
P. Herron	0	Balch	1
Total	3	Total	3

Grand Total—Princeton, 5; Yale, 4.

H. Herron defeated Mudge, 8 and 6; Corkran defeated Davis, 5 and 4; Maxwell defeated Blossom, 1 up; Armstrong defeated Lowrie, 5 and 3; Markwell defeated Grinnell, 1 up; Balch defeated P. Herron, 1 up.

HARVARD vs. CORNELL.

Canon and Amory, Harvard, defeated Dewitt and Cole, Cornell, in 19 holes; Hubbell and Flagg, Harvard, defeated Cook and MacBean, Cornell, 3 and 2; Lombard and Wylde, Harvard, defeated Bradley and Loeb, Cornell, in 23 holes.

SINGLES.

Canon	1	De Witt	0
Hubbell	1	Cole	0
Flagg	1	Cook	0
H. Hutchins	1	MacBean	0
Amory	0	Bradley	1
Lombard	1	Loeb	0
Total	5	Total	1

Grand Total—Harvard, 8; Cornell, 1.

Canon defeated Dewitt, 2 and 1; Hubbell defeated Cole, 6 and 5; Flagg defeated Cook, 2 and 1; Hutchins defeated MacBean, 2 and 1; Bradley defeated Amory, 2 up; Lombard defeated Loeb, 1 up.

BINZEN AND LETSON WIN.

Take Decisive Set in Metropolitan Junior Doubles Title Play.

Elliot Binzen of Fordham, national indoor and metropolitan singles champion, and Benjamin W. Letson of De Witt Clinton High School, national boys title holder, won the metropolitan junior dubles honors yesterday when, in the continuation of the championship finals in which they opposed C. W. Shipway and B. Raymond on the Travers Island courts of the New York A. C., they captured the fifth and deciding set of the contest at 6—1. Play for the title started on Thursday afternoon, but after four sets had been decided, with each pair winning two, darkness compelled a postponement. The final score of the match is 9—7, 4—6, 4—6, 8—6, 6—1.

The dashing play which made Shipway and Raymond such strong factors on Thursday and brought them to within one game of the championship was entirely missing yesterday. Binzen and Letson had their rivals in hand from the moment the first ball was served. The New York team played with vigor, and their speed seemed in no wise impaired by a court that was made slippery by rain which fell just prior to the starting of the decisive set.

MISS TYNDALE IN FINAL.

Beats Miss Bogert in S. I. Tennis Before Rain Halts Play.

The rain held off just long enough yesterday afternoon to permit Miss Ethel Tyndale, favorite for the title, to attain the final round of the Staten Island championship tennis tournament in singles, by defeating Miss Helen Bogert in the semi-final round. A few minutes after Miss Tyndale drove home the winning point in an 8—6, 6—3 match, a deluge swamped the grass courts of the Richmond County Country Club at Dongan Hills and prohibited further play for the day.

Both the semi-finals and finals of singles and doubles were to have been disposed of, but the two have been postponed until today. Miss Tyndale will meet either Miss T. S. Scofield or Miss M. Adelaide Irving, who have been drawn in the upper bracket of the semi-finals.

Intercollegiate Tennis Put Off.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—All tennis matches in the annual intercollegiate championship tournament scheduled to be played today at the Merion Cricket Club, Haverford, were postponed until tomorrow on account of rain.

MUD HORSES HAVE A DAY.

Lena Misha Takes Feature on Heavy Track at Havre de Grace.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., Sept. 14.—The Harford Agricultural and Breeders' meeting was continued here today with the weather anything but favorable for racing. The track was wet and soggy and, in consequence, the scratches were heavy, and there was a considerable falling off in the attendance. However, with seven races on the card, there was no lack of sport for those who were present.

The Beverwyck Stable scored in the all-age handicap, which was the main event on the card, the winner being Lena Misha. The colt did not have much to accomplish, as the condition of the track caused the withdrawal of the best of the field, which included such runners as High Noon, Sand Marsh, Ormesdale, Prince of Como, and Whimsy. The event was at six furlongs, and when the winner had once raced Hanson into submission he came on by himself to win by two lengths and a half. Fair Helen was an easy third, with Miss Puzzle, which apparently did not like the going, fourth.

Gifford A. Cochran's Fairy Wand showed a clean pair of heels to the other contenders in the race for fillies and geldings. The Star Shoot youngster just reveled in the mud. Going in front at the start, she was never headed and traveled almost as fast a pace as at the start. Her race was very similar to the one she won at Empire City, when graduating from the maiden class.

Edna Keppa was the best in the claiming event for three-year-olds and upward. The filly was cleverly ridden by Warscher. Maxim's Choice was the first away, and set the early pace, but the winner was never far behind, and once straightened out for home came on with a rush and took command.

Blue Thistle was cutting up capers at the post when the barrier was sprung in the race for three-year-olds and upward, which was a selling affair. But the Hallenbeck gelding soon made up the lost ground and, narrowly escaping a pocket at the turn, caught Vermont at the last sixteenth and raced the latter into the ground to win in the last few strides, after a rousing finish.

Disturber, which was racing around this part of the country for the first time, quoted at $22 to $2, captured the mile and seventy yards selling race from Rose Water and Menlo Park, which finish in the order named. Silver Sandals and Buck Shot were the other winners.

The summaries, with straight, place, and show odds:

FIRST RACE.—For fillies and geldings, two-year-olds, which have not won $500; purse $600; five furlongs. Time—1:01 1-5.
Fairy Wand, G. A. Cochran's ch. f., 108 pounds, by Star Shoot-Countess Wanda, $3.80, $3.30, $2.50, (R. Troxler)..........1
Spectre, Oneck Stable's ch. f., 107, $4.70, $3.80, (T. Davies)..........2
Hyannis, T. Clyde's b. c., 118, $3.40, (E. Haynes)..........3
Battle, Valerie West also ran. Scylla, Storm Nymph, Admiration scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, selling; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:49 3-5.
Edna Kenna, T. J. Reaney's ch. f., 3 years, 97 pounds, by Stalwart-Tin Cup, $3.60, $2.90, $2.60, (B. Warscher)..........1 1½
Maxim Choice, S. Louis's b. g., 5, 118, $3.50, $2.70, (J. McTaggart)..........2
Balfrou, H. G. Bedwell's ch. g., 112, $3.40 third, (E. Taplin)..........3
Daingerfield, Sir Denrah, and Woodfair also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For all ages; handicap, with $600 added; six furlongs. Time—1:15 1-5.
Lena Misha, Beverwyck Stable's ch. c., 3 years, 104 pounds, by King James-Gatien Belle, $8, $3.10, and $2.50, (E. Taplin)..........1 2½
Hanson, S. L. Parsons's ch. g., 4, 115, $2.60 and $2.30, (T. Davies)..........2
Fair Helen, J. Phillips's ch. f., 4, 95, $3.10, $2.30, and $2.10, (B. Warscher)..........3
Miss Puzzle, Traction, and Sepoct also ran. High Noon, Sandmarsh, Ormesdale, Prince of Como, Squeeler, Sir Edgar, Pullux, and Whimsey were scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling, purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50.
Blue Thistle, H. C. Hallenbeck's b. g., aged, 119 pounds, by Blues-Wild Thistle, $3.10, $2.80, $2.10, (A. Schuttinger)..........1½
Vermont, J. O. Talbott's b. g., 3, 110, $2.40, $2.30, (R. Troxler)..........2 1½
Ninety Simplex, C. K. Moore's ch. g., 4, 116, $2.60, (E. Haynes)..........3
Eddie Henry and Jesse Jr., also ran. Jem scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse, $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:11.
Silver Sandals, R. T. Wilson's b. f., 104 pounds, by Ogden-Lyndall; $4.30, $3.10, and $2.20, (J. McTaggart)..........1 2½
Tootsie, J. W. McClelland's b. f., 104, $3.70 and $2.30, (P. Louder)..........2
Running Shot, R. D. Earle's b. f., 106, $2.30, (M. Buxton)..........3
Burbank, Doc Meals, and Flare also ran. Storm Nymph and Sky scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward which have not won two races since June 1, 1916; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:50 1-5.
Disturber, H. G. Bedwell's b. c., 3 years, 109 pounds, by Nasturtium-Meddlesome She, $22, $5.70, $4, (E. Taplin)..........1
Rosewater, W. B. Mitchell's ch. f., 3, 104, $3, $2.40, second, (J. McTaggart)..........2
Menlo Park, J. MacManus's ch. f., 4, 105, $3.10, third, (A. Anderson)..........3
Scorpil, Valas, Ed Weis, and Handful also ran. Virginia W. and Malfou scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, with $600 added, selling; six furlongs. Time—1:16.
Buck Shot, F. W. Speirs's b. g., 3 years, 105 pounds, by Joe Carey-Bain Shot, $23.30, $7.80, $4.30, (J. Hanover)..........1 1½
Maushon, R. T. Wilson's br. g., aged, 115, $3.50, $3.10, (J. McTaggart)..........2
Stellarina, L. Becker's b. f., 3, 105, $7.50, (E. Haynes)..........3
Tinkle Bell, Wenonah, Sweetie, Humiliation also ran. Yankee Notions, Tie Pin, Bob Redfield, Malabar, Dr. Gremer scratched.
Mutuel betting; above prices paid on $2 wager.

JOHNSTON TO PLAY DAVIS.

Coast Stars Will Meet in Tri-State Tennis Final Today.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 15.—Willis E. Davis of San Francisco, the clay court champion, and William M. Johnston, also of San Francisco, former national champion, won in the semi-final round in men's singles at the Tri-State tennis tournament here today, and will meet in the final tomorrow.

Davis had little trouble in disposing of Ella Fottrell of San Francisco. Johnston, on the other hand, was forced to extend himself to win his match from Dean Mathey of New York. Johnston's play in the first two sets was erratic as he continually had trouble with his service.

Miss Martha Guthrie of Pittsburgh and Miss Margaret Davis of St. Paul will play in the women's final tomorrow, both having won their semi-final games today. Miss Guthrie defeated Miss Katherine Brown of Indianapolis and Miss Davis easily disposed of Miss Adele Levy of Cincinnati.

CRIMSON DEFENSE COACHED

Leary Will Put Squads Through Frist Scrimmage Today.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 15.—Harvard had two football sessions in the rain and the heat today. Both in the morning and afternoon the men were coached in position play and then lined up as yesterday to run through their plays. In the afternoon the first and second sets of backs were coached on defense against the oppenents' attack, all the coaches being behind the men and instructing them constantly.

There were no arrivals in camp, but the news reached Cambridge that Murray Taylor, one of the prominent candidates for quarter, will arrive from Texas the first of the week. Tomorrow morning before he starts for the rules interpretation meeting in New York Coach Leary will send the players into their first scrimmage. After that the development of the individual players can be followed. Today electricians were placing searchlights at the top of the stadium so that as the days grow shorter the team can practice until at least 6 o'clock.

ELENA AND KATOURA MEET AGAIN TODAY

Schooner Yachts to Battle Tides and Wind 264 Miles for Brenton's Reef Cup.

Elena, Morton F. Plant's schooner yacht, which has been practically unbeatable this year, will undertake to wrest from the defender, Robert E. Tod's Katoura, the Brenton's Reef Cup, which the latter has held for two years. This is one of the severest of the deep-sea races that is held, treacherous winds and tides on the run from Sandy Hook to the reef at the entrance to Newport Harbor testing the seamanship of the yachts to the utmost. Starting across an imaginary line which will be drawn this morning by the Race Committee of the New York Yacht Club—H. de B. Parsons, J. M. Macdonough, and Frederic O. Spedden—from Commodore Baker's steam yacht Viking to the mainmast of the lightship at Ambrose Channel, the competing yachts will sail outside of Long Island to Brenton's Reef and return through the Sound to the point of starting, a distance of approximately 264 miles.

In the race last year, in which Katoura defeated the big three-master Atlantic, she made the record time of the course, going the distance in 27:45:45, having been aided by good winds and helpful tides most of the journey. She was then sailed by her owner and sailing master, Captain Robert E. Tod, with Charles F. Adams, a wizard in the waters of the Sound; Robert W. Emmons, 2d, and George Nichols, Vice Commodore of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club, and owner of the New York Yacht Club fifty-footer Carolina, on her afterdeck as advisers. These same men expect to sail on Katoura this morning, filled with hope rather than confidence that they will be able to repeat the feat of a year ago. The Elena's fate in the race will be intrusted to Captain Bill Dennis, who has already won the Astor, King George V., and Cape May Cups with her. Guy Lowell will, as in all her races, represent Mr. Plant in an advisory capacity, with John F. Lovejoy and William H. Busk to give their assistance in solving sailing puzzles, should any arise during the run.

Mr. Plant and a party of friends will accompany the racers on his steam yacht Vanadis, and as it is to be sailed on a Saturday, it is expected that several other steamers will follow the yachts over the course and witness the struggle for the possession of the medals which are struck for the winners of the race, the trophy itself being a challenge affair which is in the perpetual custody of the New York Yacht Club.

If the weather conditions are suitable the race will be started at 11 o'clock this morning, and the yachts are expected to finish their run some time Sunday afternoon.

AMORET IS A CHAMPION.

Sound Yacht Won Eight Straight Races Over Chesapeake Bay.

Local yachtsmen will be interested to know that the Class P sloop Amoret, which was purchased from Russel B. Budd of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club by Commodore Alfred I. du Pont of the Cambridge (Md.) Yacht Club and taken to Chesapeake Bay this Spring, has won the championship in her class. Of nine races that were sailed—two of them being over courses of 100 miles—the Amoret has won eight. The race that was lost was the first one of the season, a 100-mile event that was sailed in a series of squalls and calms.

The Amoret has been handled by Stuart Stevens Scott, a Corinthian member of the Cambridge Yacht Club who, during three previous seasons, had made a clean-up of the Chesapeake with Commodore du Pont's P class sloop Sue. This year Scott sailed against the Sue, now owned by William B. W. Mann of the Baltimore-Corinthian Yacht Club. The other boats in the class are the Zillicoa, owned by Graham Eckel, and the Helen, owned by William B. Schneidereith, also of the Baltimore-Corinthian Yacht Club.

YACHT HANDICAPS FIXED.

Manhasset Bay Y. C. Will Hold Final Race of Season Today.

For the close of the yacht racing season this afternoon the Regatta Committee of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club, consisting of Herbert F. L. Funke, William Gardner, and Edward P. Alker, has provided courses which will probably bring together for their last day's sport of the year about all the yachts, large and small, remaining in commission.

The outside courses will be used, the starts to be made from a point to the north and east of Execution Light. For the New York Yacht Club fifties and forties the course will be along the north shore of the Sound to a buoy off Woolsey's Reef, thence across the Sound to Oak Neck Point and thence back down the Sound to the starting line. This is a trip of 21¾ miles. The greater part of the fleet will sail over the shorter course of nine miles, which is to be a run up along shore to the red gas buoy off Scotch Caps, then a trip across the Sound to the black spar buoy off Week's Point, and back to the starting line off Execution Rock. Manhasset Bay being the home of the Star class there is sure to be a big tournout of these snappy racers, which have furnished as much sport during the season as any one-design class ever constructed.

Handicapper Charles P. Tower has arranged the following allowances for the boats of the handicap division:

FIRST DIVISION.—Aleda, scratch; Pontiac and Anita, 1 per cent. each; Carolina, 2; Duchess, 4; Wasaka, Virginia, and Aryia, 5 each; Sachem, 7; Senora, 7¼.

SECOND DIVISION.—Sally and Veda, scratch; Red Wing, 1; Mignon, 1¼; Nadia, 2½; Clare, 3¼; Mediator, 4; Ariel, 4¼; Kenmuir, 5½; Ninfea and Santana, 6 each; Coot, 8¼.

THIRD DIVISION.—Natoma, scratch; Wag, 1; Robin Hood and Twinkle, 1½ each; Acadian, 3¼; Firefly, 6¼.

FOURTH DIVISION.—Ogeemah, scratch; Solita, 2; Chiloe, 6; Kum On, 7; Frances, 10.

Differentials will be: First to second division, 11 per cent.; first to third division, 9; first to fourth, 24.

PREPAREDNESS

"Shall Preparedness Be Taught in Secondary Schools?" will be answered by the following educators in tomorrow's Times, September 17th:

John C. Sharpe,
Blair Academy,
Blairstown, N. J.

Arthur E. Brown, Headmaster,
The Harrisburg Academy,
Harrisburg, Penn.

Horace Holden, Associate Headmaster,
Westminster School,
Simsbury, Conn.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..5:36 | Sun sets..6:05 | Moon rises..5:27

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:39	11:06	4:28	5:06
Governors Island	11:22	11:50	5:12	5:36
Hell Gate	1:06	1:28	6:53	7:37

Arrived—Friday, Sept. 15.

SS Carrillo, Kingston, Sept. 9.
SS Rio Verdi, Santos, Aug. 17.
SS Venator, Cananova, Sept. 10.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, Sept. 12.
SS Badgri, Lagos, Aug. 2.
SS El Dia, Galveston, Sept. 9.
SS El Paso, Galveston, Sept. 7.
SS Moonlite, Montreal, Sept. 3.
SS Strathairley, Cardiff, Aug. 31.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston, Sept. 9.
SS George Hawley, Norfolk, Sept. 13.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Kaupanger	Palermo	Aug. 29
†Lyngensfjord	Bergen	Aug. 28
Dominic	Liverpool	Aug. 31
Moreni	Kirkwall	Sept. 5
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Sept. 13

DUE TOMORROW.

*Patria	Gibraltar	Sept. 9
*St. Paul	Liverpool	Sept. 9
*Regina d'Italia	Gibraltar	Sept. 6
Sixaola	Belize	Sept. 6
Esperanza	Havana	Sept. 12

DUE MONDAY.

*Lafayette	Bordeaux	Sept. 10
*Noordam	Falmouth	Sept. 9
*Tuscania	Liverpool	Sept. 10
Tapajoz	Bahia	Aug. 23
Coamo	San Juan	Sept. 13
Tenadores	Havana	Sept. 15
Argowan	La Pallice	Sept. 2
Gargoyle	Gibraltar	Sept. 1

DUE TUESDAY.

*Oscar II	Copenhagen	Sept. 7
Saratoga	Havana	Sept. 16
Apache	Jacksonville	Sept. 16
Alamo	Mobile	Sept. 12
San Marcos	Galveston	Sept. 13
City of Columbus	Savannah	Sept. 16

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Alexandrian	London	Sept. 6
Sama	Jamaica	Sept. 15
Cristobal	Cristobal	Sept. 11
Andania	London	Sept. 9
J. Jover Serre	Barcelona	Sept. 2
Napoli	Messina	Sept. 3

DUE THURSDAY.

Strathspey	Havre	Sept. 6
Orion	Seville	Sept. 2
Ruby	Barcelona	Sept. 3
Taomina	Genoa	Sept. 7
Santa Marta	Kingston	Sept. 16
Stephano	Halifax	Sept. 19
Olaf	Para	Sept. 9

DUE FRIDAY.

San Guglielmo	Naples	Sept. 13
Celtic	Liverpool	Sept. 14
Noordyk	Kirkwall	Sept. 10
Zulia	Curacao	Sept. 14
Concho	Galveston	Sept. 16
Lenape	Jacksonville	Sept. 19

*Carries mails. †Carries German mails.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Louis, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Orduna, Liverpool	1:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Touraine, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Carolina, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Dwinsk, Archangel	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Calamares, Havana	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Gregory, Para	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Turks Island	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. John's	6:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Mongolia, London	——	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Valeria, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
Munamar, Antilla	——	12:00 M.
El Alba, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
San Juan, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:30 P.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Bergensfjord, Bergen	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Fagersand, Cayenne	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Inca, Santo Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Rio de Janeiro, Bahia	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Kroonland, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Milazzo, Naples	——	12:00 M.
Sixaola, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Munplace, Cardenas	——	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples	——	12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Alliança, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rio De Janeiro, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Alicante, Cadiz	——	12:00 M.
Manhattan, London	——	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Noordam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Jelling, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
Laconia, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., SEPT. 15.

SS Noordam, Rotterdam to New York, was 975 miles E. at noon; due 18th, forenoon. Holland-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Gargoyle, Alexandria to New York, was 300 miles E. at noon, 14th.
SS Algonquin, San Domingo to New York, was 30 miles N. of Monte Cristi, at 10 P. M., 14th.
SS Georgian, Balboa to New York, was 543 miles from Cape Henry at noon.
SS Charles Pratt, Tuxpam to New York, was 162 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Brilliant, Tampico to New York, was 50 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS El Occidente, Galveston to New York, was 43 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 71 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, was 200 miles S. at noon.
SS Gulf Stream, Port Arthur to New York, was 235 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Commanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 504 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 845 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 155 miles S. at noon.
SS Florida, Port Arthur to New York, was 187 miles W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, was 15 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS Harry Luckenbach, Cadiz to New York, was 792 miles E. at 8 P. M.
SS Moreni, Copenhagen to New York, was 608 miles E. at noon.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Aug. 22; Sydney, Aug. 23; Honolulu, Sept. 5—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Senoma, were dispatched east on Sept. 11, and are due in New York today.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Aug. 16; Shanghai, Aug. 19; Yokohama, Aug. 27, and Honolulu, Sept. 6—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Shinyo, were dispatched east on Sept. 12, and are due in New York tomorrow morning.

Mails for South America.

Panama, Canal Zone, Ecuador, Peru, (except Iquitos,) Bolivia, Chile, and Costa Rica, via Cristobal and Port Limon, (Cuba, via Havana, must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) at 12 M.—Calamares ....Sept. 16

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Rochambeau, at Bordeaux, Sept. 11.
SS Eurylochus, at Singapore, Sept. 13.
SS Cornhill, at Cherbourg, Sept. 9.
SS Bovic, at Manchester, Sept. 13.
SS Veenbergen, at Rotterdam, Sept. 13.
SS Van Hogendorf, at Payta, Sept. 14.
SS Siberia, at Havre, Sept. 12.
SS Queen Mary, at Bordeaux, Sept. 12.
SS J. L. Luckenbach, at Panama, Sept. 15.
SS Advance, at Colon, Sept. 15.

Sailed.

SS Celtic, from Liverpool, Sept. 14.
SS Queen Margaret, from Liverpool, Sept. 14.
SS St. Louis, (Fr.,) from Bordeaux, Sept. 11.
SS San Guglielmo, from Naples, Sept. 9.
SS Duca degli Abruzzi, from Naples, Sept. 9.
SS Sao Paulo, from Santos, Sept. 14.
SS Santa Rosalia, from Antofagasta, Sept. 14.
SS Santa Clara, from Arica, Sept. 14.

Passed.

SS Charlton Hall, for New York from Vladivostok, passed Perim.
SS Californie, New York for Marseilles, passed Gibraltar.
SS Ragna, New York for Havre, passed Scilly.
SS Ubrei, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.

Transatlantic Mails.

Europe, (except Germany, Austria Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) Africa, West Asia, and East Indies, via Liverpool, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.,) (sea post)—St. Louis ....Sept. 16

Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Russia, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, and Turkey, via Kirkwall and Bergen, at 9:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10:30 A. M.)—Bergensfjord..........Sept. 16

France, Rumania, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Egypt, Greece, British India, British East Africa, Siam, Malta, Gibraltar, Ceylon, Straits Settlements Dutch East Indies, West Australia, and Persia, via Bordeaux, at 12 M., (supplementary, 1:30 P. M.,) (sea post)—Touraine ....Sept. 16

Liberia, (specially addressed only,) via Monrovia, at 12:30 P. M.—Memnon ....Sept. 16

Great Britain, Ireland, Belgium, Russia, and South Africa, (also specially addressed correspondence for other countries, except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) via Liverpool, at 1:30 P. M., (supplementary, 3 P. M.)—Orduna..........Sept. 16

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver)—Makura ....Sept. 22

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 16, SS St. Louis.
France—Close at 11 A. M., Sept. 16, SS Touraine.
Belgium, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.
Liberia—Close at 11:30 A. M. Sept. 16, SS Memnon.
Greece—No sailing at present.
Gibraltar—Close at 8 A. M. Oct. 21, SS Canopec.
Norway—Close at 8:30 A. M. Sept. 16, SS Bergensfjord.



UP THE HUDSON BY DAYLIGHT

All Service Daily Except Sunday.

Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.

Steamer "Washington Irving" or "Hendrick Hudson," leaves Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.

Also Str. "Robert Fulton" leaves Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie and return to 42d St.

Information at Desbrosses St. Pier, N. Y. Tel. 4141 Spring.

AFTERNOON BOAT

for Bear Mountain, Cornwall, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Daily except Sunday. This steamer affords delightful afternoon outing to BEAR MOUNTAIN or CORNWALL, returning on steamer "Robert Fulton," arriving in New York 8:40 P. M.

Hudson River Day Line

CATSKILL EVENING LINE

Leaves daily except Sunday, foot of Christopher St., 6 P. M., for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie. Tickets interchangeable with those of Day Line. Tel. 1097 Spring.

Up the Hudson
SUNDAY $1 ROUND TRIP
150 MILES OF DAYLIGHT & TWILIGHT TRAVEL ON PALATIAL STEAMER
"BENJ. B. ODELL" TO
NEWBURGH, BEACON AND POUGHKEEPSIE

Bring your lunch basket if you wish, but it is unnecessary; there is a fine restaurant and lunchroom aboard; also good music. 9 A. M. from foot of Franklin St.; 9.30 A. M. from foot of West 129th St.

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YACHT "PALISADES" FOR INTERSTATE PARK
Two 25-Mile Trips Daily, Close Under Palisades
STOPS AT ENGLEWOOD, ALPINE and FOREST VIEW PLAYGROUNDS. Round Trip, 40c; one way, 25c; between Playgrounds, 10c and 15c.
Leaves W. 132d St. Pier 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.; returns 1:30 and 6:30 P. M.

Str. "GRAND REPUBLIC"
Special Observation Trip Up the Hudson
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH.
A Delightful Sail Above Newburgh to View the Beautiful Autumnal Scenery.
Leaves Pier 1, N. R., 9:30; West 129th St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11 A. M. Fare $1.00.
Restaurant & Bar Under Co.'s Management.
SPECIAL MUSIC. DANCING.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON HUDSON RIVER TRIPS
Str. "Homer Ramsdell" for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, Franklin St., 1:00 P. M.; W. 129th St., 1:30 P. M., connecting at Newburgh with "Ben. B. Odell" for return, Str. "W. F. Romer," 2:30 and 3:00 P. M. CENTRAL HUDSON LINE.

ROUND TRIP RED BANK LINE 60 CTS. For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 8:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.; Battery, 8:55 a. m., 2:55 p. m.; SUNDAYS, Lve. Franklin St., 8:34; Battery, 8:55 a. m.

Sight-Seeing Yachts Around New York
Leave Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.
To Sandy Hook and the Ocean, 1:30 P. M.

SIGHT SEEING YACHTS AROUND MANHATTAN ISLAND
Leave Hudson River Day Line Pier, ft. W. 42d St., 10:30 A. M., 3:30 P. M. Tel. 868 Gramercy.

Fashions from Paris.

Sunday, Oct. 1, the Rotogravure Picture Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES will contain photographic reproductions of Fall fashions. Latest gowns for evening wear, for the promenade, the dinner and reception. New style hats and other articles of import for the modish woman will be shown. Order in advance.—Advt.

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QUADRUPLE SCREW
NEW STEAMER DE LUXE
†LAFAYETTE
SATURDAY, SEPT. 23, 3 P. M.
*ROCHAMBEAU.....Sat., Sept. 30, 3 P. M.
*One class cabin. †First and second cabin.
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American Line
ALL AMERICAN STEAMERS Under the American Flag
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 62, N. R., Noon
St. Louis..Sept. 16 | Kroonland..Sept. 20

White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 60, N. R., Noon
Baltic......Oct. 5 | Adriatic......Oct. 12
Office 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector

CUNARD
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
ORDUNA..........SAT., SEPT. 16, 5 P. M.
CARPATHIA......SAT., OCT. 7, 5 P. M.
*CAMERONIA.....SAT., OCT. 14, NOON
ORDUNA..........SAT., OCT. 21, 5 P. M.
*TUSCANIA.......SAT., OCT. 28, NOON
*To Liverpool and Glasgow.
NEW YORK-FALMOUTH-LONDON
ANDANIA..........SAT., SEPT. 23, 5 P. M.
ALAUNIA..........SAT., SEPT. 30, 5 P. M.
21 State St., New York. Tel. 8300 Broad.

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LAMPORT & HOLT SOUTH AMERICA LINE
BARBADOS BAHIA
Rio de Janeiro—Santos—Montevideo—Buenos Aires.
S. S. VASARI..........OCT. 7, 11:30 A. M.
S. S. VERDI...........OCT. 21, 11 A. M.
LAMPORT & HOLT, Ltd., 42 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin Screw Steamships.
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW DIRECT
California, Sat., Sept. 30 Noon
Company's Office, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

SCANDINAVIAN-AMERICAN LINE
NORWAY-SWEDEN-DENMARK
Oscar II......Sept. 28 | Hellig Olav......Oct. 12
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Inc., Agts., 1 B'way, N. Y.

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Ideal trip for rest, health, recreation.
SAVANNAH LINE, 140 W. 42d St., New York

BUFFALO TO CHICAGO AND RETURN.
7 Days' Cruise—2200 miles on four Lakes. $40. Meals and berth included.
STEAMSHIP SOUTH AMERICAN.

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N. Y.—Azores—Lisbon—Naples—Marseilles.
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BERMUDA, surprisingly low rates. Booklet. Dellevie's Tours. 1472 Broadway. New York.

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BOSTON Metropolitan Line Route via Long Island Sound
Beautiful Buzzards Bay and the
CAPE COD CANAL
Superb Steel Steamships Massachusetts and Bunker Hill. Leave Pier 18, North River, foot of Murray St., Week Days and Sundays at 6 P. M. Due Boston 7.30 A. M. Same service returning. Music on each Steamer.
Portland Maine Steamship Line. Steamships North Land and North Star.
Lve. Pier 19, N. R., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 5 P. M.
Tickets and information at Pier, also New York Transfer Co. Offices and various Tourist Agencies.

BLOCK ISLAND R. I. $1.50
EVERY SUNDAY
Special train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., New York, 8:30; Brooklyn, Flatbush Ave., 8:40; Nostrand Ave., 8:44, and East New York, 8:49 A. M., for Montauk; thence by the steamer "SHINNECOCK."
Leave Block Island, returning, 4 P. M.
Tickets on sale, commencing Saturday of each week, at 170 Broadway, 5th Ave. Bldg. (5th Ave. and 23d St.), and Long Island Railroad stations, foot 34th St., E. R., New York; Long Island City and Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Restaurant. Lunch Counter and Cafe service on steamer.

Ideal SEPTEMBER OUTINGS to
BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 MILES UP THE HUDSON.
Music, Dancing, Outdoor Sports.
Daily and Sunday (except Sat. Morning.)
Str. "Highlander" Daily and Sunday (except Sat. Morning) Lvs. Battery 9:15, W. 132d St. 10, Yonkers 10:30 a.m.
Special Saturday Afternoon Trip
Leaving Battery 1:30, W. 132d St., 2:00 P. M.
About 2 HOURS AT BEAR MOUNTAIN
Round Trip, Weekdays, 50c. Children, 25c. Sundays & Holidays, 75c. Children, 50c.
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LONG BEACH
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Frequent trains on Sundays and weekdays, via Long Island R. R., from Pennsylvania Station (7th Ave. and 33d St.); also from Brooklyn stations.

EXCURSIONS
Atlantic City $2.50
TOMORROW
Lv. W. 23d St., 7.50; Liberty St., 8.00 a.m.
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Lv. Broad St., Newark, 8.05 a.m.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

FALL RIVER LINE
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Strs. Lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., Daily, at 5:30 P. M. Music.
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BOSTON $2.95
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Steamers of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leave N. Y., Pier ft. 34th St., E. R., week-days (except Sat.), 5:00 P. M.; Saturday, 1:00 P. M., through to Block Island.

Stocks or Bonds

May be purchased through us, in any amount, either

Outright for Cash

On Conservative Margin

or under the

Partial Payment Plan

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Members New York Stock Exchange

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We shall be pleased to send a copy of our September General Bond Circular to investors on request. This circular describes a comprehensive list of carefully selected municipal, railroad and public utility corporation bonds, which we recommend for investment.

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General Manifold & Printing
Great Northern Paper
Hanover Insurance
Ingersoll-Rand
James Butler Pfd.
National Transit
New York Shipbuilding
New York Transit
Phelps, Dodge & Co.
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco
S. O. of Nebraska
Winchester Arms
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Sell any part 500 Shares of Pullman Motor Car Co.'s stock at less than $150 per share; worth $200. Positively principals only need apply. Sincerity, 147 Times Downtown.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Market Holds Firm Under Heavy Profit Taking—Rise in Railroad Issues.

The stock market was wholesomely quieter yesterday. However solid the foundation upon which speculators had been operating, and it is speculation and not investing which produces such markets as we have had in recent days, it was evident that prices could not for many days be bid up in the headlong fashion in which a number of issues were advanced during the preceding two days without arousing serious fear of a sudden and violent reaction. That fear would in due course itself serve to undermine market confidence and to stimulate liquidation, bringing about reaction from an excess of upbidding of prices. A halt in that process and a return to a more sober movement was therefore a satisfactory development in yesterday's market.

Some issues in which speculative operations have been most fostered did rise in somewhat abrupt fashion, but in the industrial list at least the market for the most part kept somewhat under the high prices of the previous day instead of greatly overtopping them as had been done on several preceding days. In some of its aspects the most noteworthy movement of the day was the rise in many of the railroad stocks, most of which had lagged far behind the industrials in their rise. The strength, particularly in the afternoon, of a group of important issues which had previously contributed less than a normal share to the rise in quotations gave the market, so far as its technical position was concerned, a new point of support, and one which facilitated the carrying on of profit-taking sales in the industrial group, which had been the beneficiary of the major part of the improvement previously shown in the list.

Because the rise in the rails did facilitate selling elsewhere there was a natural disposition to look upon the advance as engineered for that very purpose. That suspicion very often attaches to an upbidding of some leading stock or group of stocks at the stage which the market had reached yesterday. On the other hand, what happened in a number of railroad issues was what was to be expected of them after a rise in the industrials had outrun the railroad list. The misgivings over the effect of the eight-hour day are not sufficient to counteract entirely the potent facts that railroad earnings are running in record volume, and that on the basis of present profits there are a number of leading roads which are in a position, if they would, to increase their dividends. This consideration was supplemented by reports that the heads of the railroads had come to the conclusion that under the law passed by Congress for the avowed purpose of preventing the threatened strike the men could be made to work full eight hours for a day's pay without regard to the mileage which they might cover. That, however, is a thin reed upon which to lean. The men have to be reckoned with as well as the law, and few if any railroad officers believe that the men would give up the advantage which they now have of choosing for their day's pay between a mileage basis and an hour basis. An attempt to deprive them of this advantage might be legal, but it hardly would be practicable. Present exceptional earnings are a much better reliance than a readjustment of working conditions, however legal it might be, which would make the eight-hour day law have the effect of depriving the men of the advantages to obtain which they threatened to strike the country over.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	10 or Less.	Over 10, up to 30.	Over 30, up to 60.	Over 60, up to 90.
Boston	3	3½	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3½	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4½	4½
Richmond		4	4	4
Atlanta		4	4	4
Chicago	3½	4	4½	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4
Minneapolis		4	4	4
Kansas City	4½	4½	4½	4½
Dallas		4	4	4
San Francisco	3	3½	4	4½

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3½	3½	3½
New York	5	3½	3½	..
Philadelphia	4½	3½	3½	..
Cleveland	5	3¾	3½	3½
Richmond	4½	3½	*3½	3½
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3½
Chicago	5	..	..	..
St. Louis	5	3	3½	3
Minneapolis	5	3½	3½	3½
Kansas City	5	4	4	4
Dallas	4½	3½	3½	3
San Francisco	5½	3	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent.

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Call.

High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
3	3	3	3

Time.

60 Days........3½@3¾ | 5 months......4 @4¼
90 days........3¾@4 | 6 months......4 @4¼
4 months.....4 @4¼

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..........2⅝@2⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..........3@3⅛

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days..........3¾
4 to 6 months..........3½@4

Other Names.

4 to 6 months..........3⅞@4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling— Demand	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	..
Cables	4.76½	4.76 7-16	4.76½	+.00 1-16
Francs— Demand	5.86	5.86⅜	5.86	—.00⅛
Cables	5.85⅜	5.85⅝	5.85⅜	—.00⅛
Marks— Demand	70.00	69.75	70.00	+.31¼
Cables	70.06¼	69.81¼	70.06¼	+.31¼

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates, compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound, German exchange so many cents to four marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges in this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries:

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close— Demand or Check.	Cable.
4.8665	London	4.75⅝	4.76 7-16
5.1826	Paris	5.86	5.85⅜
95.28	Berlin	70.00	70.06¼
5.1826	Switzerland	5.33⅛	5.32⅜
19.295	Greece	19.45	19.50
5.1826	Italy	6.45	6.44½
20.26	Austria	12.03	12.06
51.45	Russia	31.80	31.85
26.73	Scandinavia—		
	Copenhagen	27.62½	27.75
	Christania	28.00	28.12½
	Stockholm	28.75	28.87½
19.20	Spain	20.15	20.20
40.19	Holland	*40.75	40.81¼
	China—		
....	Hongkong	51.90	52.00
....	Shanghai	73.00	73.12½
	India—		
38.44	Bombay	32.62½	32.75
32.44	Calcutta	32.62½	32.75
	Japan—		
49.84	Kobe	50.62½	50.75
49.84	Yokohama	50.62½	50.75
	Philippine Islands—		
50.00	Manila	50.25	50.37½
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.18	42.28
32.46	Rio	23.91	24.01

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71½	$4.69⅝	$4.70⅝	$4.68⅝

*Plus [illegible].

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $554,681,142; balance, $31,419,875; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $248,046.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 10@15c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 32⅝d, off ⅛d; in New York, 68c, off ¼c; Mexican dollars, 52⅝@55⅛c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 15, 1916.

	Shares.
Total sales	1,237,874
Same day last year	735,960
Same day two years ago	Ex. closed.
Year to date	123,475,670
Same period last year	103,671,493
Same period in 1914	41,989,158

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
57½	58½	1,100	Acme Tea	57¼	57½	57¼	57½	+2
95	96	200	Acme Tea 1st pf	94	95	94	95	+1⅞
15	17	500	Advance Rumely	17⅛	18	17⅛	18	+1
33	34½	600	Advance Rumely pf	33⅞	34½	33⅞	34½	+ ½
65½	66½	100	Ajax Rubber	66	66	66	66	— ½
14¼	14½	2,900	Alaska Gold Mines	15⅛	15⅛	14	14⅛	—1
7½	7¾	1,100	Alaska Juneau	7½	7¾	7½	7¾	...
26	26½	2,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	26⅝	27¼	26⅛	26½	+ ⅛
80¾	81	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	+ ¼
81	81½	600	Am. Agricul. Chem	82	82	80½	81½	...
101⅜	101⅞	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	— ⅜
93¼	93½	5,600	Am. Beet Sugar	94½	94½	93¼	93¼	— ¾
65¼	65½	40,300	Am. Can	65	66⅝	64⅛	65¼	+ ¾
67½	68	20,600	Am. Car & Fdry	67	68¾	66⅞	67½	+1½
55¼	55½	2,800	Am. Cotton Oil	55	56½	54⅝	55½	+ ¾
125	135	200	Am. Express	125	126½	125	126½	+1½
11¼	11¾	1,900	Am. H. & Leather	11¼	11½	11⅛	11½	— ¼
62	62¼	4,400	Am. H. & Leath. pf	62	62¾	61	62¼	— ¾
28⅛	29	3,000	Am. Ice Securities	29	29	28⅛	28¾	— ½
24	24¼	2,500	Am. Linseed	24¼	24¼	24	24	— ½
52¼	53	300	Am. Linseed pf	52½	53⅛	52½	53⅛	+ ⅛
79⅝	80	7,100	Am. Locomotive	80½	80⅝	79½	79⅝	— ⅛
106½	107	400	Am. Locomotive pf	106½	106¾	106½	106½	— ⅜
8	8½	100	Am. Malt	8	8	8	8	— ¾
108⅜	109	18,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	108	109⅜	108	108⅜	+1¼
85½	87	100	Am. S. S. pf. B.x d	86	86	86	86	+1½
59¼	59½	2,800	Am. Steel F'dries	59⅜	59⅜	59	59¼	+ ¼
110	111	700	Am. Sugar Ref	111	111	110⅝	110⅝	— ⅜
132	132¼	2,600	Am. Tel. & Tel	132¼	132¼	131⅞	132⅛	— ⅛
220½	221	800	Am. Tobacco	222	222½	221	221	— ½
47½	48½	1,500	Am. Woolen x d	49⅜	49½	47¾	47¾	— ⅛
32¼	32⅞	1,400	Am. Writing P. pf	31¼	33½	31¼	32¼	+1¼
40	40¼	2,500	Am. Zinc L. S.	40	40½	39⅞	40	+ ½
77	78	500	Am. Zinc L. S. pf	77	78	77	78	+1
90⅝	90¾	93,900	Anaconda Cop. Co	90	91¼	89¾	90¾	+1½
106	106⅛	15,600	Atch., Top. & S. F	104¼	106⅜	104¼	106⅛	+2⅛
99	100	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	99½	99½	99¼	99¼	+ ¼
112	113	100	Atlantic Coast Line	112½	112½	112½	112½	...
89½	90½	6,600	At., Gulf & W. I	92	92	89	89½	—1½
67½	68	1,300	At., G.& W.I.pf.x d	67¼	68¼	67¼	68	+1⅜
90⅛	90¼	18,200	Baldwin Loco	90¼	91⅞	89½	90½	+ ½
106	106½	200	Baldwin Loco. pf	106⅛	106½	106⅛	106½	+ ½
87¾	88⅛	5,800	Baltimore & Ohio	86½	88⅛	86⅜	88⅛	+1⅜
73	74½	900	Baltimore & O. pf	73	73	73	73	— ⅛
151	151¾	500	Barrett & Co	151¾	153	151½	151⅝	...
84½	84¾	100	Bklyn Rapid Tran	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	— ¼
65	67½	100	Brown Shoe	67	67	67	67	...
7⅞	8	300	Bruns. Ter. & Ry S	8	8	7¾	7¾	— ¼
..	..	100	Burns Brothers	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	+1¾
107	120	100	Bush Terminal	110	110	110	110	+2¾
63	63¼	3,000	Butte & Sup. x d	62½	63¾	62½	63	— ¾
28⅛	30	100	Butterick Co	28½	28½	28½	28½	— ½
21	21¾	900	California Petrol	22	22	21½	21¾	— ¼
47	49	300	California Pet. pf	49½	49½	48½	48½	—1
178½	178⅞	3,800	Canadian Pacific	178	178⅞	177	178⅞	+ ⅞
63⅜	63⅝	9,400	Central Leather Co	62½	64¼	62½	63⅜	+ ⅞
114	114⅛	100	Central Leather pf	114	114	114	114	— ⅛
108½	110	200	Chandler Motor	109	109	109	109	...
63⅛	63¼	3,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	62¼	63⅛	62¼	63⅛	+1⅛
12⅝	13	200	Chi. Great Western	12½	12¾	12½	12¾	...
35¼	35⅞	400	Chi. Gt. West. pf	35⅛	35⅞	35⅛	35¾	— ¼
95¼	95½	6,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P	93½	95⅝	93½	95¼	+1¾
124	125	400	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	124⅞	125	124¾	125	+ ⅛
17⅜	17½	900	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	17	17½	17	17½	+ ½
19⅜	19¾	400	Chile Copper	19¾	19¾	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
53⅜	53½	2,250	Chino Copper x d	54½	54½	52⅞	53½	— ½
82¼	82¾	100	C., C., C. & St.L.pf	82½	82½	82½	82½	+ ½
55⅛	55¾	40,400	Col. Fuel & Iron	54⅝	56¾	53⅝	55⅛	+1⅜
30	32	100	Col. & Southern	31	31	31	31	+1
43½	46	200	Comput. Tab. Rec	45	45½	45	45½	+1½
137¼	137¾	300	Consolidated Gas	138	138	137½	137½	— ½
104¾	105½	4,000	Continental Can	102¾	105½	102¾	105	+3
109	110¼	300	Continental Can pf	110¼	110¼	110	110	...
16¼	16⅜	1,500	Corn Products Ref	16½	16⅝	16¼	16¼	...
91	92	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	91⅝	91⅜	91¼	91¼	— ¾
94	94¼	68,100	Crucible Steel	94¼	96½	92⅝	94¼	+2
117	117½	500	Crucible S. pf. x d	116⅞	117	116⅞	117	+ ¾
58⅝	58¾	5,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	58⅝	58¾	58	58⅜	+ ⅛
94	94½	725	Cuba C. S. pf. x d	94	94	93⅞	93⅞	— ¼
90	92	100	Deere & Co	90	90	90	90	—1
13	13½	100	Den. & Rio Grande	13	13	13	13	...
34	35	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞	— ⅛
47¾	48	4,300	Distillers Secur	48	48¾	47¾	48	+ ½
109⅞	110	3,700	Driggs-Seabury	95	111¾	95	110	+18
5	6	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	5½	5½	5½	5½	...
68½	69¼	100	Elec. Storage Bat	68½	68½	68½	68½	+1
38⅝	38¾	24,600	Erie	37⅝	38¾	37⅝	38¾	+1¼
54	54¼	3,800	Erie 1st pf	53⅛	54	53	54	+ ½
44	44¾	300	Erie 2d pf	44¼	44¼	44	44	...
40	46	500	Federal M. & S. pf	47½	47½	45	45	—3½
305	310	100	General Chemical	303	303	303	303	— ½
305	310	33	Do., odd lot	306	306	306	306	...
170	170½	200	Gen. Electric x d	170½	170½	170	170	...
725	745	500	General Motors	740	747½	740	745	—5
125¼	127	100	General Motors pf	126¾	126¾	126¾	126¾	— ¼
72¼	72¾	1,500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	72⅛	72¾	72⅛	72⅝	+ ⅞
87	87¾	500	Granby Consol	88	88	87	88	+ ¼
118¼	118½	5,050	Great Northern pf	116⅝	118½	116⅝	118½	+1¾
42⅝	42¾	7,100	G. N. certs.ore prop	42	43⅜	42	42⅜	+ ⅜
49½	50	1,700	Greene-Cananea	50	50	49½	49½	— ⅝
93	95	700	Gulf States Steel	96	96½	94½	94½	— ¾
95	98½	1,100	Gulf S. S. 1st pf	98	98½	96½	96½	—1½
103⅛	103½	1,800	Illinois Central	101⅞	103⅞	101¾	103⅞	+2⅜
61½	61¾	21,800	Inspiration Copper	61⅝	62	61⅛	61⅝	+ ¼
16¼	16½	1,800	Interboro Consol	16⅛	16⅝	16	16¼	+ ¼
72	73	100	Interboro Con. pf	72	72	72	72	—1½
15¼	16	400	Int. Agricultural	16	16	15	15⅛	— ⅞
49	50	800	Int. Agricultural pf	49¾	49¾	49⅜	49½	—1
77½	78	100	Int. Harvest. Corp	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	— ⅛
49½	49⅝	53,200	Int. Mer. Mar. t. r	49⅝	50½	48¾	49½	+ ⅜
122¾	123	23,500	Int. Mer. Mar.pf.t.r	122½	124	121¾	123	+1¼
45½	45¾	3,200	Int. Nickel	45½	46¼	45½	45½	...
26¾	27	12,400	Int. Paper	25½	28¼	25	27	+1
92½	93¾	4,200	Int. Paper pf	93	94¾	91⅛	93	+ ¼
25¼	25½	300	Kansas City South	25⅛	25⅝	25	25⅝	+ ⅜
59	61	100	Kan. City South. pf	60	60	60	60	+ ½
81¾	82¼	3,350	Kelly Spring. Tire	82	82¾	81¼	82¼	+2¼
52⅝	52¾	12,000	Kennecott Copper	52½	53⅛	52¼	52½	...
85	85½	6,400	Lackawanna Steel	85½	86½	85¼	85¼	...
42½	43½	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	42½	42½	42½	42½	—1
47¾	48	900	Lee Rubber & Tire	48½	48¾	47⅝	48	...
80⅜	80¾	2,900	Lehigh Valley	80¼	80¾	80	80½	+ ¼
290	295	100	Liggett & Myers	293	293	293	293	—1
131	132	200	Louis. & Nash	129	129½	129	129½	+ ½
88¼	88¾	5,400	Maxwell Motors	89¼	89¼	88⅛	88½	— ¾
85½	86½	300	Max. Motors 1st pf	85⅞	85⅞	85¾	85¾	...
55	55⅞	1,800	Max. Motors 2d pf	55⅛	56	55	55⅛	— ⅜
61	62	200	May Dept. Stores	61	61	61	61	...
113⅛	113¼	30,200	Mexican Petroleum	114½	115	112¾	113¼	— ¼
94¼	96	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	95½	95½	95½	95½	...
37⅛	37⅜	3,200	Miami Copper	37½	37½	37	37¼	+ ¼
123	124	1,000	M., St. P. & S. S. M	121⅝	123¾	121½	123¾	+1⅝
3¾	4	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4	4	4	4	— ⅛
3⅞	4	400	Missouri Pacific	4	4	4	4	...
3⅞	4⅛	1,200	Mo. Pacific t r	4	4	4	4	— ⅛
22⅝	22⅝	900	Mo. Pacific w i	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
90	93	100	Mont. Power x d	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	—1⅜
125¼	128	100	Nat. Bis. Co. pf	125½	125½	125½	125½	—2½
83	84	300	Nat. Cloak & Suit	84	84	84	84	+ ⅛
28⅜	29	500	Nat. En. & St. Co	29	29¼	28½	28½	— ⅛
71	71½	4,900	Nat. Lead Co	72	72	71¼	71¼	— ¼
21½	21⅞	5,000	Nev. Con. Cop. x d	22	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
142	144	3,500	N. Y. Air Brake	144½	144⅞	141⅞	142	— ½
108⅜	108½	37,300	N. Y. Central	106⅜	108½	106⅜	108½	+2½
13½	15	600	N. Y. Dock	15	15	14¼	14¼	—1¼
60½	61	2,400	N. Y., N. H. & H	59½	61	59½	61	+1½
27⅜	27½	400	N. Y., Ont. & West	27	27½	27	27½	+ ⅛
131⅛	131¾	4,100	Norfolk & Western	130	131⅝	130	131⅝	+1⅝
84	86	200	Norfolk & West. pf	86	86	85¾	85¾	— ¾
112¼	112½	6,500	Northern Pacific	110⅝	112½	110⅝	112⅜	+2⅜
7¼	7⅝	2,000	Ontario Mining	7	7⅜	7	7⅜	+ ⅜
28	28½	1,000	Pacific Mail	28⅞	29	28¼	28¼	— ½
37¼	38½	1,050	Pacific Tel. & Tel	37	38	37	38	+2
55⅞	56	8,741	Penn. R. R	55⅞	56	55⅞	56	+ ¼
102¼	102¾	1,000	People's Gas, Chi	101⅞	102⅜	101⅞	102⅜	+1
32½	33	1,200	Pittsburgh Coal	32⅝	32⅞	32¼	32⅞	+1⅜
32½	32¾	4,100	Pitts. C. ctfs. of dep	32	33¼	32	32¾	+1⅛
98	99½	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	99	99	99	99	+1
59½	59¾	5,100	Pressed Steel Car	59	60¼	59	59⅝	+1¼
133¼	134	300	Public Service N. J	133¼	134	133¼	134	+ ¼
167	167½	200	Pullman Co	166	167	166	167	+2
3⅞	4⅛	1,400	Quicksilver	3¾	4	3¾	4	+ ¼
54½	54¾	32,925	Railway Steel Sp	52⅝	56½	51¾	54½	+3
100¼	102	100	Railway Steel S. pf	101	101	101	101	+ ⅛
25⅛	25⅜	10,450	Ray Con. Cop. x d	25	25½	24¾	25⅛	...
112⅞	113	69,600	Reading	113⅛	113⅜	112½	113	+ ⅝
67⅞	68½	17,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	68⅜	69	67⅛	67⅞	— ¼
110	110½	200	Rep. I. & S. pf. x d	110½	110½	110½	110½	— ¼
80	81½	1,200	Saxon Motor	78	80	77	80	...
14⅞	15½	200	Seaboard Air Line	15	15	15	15	...
210½	210¾	700	Sears, Roeb. & Co	211¼	211¼	210⅝	210⅝	+ ⅝
30¾	30⅞	800	Shattuck-Arizona	30⅛	30¾	30¼	30⅝	+ ⅝
59½	60½	4,100	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	59⅞	60⅞	59¼	60	— ½
97	98	200	S.-S. S. & I. Co. pf	98¼	98½	98½	98½	+ ½
100¼	100½	14,100	Southern Pacific	99	100⅝	99	100⅝	+1⅛
172	178	100	So. P. R. Sugar x d	180	180	180	180	—3⅛
24⅛	24¼	2,600	Southern Railway	23⅜	24⅛	23⅜	24⅛	+ ⅛
67⅞	67½	1,100	Southern Ry. pf	67½	68	67¼	67½	+ ⅛
130¼	130⅜	14,000	Studebaker Co	130¼	132	129½	130½	—1
25⅞	26	4,300	Tennessee Copper	26¼	26¼	25½	25¾	— ¾
202½	203	3,400	Texas Co. x d	203	205	203	203	+1
11	11⅜	300	Texas & Pacific	11	11	11	11	...
60	60¼	1,200	Third Avenue x d	60½	60⅝	60	60	+ ½
50½	51½	9,800	Tobacco Products	50⅝	51⅝	49⅞	51	+1
103	105	200	Tobacco Prod. pf	105⅝	105⅝	105	105	—1
9½	9¾	2,100	Union B. & P. Co	10	10	9½	9½	+ ⅜
56	57½	1,200	Un. B. & P. Co. pf	57⅞	57⅞	57	57½	— ⅞
146⅜	146½	64,500	Union Pacific	143⅜	146½	143¼	146⅜	+3½
81⅜	81½	500	Union Pacific pf	81⅝	81⅝	81⅜	81⅜	+1½
101	102	100	United Cigar Stores	101½	101½	101½	101½	— ½
161½	162½	4,100	United Fruit Co	162	162½	161	162	...
7	8	100	United Rys. Invest	8	8	8	8	...
23½	24	1,300	U. S. C. I. P. & F	23⅝	24¼	23⅝	23⅝	+ ¼
54¼	55	400	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	54½	54½	54¼	54½	+ ½
28	30	200	U. S. Express	29	29	29	29	+1
130	104¼	24,000	U. S. Indus. Alco	128	132½	127	130¼	+2¼
2	2¼	200	U. S. Red. & Ref	2	2	2	2	— ⅜
1⅝	2	100	U. S. Red. & R. pf	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
59½	59¾	2,000	U. S. Rubber	59⅜	60	59⅜	59⅝	— ¼
113¼	115	200	U.U. S. Rub. 1st pf	113¾	114	113¾	114	+ ⅞
76½	77	2,880	U. S. Sm., R. & M	77	77¼	76⅝	76⅞	— ¼
106⅝	106⅝	132,800	U. S. Steel	106⅝	107	105⅞	106⅝	+ ¼
120⅛	120¼	5,300	U. S. Steel pf	120	120¼	120	120⅛	+ ¼
85	85¼	6,100	Utah Copper x d	86¼	86¼	85¼	85¼	— ¾
19	19⅜	200	Utah Securities	19¼	19½	19¼	19½	...
44	44½	8,200	Va.-Car. Chemical	43½	45⅜	43½	44¼	+1
56¼	57	1,500	Va. Iron, Coal & C	56	57¼	55	57	+1
13½	13¾	500	Wabash	13¼	13⅜	13¼	13⅜	+ ¼
50¼	50½	1,800	Wabash pf. A	50	50⅝	50	50½	+ ¼
27	27¼	1,300	Wabash pf. B	26½	27	26½	27	+ ⅜
126	128	500	Wells Fargo Exp	125	126¼	125	126¼	+2
29¼	29½	2,100	Western Maryland	28⅞	29½	28½	29½	+1
99	99¼	5,800	Western Union Tel	97⅝	99¾	97⅝	99¼	+2¼
63⅝	64	17,300	Westingh. E. & M	64¼	64¼	63⅝	63⅞	+ ⅜
4	5	100	W. & L. E. 2d pf	5	5	5	5	...
45⅛	45⅝	8,200	Willys-Overland x d	45½	45½	44½	45⅝	...
104⅝	105	100	Willys-Overland pf	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	+ ¼
49	50	100	Wisconsin Central	49½	49½	49½	49½	— ½
137	138	500	Woolw., (F.W.) Co	137	137	137	137	— ½
99	100	100	Worth. Pump. pf. A	100	100	100	100	+1⅛

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
American Cigar	118	123	118	123
American Cigar pf	98½	99½	98½	99½
Conley Foil	300	350	300	350
J. S. Young	150	160	150	160
J. S. Young pf	105	110	105	110
Johnson T. F. & M	100	150	100	150
MacAndrews & F	178	183	178	183
MacAndrews & F. pf	99	101	99	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob	248	255	248	255
R. J. Reynolds Tob	580	620	570	590
R. J. Rayn. Tob. pf	121	123	121	123

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	81.03	79.87	80.92	+1.02
25 industrials	105.89	104.47	105.05	+ .20
50 stocks	93.46	92.16	92.98	+ .61

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Sept. 15	93.46	92.16	92.98	+ .61
Sept. 14	93.41	91.04	92.37	+ .79
Sept. 13	91.91	89.81	91.58	+1.51
Sept. 12	90.61	89.09	90.07	+ .71
Sept. 11	89.79	88.52	89.36	+ .29
Sept. 9	89.30	88.47	89.07	+ .49

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

September,	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	92.98	Sep. 15	86.30	Sep. 1	92.98
1915	85.45	Sep. 29	79.71	Sep. 1	84.20
1914	Stock Exchange closed.				
1913	72.75	Sep. 15	69.81	Sep. 4	70.14
1912	85.83	Sep. 30	82.10	Sep. 13	85.19
1911	75.64	Sep. 6	69.57	Sep. 25	72.45

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	93.41	Sep. 14	80.91	Apr. 22	92.98
†1916	80.20	Sep. 17	58.90	Feb. 24	79.88
Full years:					
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 2	63.09	Feb. 1	68.06
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.22
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

*To date. †To corresponding date.

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept. 15..86.68 — .04		Sept. 8..86.34 — .03	
Sept. 14..86.72 + .07		Sept. 7..86.37	..
Sept. 13..86.65 + .02		Sept. 6..86.37 + .06	
Sept. 12..86.63 + .26		Sept. 5..86.31	..
Sept. 11..86.37 — .02		Sept. 4..Holiday.	
Sept. 9..86.39 + .05			

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	—High—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	87.49	June 17	86.19	Apr. 28	86.68
†1915	84.48	Apr. 29	81.51	Jan. 2	82.12
Full years:					
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Flood of Gold.

Prominent bankers are hopeful that ways will be found to lessen the amount of gold now being shipped to the United States. They regard it as a menace. With speculation running at high tide call money remains at or near 3 per cent. day after day. The conditions are ripe for inflation of a dangerous sort, and while the bankers do not feel that any considerable part of the rise in stock market prices can properly be laid to inflation, owing to the well known fact that companies whose stocks are selling at record quotations are showing earnings to justify the advances, they fear the consequences of a continuation of the import movement on the present scale. Europe has only three ways of paying the enormous bills incurred here, and one of these, the liquidation of foreign-owned American securities, has not been availed of lately to any large extent. The second method, the shipment of gold to provide bank credits, has been used too much to suit far sighted financiers. The third, the exchange of foreign Government bonds for investment funds, the bankers would like to see used more.

A Cushion for Post War Bumps.

A prominent international banker said yesterday that the United States would be in very much better shape after the war if the people who are making money so easily now would use their surplus for the purchase of French, British, or Russian bonds, instead of putting it into automobiles, war stocks, and other luxuries. Investment in fixed interest bearing obligations, he said, would provide a cushion against the inevitable shocks which must be taken with the end of war and the cessation of a considerable part of the war business. "This is the time for the United States to put its house in order," said this authority. "We might retire the greenbacks, but that is unlikely. If individuals would emulate the French peasant, and invest in bonds of other nations, we could face the coming readjustment with a fair degree of confidence."

More Loans Expected.

Bankers in close touch with English correspondents say that the war cannot end in less than eighteen months, unless Germany makes the first move by withdrawing her forces to German territory as a preliminary to peace discussions. They look for more European and South American loans. Russia will get $50,000,000 here in the near future; Argentina will need a large amount for refunding, and Great Britain is expected to repeat the recent collateral loan operation. The next British loan may not come for three or four months, but it is believed that H. P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co. will lay the groundwork for it during his present stay in London.

Goods to Sell.

From one point of view the steady expansion of gold reserves, tending to keep money rates cheap, may be displeasing to banks in the same way that an excess of a certain kind of commodities would affect manufacturers. The latter would have difficulty in selling his goods in a glutted market and competition would tend to keep down profits on what he did sell. The banks have one commodity to sell and that is money. When money is easy and plenty, banking profits perforce are small. And each increase in the country's gold holdings tends to make money easier, theoretically, if the tendency is always not discernible.

Rails in High Favor.

While the minds of railroad Executives are confused over the eight-hour law and its effect on earnings and operation, many speculators and investors have made up their minds that the additional cost will take only a small percentage of the increase in net earnings which the railroads have reported for many months. With earnings still on the increase it can be calculated that equities are good, notwithstanding the menace of the new legislation. Yesterday the strength and activity of the rails were distinctive features of the market. They were old, seasoned railroad stocks of standard investment kind that were most conspicuous in the movement. Reading, a highly speculative as well as investment share, gained only a fraction, while Union Pacific gained 3⅛ points, Central 2½, Northern Pacific 2⅜, Illinois Central 2⅜, Atchison 2⅛, and gains of more than a point were scored by Baltimore & Ohio, Chesapeake & Ohio, Erie, Great Northern, Norfolk & Western and Southern Pacific.

Equities in the Rails.

With full reports of net earnings at hand for the year ended June 30 one of the brokerage houses compiled a table showing the percentages earned on the stocks of the big railroad systems. Almost without exception the tabulation showed liberal margins above dividend requirements. Lackawanna led with 38.42 per cent. earned on its stock, Reading following with 18.60, Central with 16.90, and Norfolk & Western with 16.74. Other percentages were: Atchison, 13.02; Southern Pacific, 12.13; Union Pacific, 15.60; Pennsylvania, 11.36; Great Northern, 10.90; Northern Pacific, 10.22; Atlantic Coast Line, 10.38; St. Paul, 8.57; Illinois Central, 9.17; Northwestern, 11.19; Baltimore & Ohio, 7.29.

New Stocks on the Board.

The Barrett Company's shares yesterday took the place of stock of the American Coal Products Company on the Stock Exchange. It was not exactly the base of a new stock entering the trading arena, but the bears appeared to take an interest in the issue, marking the price down more than 3 points. Saxon Motor, after a day's delay following its listing, was traded in to the extent of 1,100 shares, gaining 2 points from the first price.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 15, 1916.

	Par Value.
Total sales	$3,145,000
Same day last year	2,165,500
Same day two years ago	Ex. closed.
Year to date	726,981,550
Same period last year	560,511,700
Same period in 1914	425,061,100

Am Foreign Sec temp 5s
50,000........98
3,000........98¼
20,000........98
Anglo-Fench 5s
25,000........95⅝
96,000........95¼
500........95½
13,000........95¼
500........95⅜
12,000........95¼
500........95⅝
500........95⅜
5,000........95¼
500........95⅜
500........95¼
3,000........95¼
3,000........95⅛
2,000........95¼
10,000........95⅛
6,000........95¼
5,000........95⅛
8,000........95¼
4,000........95⅛
2,000........95¼
2,000........95⅛
500........95⅜
7,000........95¼
29,000........95⅛
1,000........95¼
2,000........95⅛
1,000........95¼
4,000........95⅛
500........95¼
500........95⅛
500........95¼
500........95⅛
1,000........95¼
500........95⅜
24,000........95¼
500........94¾
500........95⅜
4,000........95⅛
2,000........95¼
20,000........95⅛
7,000........95⅛
1,000........95¼
11,000........95⅛
9,000........95¼
16,000........95⅛
Argentine Govt 5s
2,000........92¼
Dom of Can 5s, 1926
4,000........99½
7,000........99⅝
10,000........99¾
1,000........99½
39,000........99⅝
1931
3,000........99⅞
1,000........99¾
1,000........100
12,000........99⅞
Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan
4,000........87
4s, ste loan
10,000........70⅝
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1904
2,000........98⅝
of 1914
12,000........96¼
Un Kingdom of Gt Brit & Ire 5s temp ctfs
8,000........99
20,000........98⅞
48,000........99
N Y City 4s, 1957
1,000........101
1958
2,000........101
1959
4,000........101
2,000........101⅛
4¼s, 1960
10,000........103⅛
1964
3,000........104⅛
4½s, May, 1957
40,000........109⅝
4½s, 1963
1,000........109⅝
1965
5,000........110
Adams Expr 4s
500........83
Alaska G Mines cv deb 6s, Series A
11,000........90⅛
Series B
6,000........90⅛
Am H & L 6s
10,000........103⅞
2,000........104
Am Ice Sec 5s
1,000........87
Am Sm Sec 6s
18,000........112½
15,000........112⅞
10,000........112½
Am Tel & Tel col 4s
1,000........91⅛
2,000........91⅜
3,000........91⅛
Am T & T cv 4s
2,000........103⅛
cv 4½s
10,000........110½
Armour & Co 4½s
39,000........93⅛
At, T & S F gen 4s
35,000........92⅝
4,000........92½
500........93
3,000........92⅝
cv 4s, 1960
10,000........104¼
13,000........104⅛
20,000........105
adj 4s, stpd
5,000........83⅝
Atl & Char A L 1st 5s, Ser B
24,000........101¼
Balt & Ohio prior lien 3½s
2,000........92⅜
2,000........92½
gold 4s
22,000........90
1,000........89⅞
cv 4½s
9,000........94⅛
25,000........94⅜
ref 5s
5,000........100⅛
5,000........100⅛
10,000........100½
P, L E & W Va 4s
3,000........85⅞
17,000........[illegible]
S W Div 3½s
15,000........90⅛
5,000........90⅝
Beech Creek 4s, registered
1,000........93⅜
Beth Steel ext 5s
5,000........104
1st & ref 5s
12,000........100¼

B R T 5s, 1918
8,000........100⅛
1,000........100⅛
B Un El 1st 5s, stamped
5,000........101¼
Cal G & Elec 5s
5,000........99⅝
Can So con 5s, Series A
9,000........102
Cent Leather 5s
3,000........102⅝
Cent of N J gen 5s
1,000........116
Cent Pac gtd 4s
12,000........88¼
4,000........88
Cent Pac gtd 3½s
3,000........89⅝
Ches & O con 5s
1,000........106
C & O gen 4½s
1,000........89⅝
conv 5s
128,000........92½
conv 4½s
30,000........84
2,000........83⅝
gen 4½s
2,000........90
C & O R & A div 1st con 4s
2,000........87
Chi & Alt 3½s
1,000........49⅛
C B & Q joint 4s
1,000........98
2,000........97⅞
49,000........97⅝
20,000........97⅞
Ill div 3½s
2,000........84½
4,000........85
Chi Gt Wn 4s
11,000........69⅛
C M & S P gen 3½s ser B
2,000........80
4s, 1925
11,000........94
3,000........94½
2,000........94¼
4s, 1934
5,000........90⅝
conv 4½s
8,000........100⅛
500........99⅞
10,000........100⅛
5,000........100⅛
1,000........100⅛
ref 4½s
4,000........92⅝
C & P Wn 5s
1,000........103
W & M div 5s
1,000........102⅝
C & N W deb 5s, 1933
2,000........103⅛
gen 4s
1,000........94
C R I & P gen 4s
3,000........83⅛
ref 4s
28,000........71⅛
31,000........71⅞
deb 5s
13,000........56½
11,000........57
C T H & R Ry 1st & ref 5s
1,000........68
Chi Un S 4½s
1,000........99⅝
C & W Ind con 4s
5,000........76⅝
Chile Cop 7s
4,000........123
1,000........122⅞
11,000........122½
5,000........123
Clv Sh Line 4½s
2,000........100⅛
Colo Indus 5s
5,000........82
Col & So 1st 4s
2,000........91⅛
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
1,000........83⅛
4,000........83
Col & 9th Av 1st 5s
3,000........98
Cub-Am Sug col trust 6s
1,000........102¼
D & H 1st & ref 4s
18,000........99
18,000........98⅛
conv 5s
1,000........105⅝
3,000........105⅜
Den & Rio Gde imp 5s
2,000........82½
con 4s
2,000........77½
1,000........77⅞
con 4½s
1,000........83¼
Dis Sec Corp 5s
5,000........75
5,000........74⅝
E Tenn reorgn lien 5s
3,000........100
Erie 1st con 7s
17,000........108⅝
con 4s
1,000........83
5,000........83¼
1,000........83
gen 4s
2,000........71⅛
Erie conv 4s ser A
8,000........70
series B
14,000........72⅞
10,000........73
Erie temp cv 4s series D
5,000........85⅛
5,000........86
8,000........85⅜
Erie Pa col tr 4s
1,000........89
Fla East C Ry 1st 4½s
4,000........93⅛
G H & S A M & P 2d ext 5s
1,000........99
Gen Elec deb 5s
1,000........104⅛
Gt Pac 1st 6s
5,000........107
Har Riv Portchester 4s
1,000........91½
Hoc Val 1st 4½s
6,000........90⅞
Hud & Man 1st & ref 5s ser A
3,000........70

Ill Cen 4s, 1952
6,000........88
1952
4,000........88⅝
1953
5,000........85⅛
Ill Cen & Chi S L & N O jt 5s ser A
2,000........100⅛
Ill C pur lines 3½s
7,000........80⅝
Ill Steel 4½s
1,000........91⅞
Ind Steel 5s
59,000........103⅛
Inter-Met 4½s
1,000........73⅛
10,000........73⅛
2,000........73⅛
Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s
6,000........97⅝
1,000........97⅜
26,000........97⅝
1,000........97⅜
Int Mer Ma col trust 4½s cts of deposit
55,000........109
s f 6s when issued
58,000........97⅛
10,000........97⅝
Inter Nav 5s
11,000........108½
Iowa Cen 1st 5s
1,000........86
Kan C, F & M 6s
6,000s30f........109⅛
Kan City Term 4s
5,000........87½
Kings Co Elev 4s, stamped gtd
1,000........83⅛
Lack Steel 5s, 1923
5,000........100⅛
1950
1,000........95
10,000........95⅛
6,000........95
L E & Wn 1st 5s
1,000........98⅜
3,000........98⅞
L S & M So 4s, 1928
10,000........95
2,000........95⅛
1,000........95
1931
2,000........94½
1,000........94⅞
1,000........94⅛
Leh Val con 4½s
1,000........99⅜
Leh Val Coal 5s
2,000s30f........104⅛
Liggett & Myers 5s
1,000........102
1,000........101⅞
1,000........101⅞
Long Island ref 4s
1,000........86⅝
Lorillard Co 5s
2,000........101⅛
3,000........101
Louisv & Nashv unified 4s
8,000........93½
4,000........94
Atl, K & Cin 4s
1,000........86⅛
Man con 4s, tax exempt
2,000........89⅝
2,000........90⅛
Mich State Tel 5s
1,000........100⅛
Milwau & Nor 1st ext 4½s
4,000........101⅛
Minn, St Ste Mar & Atl 4s
3,000........97½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
10,000........73⅛
2d 4s
1,000........43⅛
1,000........45⅜
ext 5s
2,000........37½
2,000........38
Mo Pac 5s, 1917
1,000........100
Guar Tr Co ctfs
2,000........100
5s, 1920, Colum Tr ctfs
1,000........95⅝
4s, Tr Co ctfs
1,000........48
cv 5s, Tr Co ctfs
4,000........48
gen 4s, w i
45,000........64⅛
Mon Pow 5s, Ser A
1,000........97⅝
5,000........97⅝
Morris & Essex 1st & ref 3½s
1,000........85⅞
N Y Cent deb 6s
25,000........112⅛
12,000........112⅝
50,000........112⅜
132,000........112⅜
registered
4,000........112⅛
gen 3½s
1,000........82
2,000........82⅛
con 4s, Series A
3,000........82⅜
7,000........82⅜
deb 4s, 1934
10,000........90⅛
5,000........90⅝
3,000........90⅛
8,000........90⅞
10,000........90⅛
2,000........90⅝
ref & imp 4½s, Series A
3,000........92⅛
7,000........92
1,000........91⅞
8,000........92⅛
registered
1,000........92⅛
N Y, Chi & St L 1st 4s
4,000........91⅛
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
2,000........104⅜
2,000........104⅛
pur money 4s
1,000........84
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s
1,000........110⅛
11,000........110
N Y, O & W ref 4s
1,000........79⅞
9,000........79⅛
N Y Rys adj 5s
1,000........54⅝
5,000........55
3,000........55¼
7,000........55

N Y State Rys con 4½s
1,000........84½
N Y Tel 4½s
3,000........97⅝
4,000........97⅝
29,000........97⅞
5,000........97⅝
N Y, W & B 4½s
3,000........72
Norf & Wn con 4s
1,000........92½
10,000........92⅜
5,000........92½
div 1st 4s
1,000........90⅛
6,000........90⅝
Nor Pacific 4s
10,000........91⅝
11,000........91⅜
6,000........92
Ont Transm 5s
10,000........86
Oreg & Cal 1st 5s
1,000........101
Oregon Short Line gtd ref 4s
12,000........92⅜
Oreg Wash R R & Nv 1st & ref 4s
5,000........83⅛
Penn 4s, 1948
4,000........98
Penn R R con 4½s
2,000........104⅝
gen 4½s, tem cfs
30,000........101⅝
1,000........101⅛
2,000........101⅝
1,000........101⅛
Penn gtd 4½s
4,000........100⅝
Pere Mar gtd 4s
1,000........20⅝
Public Serv Corp sink fund 5s
2,000........92
Ry Steel Spg, Int-Ocean 1st 5s
1,000........97½
Reading gen 4s
9,000........95
1,000........94⅞
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
2,000........98⅛
5,000........98⅜
11,000........98½
Rio Grde W 1st 4s
2,000........73⅝
Rome, W & O, con 5s
1,000........103⅝
St L & S Fr R R ref 4s
1,000........80⅛
gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs, stamped
1,000........69
St L & S F adjust 6s, w i
12,000........83⅛
10,000........83
St P, M & M con 4s
1,000........96
St P, M & M 4½s
1,000........102⅝
Mont ext 4s
12,000........95⅛
Seab A L adj 5s
12,000........64⅛
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
3,000........101
1,000........101⅛
So Pacific col 4s
1,000........83½
conv 4s
1,000........86⅝
conv 5s
45,000........104⅛
1,000........104⅛
10,000........104⅛
5,000........104⅝
3,000........104⅛
1st ref 4s
12,000........89⅝
9,000........89⅝
5,000........89⅝
San Fr Term 4s
7,000........84
Southn Ry 1st 5s
19,000........100⅝
3,000........101
1,000........101⅛
2,000........101
3,000........101⅛
31,000........101
2,000........100⅝
gen 4s
41,000........70⅛
Tenn Cop conv 6s, sub rcts, f pd
4,000........92⅛
Texas Co conv 6s
2,000........105
Texas & Pac 1st 5s
7,000........96⅛
Third Av 1st 5s
2,000........107⅝
Tri City 5s
3,000........100⅛
Union Pac 1st 4s
50,000........96⅝
10,000........96⅝
1,000........96½
conv 4s
2,000........94⅛
1st & ref 4s
10,000........89⅝
11,000........89⅛
5,000........89⅝
Un Fuel Gas 6s
13,000........100
Un R Rs of S F 4s
16,000........31⅝
10,000........32
10,000........32⅛
15,000........32⅛
U S Rubber 6s
11,000........102⅛
U S Sm, Ref & M cv 6 p c notes
5,000........111⅝
U S Steel Corp sink fund 5s
2,000........105½
17,000........105⅝
11,000........105⅜
Utah Pow & Lt 5s
1,000........94⅛
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
5,000........98⅛
Virgn Ry 1st 5s
1,000........98⅛
Wabash 1st 5s
2,000........103⅜
1,000........103⅜
2d 5s
5,000........98⅝
W U Tel col tr 5s
1,000........102⅛
1,000........102
2,000........101⅝
West Shore 4s
4,000........[illegible]
Westing E & M conv 5s
2,000........126

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99	..
2s, c, 1930	99	..
3s, r, 1918	100¼	..
3s, c, 1918	100¼	..
3s, 1946	101½	102
4s, r, 1925	109½	..
4s, c, 1925	110	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98¼	..
Jan 2s, r, 1938	98¼	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101½	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101½	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	135	140
Am B N.	38½	40
Do pf, ex div	51⅞	..
Am B Sug pf, ex d.	99	101
Am B S & Fdy	103	110
Do pf.	190	199
Am C pf, ex div	112⅞	114½
Am C & F pf.	115½	116¼
Am Coal	23	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	100	102
Am M pf.	39	40
Am Sm pf, A, ex d.	95	97
A S & R pf.	113¼	114¼
Am Sn, ex div	143	145
Do pf.	103	108
Am S Ref pf.	119½	120
A T & C.	61	65
Am T pf, ex div	106	..
Am W pf, ex div	95½	97
Ann Arbor.	..	30
Do pf.	..	65
Assets R.	3	4
Assoc Oil.	68	70
A B & A.	10	11⅝
Barrett Co pf.	118	..
Batop M.	1⅝	2
Beth S, ex div	570	575
Do pf, ex div	130	139
Booth Fish	45	47½
Do pf.	85	87¼
B Un G.	128½	132
Brown Sh pf.	99½	100½
B, R & P.	92	100
Do pf.	110	120
Can So.	55	60
Case (J I) pf.	82½	83⅞
C R R of N J.	290	350
C & S A Tel	138	140
Chi & Alt.	..	9½
Do pf.	18	21
C & N W.	124	126
Chi, St P, M & Om.	115	125
Do pf.	133	148
C, C, C & St L.	52½	53
Cleve & P.	79½	..
Do spec.	47½	..
Cluett-P	70	78
Do pf.	107½	..
Col & S 1st pf.	56½	58½
Do 2d pf.	50	55
C G, E L & P, B, ex div	..	111½
Cont Ins.	55	60
Crex Carp.	45	60
C-Am Sug.	250	256
Do pf.	105	110
D P & L pf.	95½	96½
Del & Hud.	151	153
D, L & W.	227	230
Det Ed.	139	140
Det U R.	114½	116½
Dia Match.	119	121
Dome M.	24½	25
D, S S & A pf.	9	11
Erie & P.	..	70
F M & S.	16	23
Gen C pf.	115	117
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	113	113⅞
Gulf S S 1st pf.	99½	101
Hack Wat.	25	35
Harb-W	86¼	..
Helme (G W) Co, ex div	158	190
Do pf, ex div	117	..
Hock Val.	..	116
Homestake.	133	140
I H, N J.	116	116⅞
Do pf.	116	119
Int H Cor pf.	101	109¼
Int Nickel pf.	105½	106
Iowa Cent.	2½	3½
Do pf.	5	12
Jewel Tea.	87	89
Do pf.	109	111
Kan C, F S & M pf.	..	72
Kelly S T pf ex div	98	100
K & D M.	..	5
Do pf.	..	50
Kings Co El L & P.	127	128
Laclede G.	104½	105½
L E & W.	18	18½
Liggett & M pf ex div.	120½	125
Long Isl.	34	36
L-W Bis.	15½	19
Do 1st pf	80	82
Lorill'd Co ex div	222	239
Do pf ex div.	121	122½
M'kay Cos.	85¼	85½
Do pf.	66	68
Mahoning Coal R.	350	..
Man Beach	1½	3¼
Man El ex div.	126	129
Man Shirt.	62½	66
Do pf.	113	116
May Dept S pf.	105	108½
Mich Cent.	108	135
M & St L.	4¾	5¼
Do pf.	14	20
M, St P & S S M pf.	132	136
Do 1 L.	72½	78
Mo, K & T pf.	10	11⅝
Mo Pac pf, w i.	47½	48½
Moline Plow 1st pf.	..	95
Mon Power pf.	111	115¼
Mor & Es.	80¼	89
N C & St L.	130	140
Nat Bis.	118¼	122¾
Nat En pf.	94	97
Nat L pf.	111	114
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	23
Do 2d pf.	6	7½
N Y, C & St L.	34	35
Do 1st pf	78	80
Do 2d pf.	59	62
N Y Dock pf.	30	39¾
N Y, L & W ex div.	113	..
Norf So.	22	24⅞
North Am ex div.	66¾	68
N O T & L	96¼	..
N W Tel.	52½	..
Pabst B pf	77	90
Pac Coast.	50	65
Do 1st pf	70	90
Do 2d pf.	70	80
Pac T & T pf.	98	100
Peoria & E	9	12
Pettib-Mul.	..	55
Do 1st pf	..	95
Phila Co.	38¾	39¼
Pitts, C, C & St L.	81	83
Do pf.	93	..
Pitts C pf.	108¼	110
Do pf cfs.	102½	110
Pitts, Ft W & C.	154¼	..
Pres S Car pf.	101	102¼
Quicksilver pf.	5	5⅝
Rdg 1st pf.	43½	44½
Do 2d pf.	46½	47
Rens & S.	170	..
St L & S F, w i.	16	16½
St L S W.	..	20
Do pf.	..	41
Seabd A L pf.	36½	37
Sears-R pf.	123½	127½
S P R Sug pf ex div.	112	..
Stand Mill.	94	98
Do pf.	85	91
Studebaker Co pf.	109	111
T P L Tr.	110	..
Tol, St L & W.	3	7
Do ctfs.	2	6
Do pf.	9	14
Do ctfs.	8	13
Twin City R T.	96½	98½
Do pf.	123½	135
Under Typ.	100½	102
Do pf.	116	..
Un C Mfrs.	47	50
Do pf.	107	..
Un C Stors pf.	110	118
Un Rys Inv pf.	17	18½
U S I Alco pf.	103	104½
U S Rubber 2d pf.	76	90
U S Sm pf.	51	52¼
Va-Car Ch pf.	111	111½
Va Ry & P	45	50
W Md pf.	43	47
W E & M 1st pf.	70	74
Weym-Bru ex div	275	330
Do pf ex div.	114¼	125
W & L E 1st pf.	12¼	14
Do 2d pf.	4½	5
W'lw'h (F W) pf.	123¼	124½
Wor Pump	35¼	36½
Do pf B.	64	65

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THE ANNALIST, published every Monday, is an independent, high-class newspaper of finance, commerce and economics. Full of stock market information. Lists of unquoted securities offered by reputable firms. Ten cents —$4 a year by mail, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT

5% Internal Gold Loan 1909

Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. hereby give notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the amortization on 9th October, 1916, of $344,000 Argentine Gold Pesos, say $334,712 U. S. Gold Dollars, of the above Loan.

Tenders for sale of Bonds with coupon due 1st March, 1917, at a price to be stated in the Tender, must be lodged not later than 12 o'clock noon on 23rd September, 1916, with Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York, who will announce the result of the Tenders as soon thereafter as possible.

Tenders will be received also in Paris by the Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas, in London by Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd., and in Buenos Aires by the Credito Publico Nacional.

Each bond has a par value of $973 U. S. Gold Dollars, and Tenders must be made at a flat price under par expressed in dollars per bond.

Tenders must be made on a form obtainable on application, and must be securely enclosed in an envelope marked "Tender of Argentine Government 5 per cent. Internal Gold Loans 1909 Bonds for redemption.

Forms of Tender may be obtained on application to Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York, who reserve the right to reject all or any Tenders.

Dated New York, 15th September, 1916.

TEMPLE COAL COMPANY FIRST AND COLLATERAL TRUST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that on Sept. 1, 1916, in pursuance of the terms of the above mortgage, dated July 1, 1914, bonds Nos.

123	367	696	900	1242	1572	1802	2046
136	421	712	929	1262	1573	1810	2080
173	430	719	936	1278	1581	1812	2117
177	460	736	971	1298	1582	1824	2158
185	490	749	1004	1301	1586	1849	2197
186	524	752	1049	1340	1591	1873	2204
204	539	756	1055	1342	1612	1900	2232
207	541	772	1067	1344	1614	1902	2235
206	549	774	1088	1372	1640	1915	2238
218	574	797	1093	1373	1643	1926	2250
226	580	798	1100	1405	1649	1949	2262
270	592	800	1121	1418	1652	1952	2263
272	626	805	1132	1420	1670	1981	2271
278	632	829	1142	1423	1677	2007	2292
287	644	830	1150	1453	1703	2015	2303
332	649	841	1155	1476	1708	2018	2314
335	687	875	1171	1505	1719	2027	
342	688	878	1218	1509	1761	2030	
361	693	894	1226	1511	1779	2036	

have been drawn for redemption out of moneys held in the Sinking Fund. The principal of said bonds will be paid on October 1, 1916, at the office of the Trustee, 517 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, at 101 and accrued interest, after which date interest on the bonds so drawn shall cease.

THE PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY, for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities.

GREENVILLE WATER COMPANY.

In accordance with the Sinking Fund provisions of the Deed of Trust of Greenville Water Company to Lincoln Trust Company, as Trustee, the Trustee has this day drawn the following bonds for payment on October 1st, 1916, at par and accrued interest, after which date interest will cease: Bonds Nos. 16 and 27 for $1,000 each, and Bonds Nos. 59 and 91 for $500 each.

New York, September 14th, 1916.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
H. F. POOR, Vice President.

Chicago, Saint Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railway Co.

111 Broadway, New York, Sept. 1, 1916.

For the purposes of the annual meeting, which will be held at the Company's office, in Hudson, Wisconsin, on Friday, October 20, 1916, at 9:00 A. M., the stock transfer books will be closed on Monday, September 18, 1916, at the close of business on that day, and reopened on Saturday, October 21, 1916.

JOHN D. CALDWELL, Secretary.

Chicago and North Western Ry. Co.

111 Broadway, New York, Sept. 1, 1916.

For the purposes of the annual meeting, which will be held at the Company's office, in Chicago, Illinois, on Thursday, October 19, 1916, at 11:00 o'clock A. M., the stock transfer books will be closed on Monday, September 18, 1916, at the close of business on that day, and reopened on Friday, October 20, 1916.

JOHN D. CALDWELL, Secretary.

Winch. Rpts. Arms.1375 1450 1375 1450 ... Houghton.. 1⅝ 2 ... 30 W.P. T.&W.P. 19½ 19½ 19¼ 19¼ ... J. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Lessened Activity in the Curb Market, with Prices Generally Lower.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 523,463 shares of stocks and $93,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 139,255; oils, 84,955, and mining, 299,253. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,800	‡Aetna Exp..	10¼	10¼	10	10½
100	‡Am. D. Syn.	13⅜	13⅜	13¾	13⅜
4,800	Am. Int.Corp. ($50 paid)..	59	59½	59	59½
1,800	‡Am. W. P..	5¾	5⅜	5¼	5¼
50	Atlantic Steel	67½	75	67½	75
450	‡Butler Chem	4⅝	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛
230	‡Can. Steam..	38	38	36½	36
200	‡Car L. & P.	4¾	4⅞	4¾	4¾
300	‡Carbon Steel	86	90	86	90
800	‡Cent. F. pf.	27	28⅜	27	28⅜
8,500	Chev. Motor..	215	215½	209	211
3,500	C. of R. & H.	4⅞	5	4⅞	5
350	‡Electric Gun	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
110	Emer. Phon..	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
300	‡F. B. Corp..	41	41	41	41
700	‡G., W. & W.	51½	51½	50⅝	50⅝
8,000	‡Gen. M., w.i.	160	160	150	152
400	G. Mot. Car..	7½	8	7½	7⅝
400	Guan. Sugar.	66	67	66	67
1,450	‡Hall Signal..	12	12	11⅜	11⅜
500	H. & B. C.Co	41	*41⅝	41	41½
20	Holly S. Corp	45½	45½	45½	45½
200	I. S. Corp.pf	96⅛	96⅛	96½	96½
12,000	††Imp. C. C..	37	39	36	38
3,500	Inter. Rub...	18	18½	17¾	18
1,900	††J. O. Spelt. (new)	50	54	50	54
300	Kath. Br. pf.	15	16½	15	16½
100	Man. Transit	1	1	1	1
1,000	‡Maxim Mun.	5	5	5	5
200	‡Mex. Petrol. Exp. Co....	17½	17⅝	17½	17⅝
59,300	‡Midv. Steel..	72¼	72½	70⅝	71⅜
200	N. Y. Trans.	16	16	16	16
200	‡Ohio Cities Gas & Elec.	68	68	67½	67½
1,500	Peerless Tr. & Mot. Cor.	26½	26½	25½	26
1,400	‡Pull. V. Cor.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
400	‡P. V. C. pf.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
300	‡Rep. M. Tr.	57	58	57	58
100	Seab. S. & M.	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞
2,960	‡Scr.-B. Cor..	58	60	58	59⅞
600	Smith & T.pf	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
315	Spr. Body Co.	86	87	85½	86
1,000	‡St. J. Lead.	16¼	16¼	16	16¼
400	Strom. Carb..	44	44	44	44
1,200	Stutz Motor..	73½	73½	73	73½
3,000	Sub. Boat v. t. ctfs.	39¼	39½	39	39½
520	‡Todd Ship..	77	78½	77	78½
4,800	xU.S.S.S. Co.	8	8	7⅝	7⅞
7,000	‡Un. Motors..	69	69	66½	67⅝
1,100	Un. Pr. Shar.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
7,900	Wh. Mot. Co.	56½	56⅝	55⅞	55⅞
2,000	World F. C. v. t. ctfs...	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
500	‡Zinc Con. C.	4⅛	4⅛	4	4⅛

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
40	Prairie O.& G.	423	418	420	— 8
105	Prairie P. L..	256	250	254	— 3
40	So. W. Penn. Pipe Line...	112	111	112	— 1

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	††AlbertaPet., Ltd., (pros.)	59	59	59	59
600	‡Barnett Oil & Gas	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
1,250	‡Cosden & Co. (oil ref.)	16¼	16¼	15⅝	16
2,950	‡CosdenO.&G.	13	13⅛	12⅝	13
2,200	‡Gen. Ref. & Prod., w. i.	¾	¾	¾	¾
500	‡Houston Oil..	15	15	15	15
100	‡Inter. Pet....	12	12	12	12
10,250	Kenova Oil (a prospect)	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
4,000	Met. Petrol'm	16⅝	16⅞	16¼	16½
1,000	††Midwest Oil	50	50	48	48
1,350	‡N. Y.-Okla. Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
15,000	††Okla. Oil...	11	12½	11	11
5,350	‡Okla. Oil.pf.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,800	Okla. P. & R.	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	7½
4,800	†Omar O.& G.	70	70	68	68
300	‡Pan-Am. Pet. pf.	93	93	92½	92½
1,870	Sequoyah Oil & Ref.	1⅛	*1⅝	1⅛	1⅛
1,200	‡Sinclair Oil..	39½	39¾	39½	39⅝
11,200	‡Tex.-Mex. P.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	U. S. Con. Oil	6	6	6	6
8,700	‡Un. West.Oil	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
4,500	Vacuum G. & O. (a pros.).	32	32	32	32
2,750	†Victoria Oil..	1⅜	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛
1,900	Way. O. & G.	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
†200	Ala. - Br. Co. M. (a pros.)	50	50	50	50
††24,800	Alas. M. Cor.	73	73	72	73
†11,600	Alas. - Westo.	63	63	62	62
†1,025	Ariz. Copper..	3	3	3	3
4,300	Big L. C. Co.	5⅛	5¼	5	5
†18,000	Bos. & Mon...	98	98	90	91
400	Butte Cop. & Z. v.t. ctfs.	5⅛	5⅛	5¼	5⅛
‡700	Cala. Copper.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
†1,000	Caledonia	60	62	60	62
†2,200	Cal. & Jer....	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
500	Can. Copper..	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1⅝
†2,000	Cashboy	6½	6½	6½	6½
4,000	Cer. de P. C.	37	39⅝	*37	39½
†1,100	Columbia M..	68	68	65	68
18,000	Con.-Horne...	½	⅝	½	½
4,000	Con. Nev.-U.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
200	Crys. Cop. M.	1	1	1	1
4,700	Crown Re....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
†4,000	Dome Exten..	37	38	37	38
1,225	Dundee-A. C. (a pros.)	1½	1½	1½	1½
‡300	Eagle & B. B.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
††2,700	Emma Cop...	60	63	60	63
††1,200	Florence Sil..	75	76	75	76
3,500	First Nat. C.	5	5⅜	5	5⅜
†1,200	Gold. Cons....	77	77	76	76
4,100	††G'stoneMin. (a prospect).	39	41	39	40
10,000	‡Gr'm'ster M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,500	Hecla Min....	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
3,000	‡Hull Cop....	41	41	38	40
11,007	Insp. Needles C. (a pros.)	1⅛	1⅛	1¼	1⅛
500	††Inter. Min..	14	14	14	14
750	‡Iron Blossom	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
15,000	Jer. V. (a pr.)	2	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
1,450	‡Jer. Vic. Ex. (a prospect).	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
500	††Jim Butler..	88	88	88	88
3,000	‡Jumbo Ext..	35	35	32	34
200	Kerr Lake....	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
1,000	††Kewanas ..	9	9	9	9
1,000	La Rose Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
200	Magma Cop...	16½	16½	16½	16½
2,500	‡Marsh Min..	11	11	10½	10½
1,100	Marys. G. M.	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
4,200	‡M.G.M.& M.	64	65	64	65
295	‡MojaveTung.	*4	*4⅝	*4	4¼
900	††Mont. G. M.	98	98	98	98
600	Monitor Silv..	2	2	2	2
80,000	††Mother Lode	35	38	35	38
350	N. Y. & Hon. Ros. M. Co..	15⅞	*16	15⅞	16
15,000	††Newray M..	66	67	64	67
5,800	Nip. M. Co...	8⅞	8⅞	8¾	8¾
7,500	††Old Em. L..	12	14	12	14
5,000	††Oro	4	4	4	4
3,000	††Peterson L..	21	21	21	21
100	Ray Her.....	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
40,000	††Rex Consol.	28½	28½	25	26
2,500	††Rochester ..	54	54	53	53
200	††Round Mtn.	40	40	40	40
4,500	†San Toy	20	21	20	20
1,700	††Silver Pick.	20	21	20	21
10,000	Std. Sil.-Lead.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
7,500	††SuccessMin.	35	37	35	37
2,000	††Temisk'mi'g	64	64	63	63
1,570	Tonopah Ext.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
2,000	Tri-Bullion ...	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
100	Unit. Eastern	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
7,400	††U. S. Cont..	11	12	11	11½
11,700	‡U.Verde Ext.	40	40	39	39⅜
1,000	†Wettlaufer..	14	14	14	14
600	Unity Gold ..	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3⅝
2,500	†W. End Con.	70	72	70	70
100	‡White Knob Copper pf ..	2	2	2	2
181	‡White Oaks..	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
800	‡Yuscar'nCon.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$60,000	Cer. de Pasco Copper 6s....	111	114	111	114
22,000	Cosden 6s ...	102⅝	102¾	101	101
11,000	‡Midv.Steel 5s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅛	95½

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted. x Ex dividend.

Note.—High sale of Jerome Verde, 2⅝, and total sales Thursday of Imp Carbon Chaser, 85,000 shares.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Brit.-American Tob..	18¾	20	..	..
Brit.-Amer. Tob. Ord. Bearer	19¼	20	..	..
Ont. Arms & Fuse..	20	21	20	21
L. Torpedo Boat....	7½	8	7½	8
Lima Locom	42	43	42	43
Repub. Mo. Truck pf	98	100	..	..
United Zinc	5¼	5½	5¼	5⅜
United Drug	77	80	76	79
United Drug 1st pf..	50½	52	50	52
United Drug 2d pf....	87½	89	87½	89
OIL STOCK.				
Pierce Oil	13½	14	13½	14
MINING STOCK.				
La. Exposicion	48	50	..	..
BOND.				
Pierce Oil 6s	82	84	82	84

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explosives pf.	60	65	60	65
American Brass	296	300	289	290
Atlas Powder	178	184	178	184
Atlas Powder pf.	98	100	98	100
Babcock & Wilcox	125	127	125	127
Bliss (E. W.)	650	660	650	675
Bliss (E. W.) pf.	75	80	75	80
Can. Fdy. & Forg.	192	198	192	198
Canadian Explosives	380	460	380	460
Can. Explosives pf.	100	110	100	110
Colt's Arms	870	895	865	870
Du Pont Powd., new	298	302	298	302
Du Pont Powd. deb.	101	103	101	103
Hercules Powder	333	338	334	339
Hercules Powder pf.	115	116	116	120
International Arms	16	20	16	20
Niles-Bement-Pond	167	172	163	167
Niles-Bement-Pd. pf.	105	108	105	110
Scovill Mfg. Co.	595	605	600	610
Winch. Rpts. Arms	1375	1450	1375	1450

RAILS ARE MORE ACTIVE.

Stock Exchange Has Fifteenth Million Share Session of the Year.

The completion of another million-share day on the Stock Exchange yesterday showed an irregular price list, with the broad trend still upward. A feature of the session, absent in most of the other big days, was a reawakening of the railroads. Following heavy trading in the industrial shares during three-quarters of the business day, the bulls switched to Atchison, Baltimore & Ohio, Reading, New York Central, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and other carriers. Net gains among them extended from one to more than three points, New York Central being one of the strongest. Union Pacific established a new high record at 146½, closing at this level.

The turnover was 1,237,874 shares, the fifteenth million-share session of the year. In some of the more active industrials, including Baldwin Locomotive, Crucible Steel, and Steel common, there were evidences of further profit-taking, but each closed with a substantial net gain. Anaconda Copper, which had lagged when other copper issues were advancing strongly last week, shot forward more than two points, holding most of the gain at the close.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN—

	1916.	Increase.
1st week September	$310,836	$35,611
July 1 to Sept. 7	3,030,679	405,559

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM—

1st week September	1,276,061	184,350

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

1st week September	280,000	76,000

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE for July—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	$680,553	568,139	596,067
Net aft. tax..	244,007	169,838	166,294

Public Utilities.

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO for July—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross	209,030	187,488	21,542
Net aft. tax..	79,595	66,763	12,832
Surp. aft. chgs	43,477	30,233	13,244
Bal. aft. dep..	38,298	25,578	12,720

Toronto Railway Co. for the eight months ended Aug. 31, were $3,871,486, compared with $3,684,319 for the corresponding eight months of 1915.

Industrials.

American Sumatra Tobacco Co. for year ended July 31, 1916, net profits $267,653, preferred dividends $140,000, other charges $1,500, surplus for year $126,153.

Gross earnings of Atlantic Steel Co. for the eight months ended Aug. 31 were $574,718; reserves, interest, dividends, and replacements, $191,750; net profit, $382,968. August net profits were $116,921.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line..	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.50	4.25
Balt. & Ohio....	1916-'26	4 @4½	4.45	4.30
Buff., Roch. & P.	1916-'30	4½@5	4.60	4.30
Can. Pacific.....	1916-'28	4½	4.60	4.40
Ches. & Ohio....	1916-'28	4½	4.62	4.38
Chi. & Northwest.	1916-'23	4½	4.38	4.12
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1916-'27	4½@5	5.25	4.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1916-'24	5	4.62	4.38
C., C., C. & St.L.	1916-'29	5	4.75	4.45
Del. & Hudson...	1922	4½	4.35	4.20
Erie Railroad....	1916-'26	4½@5	4.65	4.45
Hocking Valley..	1916-'23	4 @5	4.62	4.38
Ill. Central.....	1916-'26	4½@5	4.40	4.25
Louis. & Nash...	1916-'23	5	4.38	4.15
Mo., Kan. & T....	1916-'23	5	5.50	5.00
Mo. Pacific.....	1916-'22	5	5.50	5.00
N. Y. C. Lines..	1916-'28	4½@5	4.60	4.40
Norf. & Western.	1916-'24	4½	4.38	4.15
N. Y., N.H. & H.	1916-'28	4½@6	4.62	4.40
Penn. Gen. Frght.	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.38	4.12
St. L., I. M. & S.	1916-'24	5	5.20	4.80
Seaboard A. L....	1916-'26	5	4.68	4.45
Southern Pacific..	1916-'26	4½	4.45	4.25
So. Railway.....	1916-'24	4½@5	4.65	4.45

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	38.25	38.75	38.25	38.75
Lead	6.80	7.00	6.65	..
Spelter	9.50	..	9.50	..
Antimony	11.00	12.00	11.00	12.00
Quicksilver	$75.00	..	$75.00	..
Aluminium	*61.00	63.00	*61.00	63.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdry	19.50	20.00	19.50	20.00

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 28@28½c, third quarter delivery; 27½@28c, fourth; first quarter (1917) delivery, 26½@27c; London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	116	0	0	117	0	0
Copper, futures	112	0	0	113	0	0
Tin, spot	170	5	0	170	10	0
Tin, futures	171	5	0	171	10	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	0	0

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Jacket	.07
Alta	.05	Justice	.03
Andes	.11	Mexican	.17
Best & Belcher	.07	Occidental	.70
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.24
Caledonia	.38	Overman	.06
Challenge Con	.06	Potosi	.06
Chollar	.06	Savage	.30
Confidence	.16	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.35
Con. Virginia	.11	Union Con	.71
Exchequer	.05	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.03	Mexican dollars	.52¾
Hale & Norcross	.09		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.32½	Comb. Fraction	.06
Halifax	.50	D'field Daisy	.03
Jim Butler	.84	Florence	.47
McNamara	.06	G'field Cons	.78
Midway	.25	G'field Merger	.07
Mizpah Exten	.20	Jumbo Exten	.34
Montana	.25	Kewanas	.09
North Star	.16	Red Lion	.17
Rescue	.23	Silver Pick	.19
Tonopah Exten	5.35	Spearhead	.04
Tonopah Nevada	5.50	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	.71	Big Jim	1.20
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.26
Atlanta	.09	Packard	.38
Booth	.12	Rochester Mines	.50
C. O. D.	.02	Round Mountain	.41
		White Caps	.31

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	599	600	Isabella	21	22
Dr. J'pot..	8	10	Granite	68	75
Elkton	17½	18½	Jackpot	5½	8
El Paso	56	54	McKinney	23	25
Findlay	3⅝	4⅛	Portland	166	175
Golden C.	218	220	Vindicator	180	200
Gold Sov.	..	6	U. G. M.	8	8½

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Bankers' Trust Company has prepared pamphlets on the new income tax and Federal inheritance tax laws.

Edward F. McManus of Lawrence Turnure & Co. has been elected a trustee of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank.

Markoe, Morgan & Co. are offering for subscription 50,000 shares of Keystone Tire and Rubber Company 8 per cent. cumulative, participating, and convertible preferred stock at $11 per share of $10 par value. The company has outstanding $500,000 preferred and $1,000,000 common, and has no mortgages or funded debt.

Farson, Son & Co. offer $269,000 Buffalo (N. Y.) registered 4¼ and 4½ per cent. bonds at prices yielding 3.90 per cent.

The Scripps-Booth corporation, which was recently organized with an authorized capital of 70,000 shares of no par value to take over the Scripps-Booth Company and the Sterling Motor Company of Detroit, has elected the following Directors: C. H. Booth, President; W. H. Little, N. J. Miller, W. L. Scripps, F. J. Sesenbrenner, Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., and T. P. Warner.

Stockholders of the Ohio Copper Company, at a meeting yesterday, authorized Hubert E. Rogers to name a Protective Committee of from five to seven members to formulate a plan for taking up the outstanding bonds of the company, or for reaching an agreement with bondholders on a plan for rehabilitation of the company.

The Victor Talking Machine Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 5 per cent., and an extra dividend of 25 per cent. on the common stock, making a total of 80 per cent. in cash declared so far this year, against 50 per cent. in all of 1915.

The National City Company and Halsey, Stuart & Co. of Chicago are offering $3,620,000 Chicago, North Shore & Milwaukee Railroad first mortgage 5 per cent. twenty-year bonds. These bonds are part of an authorized issue of $10,000,000, and are callable on any interest date at 105 and interest.

Charles A. Wimpfheimer of A. Wimpfheimer & Brother has been elected a Director of the Importers and Traders' National Bank.

Zimmerman & Forshay offer German 4½ per cent. treasury notes, redeemable in ten series by yearly drawings from 1923 to 1932 at 1,000 marks at $170 net, exclusive of the 4½ per cent. up to Jan. 1, 1917, and also German 5 per cent. bonds of the fifth war loan, not callable before 1924, at 1,000 marks at $172.50 net, exclusive of the 5 per cent. interest up to April 1, 1917.

The Guaranty Trust Company has issued a "Synopsis of the Features of the Federal Income Tax Law Affecting Individuals and Fiduciaries."

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The commission house dealings throughout the day on the Consolidated Exchange were on a large scale and distributed over a broad list. The business in odd lots attracted special attention because of its magnitude in the aggregate. At the end of the day the railroad stocks were the features of the market.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
140	Alaska Gold...	14½	14⅝	14½	14½
160	Allis-Chalmers.	26⅛	26⅝	26¼	26½
280	Am. Beet Sugar	94⅝	94⅝	93⅜	93½
2,780	Am. Can	65	66⅝	64¼	65¼
2,520	Am. Car & F..	67	68⅝	66½	68
25	Am. Hide & L.	11½	11½	11½	11¼
180	Am. H. & L.pf	62½	62⅝	62½	62⅝
290	Am. Ice Sec...	28½	29	28½	28⅝
60	Am. Linseed...	24½	24½	24½	24½
3,950	Am.Locomotive	80¼	80⅝	79½	79⅝
3,120	Am.Smelt.& R.	108⅛	109½	108¼	108⅝
20	Am. Steel F...	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
30	Am. W. P. pf.	32½	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
60	Am. Zinc	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼
14,830	Anaconda Cop.	90	91¼	90	90½
1,450	Baldwin Loco..	90¼	91⅞	90	90⅝
90	Balt. & Ohio..	86⅝	87⅛	86⅝	87
5	Brooklyn R. T.	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞
480	Butte & Sup...	62½	63¼	62¼	63
20	Cal. Pet. pf...	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝
140	Cent. Leather..	62½	64	62½	63
140	Ches. & Ohio..	62⅝	63	62⅝	63
240	C., M. & St. P.	93⅝	95¼	93⅝	95¼
80	Chino Copper..	54¼	54¼	53⅝	53⅞
5,640	Col. Fuel & I..	54¼	56⅛	54¼	55⅝
50	Consol. Gas...	138⅛	138⅛	138⅛	138⅛
140	Corn Products.	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
12,640	Crucible Steel..	94	96⅛	93	94
60	Cuba Cane S..	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
520	Dist. Secur....	48	48⅝	47½	48
770	Erie	37⅞	38⅜	37⅞	38⅜
90	Erie 1st pf....	53⅝	53⅞	53¼	53¼
70	Goodrich Co...	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝
20	Gt. North. pf..	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛
440	Gt. North. Ore	42½	43⅝	42⅝	42⅝
240	Inspir. Cop....	61⅝	61⅞	61½	61½
50	Int. A. Chem..	15	15	15	15
2,420	Int. M. M.....	49⅝	50½	49	49¼
3,720	Int. M. M. pf.	122½	123⅞	122	122⅝
140	Int. Nickel....	45⅜	46⅛	45⅜	45⅛
50	Int. Paper....	25⅝	26⅜	25⅝	26⅜
540	Kennecott Cop.	52⅝	53⅝	52½	52⅝
270	Lack. Steel....	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
50	Lehigh Valley.	80⅛	80⅜	80⅛	80½
240	Maxwell Mot...	88⅝	89	88¼	88¼
2,960	Mexican Pet...	114⅛	115	113	113½
90	Miami Copper.	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼
170	Nat. E..& St...	29	29	28⅞	28⅞
40	Nat. Lead	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
1,620	N. Y. Central.	106⅞	108⅛	106⅞	108⅛
180	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	60	61⅝	60	61⅝
170	Ont. Silver	7	7⅝	7	7⅝
260	Pacific Mail...	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
10	Pitts. Coal cfs.	33½	33½	33½	33½
10	Pressed S. Car	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼
960	Ry. St. Spring	52⅞	56⅛	52	54¼
180	Ray Copper...	24⅛	25⅛	24⅛	25¼
15,780	Reading	113⅛	113⅛	112¼	113
1,510	Rep. Iron & S.	68⅞	68⅞	67½	68⅛
290	So. Pacific....	99¼	100¼	99¼	100¼
60	So. Railway....	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
50	So. Railway pf.	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞
1,020	Studebaker	130	131⅛	129⅞	131⅛
480	Tenn. Copper..	26	26⅛	26	26
10	Texas Co.	204	204	204	204
20	Union Bag	9½	9½	9½	9½
10,640	Union Pacific..	143⅝	146½	143⅝	146½
180	United Fruit...	161⅛	161⅛	160⅞	161⅛
50	Un. Rys. Inv...	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
10	U. S. C. I. P..	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
1,730	U. S. Ind. Alc.	128	132⅛	127	130¼
890	U. S. Rubber..	59⅝	60⅛	59½	59⅝
27,170	U. S. Steel....	106	106⅞	106	106⅝
170	Utah Copper...	86	86⅝	85⅝	85⅝
620	Va. Car. Ch....	44⅛	45½	44⅛	45
100	Western Md....	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29½
590	Westing. Elec..	64	64⅝	63⅝	63⅝
280	Willys-Overl'd.	45½	45½	45	45½
10	Willys-Ov. rts.	¼	¼	¼	¼

BONDS.

$1,000	Int. R. T. 5s..	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜

MINING STOCKS.

600	Atlanta	.10	.10	.10	.10
500	Belmont	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.30
400	Florence	.49	.49	.49	.49
400	Goldf. Con.	.78	.78	.77	.77
600	Jumbo Ext.	.34	.34	.34	.34
1,000	Midway	.27	.27	.27	.27
1,300	Montana	.28	.28	.28	.28
500	Nevada Hills	.27	.27	.27	.27
1,100	Rescue Eula	.24½	.24½	.24½	.24½
1,000	Sand. Kendall	.05	.05	.05	.05
200	Sierra Nevada	.34	.34	.34	.34
2,000	Silver Pick	.19	.19½	.19	.19½
600	Ton. Exten.	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
1,500	White Caps	.32	.32	.32	.32

ELECTED TO RESERVE BOARD

New Directors Chosen to Succeed McCormick and Norris.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The Federal Reserve Board announced today the election of Henry B. Thompson of Wilmington, Del., as a Class C Director of the Reserve Bank at Philadelphia, to take the place of George W. Norris, who resigned to become a Director of the Government Farm Loan Bank System. Mr. Thompson's term will expire Dec. 31, 1916. He has been designated as Deputy Federal Reserve Agent at Philadelphia.

The election of J. Davis Brodhead of South Bethlehem, Penn., as a Class C Director of the Philadelphia Reserve Bank was also announced. Mr. Brodhead succeeds Vance C. McCormick of Harrisburg, whose term would have expired Dec. 31, 1916. Under the rules of the Federal Reserve Board, Mr. McCormick was ineligible after having accepted the position of Chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Prov. of Alb..	5	May, 1926	96½	98¼	5.20
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	97⅛	98⅛	5.70
Argen. Govt..	6	Dec. 15,'16	100⅛	100⅜	3.50
Argen. Govt.Dis.		Feb.21,'17	97⅛	97⅜	5.15
Argen. Govt..	6	Dec. 15,'17	100¼	100⅝	5.40
Argen. Govt..	6	May 15,'20	100¼	100½	5.75
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	99½	100⅛	4.95
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99¾	100½	4.80
City of Q'bec.	5	Apr., 1920	99¼	100¼	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	99½	100¼	4.95
Dom. of Can..	5	Aug., 1917	100⅝	100⅞	4.15
Dom. of Can..	5	Apr. 1, '21	99⅝	100	5.00
Italian Govt..	6	Oct. 15,'16	100⅛	100¼	4.50
Prov. of Man.	5	Feb., 1920	98	99½	5.15
Norweg. Gov..	6	Feb., 1923	105	107½	4.75
Norweg. Gov..	6	Oct., 1917	101	102½	4.15
Norweg. Gov..	6	Oct. 15,'16	100	101	1.50
Prov. of Ont..	5	Feb., 1920	99¼	100¾	4.80
Prov. of N. B.	5	Dec., 1919	99½	100¼	4.93
G. of N. F...	5	July, 1919	97½	98½	5.50
Russian Govt.	6½	July, 1919	100⅛	100⅝	6.40
Do rubles..	5½	Aug.14,'26	310	313	8.11
Prov. of Sask.	5	May, 1921	..	98	0.91
Prov. of Sask.	5	May, 1926	..	98	0.07
Swedish Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	100	100½	3.60
Swiss Govt...	5	Mar., 1918	99	99⅝	5.10
Swiss Govt...	5	Mar., 1920	98¾	99¼	5.10

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. Cot. Oil..	5	Nov., 1917	100⅝	100¾	4.20
Am. Loco.....	5	July, 1916	100½	101	3.80
Am. P. & L..	6	Aug., 1921	99½	100½	5.75
Am. T. & T..	4½	Feb., 1918	100¼	100⅝	4.20
Am. Thread...	4	Jan., 1919	98¼	98½	4.60
Anacon. Cop..	5	Mar., 1917	100⅝	100¾	3.25
A., T. & S. F.	5	June, 1917	100⅞	101⅛	3.35
A.V.R.L. & P.	6	July 1, '19	99	100	6.00
At. & Pac. T.	6	June, 1921	102	102⅝	5.37
B'klyn R. T..	5	July, 1918	100⅛	100⅝	4.75
Can. North...	5	Sep., 1917	98¾	99½	5.45
Can. North...	6	July 10,'17	99¾	100½	5.40
Can. North...	6	July 10,'18	100	100½	5.65
C. P. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	102½	103	3.75
C., B. & Q...	4	July, 1921	97¾	98	4.46
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1917	99⅞	99⅞	5.20
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	102⅛	102½	4.35
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96½	99	6⅛
Erie R. R....	5½	Apr., 1917	100¾	101	3.75
Gen. Rubber.	5	Dec., 1918	100⅜	100⅝	4.75
G. T. of Can.		Nov., 1917	99	99⅝	5.40
Hocking Val.	5	Nov., 1917	100½	100¾	4.20
Intcr. Harv..	5	Feb.15,'18	101⅜	101⅛	3.87
L. Gas & El..		Apr., 1918	100½	101½	5.75
Mich. Ry....	6	June, 1919	100¾	101½	5.40
Minn. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	101	..	3.00
Mo. Pacific..	6	June, 1916	98¾	99¼	..
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	96½	97½	9.25
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	99⅞	100	4.50
NY.,N.H.&H.	4½	May, 1917	100⅛	100⅛	4.00
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99⅞	100⅛	5.80
Otis Elev....	5	Apr., 1920	99	100	5.00
Penn. Co.....	4½	June 5, '21	100¾	100⅞	4.30
P. S. C., N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	100	100¾	4.65
Rem. A., Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb.19,'19	90	91*	9.75
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	100⅝	100⅝	3.75
U. R. G. & E.	5	Apr., 1919	98½	99⅛	5.30
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	100⅞	101⅛	4.25
W'house El. & Mfg. Co....	5	Oct., 1917	100¼	101¼	3.85
W. P. Trac .	6	Mar., 1917	100	100⅛	1.00
Win. R.Arms.	5	Mar., 1918	97⅝	98	6.25
W.V.T. & E.	6	June, 1917	99⅝	100⅛	5⅜
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	100⅛	101	5.00
Winn. E. Ry.	6	Jan.15,'18	100⅛	101	5.45

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Transactions in Stocks and Bonds—Quotations for Railway, Light and Power Issues.

The following range of prices and closing quotations were reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES by dealers in public utility securities. The trading in these securities is done privately over the counter, and this record gives only those trades which are reported by the dealers making them.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Asked.
250	Cities Service pf..	87¼	86½	86¼	87¼

Closing quotations for issues not included in the table of transactions above were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Power	27	29
Adirondack Electric Power pf	81	83
American Cities	4	10
American Cities pf	46	48
American Gas Co	120	123
American Gas & Electric	153	156
American Gas & Electric pf	49	51
American Light & Traction	378	382
American Light & Traction pf	110	112
American Power & Light	70	71
American Power & Light pf	84	85½
American Public Utilities	42	47
American Public Utilities pf	73	76
American W. W. & E	7½	8½
American W. W. & E. partic. pf..	20	22
American W. W. & E. 1st pf	60	63
Atlantic P. & L. pf	92½	95
Baton Rouge El. pf	88	91
Baton Rouge notes	99½	..
Carolina Power & Light	27	29
Carolina Power & Light pf	97	100
Central Miss. Valley Prop. pf	74	78
Central States Electric	15	16½
Cities Service	297	300
Colorado Power	25	26⅛
Colorado Power pf	99½	101
Columbus Electric pf	79	82½
Commonwealth Power	62	64
Commonwealth Power pf	83½	85½
Connecticut Power pf	93	..
Dallas Electric notes	98¾	99½
Eastern Texas Electric	60	62
Eastern Texas Electric pf	91	93
Eastern Texas Electric notes	100	101
El Paso Electric	122	127
El Paso Electric pf	100	..
Electric B. & S. pf	100	104
Empire District Electric pf	88½	92½
Federal Light & Traction	10	13
Federal Light & Traction pf	44	48
Galveston-Houston Electric	35	40
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	77	80
Gas & Electric Securities	250	300
Gas & Electric Securities pf	95	100
International Traction	49	52
International Traction pf	90	92
Interstate Electric	30	35
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Mississippi River Power	14	16
Mississippi River Power pf	35	38
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power	15	18
Northern Ontario Lt. & Pow. pf	..	60
Northern States Power	99	102
Northern States Power pf	96	97½
Northern Texas Electric	56	59
Northern Texas Electric pf	84	87
Ohio Cities Gas	68	69
Ohio Cities Gas pf	87	89
Ozark Power & Water	43	46
Pacific Gas & Electric	59	59½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	90	92
Public S. Inv. Co. pf	83	86
Puget Sound Traction	14	16
Puget Sound Traction pf	50	52½
Pennsylvania Light Co	25⅝	30⅝
Pennsylvania Light Co. pf	78	83½
Republic Railway & Light	38	39
Republic Railway & Light pf	73	76
Securities Corp. General	18¼	23¼
Securities Corp. General pf	80⅝	84⅝
Southern California Edison	92	98
Southern California Edison pf	106	108
Southwestern Power & Light pf..	97½	100
Standard Gas & Electric	15	15½
Standard Gas & Electric pf	41	41½
Tampa Electric	131	135
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power	10	11
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power pf	48	50
Toledo Traction	48	53
Toledo Traction pf	80	85
United Gas & Electric	10	14
United Gas & Electric pf	70	75
United Gas & Electric 2d pf	10	15
United Light & Railways	53	54
United Light & Railways pf	74	76
Western Power	20	21
Western Power pf	69½	71

BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Power & Light 6s, 1921..	99¼	100½
American W. W. coll. 5s	74	75
Baton Rouge 1st 5s	90	..
Central Ill. Lt. 5s	95	97
Cinn. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	100	100⅝
Columbia G. & E. 1st 5s, 1927	85	89
Columbia G. & E. deb. 5s, 1927	73	77
Connecticut Power 1st 5s	96	..
Cumberland Co. P. & L. 1st & ref. 5s, 1942	95½	98
Dallas Electric 5s, 1917	98⅝	..
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s	96	98
East Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939	100½	102
Eastern Texas E. 6s, 1918	99½	..
Eastern Texas E. col. 5s	..	95
Empire Gas & F. 6s	98⅝	100
Galveston Elec. 1st 5s	90	93
Great Lakes Power 6s, 1921-28	99	101
Great Western Power 5s, 1946	89½	90¼
Great Western Power 6s, 1925	98	99½
Houston Electric 1st 5s	98	100
Interm. Ry., Lt. & Pr. 1st 6s, '42	98	101
Knoxville Gas 1st 5s, 1933	90	95
Lincoln G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1941	91	95
Middle West U. 6s, 1925	97	99
Mahoning & Shen. R. & L. 5s	98¼	99
Miss. R. Power Co. 1st 5s	77	77⅝
Miss. Val. G. & E. 5s, 1922	91½	94
Northern States Power 6s, 1926	98⅝	99
Northern States Power 5s, 1941	95⅝	96⅝
North Texas E. col. t. 5s	90	94
Omaha & C. B. Ry. 1st 5s, 1928	95½	98
Pensacola El. 1st 5s	85	..
Roanoke W. W. 1st 6s, '36	99	101
Seattle El. con. 5s	94½	97½
Standard G. & E. conv. 6s, 1926	99½	100
Tampa El. 1st 5s	98	101½
U. S. S., R. & M. 6s, 1926	111	113
W. West. Light 6s, 1925	96	98
Western States G. & E. 1st 5s	90¼	93
West Penn. Power 1st 5s, 1946	96	97

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
6s	Sept., 1917	102⅛	102⅝	102⅜	102½
4½s	June, 1965	109⅛	109⅞	109⅛	109⅞
4½s	Mar., 1963	109⅛	109⅞	109⅛	109⅞
4½s	Nov., 1957	109⅛	109⅞	109⅛	109⅞
4½s	May, 1957	109⅛	109⅞	109⅛	109⅞
4¼s	Apr., 1966	104⅛	104¾	104⅛	104¾
4¼s	Mar., 1964	104⅛	104¾	104⅛	104¾
4¼s	Mar., 1962	104⅛	104¾	104	104¼
4¼s	Sept., 1960	104	104¼	104	104¼
4¼s	Mar., '60, op. '30	103⅛	103½	103⅛	103½
4s	May, 1959	101⅛	101⅝	101	101⅝
4s	Nov., 1958	101⅛	101⅝	101	101⅝
4s	May, 1957	101⅛	101⅝	101	101⅝
4s	Nov., 1955	100⅛	101⅝	100½	100⅞
4s	Nov., 1956	100⅛	100⅞	100½	100⅞
4s	Nov., 1936	100⅛	..	100¼	100½
3½s	Nov., 1955	92⅛	..	92⅝	..
3½s	Nov., 1954	92⅞	..	92⅞	..
3½s	May, 1954	92⅞	..	92⅞	..

The following is quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1930	4.05	4.00	4.05	4.00
4½s	1918-1923	4.00	..	4.00	..
4½s	Nov., 1917	3.60	3.30	3.60	3.30
4½s	June, 1917	3.60	..	3.60	..
4½s	May, 1917	3.60	..	3.60	..
4½s	1924-1931	4.05	4.00	4.05	4.00
4¼s	1921-1923	4.00	3.90	4.00	3.90
4¼s	Apr., 1920	3.95	3.80	3.95	3.80
4¼s	1917-1919	3.85	3.75	3.85	3.75
4s	May, 1919	4.00	..	4.00	..
4s	Nov., 1918	3.00	..	3.00	..
4s	May, 1917	3.60	..	3.60	..
3½s	1940-1952	3.90	3.80	3.87	3.80
3½s	1930-1939	3.90	3.80	3.90	3.80
3½s	1922-1929	3.95	3.85	3.95	3.85
3½s	1919-1929	3.90	..	3.90	..
3½s	1917-1918	3.85	..	3.85	..
3s	1940-1953	3.90	3.80	3.90	3.80
3s	1926-1930	3.95	..	3.95	..
3s	1918-1925	3.95	3.85	3.95	3.85
3s	1916-1917	3.60	..	3.60	..

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 64 francs for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 90 centimes. Five per cent. loan 90 francs.

A READY MARKET

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COMMODITY PRICES HIGHER.

Bradstreet's Reports a 20 Per Cent. Increase Over a Year Ago.

This country was seriously affected by the world-wide upward sweep of commodity prices in August. Price levels here, as in England, reached the highest point ever known. Bradstreet's says:

"It makes little difference whether one tests quotations of wheat or flour, live stock, beef, mutton, milk, eggs, or cheese, cotton or ginghams, the trends on essentials are practically alike—that is, upward.

"Statistically stated, Bradstreet's index number as of Sept. 1 last, $11.7853, establishes a new high record, one that represents an advance of 3 per cent. over Aug. 1, while bringing to a sharp stop the slight downward movements that had been in process during the four months prior to Sept. 1. The current level is a fraction of 1 per cent. higher than the previous high mark, $11.7598, touched on April 1 last, and discloses increases of 20 per cent. over Sept. 1, 1915 and 1914.

"In England the propelling factor has been the war, whereas in the United States a combination of circumstances influences the jacking up process. We are supplying a large part of the world's needs, the United States being the one leading, ever open free market for the neutral as the belligerent. Another important factor is the deterioration in wheat and other crop yields, while the high price of raw cotton is still another, and about the first of the current month embargoes on railway freight because of fear of strikes caused hurried calls for merchandise, thus raising some commodities to high marks."

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	15¾	16½	16	16½
Atlantic Refining	790	800	805	815
Borne-Scrymser	390	420	390	420
Buckeye Pipe Line	106	108	106	108
Chesebrough Mfg.	440	450	440	450
Colonial Oil	60	70	60	70
Continental Oil	400	420	410	420
Crescent Pipe Line	40	43	40	43
Cumberland Pipe L.	90	95	90	95
Eureka Pipe Line	230	235	230	235
Galena Signal Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Galena S. Oil com.	164	167	164	167
Illinois Pipe Line	185	188	184	187
Indiana Pipe Line	104	107	104	107
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	11¾	12¼	11⅝	12¼
National Transit	15½	16⅛	16	17
N. Y. Transit	215	220	215	220
Northern Pipe Line	103	106	103	106
Ohio Oil	253	256	255	260
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	56	58	56	58
Pierce Oil	13½	14	13½	14
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24	82	84	82	84
Prairie O. & G.	415	425	420	425
Prairie Pipe Line	250	255	253	257
Solar Refining	315	325	325	335
Southern Pipe Line	212	217	212	217
South Penn. Oil	360	365	365	370
Southwest Penn.	112	115	112	115
Stand. Oil of Cal.	288	292	292	293
Stand. Oil of Ind.	703	708	705	710
Stand. Oil of Kan.	460	470	460	480
Stand. Oil of Ky.	460	470	460	480
Stand. Oil of Neb.	460	480	460	490
Stand. Oil of N. J.	528	532	532	535
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	228	230	228	231
Stand. Oil of Ohio	430	440	430	450
Swan & Finch	115	120	115	120
Tidewater Oil Co.	183	185	175	185
Union Tank	83	85	83	85
Vacuum Oil	293	297	298	301
Washington Oil	45	55	40	50

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Mo.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$6,465,018	$29,470,457
Ord. internal rev.	15,911,857	83,789,130
Income tax	742,976	10,564,538
Miscellaneous	2,635,505	18,838,819
Total receipts	$25,755,959	$152,662,946
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord. receipts	14,994,367	39,801,773
Exc. of total disbursements over total receipts	16,245,788	48,861,838
Expenditures	40,750,326	192,464,720

DANIELS FAVORS CANALS.

A Means of Defense, He Tells the Waterways Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—Delegates to the convention of the Inland Waterways Association today visited the League Island Navy Yard. Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Rear Admiral Benson, Chief of Operations, welcomed the delegates. Both made speeches.

In opening his address Secretary Daniels spoke of the importance of the Delaware River as a shipbuilding centre, and then told of what advantage the Chesapeake and Delaware and the Delaware and Raritan canals would be to the nation.

"Events of the present year," he said, "have given fresh arguments to the men of vision who for years have given their time and thought to arousing public interest in the plan to complete the inland waterway from Massachusetts to Florida. The revival of shipbuilding for commerce will exert a mighty influence upon wise improvement of rivers and harbors, the deepening of rivers, and the completion of the inland waterway canal. America has formed the habit of big things.

"We have always known and felt that such waterways were desirable. Their importance, and I think I may say their necessity, from a military point of view, has not, perhaps, been recognized as it should be until the present war in Europe. It was not more battleships nor great armored cruisers that England found herself in desperate need of when the hour of peril came, it was for trawlers, scout boats, little merchant and pleasure craft, which had never been considered as of any great military importance. The tireless service of these squadrons of small craft, their ceaseless vigilance and effective scouting have made them of prime importance to the strategic defense of a coast since the advent of the war.

"It is evident that we must have fleets of this kind, and the Navy Department, with that alertness in changing conditions which characterizes it, has already taken long strides toward the solution of the new problem.

"Every inland channel adds that much more to the protection of our coast, to the safety of our ports, and it is not too much to say, to the safety of our entire country from invasion."

Rear Admiral Benson, in his address to the delegates, said:

"A system of canals, connecting the various ports along our Atlantic coast, would facilitate and safeguard the passage of submarine destroyers, torpedo boats, and fast motor boats up and down our coast, wherever and whenever they might be needed. Their movements then would not have to depend on weather conditions or intail the risk of capture or destruction by a superior enemy force off our coast. Such canals would also facilitate the transportation of men to and from training stations, receiving ships, marine barracks and hospitals.

NEW DESIGNS TROUBLE MINT

Cannot Make Satisfactory Dies for Dimes, Quarters, and Half Dollars.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—The United States Mint here is having trouble in making satisfactory dies for the new dimes, quarters, and half dollars from the designs furnished by the Treasury Department, and there is delay in getting the new currency into circulation. The Treasury authorities hoped to have the new silver money in circulation July 1.

According to Dr. Albert A. Norris, chief clerk of the Philadelphia mint, the die makers usually have trouble when designs are made by artists who are not familiar with the mechanical problems.

At present the mint is working nights manufacturing silver coin of the old design to keep up with the demand.

LONDON MARKET IS QUIET.

American Shares Firm — Money Supply Is Short.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—While American, Peruvian, Iron, and Steel shares continued firm on the Stock Exchange today British securities were quiet and inclined to sag. Home rails were affected by labor unrest and consols were sold to exchange into the French loan. Oil, rubber, iron, and steel issues experienced steady investment buying with profits from industrial concerns.

Money was in shorter supply, necessitating borrowing from the Bank of England. Discount rates were steady.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Commenting on the condition of trade and the business of the banks, Dun's Review says:

In nearly all important industrial and mercantile lines the trend is toward a further increase in activity, and is exceptionally marked in some directions. Manufacturing plants are being operated to their capacity, the shortage in the supply of labor being practically the only deterrent to additional expansion. The demand for Fall merchandise is encouragingly brisk and the general business sentiment is optimistic. In the Central States the movement of commodities continues well sustained and reflects prosperous conditions. In the South the inquiry for staple goods is increasingly active, while Western comercial centres report substantial increases in business over last year.

Bradstreet's says:

High prices cause some purveyors to be cautious, but in the great majority of cases these only seem to whet demand, climbing tendencies with persistent strength virtually having eliminated expectations of lower levels for manufactured goods.

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
120	Adventure	3½	3½	3½	3½
305	Ahmeek	105½	106	105½	105½
1,720	Alaska	15⅛	15⅛	14	14
314	Allouez	66	67½	66	67½
120	Amer. Zinc	39¼	40½	39¼	40
95	Amer. Zinc pf.	77	77	77	77
1,638	Anaconda	90¼	91¼	89⅝	90½
1,845	Ariz. Com'l	13	13	12½	12⅝
350	Butte & Bal.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
465	*Butte & Sup.	62⅝	63⅝	62⅝	63
980	Cal. & Ariz.	71⅝	71⅝	71	71⅛
32	Cal. & Hec.	559	559	558	558
576	Chino	54⅛	54⅛	53	53⅝
2,910	*Copper Range	63⅝	64⅛	63	64⅛
200	Daly-West	3	3	2⅛	2⅛
1,075	East Butte	16⅝	16⅝	16	16
100	Franklin	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
155	Granby	88⅛	88⅛	87½	88
95	Hancock	13⅞	13⅞	13⅛	13⅛
25	Hedley	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
395	Inspiration	61¼	62	61¼	62
150	Island Creek	44	44	43⅜	44
2,128	Isle Royale	30⅞	32	30⅞	31⅛
455	Keweenaw	7	7	6⅞	7
260	Lake	13⅛	14⅛	13⅛	13⅞
155	Lasalle	4½	4½	4	4⅛
250	Mason Valley	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1,345	Mass. Con.	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
10	Miami	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛
100	Michigan	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
335	Mohawk	90⅛	91⅛	90½	91⅛
270	*Nev. Con.	22	22	21⅞	22
135	New Arcadian	8	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
25	New Idria	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
330	Nipissing	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
400	North Butte	21	21	20⅛	20⅛
140	North Lake	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
535	Old Dominion	69	69	68⅛	69
178	Osceola	93	93	92	93
100	Pond Creek	15½	15½	15½	15½
90	Quincy	91	91	91	91
190	*Ray Con.	25¼	25⅞	25	25¼
125	Santa Fe	2⅞	2⅞	2½	2½
2,395	Shannon	10	10⅛	10	10⅛
180	South Lake	6	6⅛	6	6¼
550	St. Mary's L.	81⅜	84	81½	84
2,180	Sup. & Boston	5⅞	5⅞	5½	5¼
260	Superior	19	19	18½	18½
60	Tamarack	38	38	37⅛	37
390	Trinity	7⅛	8	7⅛	7⅛
1,400	Tuolumne	50c	50c	50c	50c
3,930	U. S. Smelters	77¼	77¼	76	76
73	U. S. Smelt.pf.	52	52	51½	51⅜
365	*Utah Apex	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
530	Utah Con.	14	14	13⅝	14
606	Utah Metals	7½	8	7⅛	7⅛
200	Victoria	4	4	4	4
200	Wolverine	47⅞	48	47⅞	47⅞
802	Wyandot	1½	2	1½	2

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
37	Boston & Alb.	175	175	175	175
46	Boston & El.	74½	74½	74	74
6	Boston & L.	122	122	122	122
551	Boston & Me.	42	42	41	41
3	Boston & P.	210	210	210	210
10	Conn. River	130	131	130	131
35	Fitchburg pf.	71	71	71	71
35	Mass. Elec. pf.	36	36	36	36
60	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	59⅞	60⅛	59⅞	60
10	West E. St.Ry.	56½	56½	56½	56½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
140	Am. Ag. Chem.	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
232	Am. A. C. pf.	102	102	101½	102
20	Am. Sugar	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
470	Am. T. & T.	132⅛	132⅛	132	132
10	*Am. Wool	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛
5	*Am. Wool pf.	96½	96½	96½	96½
30	Amoskeag	70⅛	70⅛	70	70
10	Amoskeag pf.	98⅛	98⅛	98	98
6,297	A. G. & W. I.	90⅛	91⅛	89	89⅛
315	*A.G.&W.I. pf.	67⅛	68	67⅛	67⅛
1,920	Cuban Cement	22⅛	24⅛	22	24
100	E. Bos. Land.	9	9	9	9
16	Edison Elec.	238	238	238	238
1	McElwain pf.	101	101	101	..
330	Mass. Gas	80	80	80	80
137	Mass. Gas pf.	79	80	79	79⅛
21	N. E. Tel.	127⅛	127⅛	127⅛	127⅛
1,681	N. E. T. rts.	4.15	4.20	4.15	4.20
15	Nipe Bay	150	150	150	150
6	Pullman	166	167	166	166
496	Swift	150⅛	151⅛	150	150
65	Torrington	55	56	55	56
345	United Fruit	162	162	161¼	161¼
314	Un. Shoe. Mch.	54⅛	55	54⅛	54⅛
819	U. S. Steel	106⅛	106½	106	106⅛
145	U. S. Steel pf.	119⅛	120	119⅛	120
1,150	Ventura Oil	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
260	Western Union	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
$1,000	A. T. & T. 4s.	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
200	A.T.&T. cv.4½s.	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼
17,000	A.G.&W.I. 5s..	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
1,000	A.A.C. 5s, '28.	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
2,000	Ch. J. S. Y. 5s.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
2,000	N.E.Tel. 5s,'32.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
5,000	Swift 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
1,000	Pond Crk. 6s..	96	96	96	96
6,000	West. Tel. 5s..	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛

*Ex-dividend.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado..	.75	1	Homa Oil..	.80	.85
Am. Oil...	.24	.26	Iron Blos...	1½	1⅝
Begole ..	.80	.90	Iron Cap..	3⅝	4
Bay St. G.	.13	.15	Do. pf...	5	6
Bingham ..	10	10¼	Jer. Vde...	1⅛	2⅛
Bohemia ..	1½	2	La Rose...	.60	.65
Bost. Cor..	.70	.75	Majestic...	.60	.65
Bost. Ely..	1¼	1⅛	Mex. Met..	.33	.36
Bost. Mon..	.94	.96	Moj. Tung.	3⅛	3⅝
Bost. Ariz.	2⅜	3	Nat. L.&Z.	1⅛	1⅛
Butte & L..	.60	.62	N. Baltic..	2⅛	3
Cal. Cor...	2¼	3½	Nev. Doug.	1⅛	1⅜
Calaveras..	6	6¼	N.U. Bing.	.50	1
Champion..	.13	.14	New Corn.	15⅞	16
Chief Cons.	1⅛	2⅛	Nixon	.42	..
Cons Cop..	1⅛	2½	Oneco	.80	.90
Cons. Ariz.	1½	2	Onondaga..	1⅛	1¼
Crown Res.	43	46	Ohio	.10	.15
Davis Daly	2⅛	2¼	Pilot Butte	.08	.10
Cortez	.25	.30	Rilla	.16	.18
Earle	.29	.32	So't Miami	1⅛	1⅜
E. & B'bell	1⅜	2	Truro	4⅛	4⅞
Fortuna	.18	.22	U. Vde Ext	39	39½
Gold Lake.	.13	.16	Yukon Gld	3	3¼
Houghton..	1⅜	2			

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Balt. Tube	126	126	126	126
10	Bank of Balt.	155½	155½	155½	155½
28	Balt. Trust	160	160	160	160
2,961	Cosden Ref.	16	16	15⅝	15⅝
985	Cos. O. & G..	12⅞	12⅞	12⅛	12⅛
436	C. O. & G. pf.	4⅞	5	4⅞	5
155	Davison Ch.	37¼	37¼	37	37
112	Equitable Tr..	43½	43½	43½	43½
250	Houston Oil	15¼	15⅜	15	15
50	Hous. Oil pf..	59	59	59	59
170	Md. Casualty.	86½	88¼	86½	88
20	M. & M. Bk..	29	29	29	29
10	Okla. Refin.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
10	Penn. W. & P.	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
220	Sapulpa Ref..	9	9	9	9
12	State Bank of Md.	27½	27½	27½	27½
80	Un. Ry. & E.	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	C. Pwr. 4½s..	89½	89½	89½	89½
48,000	C. O. & G. 6s.	102⅝	102⅝	101	101
2,000	Elk. Corp. 6s.	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
1,000	Ga.-Car. N. 5s.	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
5,000	U.R.& E.notes	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
5,000	U. R. & E. 1st 4½s	82⅛	82⅛	82⅛	82⅛

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Avery pf.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
200	Am. Radiator.	400	400	400	400
60	Booth Fish.	47	47	47	47
190	Booth Fish. pf.	86	86	86	86
115	Chi. Pn. Tool..	75⅛	75⅛	75	75
10	Chi. Ry. Ser. 2.	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
140	Ch. Title T.rts.	28	28	27⅛	27⅛
5	Com. Edison	142	142	142	142
30	Dia. Match	120	120	120	120
1,025	Edmund Jones.	42	44⅛	42	44⅛
380	H., S. & M.	90⅛	91	90⅛	90⅛
50	Hartman	73	73	73	73
1,708	Lindsay Light.	22⅛	23	22⅛	22⅛
100	Mont. Ward pf.	115½	116	115½	116
30	Nat. Carbon	190	190	190	190
300	Paperboard	21	21	20⅞	20⅞
347	People's Gas	101⅛	102⅛	101⅛	102⅛
33	Public Serv.	117	117	116⅛	116⅛
20	Quaker Oats	315	315	315	315
70	Quaker O. pf.	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
20	Strawboard	24	24	24	24
290	Sears-Roebuck.	211⅛	211⅛	211	211
448	Stew.-Warner..	113⅛	114⅛	113⅛	113⅛
808	Swift	150⅛	151	149⅛	151⅛
1,394	Union Carbide.	155	160	155	159

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Armour 4½s	93	93	93	93
10,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
1,000	Edison 5s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
1,000	Met. gold 4s	71½	71½	71½	71½
5,000	Sulzberger 6s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
5,000	Swift 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Can	66½	66½	66½	66½
165	Am. Rys. pf.	94	94	94	94
70	Anaconda	90⅛	91	90⅛	91
70	Buff. & Susq.	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛
50	Balt. & Ohio	88	88	88	88
55	Brill	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
300	Erie	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
1,400	Elec. St. Bat.	68	69⅛	68	69
117	Gen. Asp't pf.	70	70	69⅞	70
45	Insur. of N. A.	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
17,980	Lake S. Corp..	13	13⅞	12⅞	13⅞
100	Lehigh Valley.	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
50	N. Y. C. & W.	27	27	27	27
572	Penn. R. R.	56	56⅛	55⅞	56
14	Penn. S. Mfg.	99	99	99	99
50	Phil. Co. cm.pf	40⅛	41	40⅛	41
1,220	Phila. Electric	28⅛	28⅛	28	28
445	Phil. R. T. t.c.	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
515	Reading	113⅛	113⅛	112⅛	112⅛
50	Tonopah Bel.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
50	Union Trac.	45	45⅛	45	45
50	Union Pacific.	144⅛	145⅛	144⅛	145⅛
5	United G. Imp.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
18	Uni. Cos. N. J.	224	224	224	224
3,450	U. S. Steel	106⅛	106⅛	106	106
60	Utah Copper..	86⅛	86⅛	85⅞	85⅞
20	West. Electric	64	64	64	64
115	W. J. & S. S..	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛
2	Westmore. Co.	71	71	71	71
3	York Ry.	13	13⅛	13	13⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Am. G & E. 5s	96	96	96	96
2,000	In'state Rys.4s	57	57	57	57
21,000	Key. T. 1st 5s.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
1,000	Lake S.Cor. 5s	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
1,000	Le. V. Gen. 4s	89	89	89	89
2,000	Le. V. Con.4½s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	Penn. Con.4½s.	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
9,000	Uni. Ry. Inv.5s	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
55	Am. W. G. pf.	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
630	Am. W. G. M.	62⅛	62⅛	62	62
3,265	Columbia Gas.	26	26⅛	25⅞	26⅛
255	La Belle I.&S.	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛
75	Mfgs. L. & H.	59	59	58⅞	58⅞
30	Nat. F. Proof.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
25	Nat. F. P. pf.	16	16	16	16
38	Ohio Fuel Sup.	47	47	46⅞	46⅞
85	Ohio Fuel Oil.	15½	15½	15½	15½
50	Pitts. Brew. pf.	23	23	23	23
400	Pure Oil	20	20	20	20
57	Pitts Plate G.. (cash)	123½	123½	123½	123½
20	Pitts. O. & G.	8	8	8	8
3,400	Ross Mining	22	23	20	21
18,350	San Toy	19	22	18	22
135	U. S. Steel	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
30	Union Nat. G.	157½	157½	157½	157½
170	Westgse. A. B.	149⅛	149⅛	148⅞	148⅞
485	Westgse. Elec.	64⅛	64⅛	63⅞	63⅞
70	W. P. Ry. pf..	73	73	73	73
80	W.P. T.&W.P.	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛

Executor — Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue

New York

LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W., 26 Old Broad St., E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann. BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator — Guardian

Notice to Holders of Harper Transportation Marine Equipment Trust Certificates

The Trustee hereby gives notice that, in accordance with the lease and agreement, dated the 15th and 16th days of March, 1911, respectively, between the Great Lakes Engineering Works, The Harper Transportation Company and the Philadelphia Trust, Safe Deposit and Insurance Company, Trustee, the Shawmut Steamship Company (successor to the said Harper Transportation Company) has called for payment on the SECOND DAY of OCTOBER, 1916, the following certificates, namely:—

Numbers	Maturity	Bonus	Numbers	Maturity	Bonus
361 to 387 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1916	—	631 to 635 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1919	3%
393 to 395 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1916	—	638, 643 and 644—	Oct. 1, 1919	3%
399 to 405 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1916	—	647 to 651 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1919	3%
409 to 450 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1917	2%	653 to 675 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1919	3%
451 to 457 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1917	2%	680 to 685 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1920	4%
460 to 495 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1917	2%	689 to 720 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1920	4%
499 to 503 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1918	2%	721 to 725 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1920	4%
507 to 529 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1918	2%	729 to 743 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1920	4%
531 to 540 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1918	2%	754 to 756 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1920	4%
543 to 567 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1918	2%	762 to 775 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1920	4%
569 to 585 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1918	2%	786 to 810 inclusive	Oct. 1, 1920	4%
590 to 594 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1919	3%	811 to 815 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1921	5%
599 to 602 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1919	3%	820 ——	Apr. 1, 1921	5%
610 to 619 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1919	3%	822 to 842 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1921	5%
623 to 630 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1919	3%	846 to 900 inclusive	Apr. 1, 1921	5%

Each for $1,000, aggregating $447,000 (par value). Upon presentation of the said certificates on or after October 2, 1916, at the office of the undersigned Trustee, 415 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, the holders thereof will be paid the par value with accrued dividends and the bonus, as designated above. Interest on the above certificates will cease on October 1, 1916.

Philadelphia Trust Company

Formerly the Philadelphia Trust, Safe Deposit & Insurance Company, Trustee

Philadelphia, September 16, 1916. HENRY G. BRENGLE, Treasurer.

LACKAWANNA STEEL COMPANY.
Notice of Dividend on Common Stock.

The Board of Directors of Lackawanna Steel Company has this day declared out of the surplus net earnings of this Company a dividend of six per cent. (6%) on the outstanding Common Stock of this Company, payable in four quarterly installments of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) each; the first of said installments to be payable on September 30, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 20, 1916; the second on December 30, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 15, 1916; the third on March 31, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 15, 1917, and the fourth on June 30, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 15, 1917. In connection with the payment of the first installment of one and one-half per cent. (1½%), the Stock Transfer Books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on September 20, 1916, and reopened at 9 o'clock A. M. September 27, 1916. Checks will be mailed.

J. P. HIGGINSON, Treasurer.
September 13th, 1916.

AMERICAN GRAPHOPHONE CO.
COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 46.

A dividend (No. 46) of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. has been declared upon the Common Capital Stock of the American Graphophone Company, payable October 2, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1916. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. W. WOODROP, Treasurer.

Florida East Coast Railway Company.
New York, Sept. 6, 1916.

The Board of Directors has declared out of the earnings for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1916, interest at the rate of 5%, payable Nov. 1st next, on the $25,000,000 General Mortgage Income 5% Fifty-Year Gold Bonds, dated July 1st, 1909.

J. C. SALTER, Secretary.

United Shoe Machinery Corporation.

The Directors of this Corporation have declared a quarterly dividend of 1½% (37½c. per share) on the Preferred capital stock, and a dividend of 2% (50c. per share) on the Common capital stock, both payable October 5th, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 19th, 1916.

L. A. COOLIDGE, Treasurer.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORP.
43 Exchange Place, New York,
MANAGERS
SOUTHERN UTILITIES COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of SOUTHERN UTILITIES COMPANY has declared a regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) on the outstanding preferred stock of the Company for the quarter ending September 30, 1916, payable Monday, October 2d, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, September 18th, 1916.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

NEW YORK & HARLEM RAILROAD CO.
New York, September 13th, 1916.

A dividend of One Dollar ($1.00) per share (par value $50.00) on the Preferred and Common Stock of this Company has been declared, payable October 2nd, 1916, at the office of the Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 22nd, 1916.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

Office of the United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets,
Philadelphia, Sept. 13, 1916.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable Oct. 14, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business Sept. 30, 1916. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

CONSOLIDATED INTERSTATE-CALLAHAN MINING CO.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.
September 15, 1916.

The Board of Directors has this day declared Dividend No. 8 of $1.50 per share on the outstanding stock of this Company, payable September 30, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 20. The stock transfer books do not close.

JULIAN B. BEATY, Secretary.

JULIUS KAYSER & CO.

A regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) upon the Common Stock of JULIUS KAYSER & CO. has been declared, payable October 2, 1916, to the holders of record of such stock at the close of business on September 20, 1916.

Dividend checks will be forwarded by Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

EDWIN S. BAYER, Secretary.

THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY,
Allegheny Avenue & 19th Street.
Philadelphia, September 6th, 1916.

The Directors have declared a dividend of One Per Cent. (1%) from the net earnings of the Company on both Common and Preferred Stocks, payable October 2d, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 18th, 1916. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER G. HENDERSON, Treasurer.

Gray & Davis, Inc., regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on preferred stock payable October 1.

W. MAXWELL REED, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE OPENED by the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y., at 2 o'clock P. M., September 29, 1916, for furnishing and placing rip-rap for foundation for Hunts Point Light, Hunts Point, N. Y. Information upon application to the above office.

COTTON LESS ACTIVE IN STEADY MARKET

Hedge Sales the Largest for Any Day of the Week.

NET LOSS 4 TO 5 POINTS

English Authority Estimates Crop at 14,000,000 Bales and Consumption at 15,000,000.

Cotton was less active yesterday, and, while fluctuations continued irregular, there was a fair degree of steadiness. In fact the market seemed capable of absorbing offerings in spite of the fact that hedge sales were the largest for any day during the week. Reports from Georgia stated that as a result of the rapid picking and ginning the sales would be larger next week. Spinners are buying on a very small scale, and most of the purchases appear to be for speculative account. The market closed steady at a net loss of 4 to 5 points.

One interesting news development of the day was the publication of an estimate by Neill Brothers of London, estimating the crop at 14,000,000 bales or more, including linters. The data for this estimate were compiled by R. Larmour Neill, who has just returned from an extensive trip throughout the cotton belt. Mr. Neill said that his examination of the crop convinced him that much of the misapprehension regarding its size was due not only to the peculiar condition of the crop in different parts of the country, but also to a mental bias produced by the wild fluctuations in the price. Mr. Neill stated that Alabama, the two Carolinas, and Mississippi indicated a smaller outturn than last year, but in other States the increased acreage accompanied by an excellent early crop foundation pointed to largely increased yields.

A Liverpool cable stated that a circular by Neill Brothers made a tentative estimate of consumption amounting to 15,000,000 bales.

The weather continues favorable, with a few light scattered showers in the central and eastern belt, except in Georgia, where some of the rains amounted to two inches. The western belt reported little or no rains.

According to the New York Cotton Exchange the into sight for the week amounted to 327,235 bales, against 275,765 last year. The total for the season is 1,067,000 bales, against 749,000 bales last year. Stocks of cotton at counted interior towns increased 82,000 bales for the week, compared with an increase of 85,000 bales for the corresponding week last year.

Sentiment is strongly bullish, and, while there is some hesitation about buying on strong spots, there is a good demand on every little decline. Market closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	15.44	15.48	15.38	15.46@15.48	15.51@15.52
Dec.	15.62	15.69	15.56	15.64@15.65	15.68@15.69
Jan.	15.68	15.75	15.63	15.71@15.72	15.75@15.77
Mar.	15.85	15.90	15.81	15.87@15.88	15.92@15.94
May.	16.01	16.10	15.97	16.05@16.06	16.10@16.11
July.	16.10	16.16	16.06	16.13@16.15	16.20@16.22

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 5 points decline; middling 15.60c. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged, to 10 points advance. New Orleans, 15.13c; Galveston, 15.35c; Savannah, 15.25c; Memphis, 15.37; Augusta, 15.13c; Houston, 15.30c. New Orleans market closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	15.11	15.18	15.05	15.12@15.14	15.15@15.17
Dec.	15.34	15.40	15.27	15.35@15.36	15.39@15.41
Jan.	15.47	15.53	15.40	15.49@15.50	15.53@15.54
Mar.	15.65	15.73	15.63	15.69@15.70	15.75@15.76
May.	15.85	15.90	15.85	15.89@15.91	15.94@15.96

The Liverpool market opened quiet. There was business in spot cotton, with middling 8 points decline, at 9.51c. Sales, 7,000 bales; receipts, 12,000 bales, all American. Closed irregular.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Prev. Close.
Oct.-Nov.	9.42	9.42	9.28	9.28½	9.43
Jan.-Feb.	9.39	9.40	9.26	9.26½	9.41
Mar.-Apr.	9.39	9.39	9.31	9.26	9.40
May-June	9.37	9.37½	9.33	9.25½	9.39
July-Aug.	9.29	9.29	9.25¼	9.18½	9.30

The 11 A. M. bids to Liverpool were: Oct., 15.45c; Jan., 15.70c; March, 15.87c; May, 16.04c; July, 16.14c. The market there was due to open today unchanged to ½ point advance.

PORT RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

	Receipts.	Last Year.	Stocks.	Last Year.
Galveston	13,705	16,782	132,839	172,498
New Orleans	3,807	2,085	102,351	119,003
Mobile	614	136	9,990	13,868
Savannah	6,346	11,759	122,015	120,234
Charleston	752	1,903	28,221	42,464
Wilmington	.....	879	.....	38,125
Norfolk	495	1,346	25,881	36,156

INTERIOR RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

Augusta	3,034	2,231	58,493	74,632
Memphis	2,146	348	53,194	54,347
St. Louis	2,277	108	4,589	9,206
Houston	18,283	14,451	90,846	91,568

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	13,500 to 14,500	8,171	12,266
New Orleans	3,500 to 4,000	3,435	1,977

Exports yesterday were 32,295 bales; total thus far for this season, 631,137 bales; total last season, 297,672 bales.

ESTATE TO JAPANESE WIDOW

G. D. Morgan's Will Probated After More Than a Year.

Because of delay in obtaining the testimony of witnesses scattered over the world, the will of George D. Morgan, cousin of J. P. Morgan, which was filed nearly a year ago, was not admitted to probate until yesterday by Surrogate Cohalan. Mr. Morgan, who died at Seville, Spain, in July, 1915, left a will and four codicils. His residuary estate of about $600,000 goes to his Japanese widow, Mrs. Yuki Kato Morgan.

L. D. Smith Left Estate of $15,000.

Livingston D. Smith, who was connected with the management of the old Hoffman House and the Imperial Hotel, and who died on Sept. 4 last, left an estate of about $15,000 in personalty. His brother, Edwin J. Smith of Westfield, Mass., applied yesterday for letters of administration.

L. E. Larocque Estate Distributed.

Louis E. Larocque, who was drowned on Aug. 6, 1913, and who was the son of the late Joseph Larocque, the lawyer, left an estate appraised yesterday at $231,208. He gave all to his father, who died before him, and the property was distributed under his father's will. His sisters, Louise L. Tinker and Adele L. Thomas, his brother, Joseph Larocque, Jr., and his niece, Annie C. Goddard, got $44,351 each. Two nephews received $22,175 each. The bulk of the estate consisted of securities worth $179,120.

Creditors Want Murderer's Estate.

An application for letters of administration on the estate of Allen Bradford, who was executed in Sing Sing on Aug. 4 last for the murder of his wife, was filed in the Surrogate Court yesterday by Charles F. Caar, a creditor. The petitioner said that the dead man left no property but that he intended to try to collect on certain life insurance policies. Bradford left no known relatives.

BAKERS FACE PROSECUTION.

Hartigan Insists That Weight of Bread Be Marked on Packages.

Bakers who refuse to mark the weight of their bread loaf on the paper wrapping or who sell a loaf under the indicated weight will be prosecuted by Joseph Hartigan, Commissioner of Weights and Measures.

The Commissioner explained yesterday that the tremendous rise in the cost of flour had caused bakers to take steps to meet a situation which looked like ruin to them. This, he said, they had done, first by a campaign of publicity to educate the public in the matter and then by plans which in the end contemplate raising the price of bread per loaf.

"Now, in this city," said Commissioner Hartigan, "the small baker is the one who has been hurt the most by high prices. He has not the capital to buy raw materials in large quantities, and a rising market hits him hard. In different communities he has met the difficulty in different ways, but in general the tendency has been to cut down the weight of the loaf.

"We do not care in this office if he does this. So far as we are concerned, he can sell a one-ounce loaf of bread for a dollar if the people will pay the price; but there is a State law which requires that the weight be marked on each loaf. And this, in about 25 per cent. of the cases we have investigated, has not been done. The baker simply sells his bread unlabeled and declares that the regulations of the State law do not apply to him.

"These tradesmen have been advised by the counsel of the Bakers' Association to wait until the courts have passed on the matter, and that is just what they are doing. I have a case pending in Kings County and am going to bring the matter to the notice of District Attorney Swann in an effort to get a ruling."

District Attorney Swann said that he had not been informed of the Commissioner's troubles with the bakers, but if the matter comes before him he will take action at once.

BREAD INQUIRY HALTED.

Activity of Chicago Office Halted by Department of Justice.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—The Department of Justice at Washington today called a halt to the Federal inquiry which is being conducted here in connection with the increase in bread prices.

"This department does not wish an investigation made at this time," said a message from A. Bruce Bielaski, Chief of the department's Bureau of Investigation, to Hinton G. Clabaugh of the department's Chicago office.

What effect the department's ruling would have on the investigation being made by United States District Attorney Clyne was not made known tonight.

Bakers who have appeared before Clyne recently have cited a mass of figures to show that the increase in cost of manufacture of bread justifies an increase in wholesale and retail prices.

Belgian Refugees Coming Here.

ROTTERDAM (via London), Saturday, Sept. 16.—The steamer Nieuw Amsterdam, sailing today, carries fifty Belgian women and children who go to join relatives in the United States. They were gathered up in Belgium and brought here by the Rev. J. B. Deville of Chicago.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

A Number of Decisions in Reappraisement Proceedings.

Chicago Customs officials were unsuccessful yesterday before Judge McClelland of the Board of General Appraisers in an attempt to levy high duties on toy horns shipped to this country by Richard Ernst, Leipsic. Some of the articles were entered as having a foreign value of 5.50 marks per gross, while the others were entered at 6 marks per gross. The goods were exported from Germany March 19 last and reached the Chicago Custom House on May 12. The officials were of the opinion the market prices at the date of shipment were higher than the values fixed by the importers in making entry. Prices were accordingly advanced, and duties and penalties taken on the higher levels. The General Appraiser decided the evidence supported the entered values in both instances.

Judge McClelland upheld the action of the New York Customs men in advancing values on so-called Silver King golf balls shipped here by the India Rubber Gutta Percha and Telegraph Works, Ltd., London. Balls entered at 21 shillings were advanced by the reviewing officer to 23 shillings a dozen, less 2½ per cent. for commission. Golf balls described as "in bulk" were invoiced at 20 shillings 9 pence, entered at 23 shillings 9 pence, less 2½ per cent. commission, and reappraised by the General Appraiser at 22 shillings 9 pence per dozen, less 2½ per cent. commission.

Rugs from George Crafts & Co., Tientsin, invoiced as "carpets, 9 by 12, 100 threads, light blue," came in for advances by a member of the board. This type of rug was entered as having a value of $1.35, but the General Appraiser held $1.50 per square foot as the dutiable basis. Similar rugs, 8 by 10, 90 threads, had an entered value of $1.10, and were advanced to $1.20 per square foot.

A protest dealing with the dutiable value of eucalyptus oil from J. Bosisto & Co., Richmond, Australia, was decided adversely to the claims of New York handlers of the commodity. The oil, which was rated as "standard test," was entered at 1 shilling 1 penny per pound. Judge McClelland approved advances to the extent of 1 shilling 1½ pence per pound to make Australian value at date of shipment.

Another reappraisement made yesterday related to citronella oil shipped to this city by Clark, Spence & Co., Galle, Ceylon. It took about three months to get the commodity to New York, and in that period prices in Galle were understood to have advanced. The oil was entered as having a value of 14½ pence per pound, less difference in exchange, war risk, freight, Consul fee, commission and brokerage, telegrams, stamps and postage, and freight to New York. Judge McClelland reappraised the oil at 16½ pence per pound, less all charges except difference in exchange.

Scoured Wool Not Wanted.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—A miscellaneous selection amounting to 8,000 bales was offered at the wool auction sales today. There was a brisk demand for greasy qualities, but scoureds were not wanted. About 10,000 bales of the latter have been withdrawn since the commencement of the series.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat market was nervous and feverish, and showed the result of the sharp break on Thursday. Operators were inclined to be very cautious, although underlying sentiment was bullish, and subsequently prices developed firmness and closed 1@1⅛c net higher. In the local cash market No. 1 durum wheat was quoted at $1.73; No. 2 hard, $1.64½; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.79; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.72⅝, all free on board, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	$1.49⅜	$1.47	$1.49½	$1.46½	$1.04¼
Dec.	1.50¼	1.47	1.49⅝	1.48½	95⅝
May	1.50⅝	1.47⅞	1.50	1.49	98⅛

CORN.

The corn market was firmer, owing to much colder weather throughout the West and Northwest, with killing frost in the Dakotas and Iowa and light frost as far south as Kansas. Prices experienced a partial reaction under profit taking, but at the close were firm at about the top, with net gains of 1¼c to 1⅜c. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 97½c, cost, insurance, and freight New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	86⅝	85⅛	86⅜	85	72⅛
December	72⅝	71	72⅝	71⅛	56⅝
May	76	74½	75⅞	74⅝	57⅞

OATS.

The oats market was moderately active and prices were firm, closing with net gains of ⅝@¾c. The local cash market was steady; standard quoted at 51¼@51¾c; No. 3 white, 51@51½c; No. 4 white, 50¼@50¾c; fancy clipped white, 53¼@55¼c; ordinary clipped white, 51¼@53¼c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	45	44¼	44⅝	44⅛	37½
December	47⅜	46⅞	47⅜	46⅞	36½
May	50⅝	49⅞	50⅝	50	38⅝

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was moderately active, with a good demand for lard, and prices generally were firmer, closing at about the best for the day. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 14,000, estimated for today 11,000; Kansas City received 3,500 and Omaha 4,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	14.47	14.40	14.45	14.30	7.97
December	13.95	13.87	13.95	13.82	8.50
Ribs—					
October	14.40	14.30	14.37	14.22	7.95
January	12.75	12.70	12.75	12.70	8.35
Pork—					
October	26.75	26.50	26.75	26.60	12.42
December	23.87	23.65	23.87	23.60	14.90

COTTONSEED OIL.

Partly owing to the strength of lard, the cottonseed oil market showed notable firmness yesterday, and at the close was 12 to 16 points net higher, with sales of 22,600 barrels. More activity was reported in the market for crude oil, which is firm, with seed bringing in the neighborhood of $42 a ton. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	10.00@10.50	10.00
September	..	..	10.20@10.50	10.04
October	10.25	10.25	10.25@10.30	10.13
November	10.17	10.12	10.16@10.18	10.00
December	10.16	10.08	10.16@10.20	10.02
January	10.21	10.15	10.19@10.21	10.05
February	..	..	10.30@10.35	10.05
March	10.48	10.42	10.46@10.47	10.33
April	10.53	10.53	10.55@10.65	10.35

COFFEE.

After irregularity in the early part of the session coffee developed weakness which forced prices down to new low levels for the movement, December selling at 8.99c and March at 9c, or 8 to 18 points under the previous night. Closing prices were near lowest of the day and 13 to 17 points below Thursday's close. Cost and freight offers were unchanged. Santos 3s and 4s were quoted 11.40c and 4s at 11c, while Rio 7s sold on a bid of Thursday at 9½c, and were quoted yesterday at 9.55c, all London credits. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	..	..	9.11@9.13	9.28
October	..	..	9.11@9.13	9.23
November	..	..	8.05@8.98	9.11
December	9.12	8.99	8.92@8.94	9.07
January	..	..	8.96@8.98	9.11
February	..	..	8.99@9.01	9.15
March	9.22	9.00	9.02@9.03	9.18
April	..	..	9.07@9.08	9.23
May	9.32	9.10	9.11@9.13	9.28
June	..	..	9.16@9.17	9.31
July	9.40	9.25	9.20@9.22	9.38

SUGAR.

The futures market was steady throughout most of the day on trade buying and covering by Wall Street, but the market lacked support from outside interests and price changes showed no wide fluctuations. The close showed net gains of 5@8 points, with sales for the day 17,100 tons. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	4.25	4.25	4.30@4.32	4.24
October	4.35	4.30	4.30@4.32	4.24
November	4.36	4.28	4.31@4.32	4.25
December	4.27	4.15	4.22@4.24	4.14
January	4.05	3.97	4.00@4.02	3.95
February	3.95	3.86	3.89@3.90	3.81
March	3.93	3.83	3.89@3.90	3.83
April	..	..	3.92@3.94	3.86
May	..	..	3.95@3.97	3.90
June	..	..	3.98@4.00	3.93
July	..	..	4.01@4.03	3.96
August	..	..	4.04@4.06	3.99

The market for refined sugar was unchanged, with practically all refiners taking orders at 6.40 for fine granulated. Trading was considerably less active, although withdrawals on old orders were good. The raw sugar market closed steady at the decline, with a moderate buying interest in from store, and prompt shipment Cubas at 4¼c cost and freight, with holders asking an advance of ⅛c. Quotations follow: Centrifugals, 5.27c; molasses, 4.37c; cost and freight, 4¼c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 9,126 packages. Trading was not so free, but values for all grades of creamery were fairly sustained. Ladles and packing stock have advanced under quite active export buying. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 34@34⅝c; extras, 92 score, 33¾c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 32¼@33½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 30¼@32c; thirds, 29@30c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 35@35½c; extras, 34@34½c; firsts, 32½@33½c; seconds, 31@32c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 32¼@33c; good to prime, 30½@32c; common to fair, 26@30c; renovated, extras, 29½@30c; firsts, 28@28½c; lower grades, 26@27c; imitation creamery, firsts, 28½@29c; ladles, current make, firsts, 27½@28c; seconds, 26½@27c; lower grades, 25@26c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 26@26½c; No. 2, 25½c; lower grades, 23¼@25c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 11,850 cases. The market is quiet for the stock generally offering and there is a liberal accumulation in first hands, consisting of average good and medium qualities, for which values rule in buyers' favor. Strictly fine to fancy qualities are still scarce and meeting a fair demand to the extent of offerings at steady to firm prices. Some of these are being withheld from sale in the expectation of a better market later. A good deal of the supply has a value between 29c and 32c, and some inferior lots are offering lower. High-grade dirties and checks scarce and firm. Refrigerator eggs are generally held with confidence, but the trading is not active at the moment. Nearby white eggs in liberal supply and mostly more or less defective; demand is slack and of a selective character; very fancy goods are sustained, but average offerings are offered at lower prices in the effort to clean up. Fresh-gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 36@37c; extra firsts, 34@35c; firsts, 31½@33c; seconds, 29½@31c; thirds and poorer, 27@29c; dirties, No. 1, 27@27½c; No. 2 and poorer, 23@26½c; checks, good to choice, dry, 25c; undergrades, 22@24½c; refrigerator special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 31c; firsts, 29½@30½c; seconds, 28@29c; lower grades, 25@27½c; refrigerator, State whites, 32@34c; refrigerator, No. 1 dirties, 26@27c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 43@48c; ordinary to good, 32@42c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 30@43c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 30@36c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 38@42c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 30@37c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car.—Fair and cooler Sat. Sun., fair; moderate n. winds.

Fla.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; cooler in n. and cen.; gentle to moderate n. winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; moderate temperature; gentle n. winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sun.

Ind.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sun.; moderate w. winds.

Ohio—Fair Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sun.; moderate to fresh w. winds.

Mich.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sun.; moderate to fresh w. winds.

La. and W. Tex.—Fair Sat. Sun., fair; warmer in n.

Ark.—Fair Sat.; warmer in w. Sun., fair and warmer.

Okla.—Fair and warmer Sat. and Sun.

E. Tex.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.; warmer in n.

Ill.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.; warmer.

Mo. and Iowa—Fair and warmer Sat.; Sun. cloudy and warmer, becoming unsettled by night.

Wis.—Fair and warmer Sat.; Sun. cloudy and warmer.

Minn.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.; probably showers in n. Sat. night; warmer Sat.

N. Dak.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.; probably showers in n. Sat.; warmer Sat.

S. Dak., Neb., and Kan.—Cloudy and warmer Sat.; Sunday probably unsettled.

GERMANS TO BID FOR TRADE.

Association Wants Latin-American Commerce After War.

BERLIN, Aug. 31, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.) — That German business men mean to make a determined effort to recover lost ground in Latin-American markets after the war is the conclusion that may be drawn from the rapid growth of the German Economic Association for South and Central America. This organization, which was only formed on Sept. 1, 1915, has about 1,200 members.

In an interview the manager of the Berlin head office said the association was maintaining but a quiescent existence now in view of the fact that no business correspondence of Germans with the countries in question is possible. The society, however, has representatives, usually German business men, in all centres of trade in those countries. The services of these men will be drawn upon again immediately after the war closes to give advice as to the best ways and means for restoring German trade.

That this fight to regain lost ground will not be an easy one is evident to all German business men.

"We recognize," said a member of the association, "that new difficulties have arisen during the war. The Americans have gone in and have been doing excellent and effective work in winning South American trade, have planted branch banks, and have greatly developed transportation facilities. This is one difficulty which we by no means underrate. Another is found in the fact that railways are in some places owned or controlled by English or French capital, and wherever this is the case the roads will probably make discriminations against German goods. British capital in other forms also enjoys powerful advantage in South America."

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Thirty-nine corporations, with aggregate capitalization of $1,490,000, were chartered today. They include:

Fred L. Lavanburg Co., Inc., dry colors, dyes, paints, varnishes, $500,000; J. H. Malloy, A. S. Somers, F. L. Lavanburg, 100 William St.

H. W. Cotton, Inc., manufacturers, builders, mill supplies, electric, civil, mechanical engineers, founders, $600,000; W. B. Morrell, H. C. and H. W. Cotton, 233 Broadway.

Cushman Restaurant Bakeries, Inc., bakeries, restaurants, hotels, $75,000; E. E. Hoenig, W. J. Scanlon, N. L. Cushman, Shippan Point, Stamford, Conn.

Keilty Dry Goods Co., Inc., Geneva, $40,000; C. E. Hickey, R. F. Howard, M. J. Keilty, Geneva.

Hygrade Button Works, Inc., buttons, fasteners, silk, cloth, textiles, $25,000; E. Edgecumbe, W. M. Schwarz, M. J. Bach, 74 East 79th St.

P. T. Cox Contracting Co., Inc., construction, contracting, building, $24,000; J. Young, Jr., O. E. Roberts, P. T. Cox, 30 Linden Av., Brooklyn.

Wilgar Cafe and Restaurant Co., Inc., cafes, restaurants, hotels, $20,000; H. Steiner, F. Williamson, B. Stenock, 177 East 93d St.

Fruitone Co., Inc., medicines, drugs, fruit compounds, $20,000; M. S. and B. Bernard, 112 Cathedral Parkway.

Gillot & Co., Inc., jewelry, glassware, crockery, leather goods, woodenware, silks, $20,000; H. B. Smith, P. Gillot, K. W. Newell, 24 East 10th St.

National Linen Supply Co., Inc., Buffalo, launderer, dye, wearing apparel for rental, $20,000; S. Ginsburg, J. Treep, A. Panzica, 32 Wells St., Buffalo.

A. Izmirlian, Inc., Esopus, importing, exporting merchandise, $20,000; T. I. Povlin, W. Halpern, C. M. Currick, 253 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

West Side Paper Stock Company, Inc., waste paper, cloth, metals, $10,000; M. Negri, C. Passanante, A. Pasquale, 151 West 28th St.

A. and L. Clothing Company, Inc., Cedarhurst, clothing, wearing apparel, furniture, house furnishings, $10,000; H. Bloom, M. Belli, J. Breen, 55 Liberty St., Manhattan.

Goldner Stationery Company, Inc., Yonkers, toys, stationery, fireworks, notions, $10,000; M. Schlesinger, L. and S. Goldner, 159 Elm St., Yonkers.

The Grote Miller Company, Inc., beds, bedding, $10,000; B. J. and J. L. Miller, C. C. Grote, 765 Beck St., Bronx.

No. 143 West 36th Street, Inc., realty, contracting, merchandise, $10,000; M. Lippman, A. G. McLaughlin, E. Ullmann, 228 Ducan Av., Jersey City.

Jud Landon, Inc., Schenectady, snow shoes, skis, lamps, leather goods, sporting athletic goods, $6,000; T. R. Culsane, J. B. Pelletier, J. S. Landon, Schenectady.

Schier Hotel Company, Inc., Buffalo, hotels, restaurants, liquor dealers, $5,000; M. R. and E. Schier, 278 Pearl St., Buffalo.

The Triodor Realty Company, Inc., Queensborough, $5,000; R. Giaimo, G. Bartolott, S. Bonanno, 23 39th St., Corona.

King Scallop Cutting Company, Inc., scallops on embroideries, $5,000; L. M. and W. I. Friedman, S. Taub, 402 East 101st St.

Wander & Sternin, Inc., iron, $5,000; A. Rouse, S. Sternin, S. Wander, 1291 Hoe Av., Bronx.

Decatur Contracting Co., Inc., contractors, $5,000; A. J. Halpin, L. Bass, W. Kaufman, 41 Park Row.

A. Franklin, Inc., tin, sheet metal, sleeves, water tanks, pipes, tubes, $5,000; A. M. and A. Franklin, 101 West 140th St.

The B. F. Kahn Theatrical Enterprises, Inc., theatrical, restaurants, wine venders, tobacco, $5,000; M. Leinkram, S. W. Levine, S. Friedlander, 5 West 122d St.

Brummer Bros. & Co., Inc., French art novelties, fancy boxes, trays, silks, cretonne, $5,000; W. Brummer, L. and H. Levin, 1,646 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Maritime Operations Corporation, ship brokerage, commission, marine engineering, capital, 500 shares, begin business with $2,500; R. J. Dickey, A. O. Kellogg, W. J. Eichbauer, 20 Broad St.

The Excellent Cafe and Restaurant Co., Inc., hotels, restaurants, cafes, $5,000; G. W. Kutscher, R. J. Robeson, M. H. Elliott, 277 Broadway.

Romana Picture Corporation, theatrical, motion pictures, caterers for public entertainment, $5,000; P. W. Phillips, S. D. Brown, W. P. Chapman, Jr., 39 Claremont Av.

James M. Reid, Inc., Mount Vernon, realty, agency, brokerage, $5,000; N. V. Loring, W. H. Sergeant, James M. Reid, Granite Springs.

Capital increases: Kent Building Co., Brooklyn, $300,000 to $500,000; The Maypril Co., Inc., Manhattan, $1,000 to $25,000.

Capital reduction: O. M. Steinman, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $2,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: A. N. Schpiro, Inc., Manhattan; Sandalphon, Masonic Hall, Brooklyn; Pope Saw Mill and Lumber Co., Inc., North Tonawanda; Libstok Realty Co., Manhattan; La Fayette Realty Co., Buffalo.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 15.—Charters filed:

Arcanum Silk Co., Passaic, manufacture and deal in silks and other textile fabrics, $10,000; Maurice M. Burger, Etta Burger, New York; Romano Guala, Bettina Guala, Paterson.

Independent Silk Co., Paterson, manufacture and deal in silks, wool yarn, etc., $50,000; Benjamin Garrison, Emanuel Rosenkrantz, Isidore Kaplan, Paterson.

Millville Department Store, Millville, conduct a general store, $100,000; Joseph C. Haines, Jervis S. Haines, Millville; Walter H. Haines, Bridgeton.

Gurtman Sheet Metal Works Passaic, deal in sheet metals, $10,000; Harry Gurtman, New York; Max Gurtman, Rebecca Gurtman, Passaic.

Guarantee Electric and Fixture Co., West New York, deal in fixtures, $3,000; Julius Davis, Mayer Klausner, Mamies Axenfield, Cecilia Klausner, Jersey City.

Franklin Sales Co., Jersey City, manufacture automobiles, engines, motors and accessories, $10,000; Augustus G. Southworth, Augustus R. Southworth, Anna Shanahan, Jersey City.

Cape May Fish and Cold Storage Co., Camden, deal in sea foods, $100,000; F. R. Hansell, George H. B. Martin, Joseph F. Cotter, Camden.

Attmore Land Co., Clementon, real estate and construction, $2,000; Henry S. Attmore, Clementon, Robert S. Attmore, Philadelphia, Frank T. Bell, Bristol, Penn.

Cleary and Russell, Inc., Red Bank, plumbing, roofing, gas fitting, &c., $2,000; Michael J. Russell, Thomas J. Cleary, Red Bank; James W. Russell, Convent Station.

Fly Swat Co., Phillipsburg, manufacture and deal in fly swats and mechanical fly killing devices, $125,000; Charles A. Giddens, John Kendrick, Phillipsburg; Frank E. Kendrick, Easton, Penn.

Rogers Construction Co., Gloucester City, manufacture and deal in aeroplanes, aircraft, hydroaeroplanes, automobiles, vehicles and boats, $100,000; Francis C. Rogers, Arabella Rogers, Camden; John M. Hamer, Gloucester City.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 15.—Charters filed:

Dollar Department Stores Co., conduct a general department store business, $3,000,000; John C. Street, T. M. Rocheford, L. E. Ahlberg, Minneapolis, Minn.

Slocum, Avram & Slocum Trading Co., buy, sell, trade, and deal in and with real estate, &c., $1,500,000; H. F. Rhategar, H. B. Deyo, New York; C. R. McPherson, Elizabeth, N. J.

Caribbean Exploration and Trading Co., maintain and operate trading posts and stations in Central America and elsewhere, $500,000; F. Giles, K. M. Dougherty, M. M. Hoffrecker, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

Elkorn Mines Co., prospect, export, and develop mineral lands of all kinds, $1,000,000; Herbert E. Latter, C. L. Rimlinger, M. V. Haywood, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

Great Western Smelters Corporation, own mineral lands and develop the same, acquire water rights, &c., $1,000,000; Robert A. Van Voorhis, Jersey City; Paul E. Britsch, Brooklyn; Cornelius A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

PLUSH.—Will pay cash below $3. Rineberg, 38 West 18th.

VELOURS.—Lightweight wool velours in Burgundy and taupe. H. Drusin Co., 137 West 25th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

BROADCLOTH, Columbia, all colors; American Juilliards, black and navy plushes, coatings all kinds to close. Madison 6777.

BROADCLOTH, white, tan & gray, for trimmings. Republic Novelty Works, 230 5th Av.

COATS and SUITS for immediate delivery, consisting of the latest styles and materials; it will pay you to give us a call. Marvel Cloak and Suit Co., 114 Fifth.

DRESSES.—Serges, taffetas, charmeuse, for immediate delivery. Globe Dress, 19 West 27th.

JUILLIARDS, 54221.—Will exchange navy and black for brown, green, and Burgundy. Telephone 3496 Farragut, 129 West 27th St., third floor.

SATIN.—24 pieces black yarn dyed satin at 72½ cents. Chelsea 5122.

SUITS.—Fall suits and coats for immediate delivery; also job of 300 Fall suits and coats; to close out for cash at cut prices. Simon & Kameros, 44 East 9th St.; Stuyvesant 5574.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3½@4 per cent. for the best names
Thursday...3½@4 " " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Ribbons More Active.

There has been some show of activity in ribbons during the last week. Medium widths have been those most desired, although there has also been quite a demand for the narrow variety. The milliners are supplying a fair amount of business and retailers have also been compelled to renew their stocks. Black is the leading shade and green appears to be the strongest favorite among colors.

Still Below European Values.

The sales manager of the American branch of a representative English piece goods house said yesterday that, despite the high prices asked here for woolens, values have not yet reached the level of those on the other side. He said that a woolen expert from the home office of the company had recently paid a visit to this side to investigate conditions here. This man was of the opinion that prices were low, all things considered. He remarked further that there appeared no reason for a decline for five years to come, and advised holding on to all merchandise possible.

Are Growing More Conservative.

A well-posted local shoe man is the authority for the statement that women, as a whole, are more conservative this Fall in their purchases of footwear. Dark, solid color effects are selling well both in kid and buck, as are combinations of kid vamps and buck tops of the same color. All-black shoes continue to lead the demand, though quite a few black shoes with white tops are being bought by consumers. Beaded slippers are also active. Men's shoes are moving well for Fall at retail, especially in such combinations as black vamps with gray buck tops and brown vamps with tan buck or kid tops. Misses' and children's shoes in white buck are still selling well, especially the better ones.

Bleached Goods Are Moved Up.

Watts, Stebbins & Co. of this city yesterday made these prices on Wamsutta sheetings:

Width.	St.	New Bedford.	Percale.
42 inch	21c	22c	25c
5-4	23c	24c	27c
48 inch	25c	26c	29c
50 inch	26c	27c	30c
6-4	27½c	29c	32c
65 inch	35c	37c	45c
8-4	42½c	45c	55c
9-4	45c	47½c	57½c
10-4	47½c	50c	60c
11-4	52½c	55c	65c
12-4	62½c	..	..

Compared with the last price list for these goods, which was issued in May, the above figures show advances ranging from 2 to 5 cents a yard.

Blankets Among the Missing.

Spot stocks of blankets, both in this market and at the mills, are said to be about as scarce as bathing suits at the north pole. Wool, mixed, and shoddy blankets are sold up by some mills all the way from Jan. 1 to the middle of March. A buyer was in the market a day or two ago who said he had an order for 40,000 blankets to place, and he was told that the combined stocks of all the mills and agents in the country at the moment would hardly total that number. One local house acts as selling agent for several good-sized blanket mills, but in spite of this fact it was lately forced to turn down a liberal export order for lack of ability to make the specified deliveries. In some cases export deliveries that should have been completed in August will not be made in full before Nov. 1 at the earliest.

This Is a Busy Trade.

There are few trades at the moment that "have anything on" the manufacturing jewelers and silversmiths. All grades of their merchandise are selling freely, and unless something unforeseen occurs record sales totals will be hung up in more than one instance. Fine gold and platinum jewelry is moving more freely now than for some time, and, in spite of the labor troubles in local shops earlier in the year, it is said that chances are bright for exceeding last year's business by a pretty good margin. One reason for this is that better goods are being taken all along the line, which naturally tends to increase the money totals of the sales. With the silversmiths things are fine, and about the only cause for worry is whether or not the upward trend of silver is going to end in another rise in prices, just as some of the big houses have completed changing their price tickets as a result of the downward revision of several weeks ago.

Good Silk Shirt Season Ahead.

An excellent run on silk shirts is predicted for the coming Spring, even better, in fact, than was the case this year. Those retailing in the neighborhood of $5 are expected to do particularly well, and Japanese habutai is expected to repeat its previous successes as a shirting material. It is not thought that the producers will make much of a play on mohair shirts for Spring, 1917, as they did not do especially well this year, from all accounts. The sport shirt of the "Little Rollo" type, with its more or less effeminate lines, will receive little attention, it is said, for the new season, and there are experienced shirt men who believe that this style of garment has run its course. The new sport shirt combines comfort with a really masculine cut, and promises to do very well.

He Certainly Was Desperate.

There was a desperate man in the local dry goods market yesterday. Things at home didn't make him that way, nor did the weather, bad as it was. The trouble was that he went into a certain house and asked to be shown some samples of colored cotton goods. He was shown the samples, quoted prices, and told the deliveries he could get. As each new batch of samples was brought out, and the same information, or worse, was given about deliveries, he began to get excited. Finally he got to the point where he demanded if there was anything in the place that he could have prompt deliveries on, and he was told that the only thing was some remnants of tickings. "Well, trot 'em out," was the resulting command. It is generally agreed in the market that when a man will buy remnants of tickings he is pretty desperate.

They're Having Their Troubles.

Among other troubles that have come to the big jobbing houses as a result of the general scarcity of merchandise are the attempts that other wholesalers, most of them smaller, are making to replenish their broken stocks from the lines of the big concerns. So often have open requests for goods been refused that some of the jobbers that want them are said to be encouraging little retail concerns to increase their purchases and to dispose of the surplus to the "short" wholesaler at a small profit or for a definite cash settlement. Even at the increased expense, goods can be had in this way—when they can be got—more cheaply than they can be bought from the producer. It is this very fact that is making the big wholesalers keep their eyes open and to scan "suspicious" orders closely.

Gray Goods Buying Improves.

Buying of gray goods in this market continues to improve, the movement of printcloths, from all accounts, being especially good. A large business was done on 38½-inch 64-60s at 6½ cents for deliveries during the remainder of this month and next. For similar shipments 8 cents was paid for good-sized lots of 39-inch 72-76s; 5¼ cents for 39-inch 56-44s, and 5⅝ cents for 38½-inch 60-48s. Sellers are still having difficulty in getting buyers to pay 7⅝ cents for 39-inch 68-72s, and business on that construction is lagging quite badly as a result. Nearby sales of 31-inch 5-yard sheetings were reported at 6 cents, with 36-inch 5.50s also selling at an eighth above Thursday's figure, which was 5⅝ cents. There was a good inquiry told of for wide, heavy sheetings. Closing printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s	8⅝c	38½-inch, 64-60s	6½c
39-inch, 72-76s	8c	38½-inch, 64-56s	6⅜c
39-inch, 68-72s	*7⅝c	38½-inch, 60-52s	5⅞c
39-inch, 56-44s	5¼c	38½-inch, 60-48s	5⅝c
38½-inch, 64-64s	*6⅝c	27-inch, 64-60s	4½c

*Asked.

DRY GOODS SALES GROW.

Gingham Lines Are Being Taken Up Quickly.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"Wholesale distribution of dry goods for the last week shows a substantial gain over the corresponding period of a year ago. Spring sales on our lines of ginghams have been so much in excess of past years that they will be sold up shortly.

"Spring sales on our other lines of merchandise now being shown on the road are heavy, indicating that retailers have every confidence in the continuance of good business. More customers have been in the market during the week. Collections are in excess of the same period of a year ago.

"The market on domestic cotton goods is strong and active."

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

R. R. GEIST & SON.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Ralph R. and Sidney R. Geist, composing the firm of R. R. Geist & Son, dry goods department store, Third Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street, by Robert Reis & Co., $53; M. H. Frank & Co., $11; I. Newman & Sons, $377, and Joseph Bardo, $316. Judge Hough yesterday appointed Jesse Watson receiver, with a bond of $12,000, on application of Stroock & Stroock, who stated that the liabilities were $85,000 and assets $30,000. The receiver was authorized to carry on the business for ten days.

ANDREW CHRISTIE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Andrew Christie, surviving partner of D. and A. Christie, stairbuilder, 328 East Twenty-sixth Street, by H. B. Roger & Son, $284; F. Eckenroth & Son, Inc., $216, and Felix Cohn, $118. He made an assignment on Sept. 5.

NICOLA SASSO, liquor dealer, 26 East Houston Street and 423 Hudson Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $18,754 and assets $2,480.

FREDERIC R. SULLIVAN, Pelham, N. Y., who was a Director in a moving picture film company, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,279 and assets of $9.50 cash in bank. Among the New York City creditors are Morgan Wallace, Lambs Club, $200 loan; Liberty Shop, $339; Clemmons, $240; Broadway Realty Company, $300 rent; Suburban Realty Company, $150 rent, and Diamond Motor Car Company, New Rochelle, $143.

SCHWEITZER & STERN, cloak manufacturers, 109 West Twenty-seventh Street, who made an assignment on Aug. 21, had their property reassigned to them yesterday. They recently made a settlement at 35 cents on the dollar.

JOHN LIDDLE CUT STONE COMPANY, 402 East 107th Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities $95,436, of which $66,087 are secured, and assets $95,828. Among the creditors are Michael Cohen & Co., $7,000; Henry Boschen, $4,800, and G. P. Sherwood & Co., $2,500.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 298 business failures in the United States during the week, against 243 for the previous week and 295, 280, 259, and 279 for the corresponding weeks of 1915 to 1912. The Middle States had 88, New England 20, Southern 79, Western 62, Northwestern 29, and Far Western 20. Canada had 23, against 28 for the preceding week. About 90 per cent. of the failures had less than $5,000 capital and 8 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 15.—The Henry W. Goodman Company of North Dana has been petitioned into bankruptcy at the instance of three creditors with claims of $1,684.

Bolander & Parker Shoe Company, Boston and Orange, has assigned for benefit of creditors to Fred A. Dexter and James B. B. Smith.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 15.—Samuel A. Nohin, a tailor, voluntary petition in bankruptcy; liabilities $15,367; assets not yet compiled.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, Sept. 15, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Bleriot Monoplane Co.—City of N. Y..$375.75
Columbia Sales Co.—Same..........257.22
Colonial Land and Timber Co.—Same..257.22
Cosic Cigar Co.—Same..........257.22
Commercial Tractor—Same..........257.22
Colonial Finance Co.—Same..........257.22
K. J. Collins—Same..........257.22
Standard Bacteria Co. of N. Y.—Same.257.22
Steel Ball Co. of America—Same......257.22
Security Debenture Corporation—Same.257.22
Southern Farm and Home Co.—Same..257.22
Scholz Fireproofing Co.—Same.......257.22
Temerson, Morris—Same..........257.22
World Patent Varnish Co.—Same......257.22
Walter H. Stearns Co.—Same.......257.22
Weeks, Frank W.—Same..........257.22
Watson, Alexander M. A.—Same......257.22
Wolf, Edw. J.—Same..........257.22
Weber, Benjamin H.—Same..........257.22
Withcomb, Charles R.—Same.........257.22
Wohrab, Richard—Same..........257.22
American Electric Equipment Co.—U. S. Realty and Improvement Co..........162.31
Adler, Ernest—W. A. Avis et al....35,054.27
A. D. Lacke & Co., Inc., and A. D. Lacke—E. J. Donelen..........421.64
Berger Chemical Co.—Deverall Perfection Mfg. Co..........392.31
Burtt, Walter E.—L. A. Burtt, costs..112.87
Davidson, Barnet—Royal Indemnity Co.255.97
Duffner, C. Edw.—A. G. K. Riddle....583.21
Devine, Beatrice—I. Kory..........326.45
Dorbath, Mark—C. G. Kneis..........126.65
Drake, Charles B.—42d St.-Madison Av. Co..........432.68
D'Armand, Bertha G.—W. Landesman..242.66
Farrell, Margaret A., and Mary J.—C. Foley et al., costs..........183.00
Fumigating and Fire Extinguisher Company of America—P. H. Grimm......1,128.16
Finkelstein, Benjamin W., and Jacob Fine—Broder & Co..........585.84
Frisby, Grace E.—Judkins & McCormick Co..........290.43
Gardner-Wood Co. of New York—United States Realty and Improvement Co....140.04
Gross, Gus or Gustave—Lang & Co....166.41
Greenberg, Jane and Aaron—I. Osheg..147.10
Goldman, Meyer—A. Cohen et al.......201.19
Hayes, Mary—J. Coughlin..........108.27
Howard, Joseph E.—National Printing and Engraving Co..........633.51
Same—Same..........696.06
Holzman, Jacob—E. Fixman et al......263.40
Hyman, Samuel—E. S. Poor..........5,283.22
Haenke, J. Martyn—L. Farrell.........273.01
John M. Linck Construction Co., Inc.—Lincoln Trust Co. et al..........3,987.93
Kimball, Samuel E.—Meizen Realty Corporation..........131.99
Kaufman, Samuel—H. Bauman et al..1,741.33
Kourick, Hyman—State Bank..........478.85
Leon, William J.—E. Thompson.........252.75
Martin, Samuel—D. Pollard..........856.75
Miller, Edgar—Crescent Talking Machine Co..........662.69
Montrose Avenue Co., Inc.—Popkin Gas Fixture Co..........333.51
Markelson, Dora—Morrison & Mashkowitz..........159.60
Nagle, Percival E.—Ridabock & Co.....195.16
Public Service Realty Corporation, New Jersey Corporation—A. C. Buchler......195.55
Prenticem, Daniel—R. Adamsom.........252.00
Romaine, George W—Frederick Loeser & Co., Inc..........750.90
Rocke, Ferdinand—Ledkamp Realty Development Co..........299.15
Ruman, Aurel—National Slavonic Society of the United States, costs.......333.45
Selig, Morris—New York City of Long Island Advertising Co..........126.16
Small, Edward—L. Newman..........224.91
Seidman, Max—M. Holzman..........286.72
Seiken, Jacob—N. Wolfbruck..........201.07
Tucker, James J.—Wilkinson Bros. & Co..........1,173.50
Tierney, William L.—Encyclopaedia Britannica Corporation..........102.06
Taylor, Lionel V.—Gansevoort Beef and Provision Co..........135.93
Union Oxygen Co., Inc., and Carl D. Boynton — George Weiderman Electric Co., Inc..........587.13
Vita Producing Co. — B. G. Hughes & Bro., Inc..........127.03
Wallin & Hoffman, Inc.; Samuel Abramson, and Joseph Rose—W. Johnston..474.21
Wartels, Louis—P. Saslow et al.........149.84
W. H. Smith Heating Co.—M. Powell....186.80
Wiener, Jacob or Jack — Waterhouse-Resher Co..........991.33
Waring, J. Palmer—E. H. Rogers........224.13
W. Shelton Swallow Co.—J. G. Wilson Corporation..........285.23

In Bronx County.

Fordham Const. Co.—P. R. Steile et al. as exrs..........$758.65
Gastman, Joseph L.—Rose Feather & Flower Co., Inc..........32.72
Gerhards, Alex.—O. J. Stephens, Inc.....60.23
Hillman, Ida—H. Hahnenfeld et al...2,297.46
Hartmayer, John, Jr.—City of N. Y....157.27
Jenkins, Howard—H. J. Weaver.........79.00
Kadenberg, Herman—D. E. Austin, as Receiver..........122.68
Klatztoff, Max—North American Wall Paper Co..........67.77
Lorentz, Charles H.—City of N. Y.......37.08
Miller, Sam—North American Wall Paper Co., Inc..........142.49
Piser, Harry—C. De La M. Verity.......25.47
Palladino, Frank, as surety—People, &c., State of N. Y..........1,000.00
Ronele Const. Co., Inc., and Abraham A. Kuttler, Jr.—E. P. Karkus.........173.50
Solomon, Norman A.—M. Natelson et al.67.54
Thorn, Percy—F. Coussirat..........95.07
Williams, Alice—City of New York....813.68
Same—Same..........293.59
Same—Same..........306.90
Same—Same..........290.49
Same—Same..........310.98
Wolff, Henry F.—City of N. Y.........234.71
Wilks, Seth—Same..........201.93
Same—Same..........210.80
Winkel, Samuel—Same..........199.03
Wucherer, Christian G.—Same..........58.99
Walker, Robert W.—I. Berg..........25.47
Zaccardo, Daniel—People, &c., of the State of N. Y..........1,000.00

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Rider, Mamie B.—F. E. Boehmcke et al., Jan. 24, 1916..........$174.73
Rosenbush, David—M. Rosenberg, Dec. 9, 1915..........561.15
Gignat, Paul—L. W. Peters, April 8, 1916..........544.57
Same—Same, April 8, 1916..........122.79
Humiston, Howard—W. D. Humiston, Sept. 28, 1915, vacated..........320.85
Marden, Orth & Hastings Co., Inc.—J. P. Bolardi, Sept. 1, 1916, vacated.....7,019.52
Butts, Edward T.—J. Moser, Sept. 7, 1916..........320.71
Downey, Joseph C.—R. Kachhole, June 23, 1915..........224.41
Hecht, Alice, and Joseph Hirsch—Zahn & Bowley Co., May 28, 1912..........282.72
Marcus, Max, and Louis Dorfman—M. Julius, May 14, 1914..........215.41

In Bronx County.

Overland Building Co., Inc.—S. Trimmer & Sons, Inc., June 14, 1916..........626.57

TO EXHIBIT GERMAN GOODS.

Canada Preparing to Try to Imitate and Replace Them.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Consul O. G. Marsh at Ottawa, Canada, telegraphed the Department of Commerce today that by Sept. 20 there will arrive in Canada, for public exhibition, a collection of 8,000 samples of German and Austrian industrial products. These articles have been collected by agents of the British Board of Trade in all parts of the world. The management of the exhibit is in the hands of the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade and its purpose is to ascertain whether the products can be made by Canadian manufacturers and sold as cheaply, in order that after the war the proposed commercial warfare against Germany and Austria may be prosecuted to advantage.

The exhibit will be seen first in Montreal. Later it will be sent to Toronto. Expert commercial agents will accompany the exhibit and get information as to what lines of manufacture in Canada now will duplicate the German and Austrian goods with cost and selling prices, and shipping facilities. Where the goods to be exhibited are not now manufactured in Canada an effort will be made to get information as to establishing similar industries.

The British Board of Trade is making several collections of goods manufactured in the Central Power countries and will keep them circulating in the various British colonies and dependencies for the purpose of forming a world-wide combination against Germany and Austria in manufactures and commerce. These products will be exhibited in Canada and Australia.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. Froshin; Miss A. Froshin, ladies' wear; 303 5th Av.; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. Mulliken, drug sundries; 354 4th Av.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Royal Millinery; A. Bloch, millinery; Broadway Central.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Hillman's; M. H. Meyer, silks; J. J. Seehof, millinery; 315 5th Av.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Duquette Co.; H. B. King, women's, children's hats; Algonquin.

CHICAGO, Ill.—W. A. Wieboldt & Co.; L. S. Lauritzen, jewelry, hair goods; 334 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. C. Dalberg, infants' wear, knit goods; 115 Worth.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Reins & Meiss; L. Meiss, white goods, linens, ready-to-wear; 114 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; A. C. Case, domestics; basement, 37 W. 26th.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Nay & Khourie; Mr. Khourie, hand embroidered handkerchiefs; 81-85 Washington St.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Texas—M. Lichtenstein; S. J. Lichtenstein, dry goods, women's ready-to-wear, men's clothing, hats, shoes; 120 West 32d.

EASTON, Penn.—Bush & Bull; A. P. Spingler, house furn. goods, furniture; Grand.

FORT DODGE, Iowa—Silverstein Clothing Co.; M. J. Silverstein, clothing; Albert.

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; S. H. Fish, millinery; 353 4th Av.

HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; A. M. Levy, general mdse.; A. Levy, carpets; 148 W. 23d.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; C. Walmsley, cloaks, suits; Miss M. Brennan, waists; 220 5th Av.

MEXICO CITY, Mexico—J. Buff & Co.; J. Buff, general mdse., garments, hosiery, underwear, shoes, furn. goods; 25 East 26th.

MOBILE, Ala.—L. Hammel D. G. Co.; B. L. Strauss, notions, fancy goods, stationery, books, cut glass; 1,140 B'way.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—C. F. Wing Co.; C. A. Bishop, rugs, upholstery; Flanders.

NORFOLK, Va.—Watt, Rettew & Clay; Mrs. H. G. Kerner, millinery; 25 East 26th.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Kerr Dry Goods Co.; L. D. Aldrich, shoes; 1,150 Broadway; Great Northern.

PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; Miss E. Arthur, Miss M. Wegman, millinery; 470 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH, Penn.—W. & H. Walker Co.; Simon Brill, piece goods; W. H. Walker, dresses; 116 West 29th.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; A. F. Moon, laces, fancy goods, trimmings; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss M. Finzer, suits; 23 East 26th.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Levis-Zukoski Mercantile Co.; Mrs. L. W. Nichols, pattern hats; 621 B'way.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Co.; Mrs. O. M. Thornton, waists, dresses; 1,140 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney Dry Goods Co.; Miss M. A. Rohrman, millinery, trimmed hats; 23 E. 26th.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Koch & Ferber; J. Koch, dry goods, notions; Grand.

TRINIDAD, B. W. I.—A. A. Waterman, dry goods, general merchandise, ready-to-wear; 233 5th Av.

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MORTGAGE SALE.

A. J. KAPLAN, Auctioneer, sells at public auction Saturday, Sept. 16, 1916, 10 o'clock A. M., at the garage of the Ebling Brewing Co., 158th St. and St. Ann's Av., Bronx, one two-ton Kreb's auto truck.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, DISTRICT OF N. J.—In re AMERICAN FINANCE & SECURITIES COMPANY, Bankrupt.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will sell at public auction, at the office of George R. Beach, Referee in Bankruptcy, 75 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, on Wednesday, October 18, 1916, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property of the bankrupt:

$92,500 first mortgage 6%, 20-year gold bonds of the GUANAJUATO REDUCTION & MINES COMPANY, Coupons One to Twenty, inclusive, detached.

22,945 shares of stock of said Company.

$402,602.86 book account against said Company, with interest from December 31, 1914.

10 mortgage interest coupons $30.00 each, due January 1, 1915, of said Company.

17 6% first mortgage gold bonds, $500 each, due July 1, 1917, EL TIRO COPPER COMPANY, Coupons One and Two detached.

57 6% first mortgage gold bonds, $500 each, due July 1, 1917, El Tiro Copper Company, Coupons One to Ten, inclusive, detached.

271,447 shares of stock of El Tiro Copper Company.

$191,028.51 book account against El Tiro Copper Company, with interest from December 31, 1914, together with 180,000 unexecuted 6% first mortgage gold bonds of said Company.

$3,900 first mortgage 20-year gold bonds of the EMPIRE LUMBER COMPANY, due July 1, 1930, Coupons One to Nine, inclusive, detached.

$6,510 interest coupons of Empire Lumber Company, due July 1, 1914, to July 1, 1915.

10,914 shares capital stock of the Empire Lumber Company.

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$40,000,000 DEPOT OPPOSED AT HEARING

Harbor Line Board Considers Petition to Make Island on Red Hook Shoals.

PRIVATE CAPITAL IN PLAN

Two Previous Attempts Failed to Get the State Government to Consent to Proposal.

The New York Harbor Line Board held a hearing in the Army Building in Whitehall Street yesterday on the proposal of private interests to erect an artificial island of 440 acres on what is known as the Red Hook Shoals in the bay, between St. George, S. I., and Gowanus Bay.

The plan includes the erection of the largest freight-handling terminal in the country at a cost estimated at $40,000,000. The "made land" for this would be about one mile long and a quarter of a mile wide and would occupy a part of the harbor now used extensively for schooner and barge anchorage.

Plans for the plant, prepared by H. McL. Harding, show a series of trans-shipping sheds and warehouses, interspaced with railroad tracks, which would communicate with huge slips on the north end, built to accommodate barges carrying freight trains. On the Brooklyn side there would be eighteen piers, said to be three times the number found in the largest freight terminal at this port now.

In general the new plant would be operated along the lines of the Bush Terminal.

The Harbor Line Commission will make recommendations to the War Department at Washington, and the Secretary of War will pass final judgment. If the petitioners are successful in all these steps, they will then have to acquire from the State control of the land, which is now under water. Two previous attempts have been made to obtain the land, and last year a bill to that effect passed the Assembly and Senate, but was not signed by the Governor.

Colonel Frederic V. Abbot presided at the hearing yesterday and the other members present were Colonel H. Taylor, Lieut. Col. C. H. McKinstry, Captain Thomas M. Robins, Recorder, and Jay Stone, chief clerk.

The men who wish to erect the terminal are Henry W. Baird, Wallace Downey, J. R. Hegeman, Jr., Arthur G. Stiles, Arthur B. Claflin, H. J. Gassmann, and Walter E. Meyer. Mr. Stiles is attorney for the petitioners. In answer to questions yesterday as to the interests behind the movement, a matter which was not discussed at the hearing but excited considerable speculation, he had the following to say:

"There is no foreign money, no steamship company nor any railroad company connected in any way with this project. The gentlemen whose names appear on the petition will be recognized as men of financial standing, and they represent themselves and other capital associated with them. Henry W. Baird is a lawyer who represents Western capital, and the other men are known in New York."

Those who outlined various phases of the plan besides Mr. Stiles were General W. H. Bixby, U. S. A., retired, former Engineer in Chief of the Army; H. McL. Harding, formerly consulting engineer of the Department of Docks and Ferries, and M. R. Sutherland, a traffic expert.

It was made apparent at the hearing that the Harbor Line Commission had given widespread notice of the meeting and that considerable opposition had been developed. Many organizations and individuals had objections to urge. The one most often brought up was that the land was in great demand as an anchorage, and, as such, was indispensable. Other objections were that the proposed island would be an obstacle to harbor traffic, that it would create stronger currents in the tide, would confine floating ice in Winter in the upper bay, would have a bad effect on sewerage problems, and would spoil the beauty of the bay.

A protest was made by Bayonne men, who told of extensive terminal plans under consideration on the Jersey shore.

Among the organizations and individuals who registered their opposition either by letter or personal appearance were Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith of New York, Borough President Calvin D. Van Name of Richmond, the New York Maritime Association, the Chamber of Commerce of Bayonne, the Board of City Commissioners of Bayonne, the New York Boat Owners' Association, the estatae of William Beard, which owns the Erie basin, the Bush Terminal, and the Atlantic Avenue Civic Association.

Among those who favored the plan were Captain William J. Murray, Presiden tof the local branach of the American Association of Masters, Mates, and Pilots, and C. W. Jungen, manager of the Atlantic Steamship Lines of the Southern Pacific Company.

Speaking for the petitioners Mr. Stiles said:

"If your board grants our application our next step will be to introduce in the State Legislature a bill conferring on the Commissioners of the Land Office jurisdiction of the land question. The act will also be general in nature and would not require them to make a lease or grant to any particular individuals. In other words, the city could take advantage of that action also, and if it should see fit to make application for the land it could hardly be supposed that the Commissioners of the Land Office would entertain an application from oters. If the city does not apply, the petitioners are in a position to carry the matter through.

"We do not, however, expect to ask for or receive any permanent rights. It is planned to ask for a lease with a clause providing that at the termination of the lease the terminal can be taken over by the State or the city on some equitable basis, or a grant might be made with a clause providing for a recapture by the State or city.

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TURKEY IS DEFIED BY EMIR OF MECCA

High Moslem Ruler Invokes the Tenets of Religion to Justify Revolt.

ARABS RESENT EXECUTIONS

Committee of Union Is Blamed for Shells That Fell Around Kaaba in Holy City.

The full text of the proclamation issued by the Grand Sherif and Emir of Mecca, on which that dignitary of the Moslem Church announced his independence of Ottoman rule and proclaimed a rupture between the two most powerful Mohammedan factions in Turkey, was received in New York yesterday from official sources in London. In his proclamation, which preceded the Arab uprising against the Turks last June, the Grand Sherif pointed out that he was not in rebellion against the Sultan but against the Committee of Union and Progress, which is now the controlling force in Turkish affairs.

The proclamation, as translated in London, is as follows:

"In the name of God, the merciful, the compassionate, this is our general circular to all our brother Moslems. ("O Lord, do Thou judge between us and our nation with truth; for Thou art the best judge.")

"It is well known that all the Moslem rulers and Emirs, the Emirs of Mecca, the favored city, were the first to recognize the Turkish Government. This they did in order to unite Moslem opinion and firmly establish their community, knowing that the great Ottoman Sultans (may the dust of their tombs be blessed and may Paradise be their abode) were acting in accordance with the Book of God and the Sunna of His Prophet (prayers be upon him) and were zealous to enforce the ordinances of both these authorities. With this noble end in view, the Emirs before mentioned observe those ordinances unceasingly.

"I myself, protecting the honor of the State, caused Arabs to rise against their follow-Arabs in the year 1327 (1909) in order to raise the siege of Abha, and in the following year a similar movement was carried out under the leadership of one of my sons, as is well known. The Emirs continued to support the Ottoman Empire until the Society of Union and Progress appeared in the State and proceeded to take over the administration thereof and all its affairs, with the result that the State sufered a loss of territory which quite destroyed its prestige, as the whole world knows, was plunged into the horrors of this war, and brought to its present perilous position, as is patent to all.

Sees an Affront to Moslems.

"This was all done for certain well-known ends which our feelings forbid us to dilate upon. They cause Moslem hearts to ache with grief for the Empire of Islam, for the destruction of the remaining inhabitants of her provinces—Moslem as well as non-Moslem—some of them hanged or otherwise done to death, others driven into exile. Add to this the losses they have suffered through the war in their persons and property, the latter especially in the Holy Land, as is briefly demonstrated by the fact that in that quarter the general stress compelled even the middle classes to sell the doors of their houses, their cupboards, and the wood from their ceilings, after selling all their belongings to keep life in their bodies.

"All this evidently did not fulfill the designs of the Society of Union and Progress. They proceeded next to serve the essential bond between the Ottoman Sultanate and the whole Moslem community, to wit, adherence to the Koran and the Sunna. One of the Constantinople newspapers, Al-Ijtihad, actually published an article maligning (God forgive us!) the life of the Prophet, (on whom be the prayer and peace of God,) and this under the eye of the Grand Vizier of the Ottoman Empire and its Sheik of Islam, and all the Ulema, ministers and nobles. It adds to this impiety by denying the word of God, 'The male shall receive two portions,' and decides that they shall share equally under the law of inheritance.

Violates Principle of Koran.

"Then it proceeds to the crowning atrocity of destroying one of the five vital precepts of Islam, the Fast of Ramadan, ordering that troops stationed in Medina, Mecca, or Damascus may break the fast in the same way as troops fighting on the Russian frontier, thereby falsifying the clear Koranic injunction, 'Those of you who are sick or on a journey.' It has put forth other innovations touching the fundamental laws of Islam, (of which the penalties for infringement are well known,) after destroying the Sultan's power, robbing him even of the right to choose the chief of his Imperial Cabinet or the private Minister of his august person, and breaking the constitution of the Caliphate of which Moslems demand the observance.

"In spite of all, we accepted these innovations in order to give no cause for dissension and schism. But at last the veil was removed, and it became apparent that the empire was in the hands of Enver Pasha, Jemal Pasha, and Talaat Bey, who were administering it just as they liked and treating it according to their own sweet will. The most striking proof of this is the notice lately sent to the Kadi of the Tribunal at Mecca, to the effect that he must deliver judgment solely on evidence written down in his presence in court and must not consider any evidence written down by Moslems among themselves—thus ignoring the verse in the Surat-al-Baqara. Another proof is that they caused to be hanged at one time twenty-one eminent and cultured Moslems and Arabs of distinction, in addition to those they previously put to death—the Emir Omar el-Jazairi, the Emir Arif esh-Shihabi, Shefik Bey el-Moayyad, Shukri Bey el-Asali, Abd el-Wahhab, Taufik Bey el-Basat, Abd el-Hamid, el-Zahrawi, Abd el-Ghani el-Arisi, and their companions, who are well-known men.

"Cruel hearted men could not easily bring themselves to destroy so many lives at one blow, even if they were as beasts of the field. We might hear their excuse and grant them pardon for killing those worthy men, but how can we excuse them for banishing, under such pitiful and heart-breaking circumstances, the innocent families of their victims—infants, delicate women, and aged men—and inflicting on them other forms of suffering in addition to the agonies they had already endured in the death of those who were the support of their homes?

Emir Appeals to Humanity.

"God says, 'No burdened soul shall bear the burden of another.' Even if we could let all this pass, how is it possible we can forgive them confiscating the property and money of those people after bereaving them of their dear ones? Try to suppose we closed our eyes to this also, feeling that they might have some excuse on their side; could we ever forgive them desecrating the grave of that pious, zealous, and godly man, the Sherif Abd el-Kadir el-Jazairi el-Hasani?

"The above is a brief account of their doings, and we leave humanity at large and Moslems in particular to give their verdict. We have sufficient proof of how they regard the religion and the Arab people in the fact that they shelled the ancient house, the temple of the Divine Unity, of which it is said in the word of God, 'Purify my house for those that pass round it,' the Kibla of Mohammedans, the Kaaba of believers in the Unity, firing two shells at it from their big guns when the country rose to demand its independence. One fell about a yard and a half above the Black Stone and the other three yards from it. The covering of the Kaaba was set in a blaze. Thousands of Moslems rushed up with shouts of alarm and despair to extinguish the flames. To reach the fire they were compelled to open the door of the building and climb on to the roof.

"The enemy fired a third shell at the Makam Ibrahim, in addition to the projectiles and bullets aimed at the rest of the building. Every day three or four persons in the building itself were killed, and at last it became difficult for the Moslems to approach the Kaaba at all. We leave the whole Mohammedan world from east to west to pass judgment on this contempt and profanation of the Sacred House. But we are determined not to leave our religious and national rights as a plaything in the hands of the Union and Progress Party.

Advocates Popular Education.

"God (blessed and exalted be He) has vouchsafed the land an opportunity to rise in revolt, has enabled her by His power and might to seize her independence and crown her efforts with prosperity and victory, even after she was crushed by the maladministration of the Turkish civil and military officials. She stands quit apart and distinct from countries that still groan under the yoke of the Union and Progress Government. She is independent in the fullest sense of the word, freed from the rule of strangers and purged of every foreign influence.

"Her principles are to defend the faith of Islam, to elevate the Moslem people, to found their conduct on the holy law, to build up the code of justice on the same foundation in harmony with the principles of religion, to practice its ceremonies in accordance with modern progress, to make a genuine revolution by sparing no pains in spreading education among all classes according to their station and their needs.

"This is the policy we have undertaken in order to fulfill our religious duty, trusting that all our brother Moslems in the east and west will pursue the same in fulfillment of their duty to us, and so strengthen the bans of the Islamic brotherhood.

"We raise our hands humbly to the Lord of Lords for the sake of the Prophet of the all-bountiful King, that we may be granted success and guidance in whatsoever is for the good of Islam and the Moslems. We rely upon Almighty God, who is our sufficiency and the best Defender.

"The Sherif and Emir of Mecca,
"EL HUSEIN IBN ALI."

H. M. BARUCH SUES WIFE.

Broker, Seeking to Annul Marriage, Says Bride Was Insane.

Hartwig N. Baruch, member of the New York Stock Exchange and head of the banking firm of Baruch Brothers at 60 Broadway, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday to annul his marriage to Mrs. Amalie R. Baruch, whom he married in Baltimore in 1900, and who has been in the Bloomingdale Asylum since 1905. Mr. Baruch is suing on the ground that his wife was insane when he wed her and was incapable of contracting a marriage.

Justice Guy appointed ex-Justice Henry A. Gildersleeve to receive the annulment papers on behalf of Mrs. Baruch because she was incompetent, and to protect her interests throughout the litigation. The designation was made on the application of Mr. Baruch.

Mr. Baruch appeared in the Municipal Court in April to defend a suit over a dressmaker's bill for $125 incurred by Miss Josephine Collins, a manicurist. He admitted in court that Miss Collins had lived with him for nearly three years in his house at 574 West End Avenue.

Mr. Baruch was an actor before he bought a seat on the Stock Exchange, and under the name of Nathaniel Hartwig played Don Jose to Olga Nethersole's Carmen twenty years ago. He became a member of the Exchange in 1897. He is a brother of Bernard M. Baruch.

HELD FOR CRUELTY TO COWS

Farmer Accused of Shipping 20 Animals in Box Car—17 Dead.

Coleman J. Henion, connected with the dairy farm of William J. Robinson in Tuckahoe, was arrested yesterday on a warrant charging him with cruelty to animals and was arraigned before City Judge George C. Appell in the City Court of Mount Vernon. It is alleged that Henion shipped twenty cows at Mount Vernon on Thursday in a box car in which there was no ventilation except through one door, which was left open three inches.

Six hours later the car was side-tracked in New Rochelle and the cows were heard struggling. Police Sergeant George Smith tore open the doors. Thirteen of the cows were dead and four died after being taken out. The animals had gored one another and had tore the woodwork of the interior of the car in their struggles. They were bound for Bridgeport, Conn.

Henion is also charged with beating the cows with a stick while driving them from Tuckahoe.

SHIFTS NOT DUE TO STRIKE.

Woods Says Two Captains' Transfers Were for "Good of the Force."

In recording the transfer of Police Captains George R. Wakefield and Dominick Henry from the East Sixty-seventh Street and West 135th Street Stations, respectively, to the Macdougal Street Station and the Amity Street Station, Brooklyn, THE TIMES yesterday made the statement that they had been transferred for reasons connected with their handling of strike problems. The information on which this statement was based was incorrect. Police Commissioner Woods said last night that the two Captains had not been transferred for any reason connected with the strike, but merely "for the good of the service."

TO AID AUBURN EX-CONVICTS

Westchester County Women Raise $500 for Movement.

A meeting of women living in Westchester County to launch a movement for helping women after they leave Auburn Prison was held yesterday under the auspices of the National Committee on Prisons at the country home of Mrs. Herbert Shonk at Heathcote Road, Scarsdale. Mrs. Shonk and Mrs. J. Nelson Shreve arranged the meeting and sufficient funds were subscribed to assure the organization of the work in connection with the Employment Bureau of the National Committee at 15 Park Row which now obtains work for ex-convicts.

Deputy Warden Spencer Miller, Jr., of Sing Sing, outlined the industrial work planned for Sing Sing prison and added that he hoped a program of industrial work could be outlined for the women at Auburn.

Susan G. Macomber described the hard time which women had on coming out of prison and made an apeal for help in some program which would assist the women ex-prisoners to find employment and care for themselves. More than $500 was subscribed.

EXPLORER DIES IN ARCTIC.

Engineer Jones of Stefansson Party Heart Disease Victim.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 15.—A letter from Lorne Knight, a member of the crew of the Stefansson power boat Polar Bear, dated April 28, and written in a camp on the west coast of Banks Island, Arctic Ocean, reports that Second Engineer Jones of the Polar Bear died of heart disease last November. Thisis the fourteenth death in the Stefansson expedition since it left Victoria in June, 1913.

Mr. Jones's body was buried late in April—after the temperature had abated sufficiently to permit digging a grave. During the digging the ground was thawed with fires.

ADMITS SHOOTING HUSBAND

Atlantic Highlands Woman Says She Thought Her Life Was in Danger.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., Sept. 15.—Mrs. Lewis Foster, whose husband, a former Police Chief of this place, was found last night in his home, Central and Bay View Avenues, unconscious, with six revolver wounds, was arraigned today before Magistrate John Williams and held in $2,500 bail on a charge of assault and battery with intent to kill. She obtained a bondsman and was released.

Mrs. Foster admitted to the Magistrate that she had shot her husband, but pleaded that she had done so only because she thought her life was in danger. She could give no reason why her husband should have desired to kill her, and her friends today expressed the belief that Mrs. Foster had fired the shots in a fit of temporary insanity. She had been melancholy for the last six months and frequently said she thought her husband was secretly attentive to other women, although she had, it was said, no foundation in fact for that impression.

Last night there was an Italian celebration on the beach and the Fosters, with their 11-year-old son, Carl, attended. They reached home at about 11 o'clock, the son retiring immediately, while his parents went into the parlor. Within a minute or so the lad heard six shots and found his father lying on the floor.

At the Long Branch Hospital it was said last night that Mr. Foster was still in a critical condition. In his lucid moments he expressed great concern over his wife and, though in ignorance that she had been arrested, asserted over and over again that she had had no part in the shooting.

ROOKIES DRILL IN RAIN.

All-Day Downpour Does Not Affect Work at the Camp.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, Sept. 15.—A rainstorm that started early this morning and continued throughout the day, did not stop the work laid out for the student soldiers today. The rookies spent the day in marching by companies, infantry drill, and sub-calibre practice, the shooting being done from under tent flys.

Beginning Monday the first battalion of the Tenth Training Regiment will start shooting on the range, the Second Battalion in the meantime devoting the morning to trench instruction and the afternoon to engineer instruction and battalion parade. The First Battalion will finish on the range Tuesday, and the second will then take up the work.

Many of the army officers are leaving for the season, and it was decided today to disband Companies G and H and distribute the men in the remaining six companies. This will make each company 160 men strong, with three regular officers to instruct.

Colonel C. W. Ketcham, who was in command of the camp last month, left on a five-day furlough today, at the end of which time he will report to his command at Fort Monroe. Major Lawton and Captain Waldron have been out for two days, over the route of the next hike, making arrangements with the farmers for camp sites.

The physical drill, which in former camps was held at 8 A. M., is now given at 3:30 in the afternoon.

BROKER HELD AS AUTO THIEF

Ira Bond of Minneapolis Arrested After Indictment in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Ira Bond, a broker of Minneapolis, said to be worth $1,000,000, was indicted here today on charges of larceny and receiving stolen property. Bond, according to State's Attorney Hoyne, is at the head of a band of automobile thieves. Bond was arrested later in the day in Minneapolis, and his bail was fixed at $2,500.

William Ravenkamp and Lem Nutter were named in the same indictment on similar charges, and are in custody. Both are said to have confessed.

Bond was arrested several weeks ago in Davenport, Iowa, in conection with the theft of automobiles, but was released on a technicality. Later he was arrested in Chicago, but obtained his freedom again on a writ of habeas corpus.

"I have the goods on Bond now," State's Attorney Hoyne said today. "I have obtained confessions from a number of thieves involving Bond. One confessed that Bond paid him $500 to steal a certain automobile."

The indictment was based on the theft and sale of an automobile.

EDISON STUDIES BIG GUNS.

Inventor Hopes to Reduce Wear and Tear of Firing Reaction.

ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 15.—Thomas A. Edison is interested in the chemical reaction that occurs when a gun is fired, and his object in going to watch the big gun target work off the Virginia Capes and Tangier Sound next week is said to be to pursue his studies first hand. While no confirmation can be had, it is said the inventor may try out some ideas he has.

Erosion is said to be the greatest trouble of the big guns. So serious is the effect that the life of the rifled lining is, theoretically, only fifty shots, although, in practice, many more shots are fired. Still the life of the guns is short when their great cost is considered.

Mr. Edison has conducted experiments at his West Orange plant with dummy guns, has studied the effect of different gases and has burned samples of the silk bags in which gunpowder for the big calibre rifles is sewed. These bags have been burned after having been treated with solutions of different kinds to effect their carbonization.

Mr. Edison is known to have had conferences with naval ordnance officers, and his knowledge of ordnance is said to have amazed them.

COURT CALENDARS.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Guy, J.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Zeller, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Mullan, J.—Re Suto—William F Unger.

SUPREME COURT.—Cohalan, J.—Rudolph Wallach Co.<Smith—William J Burke. Schwarz<Finlay—Timothy A Leary. Roosevelt<Roosevelt—John F Conway. Re Jacobson—Richard J Morrison. Re Frank—Julius Miller.

SUPREME COURT.—Guy, J.—Schwartz<Harlem Estates—Loring M Black, Jr. De Saulles<de Saulles—Phoenix Ingraham. Miskinoff<Miskinoff—Thomas F Gilroy.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Guy, J.—George Leake and Watts Orphan House<Mary E. Bristoe—William H Quinn. George P. Sanborn<Fannie Osnowitz—Lucille Pugh. William N. Carpenter<Columbia Heights Realty Co.—James B Butler. Henry Elias Brewery Co.<Morris Mentzer—B Walter Barnet.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—CHAMBERS—Mullan, J. At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J. East River Savings Institution<Grimm—Francis J. Kuerzi. De Peyster<Cohen—Bernard Hahn. Johnston<Burland—John Ross Delafield.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Samuel Schiffer<Frederick William Co.—Eugene L. Brisach. Jacob Stinard<Pietro Gatti—Eugene L. Brisach.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Matter of Novelty Candy Co.<Max Katz—Marais Schalmo.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

New Park Avenue Apartment at Eighty-fourth Street in $2,000,000 Deal—Lower Cedar Street Corner Sold—West Side Residence Buyer—Brooklyn and Suburban Sales.

A deal involving one of the newest and largest of this season's Park Avenue apartment houses and other property, aggregating in value about $2,000,000, formed the important feature of the realty market yesterday. The larger end of the transaction had to do with the new twelve-story apartment on the southeast corner of Park Avenue and Eighty-fourth Street, 102.2 on the avenue by 133 on the street. The building has just been completed by the Charter Construction Company, Bing & Bing, who have been successful operators in that locality, and it is practically fully rented.

The property has been purchased by the Flinn Realty Corporation, of which George H. Flinn is President. In part payment the buying interests gave the six-story business building at 259 Fifth Avenue, 49.5 by 100, just below Twenty-ninth Street, and twenty-five houses at Cape May, N. J., on New York and Maryland Avenues.

The Flinn Realty Corporation is controlled by William A. Flinn of the contracting firm of O'Rourke & Flinn, the former politician and capitalist of Pittsburg. It is the third large apartment house acquired by the Flinn interests in this city within eighteen months, the other investments being the twelve-story buildings at the northeast corner of Broadway and Eighty-first Street and the southwest corner of West End Avenue and Seventy-eighth Street. The Fifth Avenue structure which figured in the present deal was bought in at a foreclosure suit in September, 1915, by Mr. Flinn for $355,885.

Tucker, Speyers & Co. were the brokers in the transaction and they have been appointed agents of the Park Avenue house.

$175,000 West Street Trade.

The Liberty Building, a five-story structure, 45 by 55.4, at the northeast corner of West and Cedar Streets, has been resold by Frederick Brown, operator, to Mrs. Emma T. Parkhurst.

The property, which was held at $100,000, was recently leased by Mr. Brown for a long term at an annual rental of $8,000. In part payment the buyer gave 355 Jay Street and 48 Willoughby Street, Brooklyn, two three-story buildings, each on a lot 20 by 57. The trade involved about $175,000. Title to the West Street building was recorded yesterday.

Buyer for West Side Residence.

The five-story American basement residence at 357 West Eighty-fourth Street, 17 by 102.2, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive, has been sold by Pease & Elliman for J. M. Leopold to a buyer for occupancy. It was held at $35,000.

Buyer of Haven Avenue Plot to Build Theatre.

The Gold Theatre Corporation is the buyer of the plot, 75 by 103.3, on the west side of Haven Avenue, sold Thursday by L. J. Phillips & Co. for Delancy Ward of Paris. A theatre and apartment house will be erected on the site by the buyer.

East Seventy-first Street Buyer.

Edmund Coffin was the buyer of the easterly thirty feet of the eight-two-foot plot at 104 to 110 East Seventy-first Street, sold by Caril Tucker and Hiram W. Sibley. The latter have also sold the adjoining forty-two feet, leaving a ten-foot strip adjoining Mr. Tucker's home on the Park Avenue corner.

Bronx Sales.

The two four-story apartment houses at 871 and 875 Hunts Point Avenue have been sold by the Henry Morgenthau Company to an investor. They are two of a row of fifteen houses, constructed a few years ago in anticipation of the construction of the new subway station and the opening of the New York connecting railway station at Southern Boulevard. They cover a plot 39 by 100 feet.

Brooklyn.

Charles E. Rickerson has sold the three-story dwelling at 812 Carroll Street, between Fiske Place and Eighth Avenue, for Mrs. Hallie I. Housman to George E. Lovett.

The two-family house at 1,245 Fifty-first Street, 40 by 100, has been sold by Newman Leavy for the Title Guarantee and Trust Company to an investor.

Long Island.

The Rickert-Finlay Realty Company has sold to Charles Wendt of Manhattan a plot of ground having a frontage of 100 feet on North Drive, Kensington, Great Neck, upon which the owner will immediately erect a home for year-round occupancy.

Theodore S. Hall sold the Harry C. Bryant property at Greenlawn, in Huntington Township, to John H. Ridley. Mr. Ridley intends to occupy the premises after the improvements now being made on the property are completed.

S. Stark of Brooklyn has purchased for about $20,000 the three-story brick building on the southeast corner of Jamaica Avenue and Cedar Street, at Richmond Hill. The sale was consummated by H. R. Williams & Son.

Westchester County.

George Howe sold two large plots at the corner of St. Andrews Place and Bettner Place, Valentine Terrace, Yonkers, to John L. Fry, a Yonkers builder, who will build at once two large apartment houses, containing apartments of four and five rooms.

A plot on the corner of Park Hill Avenue and Oak Street, in the Park Hill North section of Yonkers, 60 by 112, has been purchased by L. Brue through Thomas S. Burke. The buyer will erect a modern dwelling and garage on the property.

Commercial Leases.

Manning & Trunk have leased for Mary A. and Elizabeth Keena to Katherine Wragge the parlor floor store at 43 West Forty-sixth Street; for the estate of Peter A. Hegeman the store at 842 Eighth Avenue to Arthur Greenleaf and the store at 846 Eighth Avenue to William Wooster.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Hoggson Brothers the two-story garage, 25 by 100, at 32 East Fortieth Street, to Haverty's Taxicabs, Inc.

Isaac Strauss leased for the Rockfall Apartments one of their stores at 2,860 Broadway to Falk Brothers and Geller for eight years at an aggregate rental of about $30,000 for delicatessen business.

Private House Leases.

Slawson & Hobbs have rented for Mrs. J. E. Dyer the dwelling at 137 West Eightieth Street to R. E. Chapell, and for Miss A. Bogart, 314 West Seventy-second Street, to E. A. Hall.

Goodwin & Goodwin have rented for Matilda Fitzsimmons to Dr. J. Hoving, the three-story dwelling at 125 West 122d Street.

Pease & Elliman leased for Mrs. John S. Radway to Mrs. Leo M. Berry the five-story dwelling at 58 East Sixty-seventh Street.

Arthur E. Wood leased the three-story dwelling at 14 East 119th Street for Elizabeth W. Burke to Dr. H. D. Cohen.

Long Island City Factory Lease.

The Clay brokerage firm has leased for Thomas B. Gallagher of New York City the factory building with adjoining property at 115 Broadway, Long Island City, to the Franco-Swiss Dyes, Inc., of Virginia.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

18th St, 406 East, s s, 119 ft e of 1st Av, 25x92, five-story tenement; A. H. Kahn against Lizzie Chest et al.; Lorence & H., attorneys; due, $4,141.55; taxes, &c., $153; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Tremont Av, 1,922, s s, 237.5 ft e of Public Place, 50x75x irregular; John Gross against George Costar et al.; Knox & D., attorneys; due, $2,795.13; taxes, &c., $724.73; prior mortgage, $6,000; to Maria S. Gurz, a party in interest, for $7,000.

By James J. Donovan.

137th St, 520-522 East, s s, 100 ft e of Brook Av, 45x100, four-story flat; S. H. Weisel and another, Trustees, against Seventh Av. Amusement Co. et al.; T. F. Keogh, attorney; due, $31,634.27; taxes, &c., $1,860.24; to Charles B. Reed for $21,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Fowler Av, w s, 102.6 ft s of Neil Av, 25x120.6 to Muliner Av x26.7x111; E. E. Ashley against Harmony Construction Co. et al.; F. A. Southworth, attorney; due, $3,035.36; taxes, &c., $48.57; to Bella Wilson for $3,225.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Amundson Av, e s, 350 ft s of 233d St, for a two-story hollowtile dwelling, 30x35; the Wilson-Bryant Co., Inc., Samuel Harrowitz, 391 East 149th St, President, owners; Lucian Pisciotta, 391 East 149th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Charles St, 48, to a three-story dwelling; R. Mulligan, 431 West 14th St., owner; J. S. Maher, 431 West 14th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

151st St, n s, 200 ft w of Morris Av, to a two-story brick garage, 50x100; Giuseppe Fusco, 409 East 116th St, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 1,557, w s, 102.2 ft n of 82d St, 25.4x80.5, Sept. 13; Anna Stenger to Conrad Barthel, College Point, L. I., 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $17,000; attorney, Jno C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman St....$2,000

BANK ST, 63, n s, 127.8 ft w of 4th St, 25x109.4x25x107.11, Sept. 8; Jno Jordan to Martha E. and Theresa Coman, 35 West 76th St, 3 years; attorneys, O'Gorman, B. & V., 37 Wall St....$21,000

COLUMBUS AV, e s, 75 ft e of 95th St, 25x80, Sept. 15; Eva G. Santor to Mutual Life Insurance Co., due and interest as per bond; address Law Department, 59 Cedar St.$2,000

LEXINGTON AV, 415, n e corner of 43d St, 22.4x90, Sept. 7; Fanny J. Kirkwood et al. to Anna E. Ostrander, 444 Manor Road, West New Brighton, B. of R., 1 year, 6 p. c., prior mtg $35,000, rerecorded from Sept. 8; attorneys, Sayers Bros., 31 Nassau St....$9,000

WEST ST, n e corner of Cedar St, 47.2x64.9x46x55.6, Sept. 14; Traub Holding Corporation to Mary L. Eimer, 190 Riverside Drive, 5 years, prior mtg $49,000; attorney, Lawyers' Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$9,200

1ST AV, 83-85, n w corner 5th St, 48.6x69.6, Sept. 12; Joseph Spektorsky to Alfred H. Blumberg, 4,608 14th Av., Brooklyn, 2½ years, interest as per notes, prior mtg $54,000; attorney, Isaac Blumberg, 230 Grand St....$10,000

1ST ST, 31 East, s s, 67.1 ft e of 2d Av, 26.2x72.7x36.7x63.7, one-half part, a. t., May 1; Jacob Kerner to Lena Kerner, 950 Legget Av., Bronx, due and int. as per bond; attorney, Alfred Frankenthaler, 35 Nassau St....$1,600

1ST AV, e s, 77 ft n of 71st St, 25x75; 51st St, n s, 320 ft e of 3d Av, 20x100.5, one-eighth part, Sept. 15; Mary F., wife of Edward D. Gerber, to Anna N. McNichols, 341 St. Marks Av, Rockaway Beach, due and int. as per bond; attorney, Samuel Riker, Jr., 19 Cedar St....$750

16TH ST, 110 East, s s, 204 ft e of 4th Av, 33x103.3; 15th St, 131 East, n s, 25x100.3, one-quarter part, all title, July 21; Vincent C. King, Jr., to Samuel Koller, 100 West 57th St, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. Brown, Jr., 314 Shelton Av., Jamaica, Borough of Queens....$2,100

120TH ST, 127 West, n s, 350 ft w of Lenox Av, 21x100.11, May 25; Sholom Realty Co. to Estelle Friedlander, 260 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, 3 years; attorney, Joseph C. Levi, 37 Liberty St....$10,000

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, n e corner of 181st St, 99.5x100x100.9x100; Eloise C. L. Woodruff to Harry V. Cavagnaro, 838 President St, Brooklyn, Sept. 14, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way..$6,000

JEROME AV, e s, 367.5 ft n of 184th St, 22.7x38.2; Edna A. Patton to William B. Isham, 21 E 63d St, Sept. 8, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$4,500

KELLY ST, 1,044, e s, 25x100; Byron Holding Co., Inc., to Jacob Gerber, 346 E 10th St, prior mtg. $15,000, Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,000

PROSPECT AV, s e corner of 178th St, 47.1x100x47x100; Joseph Sonsen Co., Inc., to Abraham Dorb, 552 Riverside Drive, and another, Sept. 14, due March 14, 1919, 6 per cent.; attorney, H. Gottlieb, 299 Broadway....$7,500

UNION AV., s e corner of Home St, 26x99.1x74.5x110.2; Home Union Building Corporation to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$22,000

VALENTINE AV, s e corner of 180th St, 67.5x97.1x65.6x113.2; Taroof Construction Co., Inc., to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, Sept. 14, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$53,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Ekin Holding Co., 15 Wall St, prior mtg $53,000, Sept. 7, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, same....$10,500

156TH ST, 352 East, s s, 25x100; Belle Propper to Connolly Auction Co., 204 Franklin St, prior mtg. $7,500, Sept. 11, due as per bond; attorneys, Bullowa and B., 32 B'way....$600

178TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Prospect Av, 95.6x47.1x irregular; Joseph Sonsen Co., Inc., to Abraham Dorb, 552 Riverside Drive, and another, Sept. 14, due March 14, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Gottlieb, 299 Broadway....$5,000

194TH ST, n s, 25 ft e of Briggs Av, 2 lots, each 50x100; Charles T. Streeter Construction Co. to Isidor Klein, 566 Christopher Av, Brooklyn, 2 mtgs, each $7,000, 2 prior mtgs, $33,000 each, Sept. 14, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Trust Co., 135 Broadway....$14,000

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

78TH ST, 101 West; Max Greenwahl against Charles J. Butterly et al, Dec. 1, 1913..$451

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New Jersey.—In the matter of SONTHEIMER & STERN, INC., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Notice of sale by Ancillary Receivers.

TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned ancillary receivers will sell at public auction, subject to the confirmation of the court, personal property beonging to the bankrupt estate, located at No. 434-436 Eighth Street, in the Town of West New York, Hudson County, New Jersey, consisting of ten Shiffli embroidery machines, and appurtenances belonging thereto, as well as motors, regulators, mending machines, chain stitch machines, and other miscellaneous tools, appliances, equipment and fixtures, appertaining to the embroidery business, sale to be held at the premises aforesaid September 26th, 1916, at 2 P. M.

Further terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale.

Property is open for inspection any day during business hours.

HENRY B. SINGER, 55 Liberty Street, New York City.
GEORGE D. HENDRICKSON, 75 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, N. J.
Ancillary Receivers.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, 100 Broadway, New York City.
BILDER & BILDER, 790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.
ATTORNEYS OF ANCILLARY RECEIVERS

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of SHIRLEY J. GRAYSON, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells, Thursday, Sept. 21, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,152 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of auto parts and accessories, desk, typewriter, fixtures, etc. I. L. SCHWARTZ, Receiver.
HERMAN GOLDMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 120 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 23,584.—In Bankruptcy.—PETER De BRUIN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Peter De Bruin are hereby given notice that on September 7, 1916, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, September 26th, 1916, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, September 15th, 1916.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 8,961.—In Bankruptcy.—PETER BANNER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Peter Banner are hereby notified that on July 26, 1916, an order was duly made reopening the above estate and referring same to William H. Willis as Referee, and that a meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, September 26th, 1916, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, elect a Trustee, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, September 15, 1916.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 22,748.

Notice is hereby given that ABRAM RUBINOWITZ, HARRY RUBINOWITZ and ISIDOR RUBINOWITZ, individually and as copartners of the firm of R. & B. SKIRT CO., Bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on October 16th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, September 15, 1916.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 23,637.—In Bankruptcy.—GEORGE BRITTMAN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said George Brittman are hereby given notice that on September 12th, 1916, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 27th, 1916, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So District N. Y.—No. 23,545.—In Bankruptcy.—A. W. HANINGTON CO., Inc., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said A. W. Hanington Co., Inc., are hereby given notice that on August 23rd, 1916, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 27th, 1916, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. District N. Y.—No. 23,627.—In Bankruptcy.—JOHN JAY, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said John Jay are hereby given notice that on September 8th, 1916, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 27th, 1916, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 23,639.—In Bankruptcy.—FREDERICK KNAPP, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Frederick Knapp are hereby given notice that on September 13, 1916, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, September 26, 1916, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, September 15, 1916.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 23,496.—Notice is hereby given that MORRIS GREENBERG, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on October 16th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, September 15, 1916.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that THE FALLON EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 26th day of August, 1916, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

[Seal.] C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

Claims should be presented on or before September 11th at office of company, 503 Fifth Avenue.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—GLADYS W. ZIEGLER, plaintiff, against THOMAS A. HOWELL, HELEN A. HOWELL, WILLIAM ZIEGLER, Jr., ERNEST A. BIGELOW, MORTIMER BISHOP, and LEONA HOLDING CORPORATION, defendants.—Summons.—Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York City, July 21st, 1916.
SWAN, MOORE & DANFORTH, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address 29 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

To the defendant Helen A. Howell:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the New York Supreme Court for the County of New York made by Mr. Justice Francis B. Delehanty, dated the 24th day of August, 1916, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the County of New York in the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Yours, &c.,

SWAN, MOORE & DANFORTH,
Attorneys for the Plaintiff.

Supreme in Book Advertising

IN August The New York Times maintained its overwhelming supremacy in book advertisements, publishing 17,028 agate lines, exceeding the combined volume of all other New York newspapers.

The average net paid daily and Sunday circulation of The New York Times represents in one grouping the largest number of intelligent, discriminating and responsive readers ever assembled by a newspaper.

Fall Number of The New York Times Review of Books, Sunday, October 8. Five hundred selected books, complete bibliography of the war, special articles on literary matters, and the news of the book world.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BANK ST, 63, n s, 127.8 ft w of 4th St, 25x100.4, foreclosed Aug. 8, 1916; Gerard B. Townsend, referee, to John Jordan, 19 West 66th St, Sept. 8; attorneys, Conklin & Reid, 31 Nassau St....$26,000

BROADWAY, w s, 103.4 ft n of 184th St, 100x100; Levin & Levin Co., Inc., to Globe Realty Co., 25 Broad St, quitclaim, Aug. 2; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

BROOME ST, s e corner of Essex St, 25x75; Albert Sokolski to 74 Essex Street Realty Co., 354 Grand St, mtg $51,500, Sept. 13; H. Sokolski & Son, 354 Grand St....$100

COLUMBUS AV, n w corner of 62d St, 100.2x100; Winston Paul, Newark, N. J., to the Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Realty Co., 1,881 Broadway, all liens, Sept. 14; attorneys, Hastings & Gleason, 258 Broadway....$1

GRAND ST, 354, n e corner of Essex St, 25x58; Albert Sokolski to 354 Grand Street Realty Co., 354 Grand St, mtg $40,000, Sept. 13; H. Sokolski & Son, 354 Grand St....$100

LEWIS ST, 111, w s, 180 ft n of Stanton St, 20x100; Lena Katz to the Natsim Corp., 55 John St, mtg $12,000, all liens, Aug. 31....$1

LUDLOW ST, 38, e s, 100.3 ft n of Hester St; Albert Sokolski to 38 Ludlow Street Realty Co., 354 Grand St, mtg $23,000, Sept. 13; H. Sokolski & Son, 35 Grand St....$100

ORCHARD ST, 31, w s, 129.11 ft s of Hester St, 24.1x100; Albert Sokolski et al to 31 Orchard Street Realty Co., 354 Grand St, mtg $26,000, Sept. 13; H. Sokolski & Son, 354 Grand St....$100

PARK AV, 1,980, n w corner of 133d St, (65 East,) 24.11x86; Wilhelm Lanter to Aug. Lanter, 789 Elton Av, mtg $12,000, Sept. 11; attorney, O. E. Davis, 3,210 3d Av....$100

PINEHURST AV, 70-76, w s, 109.9 ft s of 181st St, 100.1x111.2x100x115.7; Riverview Construction Co. to B. B. Realty Co., 149 Broadway, mtg $110,000, all liens, Sept. 14; attorney, Saul Bernstein, 149 Broadway....$1,000

RIVINGTON ST, 319, s s, 24.6 ft w of Goerck St, 22.9x64; Hy. M. Greenberg to Rabbi Solomon Kluger School, Inc., 319 Rivington St, mtg $6,200, Sept. 11; attorney, Benjamin Koenigsberg, 99 Nassau St....$100

RIVINGTON ST, 319, s s, 24.6 ft w Goerck St, 22.9x64; Nathan Birnbaum to Henry M. Greenberg, 34 West 119th St, mtg $6,200, June 1, 1915; attorney, B. Koenigsburg, 99 Nassau St....$100

WEST ST, n e corner of Cedar St, 47.2x64.9x46x55.6; Orchard Holding Corporation to Traub Holding Co., 128 Broadway, mtg $49,000, Sept. 11; attorney, Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

1ST AV, 340, s e corner of 20th St, 400 and 402 East, 23x96, foreclosure, Sept. 12; Sol Simmons, referee, to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 and 61 Cooper Square, East, Sept. 14; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St....$18,000

2D AV, 123, w s, 50 ft n of 7th St, 25x100; Albert Sokolski et al to 123 Second Avenue Realty Co., Inc., 354 Grand St, mtg $18,000, Sept. 13; H. Sokolski & Son, 354 Grand St....$100

2D AV, 1,844, e s, 50.8 ft n of 95th St, 25x100; Marguerite S. O'Neill to Matthew Briggs, 530 West 186th St, mtg $14,000, Aug. 17; attorney, Arthur Smith, 111 B'way....$1

3D AV, 1,687, e s, 75.6 ft s of 95th St, 25.2x100; Rosa Strauss to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, mtg $15,000, all liens, Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

7TH AV, n w corner of 112th St, 25.11x100; The Realty Syndicate to William R. Ross, Monmouth Beach, N. J., mtg $60,000, all liens, b. and s., c. a. g., Sept. 14; address, 233 Broadway....$100

4TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of 2d Av, 25x115; Albert Sokolski to 94 East Fourth Street Realty Co., 354 Grand St, mtg $16,000, Sept. 13; H. Sokolski & Son, 354 Grand St....$100

13TH ST, 630 East, s s, 283 ft w of Avenue C, 16x103.3; Morris Weinstein, 110 1st St, Northwest, Washington, D. C., to Annie J. Morgan, 328 East 39th St, mtg $6,000, Aug. 1; attorneys, Wertheim & Clear, 405 Lexington Av....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Annie J. Morgan to 195 South Street Co., 37 Liberty St, mtg $6,000, Aug. 4; attorneys same....$1

17TH ST, 11 West, n s, 198 ft w of 5th Av, 27x92; Edward W. and Nellie A. Browning to 11 West 17th Street Co., 110 West 40th St, mtg $100,000, Sept. 5, rerecorded from Sept. 6, 1915; attorney, E. W. Browning, 110 West 40th St....$100

22D ST, 47 West, n s, 236 ft e of 6th Av, 24x98.9; Louis J. Kaempfer to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St, mtg $20,000, b. and s., all liens, Sept. 6; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St....$1

22D ST, 49 West, n s, 212 ft e of 6th Av, 24x98.9; Louis J. Kaempfer to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St, mtg $45,000, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Sept. 6; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St....$1

73D ST, 126 West, s s, 250 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x102.2; 11 West 17th Street Co. to Edward W. Browning, 35 West 81st St, mtg $60,000, Sept. 5, rerecorded from Sept. 6, 1916; address, 110 West 40th St....$100

88TH ST, 180 East, s s, 78 ft w of 3d Av, 21.6x100; Wolff W. Smith to Philip Lowenthal, 1,187 Lexington Av, ½ part, mtg $12,000, Sept. 12; attorney, Joseph V. Rooney, 320 Broadway....$500

110TH ST, 234 East, s s, 385 ft e of 3d Av, 25x110; Eugene L. Richards, trustee in bankruptcy Adolf Mendel, bankrupt, to Jay J. Ballin, 25 Broad St; attorneys, Goldman, H. & N., 120 Broadway....$100

118TH ST, s s, 277.4 ft w of Pleasant Av, 41.8x100.11x irregular x100.10; 118th St, s s, 235.8 ft w of Pleasant Av, 41.8x100.10x irregular x100.11; 118th St, 434-6 East, s s, 194 ft w of Pleasant Av, 41.8x100.11; Graham-Siegel Co. to Ciryl Holding Corp., 55 John St, b. and s., all liens, Sept. 12....$1

120TH ST, 127 West, n s, 350 ft w of Lenox Av, 21x ½ block; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. and another, executors, to Sholom Realty Co., 35 Nassau St; attorneys, Joseph C. Levi, 37 Liberty St....$11,100

122D ST, s s, 183 ft e of 8th Av, 33.8x100.11; Lizzie Hadermann to Marie Kahrs, 1,362 Prospect Av, Bronx, mtg $32,900; all liens, Sept. 15....$1

148TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 16.8x99.11; Charles and Katharina Tschanett to Therese M. Tschanett, daughter, 546 West 148th St, mtg $8,000, Sept. 14; attorney, H. H. Holbert, 1,511 3d Av....Gift

Bronx.

ELLIOTT AV, n s, 100 ft s w of Schuyler St, 25x100; also B St, e s, 100 ft s w of Elliott Av, 100x120x100.4x124.11; Edward E. Miers to Elise Bentz, 1,953 Chatterton Av, Sept. 3; attorney, Elise Bentz, 1,953 Chatterton Av....$1

LOT 2, Block 44, map of Morris Park; Jesse Ghear to Bernard Sacks, 147 East 103d St, mtg $600, Sept. 14; attorney, Charles Bisberg, 119 Nassau St....$1

LOT 3, Block 44, same map; Julia A. Sherman to same, mtg $600, Sept. 14; attorney, same....$1

LOT 479, map of Section A, Vyse estate; Jacob Stone to Mary Miller, 1,357 Intervale Av, mtg $6,000, Jan. 7; attorneys, Reisfeld & Co., 299 Broadway....$100

LOTS 129 and 143, map of Cebrie Park; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Elise Bentz, 1,953 Chatterton Av, mtg $8,000, Sept. 2; attorney, Elise Bentz, 1,953 Chatterton Av....$1

TIEBOUT AV, 2,235, w s, 18.2x62.3; Diogenes M. Balsam to Ruthaldo Co., Inc., 130 Palmetto St, Sept. 14; attorney, J. A. Bloom, 92 William St....$1

TOWNSEND AV, w s, being n 50 ft of Lot 64, map of Townsend Poole; Phelan Estates, Inc., to Laura C. Phelan, 2,047 Ryer Av, mtg $4,750, June 30; attorney, Laura C. Phelan, 2,047 Ryer Av....$100

TOWNSEND AV, w s, 240 ft s of 175th St, 50x100; Phelan Estates, Inc., to Laura C. Phelan, 2,047 Ryer Av, mtg $4,750, June 30; attorney, Laura C. Phelan, 2,047 Ryer Av....$100

VALENTINE AV, s e corner of 180th St, 67.5x97.1x65.6x113.2; Ekin Holding Co. to Taroof Construction Co., Inc., 1,679 Carter Av, Sept. 7; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$1

WOODYCREST AV, e s, 144 ft n of 164th St, 51.10x100x24.10x100 to Anderson Av x27x200; Arthur N. Geigerich, referee, to Charles A. Sudbrink, 1,016 Woodycrest Av, Sept. 14; attorney, C. A. Sudbrink, 1,016 Woodycrest Av....$2,000

166TH ST, 952 East, s s, 25x100; Mollie Tannenbaum to Belle Propper, 918 Vine St, Scranton, Penn., mtg $7,500, Sept. 11; attorneys, Bullowa & B., 32 Broadway....$100

224TH ST, n s, being Lots 420 and 421, tax map; Max Bendt, referee, to Sarah Rosen, 321 Vernon Av, Brooklyn, July 26; attorney, M. M. Himowich....$50

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of the lessee.

CARMINE ST, 6, all; Harry Broadman to Lafayette Lebert, 37 Grove St, 3 years, from May 1, 1917....$14,000

SOUTH ST, 188 and 189, corner store and basement; Jacob Herb to Salvatore Grieco, on premises, 5 years, from June 1, 1916; address, Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av....$1,020

1ST AV, 1,447, south store and basement; Land and Mortgage Co. (Bohemia) of New York to John Zivkovich, on premises, 3 years, from May 1, 1916; address, Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av....$660

SAME PROPERTY, assignment lease; John Zivkovich to Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av, April 26; address, same....$1

5TH AV, 661 and 663, e s, 50 ft n of 52d St, 65.5x100x irregular x 130, all; 52d St, n s, 115 ft e of 5th Av, 15x50, all; Hy. Phipps Estates, Inc., to Maison Maurice, Inc., 516 5th Av, 21 years, from Jan. 1, 1917; attorneys, Lind & P., 46 Cedar St, as per collateral agreement.

SAME PROPERTY assignment of lease; Maison Maurice, Inc., to M. M. Leasing and Holding Corporation, 516 5th Av, Sept. 6; attorneys, same....$1

17TH ST, 18 to 22 West; 17th St, 23 to 27 West, eighth loft; Susquehanna Silk Mills to Joseph Schindler, 730 Riverside Drive, known as Imperial Thread Co., 5 years, from Feb. 1, 1917; address, 18 West 18th St....$5,500

22D ST, 541 and 543 West, n s, 500 ft w of 10th Av, 50x98.9, all; Margaret V. C., wife of Francis A. MacNutt, to Orange County Milk Association, 136 West 31st St, 15 years, from Jan. 1, 1916; attorneys, Conklin & Reid, 31 Nassau St....$4,800

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,060; John Kohut against Christopher Keim, owner and contractor....$1,769

MADISON AV, 662; E. Smolka Plumbing Supply Co. against Mary H. H. Collins, owner, renewal....$100

PARK ROW, 100, and Duane St, 21; Christian Blayer against Union Trust Co., trustee, owner; Hall's Hotel Corp., contractor....$720

5TH AV, e s, whole front between 99th and 100th Sts, 200.10x300; Dittmar Powder Works, Inc., against Mount Sinai Hospital, owner; F. H. Chapman Contracting Co., contractor....$355

8TH AV, 461 to 479; 33d St, 303 West, and 34th St, 302 West; Elevator Supply and Repair Co. against 461 Eighth Avenue Co., Inc., owner and contractor....$6,293

Bronx.

FAIRMOUNT PLACE, s s, 76.3 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 25x129.4; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. against Ellen Kingston, owner; John Kingston, contractor....$43

ODELL ST, 1,356; Marks Bros. against Nathan Mesnik, owner; S. Sollway, contractor....$165

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

Bronx.

VALENTINE AV, s e corner of 180th St, 67.4x113.1; City Mortgage Co. loans Taroof Construction Co., Inc., to erect one 5-story apartment....$53,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

56TH ST, 411 to 415 East; Virginia K. White against Mathilda A. Bloch et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, L. F. Reed.

118TH ST, n s, 310 ft w of 4th Av, 30x100; Mary E. Lenahan against Annie Murtha et al., partition; attorneys, McLaughlin & Stern.

157TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of Broadway, 75x99.11; William N. Carpenter against Columbia Heights Land Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. G. Palliser.

Bronx.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 110.4 ft n of Kingsbridge Road, 25x31.8x irregular; Delia Leonard against Martha W. Gibson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

170TH ST, n w corner of Fulton Av, 189x280; Charles Frazier et al. against Cottage Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Rose & Paskus.

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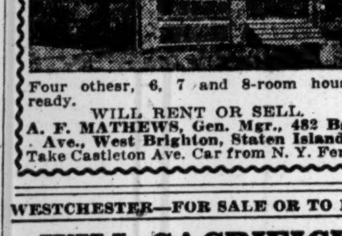
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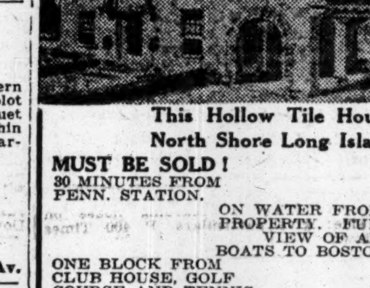
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Just Completed.
Large and Attractive.
Would be now fully rented if not for our careful selection of tenants.

114 FIELD PLACE

1 Block south of 184th St.
1 Block west of Concourse.

BEDFORD PARK
MOSHOLU ARMS APTS.

199th St., Briggs to Bainbridge Ave., 3 minutes to Botanical Gardens. N. Y. Central Sta., 4 minutes 198th St., 3d Ave. "L" Express Station.
CLASS OF TENANTS RESTRICTED.
4-5-6 Rooms..$27-$34-$42

BROOKLYN.

Choice Flatbush Apartments

975 Ocean Av., 4 rooms	$35 to	$37
335 E. 19th St., 4 & 5 rooms	$37 to	$45
127 Parkside Av., 4 & 5 rooms	$32 to	$50
2,114 Caton Av., 3-4-5-6 rooms	$28 to	$60
27 Argyle Road, 4 & 5 rooms	$32 to	$43

Apply on premises, or
WESTWOOD REALTY COMPANY
665 FLATBUSH AV.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

"SHROPSHIRE"
APARTMENTS
Two Rooms and Bath;
One Room, Entry & Bath.
Suitable for Studio or Doctor.
$40-60 Monthly, on Yearly lease
Near Subway & L Express Station
136 & 138 WEST 65th ST

The HILLCREST

Modern Elevator Apts.
8 rooms & 3 baths.
Large, sunny
Rents $1,500 to $1,800
430 WEST 116th ST

Morningside Park Apartments

MODERN ELEVATOR BUILDING.
5 Rooms, $60-$65
6 Rooms, $70-$75 — 7 Rooms, $80-$85
Facing most picturesque park in Manhattan.
40 Morningside Ave., N. E. CORNER W. 118TH ST.
HENRY C. COLEMAN.

LIDO HALL
110th St. at 7th Av. (N.W. Cor.)
9 ROOMS—3 BATHS.
RENTALS $1,600 TO $1,700.
Overlooking Central Park; fireproof; 1 block to "L," subway, and cars. Apply on premises, or
William F. FUERST, Inc., 87 Nassau St.

THE MARION

2612 BROADWAY (98TH ST.)
5, 6 Rooms, Bath, 2 Toilets; $570-$900.
All night elevator, 'phone; all improvements.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

ELSLEIGH HALL
530 MANHATTAN AVENUE, COR. 122d.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
2-3-4-5 Rooms, Kitchenettes, Kitchens, **$30-$60**
Tel. Morn 3927. Owner on premises.

Mortgage Loans

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Second Mortgage.—Money in sums of $5,000 up to loan on improved Manhattan real estate. Earle & Calhoun, 200 West 72d St.

Real Estate

Forty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Owner wishes to sell private house, near Central Park West, immediately; great sacrifice; perfect condition; all improvements. For particulars address C., 708 Columbus Av.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Southeast corner Topping Av., 173d St., 142x131¾, house and stable; assessed valuation, $21,000; sold to close estate; make offer; no exchange. W. H. Kahrs, 1,720 Washington Av.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

ONE-FAMILY HOUSES, detached, garage, nine rooms, bath, showers, electric lights, vacuum cleaners, steam, parquetry; $5,450, $650 cash, $15 monthly and interest. Builders, 1,430 77th St. Take West End Subway, Municipal Building, to 77th.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

SEE THE NEW HOUSES AT KEW GARDENS.
15 minuts from Herald Sq.
Ready for occupancy; from $9,500 to $22,500, on reasonable terms.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

We offer several country homes, farms, at Katonah, Bedford, Mount Kisco, White Plains, at prices below their cost and present worth; also furnished and unfurnished houses along Harlem Railroad. REED, CLARK & LEE CO., Depot Plaza, White Plains, N. Y. Tel. 1516 White Plains.

LARCHMONT MANOR, N. Y.
Schuyler Cottage.
40 minutes from Grand Central Terminal.
Open the year around.
MRS. I. F. CASSIDY. Tel. 81.

Well-built modern seven-room house; all improvements; hardwood trim; good neighborhood; fine view; cement walks; corner plot; $7,500. R. R. Burrage, Pleasantville, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

HEALTH FIRST.
Artistic homes, located in healthy and restricted neighborhood, six rooms and tiled bathroom; all improvements; open fireplace; hot water heat; large plots; prices, $4,200 to $7,000; terms like rent. H. Wheeler, 153 Porterfield Place, Freeport.

Old-fashioned bungalow in a fine location on a hilltop; will sacrifice to quick buyer; house needs a few small repairs, and can be made into a dandy all-year home; plenty of ground for cultivation; only $100 cash and $12 monthly. "Bargain Bungalow," Box 137 Times Downtown.

For $12 monthly and $100 cash, will sell my small farm to good family; not far out, with a big plot of ground for truck farming and chickens; good roomy house; near depot and trolley. B. Brand, Box 186 Times Downtown.

AT NORTH FREEPORT.
New house, 6 rooms, bath, laundry; pantry, reception hall; all improvements & steam heat; nice plot & fine shade; $2,800; $100 cash, $25 monthly. C. Behr, Roosevelt, L. I.

If you are looking for a small house with large porch and large, shady plot, near station and trolley, complete for $1,275, on terms of $75 down and $8 monthly, answer at once. B. Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

Far Rockaway.—Gentleman's home, fourteen rooms, three baths, modern; garage with two rooms and bath; three minutes from station. Telephone 420 Franklin.

Good house, 35 minutes out; improvements, electric light, steam plant; easy terms. Hollberg, Hinsdale Av., Floral Park, L. I.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Italian villa designed by leading New York architect, built of hollow tile; 10 rooms, 3 baths, porches, fireplaces, garage, &c.; practically new; on an acre plot; 8 minutes' walk from station, in highest part of Ridgewood; for sale at a great bargain to immediate purchaser; photograph on application. W. W. Wilsey, Ridgewood, N. J.

Rare opportunity to purchase new and modern homes at exceptional prices; 6 to 8 rooms; all improvements; large plots; near station; $5,000-$6,000; easy terms; would rent with purchase option. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

$76 monthly buys elegant home of 6 rooms and bath; heat, electricity, water, gas, and other modern improvements; only two blocks from trolley; small amount down gives immediate possession. B. Johnson, 145 Times Downtown.

HANDSOME COMMUTER'S SHORE FRONT to settle estate; magnificent residence; 300 ft. shore front; 6 master's rooms; half original cost. (I. J. AUREBACH,) LOUIS KAMM, INC., 16 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

All-year country home, 12 rooms; 5 acres; fine trees; all improvements; garage, stable; 45 minutes on Lackawanna; sacrifice, $11,000; terms to suit. Owner, Room 710, 19 Liberty St., New York City.

MONTCLAIR — Real Estate — Sale or rent. Apply to Simpson Merritt Co.

Virginia—For Sale or To Let.

Virginia farms and land, also store, easy terms. E. Witmer, Nottoway, Virginia.

To Let for Business

Forty cents an agate line.

OFFICES and LOFTS, large or small, to sublet at saving in rental. All parts of city; long or short periods; furnished or unfurnished. We save you both time and money in locating just what you want. THE SUBLEASING CO., 1,476 Broadway, (cor. 42d.) Bryant 5786.

IDEAL SITE
FOR MANUFACTURING CONCERN.
Switch on main line railroad, 20 miles from New York City. Every inducement. Apply O. W. Messimer, 101 Park Av.

TO LEASE.—FIREPROOF BUILDING, 220 AND 222 W. 30TH ST.; 48x100, 12,000 SQ. FT.; EQUIPPED FOR A GARAGE OR MFG. BUSINESS. TELEPHONE 6441 COLUMBUS. J. A. DUFFY, 260 W. 72D ST.

Large front parlor, as studio, dancing, or music. 133 East 60th.

Offices, desk room, lofts; all parts city. Realty Subleasing Co., 220 Broadway.

Large, light loft for rent reasonable. 15 East 17th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET

Forty cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

Attractive apartment, two rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; one block from subway; full hotel service; $10.50 weekly up; 3-room apartments, $12.50 to $21.
HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St.
HOTEL OXFORD, 35 East 27th St.

East Side, APARTMENTS West Side.
Elegantly Furnished, $150 to $1,500 Monthly.
THE FAL-CO.,
Murray Hill 4383. 505 5th Av.

Exceptional apartments of two rooms, bath, kitchenette; desirable neighborhoods; furnished excellent taste; $85-$100; lease. Bryant 6294. F 46 Times.

To Sublet—Unusual apartment, three rooms and bath. 28 East 52d.

Furnished—West Side.

Hotel conveniences; apartment house rates. Inspect our specially attractive apartments.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
WE HAVE 1, 2, 3, 4-ROOM APARTMENTS, $30, $40, $50, $60 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

SCHUYLER ARMS HOTEL, 307 West 98th, between Broadway and Riverside.—Newly furnished two, three, four, five rooms; shower baths; all-night maid, bell boy, elevator, and telephone service; immediate possession; $12.50 to $25 weekly; $50 and $100 monthly; restaurant in building. Telephone 3964 River.

WEST 57TH ST.
SUBLET DUPLEX, $6,000.
Finest apartment ever offered for sublet; magnificent furnishings, ideal location; nine rooms, three baths; a comfortable, luxurious home. For appointment address
ADMINISTRATOR, 43 FIFTH AV.

SCHUYLER ARMS HOTEL, 307 West 98th, between Broadway and Riverside.—Newly furnished, two, three, four, five rooms; shower baths; all-night maid, bell boy, elevator, and telephone service; immediate possession; $15 to $35 weekly, $60 to $125 monthly; restaurant in building. Telephone 3964 River.

A-A—SUMMER RATES—A-A
The city's largest assortment desirable apartments, 2 to 6 rooms, with kitchen or kitchenette. For particulars see inside back cover telephone directory. Office, 215 Manhattan Av. Phones 1647 and 1611 Academy.

56th, 342 West.—Sublet four large rooms, housekeeping, elevator apartment; exquisitely furnished, colonial mahogany; Chickering Baby Grand; near Circle; bargain to responsible party. Mason.

101st, 205 West, (Hotel Ludington.)—Beautifully furnished 6, 7, 8-room apartments; shower baths; $25-$35 weekly; all night elevator and maid service; immediate possession. Telephone 1763 Riverside.

Completely furnished 7-room apartment, overlooking river and Drive; neighborhood Riverside Drive and 110th St.; $150 monthly; year's lease, shorter term. X 293 Times Annex.

SELECT APARTMENTS.
Mark Rafalsky & Co.,
56 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 7848.

Interestingly furnished apartment, (at 350 West 85th St.,) 10 rooms and 3 baths; $350 per month by the year; will be rented for 8 months at an advanced rental.

107th, 210 West.—Six rooms and bath; attractively furnished; elevator apartment; piano, silver, linen; six months or longer. Phone Academy 826. Apt. 32.

59 West 54th St.—Two large rooms and bath, furnished; connected with Hotel Devon; rent $900, including complete service. Inquire Hotel Devon.

116th, 620 West, Apt. 103.—Overlooking river; six outside southern rooms; bath, homelike, attractively furnished; references required; call mornings.

Sub-lease, attractively furnished apartment for Winter or longer; six rooms, bath, facing Park. Apply 378 Central Park West.

84th, 51 West.—Entire floor, consisting two large rooms, bath, and kitchenette; steam heat; also small rooms; modern conveniences.

113th, 617 West.—Six rooms, overlooking Hudson, completely furnished, piano. Superintendent. River. 1131.

Opportunities, furnished sublet apartments; long, short leases; $125 upward. J. Wickliffe Gray, Specialist, 269 W. 73d. Col. 3974.

90TH, 137 WEST.—Attractive, clean, 3 rooms, complete housekeeping; convenient subway, "L"; $8. Gillette.

West End Av., 740, (Della Robbia.)—Four rooms, completely furnished, piano. Superintendent. River. 1131.

47, 16 West.—Desirable, homelike, small kitchenette, hot water, bath, convenient; $50.

Riverside Drive apartment, 7 roms, 2 baths; elegantly furnished; 1 year. Audubon 7340.

Apartments HANDSOMELY Furnished.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42. Vanderbilt 1450.

Unfurnished—East Side.

120 East 81st St., bet. 4th and Lexington Avs.—Unfurnished housekeeping apartment in fireproof building; 8 rooms and bath; all outside rooms. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th St.

BACHELOR APARTMENT,
12 EAST 30TH ST.
Two fine large rooms, bath and kitchenette. Apply to janitor.

55th, 11 East, (opposite St. Regis.)—Apartment of exceptional charm and distinction for desirable tenant; 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $1,600.

6 rooms, bath, electric light, steam heat, all improvements. 51 East 87th St.

27TH, 142 EAST.—Two four, five rooms; high-class elevator; excellent services.

Unfurnished—West Side.

9-25 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS.
JUST COMPLETED.
4 AND 5 ROOMS.
All latest improvements, overlooking Central Park, bus passes door, subway ½ block 110th St.; select tenants. Apply premises.

ELEGANT APARTMENTS, CONVENIENTLY LOCATED.
THE LINLAUGH, 2,647 Broadway, (100th.)
SIX AND SEVEN LARGE, NEWLY DECORATED ROOMS; EVERY IMPROVEMENT.
DIRECT SUPERVISION OF OWNER.

125-127 WEST 58TH ST.
Fireproof building; standard service.
7 ROOMS AND BATH, $1,600-$1,800.

Nathan Hale, 454 Fort Washington Av., Southeast Corner 181st.—The most elegant elevator apartments on Washington Heights; 4 rooms, $36 to $47.50; 5 rooms, $47.50 to $62.50; 6 rooms, $70 to $75; 7 rooms, cor., $108.

10th, 20 West.—Studio apartment, four rooms, bath and kitchenette; studio 20x26; window 12x16; open fireplace, steam heat, electricity; also two and four-room apartment; all light, large rooms.

Elegant artist studio, 1 room and bath, thoroughly renovated house; contains 6 apartments. 421 East 58th St. Agent on premises, 10 to 3.

368 West 117th St., overlooking Park.
4 rooms, bath, all outside, $30.
6 corner rooms and bath, $40-$45.

82d, 105 West.—Studio, 4 large housekeeping rooms, all outside, light; large hall; steam heat, hot water; open fireplace; $60.

Savoy Court, 3,064 Bailey Av., (231st.)—High-class; 5 rooms; large foyer hall; abundant closets; $33-$34. Superintendent.

234-238 West 21st St.—4, 5, and 6 rooms, elevator; all improvements, at $510 to $720 per year. Apply to Superintendent.

162d, 550 West, (near Broadway.)—10 rooms, 2 baths; very attractive house. W. D. Morgan, 3,573 Broadway, (147th.)

To Rent—4-5-6 room apartment; elevator service all night. Inquire Supt., 1,950 Washington Av.

Bronx.

163D, 96 West, between Woodycrest and Ogden Avs.—Five large light rooms; hardwood trimmings; electric light; telephone; $30-$33.

Mount Vernon.

315 Gramatan Av., Mount Vernon; near high school; apartment or separate rooms, unfurnished; private bath; steam heat; electricity.

Apartments Wanted

Forty cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Nicely furnished apartment, respectable house for young couple without children, above 72d St. or Brooklyn Heights; not over $80; full particulars. S. R., Room 310A World Building.

Furnished apartment, from Oct. 15, western district, between 50th and 116th St. P 287 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

Sitting room at least 20 by 25, two bedrooms, kitchenette; quiet location; not over $75 month. M. R., 611 W. 158th Street.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.1917 Chalmers R'dst'r	1916 Stutz Special
1916 Chandler Coupelet	1916 Olds "8" Tour.
1916 Scripps Booth	1915 Packard Coupe
1916 Hudson Sedan	1915 Ford Sedan
1916 White Limousine	1913 Marmon Town.
1915 Overl'd Brougham	Many others.

D. C. BURRELLE, 1,700 Broadway, 3d Floor.

A.—1914 WINTON, $750.
Will sell high-class car, cost $3,258; has left-hand drive. 161 Clymer St., near Williamsburg Bridge, Brooklyn.

A HUPMOBILE, 1915, TOURING,
like new, fully equipped; extras; sacrifice for immediate cash. Owner, 305 West 79th St., near Riverside.

CARNATION runabout, fully equipped, excellent condition, $285. E. S. Taylor, 15 Broad St., New York.

CHALMERS, 1915, five passenger, condition like new, fully equipped; many extras; inspection solicited; price $600. Mr. Caffey, 305 East 80th. Tel. Lenox 8000.

COLE.—1913, Model Junior, 5-passenger, equipped with Delco lighting and starting system; good tires; looks and runs like new. Bargain price.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP,
1,243 Fulton St. Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phone Decatur 4004.

COLE—1915, light six, 7-passenger car; up to the minute equipment, non-skid tires all around; very attractive car at a low price.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phone Decatur 4004.

FORD touring car; latest model engine; big snap. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

HUPMOBILE, 1914, 1915, and 1916 models; touring cars and roadsters; all have been thoroughly overhauled and newly painted and are guaranteed same as new; they have full equipment and many extras; we will not refuse any reasonable offers.
DIUGUID BROTHERS,
1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

DODGE.—1916 and 1915 Dodge touring cars at attractive prices; condition like new.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phone Decatur 4004.

MARMON 1914 five-passenger sedan; in excellent condition.
Marmon N. Y. Co., 42 and 44 West 62d St.

MARMON 1915 seven-passenger touring car; like new.
Marmon N. Y. Co., 42 and 44 West 62d St.

MERCER 1915 two-passenger runabout; like new.
Marmon N. Y. Co., 42 and 44 West 62d St.

MERCER 1915 six-passenger touring car.
Marmon N. Y. Co., 42 and 44 West 62d St.

MITCHELL 1915 five passenger touring, private car; owner will rent hour, day, month reasonably. Kenward, 631 West 207th. Phone Audubon 7440 or Circle 774.

NATIONAL 1916, highway, six, 7 passenger; driven 3,000 miles; $1,200; no brokers need apply. X 309 Times Annex.

National roadster; luxuriously equipped; electric lights, self-starter, slip covers, &c.; condition guaranteed; $625. 150 West 55th.

NATIONAL 1916 six-passenger touring car.
Marmon N. Y. Co., 42 and 44 West 62d St.

OLDSMOBILE.—A 1916 Baby Oldsmobile, 4-cylinder, every modern equipment; extras. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 9881 Riverside.

OVERLAND.—One 1915 and one 1914, touring cars, both equipped with electric lighting and starting systems and good tires. Very attractive prices on both.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP,
1,243 Fulton St. Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phone Decatur 4004.

OVERLAND, 1915, 6 cyclinder, 7-passenger; looks and runs like new; cost $1,475 new; bargain.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phone Decatur 4004.

OVERLAND 1916 touring car for sale. Willys-Overland, Inc., Used Car Department, 1,700 Broadway.

PACKARD (Twin Six) Touring; like new.
CADILLAC (1916) Runabout; perfect condition.
All Makes of Town Cars.
Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Pierce-Arrow, model 648 touring, first-class condition; reasonable figure; 1911 model; seen between 9 and 5, Ritz Garage, 209 East 64th.

RENAULT-BREWSTER.—Owner desires to sell one of his cars, Renault limousine, Brewster body town car; price, $500; can be seen at Automobile Club, 72d St. garage. Telephone Murray Hill 410 for appointment.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH for sale, 1916 runabout, reasonable, and 1915 Buick touring. 1,849 Broadway.

STEARNS SILENT KNIGHT; great sacrifice; 6-cylinder touring; cost $4,850; only used ten months; fully equipped; price $750 cash. Owner, 2 Grace Court, corner Hicks St., two blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station, Brooklyn.

STUDEBAKER 1915 touring, 5-passenger, 4-cylinder, like brand new throughout; electric lights, starter, extra tire, tubes, &c.; run 7,000 miles; will sacrifice, $500. Klinger, 32 East 169th St., (Jerome Av.,) Bronx.

STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
STUTZ RACEABOUT, NEARLY NEW.
HUDSON 1916 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1916 CABRIOLET.
CADILLAC 1915 TOURING.
MOON 1916 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD.
THIRD FLOOR, 1,700 BROADWAY.

Velie 1916 demonstrators almost new; rare bargains; several other makes taken in trade; will sell for cash or on installments to responsible parties. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 1916 touring car; bargain. Willys-Overland Inc., Used Car Department, 1,700 Broadway.

WINTON 1913, overhauled and repainted; fully equipped; electric lights, self-starter; guaranteed; price $700. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON, 1915, model 21A; light six touring car; fully equipped; guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

Automobiles For Rent.

AUTOMOBILES.—RENAULT, $3, $4 per hour; special monthly rates. J. S. Mandola, Columbus 2908.

CHALMERS.—Elegant 1916 seven-passenger; $2.50 hourly; careful chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3916.

PACKARD sixes and twin six touring, landaulet and limousine cars for hire by hour, day, week, or month at reasonable rates. J. Kramer Auto Renting, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 1478.

Packard sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD and Lozier touring cars; late models; reasonable rates; hour, day, month; special Mardi Gras and country trips. Plaza 5440.

PACKARD Limousine Landaulet, hour, day, week, month. Garnier, 21 Manhattan Av. Col. 1206.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, touring, for rent. Schwartz, 585 Amsterdam. Tele. 967 Riverside.

PACKARD Six, new, touring, $2.50 hourly upward; owner drives; references. Morningside 8833.

PACKARD by hour, month, or trip; rates reasonable; owner drives. Phone Murray Hill 932.

PACKARD for hire, 1915; classy; hour, trip, monthly; reasonable. Tel. 7452 Plaza.

RENAULT landaulet; nicely appointed; monthly solicited. Block, 218 West 65th. Columbus 3258.

Automobiles Wanted.

Five or seven-passenger limousine wanted in perfect condition; state year, make, and condition of car. Address George E. Steinbugler, 94 Lenox Road, Brooklyn. Telephone Rector 3814.

Wanted—1914 LIMOUSINE or landaulette body for 1914, 6, 48 Packard chassis. Norman, 153 East 53d St.

Sedan or coupe wanted, 1916 or 1917 model only, not over $1,500. Keedell, 471 East 140th St.

Automobile Storage.

P. BRADY & SON CO.
Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export. 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 3449

Automobile Instruction.

Auto School. Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U. S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 317 W. 57th St. 7920. Spec. classes for ladies.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL 225 W. 57th St. — Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' Classes.

BEDFORD Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL, 1,123 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN. — Classes for salesmen, owners and chauffeurs. Booklet and pass for trial lesson free.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The West cool wave has advanced eastward to the Appalachian Mountains and southward over the Gulf States, and Friday night temperatures were 10 to 20 degrees below the seasonal average in the great central valley, the lake region, and the plains States.

Frosts occurred Friday morning in Upper Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Northwestern Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas, and the Rocky Mountain region.

General rains fell within the last twenty-four hours throughout the Atlantic States and local rains in the lake region.

In the Middle Atlantic States and New England the weather will be fair and considerably cooler on Saturday, and fair and cool on Sunday. In the South Atlantic and East Gulf States the weather will be fair and cooler on Saturday and fair Sunday. In Tennessee, the Ohio Valley, and the lake region the weather will be fair and cool Saturday, and fair and somewhat warmer on Sunday.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate south, shifting to west, with showers; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh west, fair; South Atlantic Coast, moderate, variable, becoming north and northeast, showery.

FORECASTS TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York, Southern New England, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday fair and continued cool.

Western New York—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday fair.

Northern New England—Fair Saturday, cooler except in extreme Southeastern Maine. Sunday fair and cool.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1915.	1916.		1915.	1916.
3 A. M.	73	70	4 P. M.	87	73
6 A. M.	73	71	6 P. M.	86	68
9 A. M.	74	74	9 P. M.	80	68
12 M.	85	72	11 P. M.	76	68

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 80; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 67.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 73; at 8 P. M. it was 68. Maximum temperature, 77 degrees, at 1:15 P. M.; minimum, 66 degrees, at 7:30 P. M. Humidity, 92 per cent at 8 A. M., 97 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.87 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.85 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
1:00—20-22 Cathedral Parkway; not given. Slight
1:10—51 E. 117 St.; William Cohen....Slight
10:30—601 W. 129 St.; Wm. Brennan...Slight
P. M.
3:50—36 St. & East River; Dock Dept. Slight
7:20—10 W. 112 St.; Robert Feldman..$1,000
8:45—Central Park, opp 73 St.; rustic bridge ....Slight
9:20—717 10 Av.; Isaac Lipstein........$5
11:15—68 Pitt St.; (chimney); not given..Slight

THE UNITED SERVICE.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Orders of Sept. 6 relating to 1st Lt. H. N. Sumner, C. A. C., revoked.

Capt. G. A. Taylor, C. A. C., from present duties and detailed as Inspector-Instructor of the Coast Artillery, National Guard of Rhode Island. He will proceed to Providence and report to the Governor of Rhode Island, and by letter to the Chief, Militia Bureau.

Capt. C. H. Muller, 11th Cav., is detailed as Prof. of Military Science and Tactics at Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, College Station, Texas.

2d Lt. L. A. Beard, 1st F. A., is detailed to take next first-year course at Mounted Service School, Ft. Riley, Kan., reporting on Oct. 16.

Lt. Col. R. L. Howze, Cav., is detailed as a member of the General Staff Corps.

Maj. G. C. Barnhardt, 8th Cav., is detailed for service in Q. M. C., Sept. 30, Vice Maj. F. S. Armstrong, Q. M. C., relieved.

2d Lt. V. Lim, Philippine Scouts, is detailed as Instructor at the Constabulary Academy, Baguio, P. I.

Capt. P. Yost, C. A. C., is retired on account of disability.

In addition to their other duties, following M. C. officers will report to Commandant, Army Medical School, Washington, D. C., for duty as Prof. of subject mentioned opposite name, for session commencing Oct. 16: Col. W. O. Owen, Medical Department Administration; Lt. Col. C. C. McCulloch, Jr., Military Hygiene, and Majors C. R. Darnall, Sanitary Chemistry, and W. H. Moncrief, Operative Surgery.

Capt. P. W. Huntington, M. C., from Plattsburg, N. Y., and from duty as Attending Surgeon, New York City, to this city on or before Oct. 16, for duty as Prof., Army Medical School.

Capt. F. S. Hutton, 12th Inf., from Ft. McDowell, Cal., and from further recruiting service, effective Oct. 5, then to his regiment.

The advancement to grade of Major on the retired list of Capt. F. E. Phelps, retired, is announced.

1st Lt. O. H. Longino, C. A. C., now at Ft. Monroe, Va., will join his station at Ft. Moultrie, S. C.

1st Lt. S. Miles, 3d F. A., upon relief from duty with Connecticut N. G. as Lieut. Col., 10th F. A., will join his battery in Southern Dept.

Orders of Sept. 1 directing Capt. H. S. Whipple, retired, to report to Commanding Officer, Ft. Jay, N. Y., for duty as Quartermaster, amended to direct him to report there for duty as assistant to the Quartermaster.

Capt. O. W. Hoop, Inf., is relieved from further duty with the National Guard of Missouri. He will retain station at Kansas City, Mo., until further orders.

Name of Capt. G. H. Williams, 27th Inf., to detached, and name of Capt. O. W. Hoop, Inf., removed.

1st Lt. I. L. Hunsaker, 11th Cav., from duty as Inspector-Instructor of Cav., Organized Militia, and will join his regiment.

Lt. Col. R. L. Howze, General Staff, will report by telegraph to Commanding General, Southern Dept., for duty.

Orders of Sept. 11 are amended to read: Following officers are assigned or attached to a regiment as indicated.—Capts. K. T. Smith, Inf., assigned to 23d Inf.; W. Hocker, Inf., assigned to 34th Inf.; F. H. Pope, Cav., attached to 12th Cav.; C. T. Smart, Inf., assigned to 3d Inf., and J. R. McGinness, Inf., assigned to 36th Inf.; and Maj. C. H. Miller, Inf., to 12th Inf.

Maj. C. W. Castle, Inf., is detailed as prof. of military science and tactics at University of Missouri, Columbia, Mo.

Maj. J. C. McArthur, Q. M. C., to Ft. Jay, N. Y., for duty as Q. M., and by letter to Commanding General, Eastern Dept., relieving Capt. F. W. Coleman, Q. M. C., who will repair to this city for duty in office of the Q. M. G. of the army.

Maj. J. Bugge, Inf., (promoted, subject to examination,) is retired on account of disability.

Capt. E. G. Northington, M. C., to Letterman Hospital, San Francisco, sick.

Lt. Col. C. Lynch, M. C., from duty Philipine Dept., Dec. 2 then to United States and report for further orders.

Lt. Col. F. A. Winter, M. C., from duty at Army and Navy General Hosp., Hot Springs, Ark., to San Francisco, and sail about Dec. 5 for the Philippines for duty.

A board to consist of Maj. A. W. Williams, M. C., and 1st Lt. J. W. Hart, M. R. C., is appointed to meet from time to time at Army Medical School, this city, to conduct physical examinations of such officers as may be required to appear before it.

Order of July 21, announcing the acceptance of the resignation of 1st Lt. A. J. Hoskins, M. R. C., is revoked.

Col. N. F. McClure, Cav., now in Chicago on leave, will report to Commanding General, Central Dept., for temp. duty.

Capt. H. P. Harris, retired, is assigned to active duty at Letterman General Hosp., San Francisco.

Maj. F. W. Smith, Inf., is relieved from further duty on recruiting service, effective Oct. 21.

Orders of Sept. 21, relating to 1st Lt. C. G. Sturtevant, 9th Inf., revoked.

Resignations accepted: 2d Lt. E. Warner, 3d F. A., N. Y. N. G.; 1st Lt. R. Pollock, M. C., North Carolina N. G., and Maj. J. M. Hanley, 1st Inf., North Dakota N. G.

Leaves: 2d Lt. J. A. Brooks, Jr., C. A. C., 10 days; Capt. D. H. Biddle, Cav., 15 days; Capt. W. N. Hughes, Jr., Inf., 8 days; Capt. J. R. Thomas, Jr., 1st Inf., one month; Maj. R. S. Smith, Q. M. C., 10 days, and 1st Lt. W. R. Spaulding, 1st Inf., Vermont N. G., 15 days' extension.

Navy.

Capts. H. Rodman, from command of the New York, Oct. 18, to General Board, Navy Dept., and C. F. Hughes, from General Board, Oct. 14, to command the New York.

Jr. Gr. Lt. S. A. Clement, from Naval Academy, Sept. 27, to fitting out the Arizona, and on board when commissioned.

Surg. K. Ohnesorg, from duty as asst. to Naval Attache, Berlin, Germany, to leave of absence.

Asst. Paymr. M. C. Merriman, from the Fulton, to wait orders, and J. P. Jackson, from receiving ship at New York to the Fulton and submarine base, New London, Conn., as Assistant Supply Officer.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

ARRIVED—Barney, at Philadelphia; Cushing and Duncan, at Boston; at Hampton Roads, Dolphin, Nicholson, Oklahoma, and the Solace; at Southern drill ground, Ericsson, Jenkins, Lebanon, Melville, Patuxent, and the Yankton; at New Orleans, at Astoria; Pennsylvania, at New York yard; Prometheus, at Norfolk; Sylph, at New London, and the Whipple, at San Diego.

SAILED—Benham and Winslow, Hampton Roads to sea; Celtic, Guantanamo for Southern drill ground; Denver, La Paz for San Francisco; Jacob Jones, Hampton Roads for Norfolk; Glacier, Topolobampo for Mazatlan; Nero, Guaymas for La Paz. Standish, Annapolis for Baltimore.

The New Jersey has relieved the Topeka as the receiving ship at New York.

EDUCATION NOTES.

There have been placed, as of Sept. 13, 1916, upon the eligible lists of persons holding license as clerical assistant in high schools the names of the following:

MEN.

Max Fisher, 78.075; Reuben Hillman, 73.345, and Leona Hart, 79.675.

A temporary license as assistant teacher of physiography in high school has been granted to Davis Lee Baker, who is now serving in the Stuyvesant High School under a temporary license as assistant teacher of physics.

There have been placed, as of the dates respectively indicated, upon the eligible lists of persons holding licenses as assistant teacher in high schools the names of the following:

BIOLOGY.—Placement as of June 16, 1916—Mary F. Seymour, 75.

CHEMISTRY.—Placement as of June 16, 1916—Charles B. L. Kelley, 83.25.

ENGLISH.—Placement as of June 16, 1916—Helen W. Williams, 73.35, and Pauline Nichthauser, 71.4.

FREEHAND DRAWING.—Placement as of July 6, 1916—Virginia Murphy, 75.2.

GERMAN.—Placement as of July 6, 1916—Sophie T. Andrews, 70.

HISTORY.—Placement as of July 1, 1916—Grace F. Ward, 74.

MACHINE SHOP PRACTICE.—Placement as of July 1, 1916—Henry Cohen, 72.5.

PHYSICAL TRAINING.—Placement as of June 1, 1916—Elsie Stiebritz, 72.

SPANISH.—Placement as of May 26, 1916—Michael Lieb, 73.5.

GREGG STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.—Placement as of July 6, 1916—C. Warren Kean, 86.9; Oscar C. Shepard, 81.475; Agnes M. Gilmore, 83.725; Charlotte M. Mathews, 80.675, and Marian E. Seabrooke, 78.95.

ISAAC PITMAN STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.—Placement as of July 1, 1916—Ruth J. Langdon, 88.25.

Placement as of July 6, 1916—Irene D. Keenan, 82.82; Mabel L. Perry, 79.2; Fannie Nearing, 78.175; Fannie E. Hiler, 76.96; Mary A. Mulcahy, 76.175; Louise S. Russell, 75.8, and Rosanna Moses, 72.51.

An examination of men applicants for license as teacher of trade drawing in the vocational classes of the elementary schools will be conducted by the Board of Examiners on Sept. 25, beginning at 1 P. M. No person will be eligible whose age on Sept. 25 is under twenty-five or over fifty years. Under this provision, an applicant will be regarded as eligible up to and including the day preceding his fifty-first birthday. The minimum salary is $1,000; annual increment for meritorious service, $100, and maximum salary, $2,000.

The Board of Examiners will receive, until Sept. 23, applications from men and women holders of licenses to teach stenography and typewriting, or commercial branches or freehand drawing, for licenses as Supervisors of such respective subjects in evening schools. It is proposed to employ one Supervisor of commercial branches in the evening schools and one Supervisor of drawing. The eligible list ratings will be based upon an investigation of the candidate's record, upon an oral examination, and possibly also upon a brief written examination on the subject of the supervision of instruction in special subjects in evening schools. Each applicant, in applying, must agree to serve for the entire school year, or for such part thereof as his services may be required.

An examination of men and women applicants for license as substitute teacher of Accounting and Business Practice in high schools, and an examination of men and women applicants for license as Teacher-in-Training to teach such subjects in high schools, will be conducted by the Board of Examiners, at the Examination Hall, 500 Park Avenue, on Sept. 18, at 1 P. M.

An examination of men and women applicants for license as substitute teacher of Freehand Drawing in high schools and an examination of men and women applicants for license as Teacher-in-Training to teach such subject in high schools, will be conducted by the Board of Examiners at the Examination Hall, 500 Park Avenue, on Sept. 20, at 9:30 A. M.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, on their own applications: Lieuts. H. N. Boerner, 35 to 275 W. A. Ryan, 275 to 35; Patrol. P. Campbell, 143 to Bridge; L. Battam, 167 to 174, bicycle duty; L. P. Langler, 174 to 167, assignment to bicycle duty discont.; E. Muller, 277, bicycle duty; A. E. Mueller, 277, assignment to bicycle duty discont.; H. W. Jarrell, Bridge to 151.

Temporary assignments: Patrol to 4 In. D. from prects. indicated, duty in raided premises, 30 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 17: T. A. Malley, 15; D. Mendel, 17; D. F. McElroy, 21; S. Bentley, 61; C. Nash, 65; G. Clark, 16; G. Pross, 18; T. Logan, 36; J. J. McKenna, 61; J. H. Cavanagh, 167; Matron Agnes Fitzsimmons, 62 to 26, 10 days, noon, Sept. 14.

Full pay while on sick report: Act. Det. Sergt. First G. S. F. Gorman, D. Bur., 10 A. M. Aug. 25, to noon, Aug. 31; Patrol M. J. McGrath, 5, 8 P. M., Sept. 10, during disability; C. G. Potters, 17, 10:25 A. M., Sept. 4, to 12 P. M., Sept. 6; H. Carty, 29, 11:50 P. M., Sept. 10, during disability; M. O'Callaghan, 149, 9:50 A. M., Sept. 10, during disability; C. H. Schmidt, 171, 12:30 P. M., Sept. 5, during disability.

Restored to duty: Patrol. D. McNichol, 42.

Fire Department.

The following uniformed firemen, having passed their probationary period of three months satisfactorily, are appointed as Fourth Grade firemen, to take effect at 8 A. M., Sept. 16: M. C. Sullivan, Eng. 1; W. H. Wergin, Eng. 5; W. Huber, Jr., Eng. 6; J. M. Halley, Eng. 15; R. J. Anderson, Eng. 16; J. Kennelly, Eng. 19; J. Pelletiere, Eng. 20; P. J. O'Rourke, Eng. 21; H. J. Brwon, Eng. 25; J. J. McEntee, Jr., Eng. 30; J. J. Murray, Eng. 31; J. B. A. O'Connor, Eng. 33; G. Offenburger, Eng. 58; J. J. Wood, Eng. 59; J. A. Fitzpatrick, Eng. 67; H. A. Halligan, Eng. 88; M. J. Skelly, Eng. 91; H. G. Stein, Eng. 94; J. J. Cummings, Eng. 201; R. J. F. Coakley, Eng. 202; P. Angeloro, Eng. 206; T. L. O'Connell, Eng. 208; A. O. Zimmerman, Eng. 210; H. E. Joubin, Eng. 216; J. J. King, Eng. 219; J. T. E. Morris, Eng. 224; O. G. Walter, Eng. 226; J. J. Kaiser, Eng. 236; J. M. Breen, Eng. 237; J. Higgins, Eng. 240; C. J. H. F. Reinert, Eng. 258; W. M. Kempf, Eng. 260; L. A. Friederich, Eng. 271; A. B. Sheehan, Eng. 282; J. J. Mulvaney, H. & L. 1; J. B. Martin, Jr., H. & L. 2; J. J. Deevy, H. & L. 4; J. F. Callahan, H. & L. 5; J. D. Sullivan, H. & L. 7; J. J. G. Wedemeyer, H. & L. 8; S. A. Avrick, H. & L. 9; G. J. Nelson, H. & L. 14; A. J. Uher, H. & L. 18; T. P. Fox, H. & L. 20; W. A. Palmer, H. & L. 22; T. J. Connolly, H. & L. 23; O. Zischka, H. & L. 24; T. Hanley, H. & L. 26; T. M. Maguire, H. & L. 44; M. J. Curry, Jr., H. & L. 102; C. M. Garety, H. & L. 115; E. J. O'Connor, H. & L. 117; J. H. Tewes, H. & L. 118.

Revocation of temporary detail, while on sick report, to new Bronx Fire Alarm Station, north side of 180th St., Devoe St., to Bronx Park Av., as watchman, 8 A. M. Sept. 16: Fire. 1st gr. J. O'Neill, Eng. 36.

Temporary detail, while on sick report, to new Bronx Fire Alarm Station, north side of 180th St., Devoe St. to Bronx Park Av., as watchman, 8 A. M. Sept. 16: Fire. 1st gr. T. Goss, Eng. 78.

Change of temporary detail, while on sick report, 8 A. M. Sept. 18: Fire. 1st gr. P. McDermott, H. & L. 18, Bureau of Fire Prevention, to H. & L. 18 for light duty.

Decisions rendered: Fire., first gr., E. J. Daley, Eng. 55, (being under the influence of liquor,) seven leaves withheld.

Special leaves of absence are granted to the following: Fire., 1st gr., J. R. Powers, Eng. 95, 48 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 16; Fire., 1st gr., O. Schwarz, Eng. 76, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 16; Fire., 1st gr., C. Buschkamper, Eng. 22, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 17; Fire., 1st gr., H. Miller No. 2, Eng. 13, 12 hours, 8 P. M., Sept. 16; Fire., 1st gr., C. J. Lloyd, Eng. 217, 36 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 22; Fire., 2d gr., T. J. J. Costello, Eng. 229, 12 hours, 8 A. M., ept. 17.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

LAROCQUE, LOUIS E., (Aug. 6, 1913;) total assets, $231,208, net $221,756. The decedent left a will making his father, Joseph Larocque, his sole beneficiary, but his father died first and the estate passed to Mrs. Louise Larocque Tinker, sister; Mrs. Adele L. Thomas, sister, and Joseph Larocque, brother, each receiving $44,351, and to Annie C. Goddard, niece, who received $44,351, and Henry H. Anderson and Joseph Larocque Anderson, nephews, each of them receiving $22,175. The assets were: One-fifth interest in 6 East Fifty-sixth Street, $28,000; bank, $21,314; stocks and bonds, $179,120.

VETTER, JACOB, (Jan. 13;) total assets, $48,708, net estate $44,499. The residuary estate was bequeathed to Richard Vetter and Frederick V. Vetter, sons of decedent. Assets: Equity, $7,813 in 31 Beekman Place, appraised at $12,000; equity $11,368 in 730 Sixth Street, appraised at $18,000; three lots Layton Avenue, Throgs Neck, the Bronx, $3,000; stocks, $3,405; mortgages, $12,191; bank, $8,259.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is hereby given that on August 31, 1916, WILLIAM A. JAMISON et al. filed their petition praying limitation of liability as owners of Steamlighter "Santos" for any loss, damage or injury arising on or about July 22nd, 1916, from a collision. That petitioner has stipulated to pay into this court the value of said Steamlighter and pending freight as appraised, viz: $16,028.70, with lawful interest according to law. That all persons claiming damages by reason of said collision are required by the monition issued to me by said court to prove their claims before Alex. Gilchrist, Jr., Commissioner, at his office, Room 349, P. O. Building, Manhattan, New York City, on or before December 11th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

War Incidents.

THE NEW YORK TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL is a magnificent record of the incidents in the European conflict in pictures. Vivid illustrations of war scenes beautifully printed on fine paper by rotogravure. Ten cents everywhere; $1.25 for three months; $5 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

About 4,000 persons attended the regents' examinations at the Grand Central Palace this week.

The following eligible list for bookbinder is announced: Patrick H. McNamara, 83.80; Franklin L. Glion, 82.20; Samuel E. Magill, 80.40; John F. Sullivan, 79.60; William Kirchmann, 77.40; Henry Boden, 77.20; James F. Callahan, 77.20; Edward Giess, 76.80; Hans Raab, 75.40; James P. Williams, 75.40; Sebastian Laut, 74.80; Joseph Soriano, 74.80; Robert H. Carlin, 74.80; Henry Rothe, 74.60; Otto C. Heylmann, 74.40; Henry Hinsch, 74; Frank R. Hadencamp, 73.80; Frantz Rathiner, 73; Jacob L. Faeth, 72.60.

United States.

The commission announces for Oct. 4, at the New York Custom House, examination for sub-inspector of ordnance, for men only, to fill vacancies as they may occur, at $4.48 per diem. Competitors will be examined in practical questions in materials and manufacture of ordnance, training and experience. Applicants must have a practical knowledge of the character of the material required for the various parts of main and secondary batteries; they must be familiar with the method of preparing the rough forgings and castings; of the finishing and assembling of the guns and mounts, and of the manufacture of all details of the same. In addition, they must be thoroughly familiar with the use of all tools, measuring instruments, &c., required in the different operations incident to the manufacture and inspection of the material before mentioned. Applicants should be able to read accurately detailed drawings and sketches used in the manufacture of the different objects specified. They must have reached their twenty-first, but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

HOUSES TO LET

Forty cents an agate line.

City—Unfurnished.

BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED PRIVATE HOUSE, 101ST, 232 WEST, ADJACENT TO BROADWAY; ESPECIALLY DESIRABLE DOCTOR OR DENTIST; NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE, SUBWAY, SURFACE CARS; $1,800; NIGHT SERVICE.

Six large, light, airy rooms, $35; 7 rooms, $40; baths, electric lights; select neighborhood. 1,959 Anthony Av., 178th.

Out of Town.

Modern, attractive home, ten rooms, two baths, every convenience; 35 minutes from Penn. or Flatbush, 5 minutes' walk from station. R. Bailey Cottage, Lynwood Av., Cedarhurst, L. I.

Out of Town.

A well located residence, with one acre of attractive grounds; large trees, &c., for rent, within walking distance of station, 25 minutes to Pennsylvania or Flatbush Avenue depots; 12 rooms and 2 baths; steam heat, electric lighting, open plumbing; large porches. H. C. McNulty, 30 East 42d St., N. Y. C. Phone Murray Hill 7505.

Farmhouse; modern conveniences; beautiful surroundings; hour commutation; owner will rent from October to May 1 to party with mutual acquaintances, $50 per month. Address J. T., 621 Madison Av.

FURNISHED ROOMS

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH, 10 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Pleasant large and small rooms.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Exceptionally large, well furnished, south room; private bath; telephone.

43D, 16 EAST.—Gentleman, tired of hotel or club life, may find suitable accommodation and comforts of well-regulated home; breakfast optional; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome suite; room, with private bath; single room; references.

53D, 34 EAST.—Unusual rooms for bachelors; breakfast served; parlor floor for doctor.

55TH ST., 17 EAST.—Bachelor's rooms in private residence of Oriental art collector; references especially required; furnishings unusual.

68TH, 232 EAST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; private family; gentlemen; references.

68TH, 26 EAST.—Large, pleasant rooms, with baths. Phone Plaza 8638.

73D, 12 EAST.—Double and single rooms to rent for the Winter; excellent table; references.

84TH, (1,129 Madison Av.)—Elegant parlor floor; bath, telephone; private, business; reasonable.

LEXINGTON AV., 121.—Three rooms, furnished, unfurnished; front, sunny; phone; business woman; references.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive rooms, running water or baths; furnished or unfurnished; large rooms for teaching music.

West Side.

12TH, 38 WEST.—Large rooms with or without private baths; steam, electricity, telephone; references.

12TH, 111 WEST.—Large and small rooms; running water; private house; references.

46TH, 15-17-30 WEST.—Two-room suites, large and small rooms.

44TH ST., 12 WEST.—The Mansfield (adjoining Sherry's;) highest class bachelor apartments; furnished or unfurnished.

49TH, 119 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; all conveniences; gentleman or couple; reasonable.

50TH, 70 WEST.—Large and small rooms, baths; front parlor, telephone, kitchenettes.

51ST, 62 WEST.—Magnificently furnished, large, small rooms; also beautiful suites; baths, electricity, kitchenettes, refined; $12-$25.

83D, (236 Central Park West.)—Beautiful suite; overlooking park; single room, $6.

55TH, 17 WEST.—Attractive, clean rooms, furnished, unfurnished; private bath; every convenience; references.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Handsome alcove room, adjoining bath; also small room, private family.

68TH, 63 WEST.—Large, handsome front room, lavatory; private family; home for gentleman.

68TH, 37 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room, private bath, kitchenette; absolutely clean; exclusive.

69TH, 116 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, baths, telephone; "L," subway; refined home.

70TH, 109 WEST.—ABSOLUTELY CLEAN, FINELY FURNISHED ROOMS; ALL CONVENIENCES; TELEPHONE; INVESTIGATE.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Exceptionally large, attractive room; nice kitchenette; suitable couple; reasonable.

70TH, 117 WEST.—Newly decorated back parlor; suitable couple or two gentlemen.

71ST, 221 WEST.—Room with bath; one adjoining bath; continuous hot water; breakfast optional.

71ST, 106 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with, without board; convenient to all cars.

72D, WEST, Near Park, Subway, "L."—Private family; attractive room or suite; shower, electricity; gentleman; reasonable. Phone Columbus 2051.

72D ST., 120 WEST.
Try our 65 cent dinner; pleasant dining room; good service and best quality of food.

73D, 121 WEST.—Large, sunny front room for one or two; wash room, large closet, electricity; near subway and "L"; private house.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, private bath; also one with bath adjoining.

73D, 255 WEST.—Large rooms with private bath; also one small room; references.

75TH, 159 WEST.
Single, en suite; private; adjoining bath; electricity; gentlemen preferred.

75TH, 151 WEST.—Just open; come see my pretty rooms; private bath.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; electricity; exceptionally well-kept house; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms, including handsome back parlor, with private bath.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms; continuous hot water; private baths, electricity; references.

76TH, 174 WEST.—Music studio; monthly or hourly.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large and single room; electric light, telephone; reference.

76TH, 161 WEST.—Newly opened house; attractive parlor suite; also one double room.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Desirable large, medium rooms; private bath; home atmosphere; reasonable.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; twin beds; medium room; conveniences; gentlemen.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; gentleman; reasonable; references.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Large, medium rooms, with bath; newly decorated; private house.

78TH, 118 WEST.—Immaculately clean suites with sun parlor, bath, kitchenette privileges; references.

78TH, 131 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, small rooms; cozy kitchenette; telephone; subway, elevated.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Homelike, beautifully furnished, large, with bath; electricity; subway; breakfast optional.

78TH, 115 WEST.—Large room, suitable a party of gentlemen; near bath; electricity, phone.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor suite, private bath; electricity, telephone, furnished or unfurnished; suitable doctor, studio or private.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful large room, private bath, opposite subway; reasonable; references.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Large and small rooms; telephone; reception rooms; $2.50 to $10.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large and medium newly furnished rooms; private bath; references.

80TH, 126 WEST.—One large, also small room; every convenience; see, appreciate.

80TH, 305 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath, in apartment for bachelor.

81ST, 110 WEST.—Newly furnished private house; 2 large rooms, bath, electricity, $20.

82D, 145 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; hot water, steam heat, private bath; gentlemen.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; electric light; reference; suitable two.

82D, 33 WEST.—Rent beautiful suite second floor; private bath, phone; reference.

84TH, 31 WEST.—2 double rooms, bath adjoining; every convenience; tray breakfast.

84TH, 56 WEST.—Attractive rooms, exclusive house; parlor for guests' use.

85TH, 207 WEST.—Beautiful sunny rooms, running water; elevator; electricity; third floor.

85TH, 128 WEST.—Two large rooms, well furnished, hall room; running water.

88TH, 173 WEST.—Exclusive house; attractive rooms; running water, electricity; en suite, single.

89TH, 322 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; also basement; telephone, bath; private family; moderate.

89TH, 320 WEST.—Beautiful suite; two rooms, bath; electricity; private house; references.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms, single, en suite; private bath; reference.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Near "L" and subway; large and small rooms; $4, $7.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautifu rooms, newly renovated; convenient to bath; select private house.

93D, 148 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, with, without private bath; single suite.

94TH, 319 WEST.—Young couple offers attractive large, single room, southern exposure; modern apartment. Riverside 5388. Franklin.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Desirable rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; electric light; owner; references.

94TH, 53 WEST.—Large, comfortable back parlor; private house; bath; electricity; phone; select.

95TH ST., 255 WEST.
Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished outside room; bath; high-class apartment; breakfast. Linz.

95TH, 26 WEST.—Two neatly furnished rooms; electric light; hot, cold water; bath; one hall room; strictly private family; private house; reference. Tel. Riverside 845.

95TH, 316 WEST.—Large front room; also medium; refinement; gentlemen. Inquire elevator.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Bright room; running water, elevator, telephone; reasonable. Lawrence.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; attractive front room, bath; telephone; gentlemen; $6.

101ST, 205 WEST, (Hotel Ladington, 3 Doors from Broadway;) also 351 West 71st, Near Riverside.—All night elevator and maid service; newly furnished single and large rooms; use of kitchen if desired; $3 to $6 weekly; strictly high-class. Telephone 9575 Riverside.

102D, 305 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Private house; exceptionally furnished large rooms; bath; gentlemen; references given, required; board optional; telephone.

107TH, 237 WEST, (Apt. 9.)—Two connecting front rooms; lavatory; modern conveniences.

107TH, 67 WEST.—Nice room; no other roomers; all comforts; reasonable. Conte.

108TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Attractive room, adjoining bath, $3.50; gentleman. Rogers.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Sunny parlor, with bedroom; excellent location; bath, telephone; $7.50. Wilford.

112TH, 601 WEST.—Large corner room; southern exposure; lavatory; near bath. Mathison.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Beautiful light room, bath adjoining; elegant elevator apartment. Hart.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Attractive outside room; washroom; private family; gentleman. Apt. 22.

116TH, 616 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath; high-class elevator apartment. Apt. 54.

118TH, 401 WEST, (Apartment 31.)—Morningside Drive, southeast corner rooms; attractively furnished.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; newly decorated; teachers, students. Fawcett.

121ST, 501 AND 519 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Delightful all-the-year location; opposite Columbia University; near tennis courts and Riverside and Morningside Parks; attractively furnished rooms; southeastern corner, large, with alcove, parquet floor, five windows, sunshine, suitable for three, $12 week; sunny front rooms, double, $6, $7, $8; single, $4.50, $5; side rooms, morning sun, single or double, $5, $6, $7; rear, $4, $5, $6; reception room and parlor for callers; room reserved for dancing; meals entirely optional at cost in co-operative dining room; elevator, steam, electricity, hot water, shower, telephones; broadway subway. Chaperons: At 501, Mrs. Young, telephone Morningside 4887; at 519, Miss Williams, telephone Morningside 8790.

122D, (130 Claremont Av.)—Light, airy rooms, suites, overlooking Hudson; conveniences; references. Wells.

122D, 500 WEST.—Attractive large outside rooms, also single; kitchen privileges. Whyte.

123D, 349 WEST.—Large, sunny, near Columbia; hot water; large closet. Nolen.

124TH, 541 WEST.—Single room, private family; all conveniences. Apartment 54.

136TH, 611 WEST.—Attractive, newly renovated; all conveniences, reasonable; with small family; near Riverside, subway, buses; references; gentleman. Pusey.

136TH, 607 WEST, (Apt. 42.)—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; Southern cooking. Leonard.

138TH, 630 WEST.—Two connecting rooms and bath; suitable two or three gentlemen; use of piano if desired.

149TH, 556 WEST.—Attractive, sunny, furnished rooms; electricity, telephone; adjoining bath; reasonable.

150TH, 610 WEST.—Single room, modern conveniences; no other roomers. Apt. 5 D.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 355, (near 96th St.)—Beautiful rooms, private house; board optional.

HOTEL CECIL, 150 St. Nicholas Av.—Low rates; transients taken.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 106.—Attractive outside rooms, facing park, overlooking Hudson. Apt. 21.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 894.—Two beautifully furnished outside rooms, overlooking river; private bath; piano; rent singly or in suite; high-class elevator apartment; references. Audubon 8807. Clegg, 5E.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (137th Subway.)—Nicely furnished front rooms; home cooking; reasonable. Apartment 4D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668, (144th St.)—Large, airy, rnning water; modern apartment; gentlemen only. Apt. 25.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668, (144th.)—Cheerful, cool room; private family; gentleman. Apartment 35.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 73.—Beautiful rooms; overlooking Hudson; private house; 79th St.

Suite, parlor, two bedrooms, bath; comfortable, new, non-housekeeping; two business people. 'Phone Sunday, Riverside 642; references.

TWO sunny, charmingly furnished rooms, running water between, bath adjoining; breakfast optional for two gentlemen; in private family of two; every modern convenience; 85th St., near West End Av.; references exchanged. F 114 Times.

Rooms Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Business man wishes room, possibly two meals, exclusive private family, no other boarders; must be in good neighborhood, west side, near "L," below 86th St.; state price and full particulars; highest references exchanged. Ford, 121 West 28th.

GENTLEMAN wants large room with private bath, with private family, apartment house, between 78th and 100th Sts., west side; state price. 2,507½ Broadway.

A refined Jewish young man desires light, airy, furnished room in neighborhood of Bronx Prospect Av. subway station. H. B., 2,520 3d Av.

BOARDERS WANTED

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (5th Av.)—Desirable large rooms; all modern conveniences; reasonable.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable rooms, private baths, electricity; excellent table; phone; references.

34TH, 117-119 EAST, (Park Av.)—Large, single rooms, suite, private bath.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Two large rooms, baths; entire second floor; meals; quiet surroundings.

8 EAST 45TH.
Table board; room, with bath; references.

213 MADISON AV.
Attractive rooms, bath; excellent table; references.

MADISON AV., 71.—Attractive large and small rooms; all conveniences; references.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy rooms, hot water, phone, steam; substantial board.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms, private baths; electricity; references.

57TH, 349, 351 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent table; telephone, &c.

58TH, 146 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; table guests; references.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
THE IDAMARKS. Now booking for Fall; rooms, single or en suite; Austro-Hungarian chef. Phone 235 Far Rockaway.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Largest, best furnished rooms, in city, complete; baths; excellent table.

72D, 122-131 WEST.—Attractive; newly renovated; private bath; also suite; fine table.

72D, 267-308 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms; private baths; with, without board.

73D, 181 WEST, Facing Sherman Square.—Desirable vacancies; double, single; American family; subway.

73D, 302 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; nice Winter home; references; near Riverside.

76TH, 105 WEST.—Attractive rooms; home comfort; parlor dining; table guests; references.

76TH, 249 WEST.—ROOMS; TABLE BOARD; REFERENCES.

77TH, 301 WEST, and 344 West End Av.—Superior accommodations; suites, double rooms, baths; single front rooms; running water, steam, electricity; best home table.

77TH, 116-124 WEST.—Attractive large, medium rooms; private baths; electricity; excellent table.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephones; booklet; references.

79TH, 9 WEST.—Large, modern rooms, suitable two; excellent board; reasonable. Guttman.

79TH, 121 WEST, (THE PUTNAM.)
Rooms with board of high grade.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Second floor, private bath, suitable family; excellent cuisine.

82D, 54 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms, private baths; excellent table; best references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 116 WEST.—Nicely furnished double room; dressing room; excellent table; electricity; moderate.

82D, 68 WEST.—Large, small rooms; also studio; clean, refined; table guests.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Large second story front; superior table; homelike; German-Jewish family.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Southern family offers in modern, luxuriously appointed home few attractive rooms; table unsurpassed; electricity; references.

86TH, 114 WEST.—Very desirable large room; elevated and subway station; exceptional; references.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Few attractive large rooms, single or en suite; parlor dining.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive large and small room, near Riverside; table a specialty.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish family can accommodate few people; telephone. Stager.

90TH, 312 WEST.—Charming house; select, quiet neighborhood; exceptional table; electricity; telephone; modern; clean and attractive; references. Riverside 3034.

93D, 21 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large, small rooms; phone, S., & "L"; excellent cuisine.

93D, (676 West End Av.)—Elegantly furnished, for two gentlemen seeking home.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; electricity; excellent meals; table board; references.

94TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable rooms, newly renovated; excellent meals; moderate.

100TH, 258 WEST.—Unusually attractive rooms; quiet, carefully kept; private home; best table; $12 to $25.

102D, 250 WEST.—Fine large, small rooms; board; moderate prices; references; 'phone.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Private residence; rooms with baths; accommodations, surroundings, and service unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside Drive, Near Broadway.)—Modern private residence; with every comfort, offering luxurious economy; three large rooms, with private bath; also suite of two rooms; table of liberal excellence.

115TH, Corner Manhattan Av.—The Columbia; pleasant rooms; good meals; every comfort; Christian home; moderate. Telephone 4021 Morningside.

121ST, 122 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private bath; superior board.

149TH, 544 WEST.—Broadway subway; beautiful Riverside nearby; the Audubon; bright rooms; excellent meals; home comforts; $8 up, singly; $14 up, two. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

155TH ST., 553 WEST, (LAFAYETTE INN.)—DELIGHTFUL ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; FINE PORCH; NEAR BROADWAY SUBWAY; RATES REASONABLE.

161ST, 581 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Apartment 63; pleasant home for young man; references.

Accommodations for parties desiring refined surroundings; thorough cleanliness; efficient service; connecting rooms; private bath suite; also smaller rooms; exceptional table; American household; $7 up; references exchanged. Telephone Riverside 1887; 61 West 104th and 112 West 77th.

BROADWAY, 245 West 104th.)—Attractive rooms; southern exposure; excellent board; gentlemen. Jantzen.

PAYING GUESTS wanted; use of motor and chauffeur; references. F 125 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 147.—Beautiful suite and bath; superb in every detail. Tel. 9957 Schuyler.

THE EVELYN LODGE,
Overlooking City, Country, Sea.
Charming Family House of High Standard. Grand location, 20 minutes Manhattan. Lovely rooms, all comforts; excellent chef. Weekly, $10-$16 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 174 WEST 126TH.
7TH AV.—Room, board, special rates; baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient cars.

"THE WOODBURY," 855 Riverside Drive; two blocks north 157th subway; wonderful grounds.

WEST END AV., 916.—Fine home, just opened; every convenience; large parlor, dining room, same floor; excellent cooking; moderate.

WEST END AV., 871.—A real home in refined Jewish family; excellent accommodations; superior home cooking.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th Subway.)—Rooms; board; suite, private bath; Winter reservations; references.

Board Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

Refined woman, librarian, desires medium-sized room with sunny exposure, wholesome meals, in congenial surroundings, between West 140th-150th Sts.; state terms and particulars. Librarian, 321 East 140th St.

Foreign business gentleman, Christian, desires board and room from Oct. 1 with refined family, west side, no boarding house or other boarders; state particulars. X 284 Times Annex.

SUITE ROOMS, private bath, and board with refined private family for couple, four-year child, nurse, west side. A 34 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes room and board with congenial family or boarding house on west side; give particulars. P 400 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; year round. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2141 Yonkers.

Long Island.

THE PINES, HEMPSTEAD, L. I.—
An exclusive country boarding house, with home comforts; attractive surroundings; convenient for commuters; open all year; steam heated; excellent table and service; booklet. Telephone Hempstead 455.

New York State.

Beautiful gentleman's farm; modern improvements; healthy mountain location; 90 miles; $10-$12. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster Co., N. Y.

New Jersey.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITES, single or double, all with private baths; excellent cuisine; four minutes from station; very desirable location; $22 to $32 weekly for two people. The Elmwood, 43 South Walnut St., East Orange.

MONTCLAIR MANOR, MONTCLAIR, N. J.—In beautiful residential section of Montclair, exceptionally attractive accommodations; all conveniences; unexcelled cuisine; 35 mins. N. Y. 27 Hillside Av. Montclair 2977.

Pennsylvania.

Trained nurse owning large, beautiful country place, thoroughly modern, would like elderly people or semi-invalids to board and care for. Address Nurse, X 224 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ADDRESSERS, clerks can make extra money, start Saturday, 1 P. M.; also Sunday work; good pay. Apply Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

ADDRESSERS.—Commercial penmen; easy addresses; good pay; piece work. Apply after 8:30 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

COUPLE to take entire charge private house; two in family; A1 references. 209 West 78th.

EXPERIENCED MODELS.

Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require the services of experienced models for two days for their costume exhibit; must make an attractive appearance and be a perfect 36; good salary. Apply to Superintendent.

GIRLS,
STEADY
EMPLOYMENT.

Those having factory experience preferred; $7 to start; excellent opportunity to advance under piece-work arrangement.

LOOSE-WILES
BISCUIT CO.,
LONG ISLAND CITY,
OPPOSITE 59TH ST. BRIDGE.

GIRLS
TO LEARN PARCEL WRAPPING; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; STEADY POSITIONS AND NO SATURDAY NIGHT WORK.
BARNETT BROS., COL. AV. AND 74TH ST.

GIRL who has had experience in traffic manager's office; must be able to write shorthand and file transportation claims and check freight rates. X 274 Times Annex.

GIRL wanted, telephone instrument. 3,937 Broadway, near 165th St. Kalfaian Bros.

HAIR DRESSER, manicurist, experienced, to assist in the management of high-class establishment. Apply between 10 and 12, Madam Hager, 2,426 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.—Downtown bank requires the services of an experienced stenographer (female) who has a thorough knowledge of English and Spanish; apply, stating age, experience, and general qualifications to "Foreign," Box 184 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted by large import and export house; state fully qualifications, salary desired. G 70 Times.

TRANSLATOR.—Educated lady for correct translations from German to English; two hours daily wanted. F 172 Times.

YOUNG LADY with general knowledge of motion picture exhibiting and executive ability to act as assistant manager. Savoy Theatre, 112 W. 34th St. Call between 12 and 1.

YOUNG WOMEN as attendant nurses in home; no previous experience required. 631 W. 139th St.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SPANISH, GERMAN, ENGLISH STENOGRAPHERS,
Bookkeepers and assistants, refined typists and clerks.
CREDENTIAL AGENCY, 253 Broadway.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

Twenty cents an agate line.

DRESSMAKER, make entire gown, assist fitting; experience high-grade Fifth Av. trade. F 168 Times.

DICTAPHONE and Edison Operator.—Expert desires permanent position; A-1 references; $18.00. A 24 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Managing housekeeper; city or country; young woman; thoroughly experienced all branches of homekeeping; most competent, reliable, neat, honest; excellent references; no laundry; please state salary in reply. F 146 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined young woman desires position as working housekeeper in apartment; understands every detail in housekeeping; excellent references. F 116 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY.—TEN YEARS' BUSINESS TRAINING; KNOWLEDGE BOOKKEEPING, EXECUTIVE ABILITY; ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY. MARK, 460 WEST 149TH.

LADY COMPANION
OR CHAPERONE

Cultured lady, speaking French and German fluently, musical, good reader, desires position as companion to a lady or as chaperone; highest references offered. Address G 47 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d St. 6319 Morningside.

For Sale, Miscellaneous

Forty-five cents an agate line.

For sale—Collection of rare coins, American and foreign. D 271 Times Annex.

Mahogany dining room writing desk, all kinds furniture. Malan, 619 West 137th St.

Business Opportunities.

Fifty cents an agate line.

ACTIVE ASSOCIATE DESIRED in prosperous publishing concern; young man preferred, to enter sales department and learn business which is of a most dignified and high-grade character; $25,000 capital and best of references required; salary in proportion to services rendered. F 115 Times.

MY MONEY AND SERVICES ADVANCED TO ANY YOUNG WHOLESALE SALESMAN OR JOBBER WHO THINKS HE CAN MAKE GOOD IN BUSINESS FOR HIMSELF; STATE ENTIRE CASE. BOX P 314 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Patents secured, trademarks registered; protect your ideas; ask Washington office for free books and list of inventions wanted; advice free. Richard B. Owen, 165 Owen Bldg., Washington, D. C. New York Office, Woolworth Bldg. Phone Barclay 7394.

YOUNG MAN, 23, SOME CAPITAL, WISHES CONNECTION WITH GROWING FIRM. F 198 TIMES.

Loan $750 wanted; young man in business; bonus and interest. W., 354 Broadway.

Public Notices.

Fifty cents an agate line.

CERTIFICATE.—Navy Department, September 5, 1916. In compliance with the Act of Congress, approved June 30, 1876, I hereby certify that the needs of the public service make it necessary to increase at this time the force at the Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., for the prosecution of the work of repairs on hand and for other purposes.
Acting Secretary of the Navy,
W. S. BENSON.

LOST AND FOUND

Fifty cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Wednesday, lady's pocketbook, containing large sum of money, diary, visiting cards, and snapshots, between 42d and Madison Av. and 41st and 5th Av; liberal reward. Phone Croton 39 R.

LOST.—On Aug. 28, 1916, certified check drawn on the Central Trust Company for $5,587.50; payment stopped. Kindly return to Sternberger, Sinn & Co., 42 Broadway, N. Y. C.

LOST.—On Saturday, Sept. 9, 1916, gold cigarette case, initials J. F. L., on outside and full name on inside. Reward for return. 5th floor, 100 Broadway.

LOST.—Bank book No. 229,731, the New York Savings Bank; payment stopped; please return to bank, 81 8th Av.

LOST.—Black grip on train leaving Woodmere, L. I., 6:13, Wednesday evening; initials A. R.; suitable reward. Telephone Stuyvesant 627. A. R.

LOST.—Pocketbook containing nurse's pin and money; kindly return; reward. F 199 Times.

LOST.—GOLD WRIST WATCH, SUBWAY, FRIDAY; REWARD. P 391 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

$200 REWARD.—Return diamond and platinum ring; 1 large diamond, 6 small diamonds, lost Sept. 5, between White Plains and Greenwich, Conn. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St., N. Y. C.

HELP WANTED, MALE

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ADDRESSERS.—Clerks can make extra money, start Saturday, 1 P. M.; also Sunday work; good pay. Apply Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

ADDRESSERS, COMMERCIAL PENMEN; EASY ADDRESSES, GOOD PAY; PIECE WORK. APPLY AFTER 8:30 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

BILL CHECKER for purchasing department, experienced in checking bills for metals, metal parts, hardware, &c., not under 23, for plant 25 miles from New York; state age, education, experience, and salary expected, under "Checker," X 264 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; male or female. Nathan Finkel & Sons, Lumber, 255 2d St., Elizabeth, N. J.

BOILER MAKERS.—Six, first class, at once; new ship work. Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation, Quincy, Mass.

BOY.—Opportunity with advancement for boy in publishing business, errands and office; must have first-class references, grammar school education, and live with parents. Apply by letter only, giving age and facts, to T. & C., 8 West 40th St.

BOY, American, in office of steel concern; high school graduate preferred; references required. Apply by letter to Steel House, P. O. Box 837, New York City.

BOY in law office; experience unnecessary; answer own handwriting, stating age, nationality, references and what education. P 377 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted, bright, ambitious office boy, at least two years' high school training, for the office of a growing manufacturing concern. G 63 Times.

BOY, order clerk assistant; must be bright, energetic, and ambitious; reply in own hand. G 74 Times.

BOYS wanted for stock keeping and errands. Marcus Millinery Co., 25 W. 45th St.

BOY wanted for errands; $4.50 per week. Apply 51 Beekman St.

BRIGHT MAN wanted, with executive ability and knowledge of refrigerating machine operation, (electricity.) S. E. Jacobs, 30 East 42d.

CRANEMEN
to operate Bay City crane. H. Koppers Co., Jersey City, N. J. Telephone Jersey City 4126. Plant located on the Hackensack River, near Newark Turnpike.

DRAFTSMAN.—Young man, with about two to three years' experience on structural work; good opportunity for reliable, neat worker. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, to "Draftsman," P. O. Box V, Plainfield, N. J.

DRIVERS AND HELPERS WANTED.
Young men, 21 years of age or over, required as drivers or helpers on express wagons. Apply 8:30 A. M. to noon, Adams Express Company, Wagon Service Dept., 30 Trinity Place, N. Y. C.

ENGINEERS.—Five experienced locomotive engineers wanted for out of town; give age, past experience, and references. P 320 Times Downtown.

FURNITURE
SALESMAN.
Must be thoroughly experienced, and accustomed to high-class trade. Apply Superintendent's office, James McCreery & Co., 35th St. entrance.

HIGH CLASS MEN, capable of handling mining stock; must show record; experience not necessary; permanent connection to hustlers; commission until worth is proven. F. Keith, Room 46, 45 Broadway, N. Y. C.

LEDGER CLERK.—Young man wanted for ledger clerk; must be good at figures; position until November first; wages $16. Geo. W. Elliott, Sea Bright, N. J.

MAN ABLE TO MANAGE LADIES' AND MISSES' READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING STORE; CORRESPONDENCE STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; PHONE FOR APPOINTMENT. McLAIN, 47 WEST 34TH ST. GREELEY 6207.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN wanted, with experience on medium and small mechanisms, who is competent to make layouts from rough sketches. Address, giving age, experience, and salary expected, F. M., Box 250 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Must be neat, willing and accurate; $5 a week; good opportunity to become familiar with office routine, mimeograph and switchboard. Address own hand writing Box P 340 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Good, bright office boy for high-class law office; wages $5, with chance of increase; address in your own handwriting. P 385 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS.—$5 per week; insurance company. P 358 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN.—Thoroughly experienced; capable auditing accounts; splendid opportunity for advancement; state age, references, salary expected. P 319 Times Downtown.

PACKER.—Assistant shipping clerk. Apply after 9, Babcock's Perfumers, 116 West 14th.

REPRESENTATIVE Wanted.—Honest man, with good connections, not afraid to work, to solicit insurance for reliable insurance brokerage office; salary and commission; state references. Address Bonafide, L 265 Times Downtown.

RUG SALESMEN.
Must be experienced and accustomed to high-class trade. Apply Superintendent's office, James McCreery & Co., 35th Street entrance.

SALESMEN
for
MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Only those who have had experience in high-grade clothing business need apply. Superintendent's office, eighth floor, James McCreery & Co., 35th St. entrance.

SALESMEN.—MOTOR TRUCK.
FINE PROPOSITION FOR FOUR EXPERIENCED SALESMEN; COMMISSION BASIS. BURFORD & CO., LTD., 1,874 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN.—Wanted for Middle West and Southern States, who are familiar throughout this territory with men's clothing and hat trade; must be of unquestionable ability, and able to show results with a line of popular priced men's Panama hats; liberal commission and advances made to right parties. Address Box P 348 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN between 25 and 35 years of age; well educated, clean cut; must have good references; exceptional opportunity for aggressive young man; advance against commission. J 40 Times.

SALESMAN (stock) wanted, 20-year-old, Newark industrial; swamped with orders; exceptional dividends; leads; sells itself; commission. Phone 3202 Broad.

SALESMAN.—Also resident district agents by electric sign manufacturer; liberal commission. Alfred Tahl, 2 Stone Street.

SALESMAN to sell dividend paying stock in going profitable corporation; commission basis. Write F 137 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—One who can make bales; woolen house. G 65 Times.

SPANISH-ENGLISH CLERK FOR EXPORT BUSINESS.
Knowing invoicing and correspondence, general office work; $16 to start; give full particulars. P 277 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, wanted by large import and export house; state fully qualifications, salary desired. G 71 Times.

STOCK RUNNER.—Two boys wanted with Street experience and knowledge of stock business; advancement as services warrant. Call today at 12:30, Markoe, Morgan & Co., 120 Broadway.

TIME CLERK.—Young man for time clerk in large organization; night work; state age, experience, and salary expected. X 278 Times Annex.

TREE TRIMMERS, experienced, wanted; state experience; must be good climbers. X 269 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted, (age 18-19,) conversant with typewriting and stenography, who is willing to do clerical work in office as well; wages, $12 to start. L 264 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, used to light shipping and delivery; splendid chance to learn salesmanship; to start, $6; bond required. Apply Elliott Co., 299 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, (20-22,) experienced in stock broker's office; no others need apply; state experience and salary. L 267 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLLEGE-BRED MEN.
Solicitors and office positions.
Live, Wide Awake Clerks.
Stenographers, $18 to $25.
Credential Agency, 253 Broadway.

PORTUGUESE, assistant invoice clerk, $15; SPANISH and ENGLISH stenographer, $25. Office Service Agency, 149 Broadway.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

LEARN TO FLY.—Write for circular. Eastern School of Aviation, 1,251 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

Twenty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances and audits $5.00 monthly upward; books opened, closed, systematized; investigations, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT, cashier, 29, university graduate, accustomed to managing large office, preparing financial statements; bonded, highest references. A 16 Times.

ARTIST.—Designing, pictorial, commercial, desires position. Paul Holt, 21 East 14th St.

ATTENDANT, &c.—Useful, house, grounds, attendant, messenger, watchman; private family, city, country; capable, reliable American, 50; neat, healthy, temperate; experience, references; moderate wages. "New Englander," P 353 Times Downtown.

BIG MAN (39)
DESIRES BIG POSITION.
Twenty years' successful specialty selling experience, (mostly to jobbers;) best possible standing with jobbers' buyers in drugs, jewelry, and stationery from coast to coast; prefer local work; will consider traveling; proven record; best references. Address P. O. Box 1,555, New York City, for interview.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Thoroughly experienced; can adapt himself immediately to any line of business. P 361 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) seeks position; accurate, and good penman; $15. P 352 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, VALET.—Written and personal recommendations; country, city; capable; $60. A 33 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. Write J. Rupp, care Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4656.

CHAUFFEUR, machinist, Danish, wants position; 4 years' experience Packard, Palmer, Singer, Peerless; good mechanic; first-class reference; $25 week. Write Sandgren, 605 57th St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—12 years' experience, drive any car; thorough mechanic; excellent references. P. J. Tozer, 1,926 Walton Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, Scotch-American, 35; evenings, Saturday afternoons, Sundays; moderate. P. M., Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, wants position. M., 241 West 68th St.

CREDIT MAN, (26;) five years' experience as credit investigator, four years with large bank, desires to connect with bank or commercial house. P 279 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE STUDENT wants position of school boy; has considerable experience in cooking and butler's work. Apply by letter only, Motoda, 330 East 57th St., city.

OFFICE ATTENDANT, messenger, watchman; capable, reliable American, 50; neat, healthy; city, country; references; moderate wages. "New Englander," P 354 Times Downtown.

OVERSEER OR CARETAKER.—Position wanted for gentleman's country place; references the very best. Address A. R. N., P. O. Box 313, Red Bank, N. J.

SALESMAN, with considerable experience and exceptionally good references, desires position to travel in city on commission basis; full particulars required. F 197 Times.

SECRETARY or COMPANION.—Young gentleman of refinement desires position as secretary or companion; traveled extensively; able to speak English, French, Italian; excellent references. F 131 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Twelve years' experience; excellent reference. R. S., 249 Vine St., Elizabeth, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, office assistant, will do anything; $12 to start; P 397 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, well educated, seven years' banking experience, one year law school, speaks several European languages, wishes position as cashier or private secretary. A 9 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) architectural student, steady hand at drawing, wishes position in architect's or draftsman's office. F 193 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, educated, five years' business experience, desires position. A 29 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, educated, experienced, energetic office assistant, desires position. A 30 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) selling and office ability, desires permanent position. A 3 Times.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

BAPTIST.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, West 57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs. THE CHURCH WITH THE OPEN DOOR. Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP, Pastor, will preach, morning at 11, evening at 8. Monday at 8 P. M., Prayer and Praise Service. EVERYBODY WELCOME.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH. During erection of their new building worshipping in Swedish Methodist Church, 89th St., between Amsterdam and Columbus Avs. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor, will preach. Subjects:
11—"The Motive of the Christian Life."
8—"Sowing Wild Oats."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D., Rev. E. Herbert Dutton, } Ministers
Dr. Woelfkin will preach at 11. No evening service.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST. C. A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR.
11 A. M.—"The House with Rock Foundation."
8 P. M.—"Heaven and Hell—Where and What Are They?"
Union Bible Class, 9:45. Rev. C. F. Hall, Ldr.

MT. MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, Fifth Avenue, near 127th Street. JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"The Truth of God."
8 P. M.—The Remaking of the Soul."

WASHINGTON HGTS. BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av. Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D. 11 A. M.—"Is God Gruff?"

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. & Madison Ave.
Fourth Church, Ft. Washington Ave. & 178th.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Concert Hall, 34 W. 43d.
Sixth Church, 1931 Washington Ave., Bronx.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM. NEW CHURCH, (Swedenborgian,) 35th St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs. The Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor, preaches. Subject: "The Present Mad Love for Power and Dominion."

CONGREGATIONAL.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, BROADWAY AND 56TH STREET. Pastor, Dr. Jefferson, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Subject, 11 A. M.—"The Church and Labor."

MANHATTAN, Broadway, 76th St. Rev. H. A. STIMSON, D. D., will preach 11 A. M.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST—CHRISTIAN.

CENTRAL 10, Bible School. 11, Sermon. CHRISTIAN Dr. Finis Idleman, 142 W. 81. CHURCH. Welcome to Visitors.

DIVINE SCIENCE.

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE, College Room, Hotel Astor, Rev. W. John Murray, Pastor.—Mrs. Sophia Van Marter Sunday, at 11. Subject: "The Boomerang."

JEWISH.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, Fifth Av. and 43d St. Saturday, 10:30 A. M., Dr. ENELOW on "Through Nature to Faith." Daily noon service, 12:30. All are welcome.

LUTHERAN.

CHURCH Broadway & 93d St., Rev. OF THE ADVENT, WM. M. HORN, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, 65th Street and Central Park West, Rev. CHARLES J. SMITH, D. D., Pastor, Preaches 11 A. M.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d St. Dr. Remensnyder; service 11 A. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

MADISON AVE. CHURCH, 60th St. 11 A. M., Rev. WORTH M. TIPPY, D. D. 8 P. M., Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN. 7 P. M., Epworth League—Mr. JOSEPH JAMSON.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 7th Av. and 14th St.—Rev. C. C. MARSHALL at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M. "High Living"; Motion Picture-Auto Trip Through the Rockies.

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

ST. ANDREW'S, W. 76th St.. East of B'way. FRED WINSLOW ADAMS, Minister. At 11 A. M., "The Unpardonable Sin."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, 86th Street and West End Avenue. Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"An Apostolic Message."
8 P. M.—"Goodness and Religion."

UNION METHODIST CHURCH. "The Friendly Church." 48th St., west of Broadway. Rev. T. BASIL YOUNG, Pastor.
A. M.—Consecrated Talents.
P. M.—Christus Dominus.

NEW THOUGHT.

HOME OF TRUTH, 147 West 73d Street. Sunday, 11 A. M. Healing meetings, Friday, 8 P. M. Reading room open daily.

SECOND CHURCH OF SILENT DEMAND, Hotel Claridge, (Broadway and 44th St.) THEODORE G. NORTHRUP of Chicago will speak at 11 o'clock A. M. Silence Meeting 10:30. Subject: "THAT SOMETHING." Come and hear this Business Man.

SIXTH CYCLE MESSAGE. Ralph M. de Bit, 218 Madison Av., cor. 36th. Sunday, 11 and 8. All welcome.

UNITY SOCIETY, 28 West 72d St. Speaker, Sunday, at 11, Francis E. Shober. Subject: "The Three Fs."

PRESBYTERIAN.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 114th St. and Broadway. WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 57th St. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D.D., Pastor. 11 A. M., DR. MERLE-SMITH will preach.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St. Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor. Church closed for repairs. Services next Sunday.

FT. GEORGE, 185th, E. of St. Nicholas Av. Rev. LYMAN R. HARTLEY, M. A., 8 P. M. Graded Bible School at 3 P. M.

FORT WASHINGTON, 174th St. at Broadway. DR. MARTIN, AT 11 AND 8.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St. EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor. 11—Dr. Work will preach.

HARLEM-NEW YORK, 11 and 8. 122d Street & Mt. Morris Park West. Rev. GEO. W. ARMS.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d Street, Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor. Rev. W. B. JENNINGS, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

NORTHMINSTER, 141 West 115th St. Rev. Arthur H. Limouze, Minister, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SUPREMACY IN TRAVEL ADVERTISING

In eight months of 1916 The New York Times published 453,782 lines of Resort, Railroad, Steamship and other Travel advertising—a greater volume than any other New York morning newspaper.

The New York Times, with its average net paid daily and Sunday sale exceeding one-third of a million copies, is read by the greater portion of the army that travels—by more people of means than can be reached through any other New York newspaper.

PRESBYTERIAN.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 155th St., Bet. B'way and Amsterdam Av. Rev. John R. Mackay, D. D., LL. D., Minister. Rev. Chas. N. Van Houten, LL. B., Asst. Minister.
11 A. M.—"Knowing God."
8 P. M.—"Burdens."

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d St. Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., Pastor, REV. E. D. McDOUGALL, D. D., will preach, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AVENUE, cor. 141st St., Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D., Minister. Preaching 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Ministers: { William Pierson Merrill, Frank Latimer Janeway. The Rev. ALBERT PARKER FITCH, D. D., will preach at 11 o'clock: "The Loneliness of Human Life." NOON SERVICE EVERY WEEKDAY (except Saturday), 12:30-12:50.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. 10th St. Rev. George Alexander, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Av., cor. 105th St. A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., preaches 11 and 8.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D. } Pastors. Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D. } Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 11 A. M. Dr. EVANS at 8 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Canon Nelson.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Charles B. Ackley. Daily service, 7:30 A. M.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St., Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.—Services 8, 9:45, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Preachers, Right Rev. A. S. Lloyd, 11 A. M.; the Very Rev. J. R. Atkinson, 8 P. M. Full choir present.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, Trinity Parish, Broadway and 155th Street. Rev. M. H. Gates, D. D., Vicar. 8 A. M., 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St.—Low Masses, 7:30, 9. High Mass and Sermon (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.), 10:45. Evensong at 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.—11 A. M., Service and Sermon.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 20th Street and 6th Avenue.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. W. L. Kinsolving.
Daily Noon Day Service, 12:30 P. M. Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St. Rev. H. C. ROBBINS, D. D., Rector. 11, Morning Prayer, Sermon, Rev. E. M. H. Knapp. 4, Evening Prayer.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th Street. Rector, Rev. Henry Lubeck, D. C. L.
Holy Communion.......... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer:
Preacher, the Rector.......... 11 A. M.
Evensong:
Preacher, Rev. Fred'k Burgess, Jr... 8 P. M.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, Rector. Services 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. BISHOP BRENT will preach at 11 and 8.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Avenue and 44th Street. The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.

ST. IGNATIUS'S, West End Av. & 87th St. REV. MAXWELL GANTER, Rector. Sundays: Mass at 7, 8, and 11. Vespers at 4. Weekdays: Mass at 7. Holy Days and Fridays, 7 and 10.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, Madison Ave. and 71st St. Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector
8. Holy Communion.
11. Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector).
4. Eve. Prayer & Sermon (Rev. P. A. Easley).

St. Luke's Church, Convent Av. and 141st St. Rev. G. Ashton Oldham, Rector. Services, 8, 11, 8. Preacher, the Rector.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. & 53d St. Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector. 8; 11, Rev. WILBUR L. CASWELL.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services:
7 and 9 A. M., Holy Communion.
10:30 A. M., Morning Prayer.
11 A. M., Holy Communion and Sermon.
3:30 P. M., Evensong.
Weekday Services:
7:30, 9 A. M., 3 P. M.
Short service for business people daily except Saturday at 12 M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

REFORMED.

HAMILTON GRANGE, Convent Av. and W. 149th St., near Amsterdam Av. PAUL SEIBERT LEINBACH, D.D., Minister.
11 A. M.—OPENED WINDOWS.
8 P. M.—AN HONORABLE SURRENDER.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Avenue and 123d St. Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Ave. and 7th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister. Rev. Henry A. Bilkert will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Ave. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister. Rev. PETER H. MILLIKEN, D.D., will preach
11 A. M.—"The Vine and the Branches."
8 P. M.—"The Two Sons."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Ave. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAS. MACLEOD, D. D., Minister. Rev. Charles Reynolds Brown, D. D., of New Haven, Conn., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Ave. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister. Rev. William I. Chamberlain, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M.

THE FORT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE CHURCH, Fort Washington Ave. and 181st St. Rev. Ford C. Ottman of Stamford, Conn., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings, 11 o'clock, 30 Gramercy Park, Manhattan, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

SPIRITUALIST.

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION, (Spiritual Science,) 20 West 91st St., Rose Levere, LL. B., Leader.—Sundays, 11 A. M., 3 and 8 P. M., W. J. Colville, speaker. Morning subject, "After the War, What?" Psychic Demonstrations afternoon and evening.

UNIVERSALIST.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th St. Service resumed at 11 A. M. after Vacation. The Pastor, FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., in the pulpit. Subject: THE GOSPEL FOR THE AGE WE LIVE IN.

OTHER SERVICES.

CLOSING RALLIES, TENT EVANGEL, W. 125th and Manhattan Sts. Sunday, 3:30 & 8. Mon. & Tues. at 8 P. M. SUNDAY AND TUESDAY, CHAPMAN & ALEXANDER.

GREAT MASS MEETING. Mon., 8 P. M.—Service in behalf of Armenian sufferers. Speakers: EX-AMBASSADOR MORGENTHAU, DR. CONSTANTINE, G. W. McPHERSON.

DOYERS STREET. 5-7, Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre. Great Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M. T. J. NOONAN, Supt.

Dr. A. A. LINDSAY LECTURING, Hotel Majestic, Sunday and Tuesday, 8 P. M., "CUPID AND PSYCHE," "THE WILL." Large audiences are hearing the PSYCHOLOGIST.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av.; Reverend A. P. Simpson, Pastor; 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M., preaching by the Pastor.

BROOKLYN

PRESBYTERIAN.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner of South Oxford Street. Dr. Albertson preaches at 10:30 and 7:45. Morning—Holy Communion. Evening—Special Musical Service. The quartet will sing selections from Rossini's "Stabat Mater."

UNITARIAN.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn, 2 blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station. Rev. John Howland Lathrop. Service at 11.

PARALYSIS CASES GAIN FOR THE DAY

Health Officials, However, Do Not Consider Increase of Ten Occasion for Alarm.

COLLECT RATS FOR TESTS

The Animals Caught in Infected Districts Used in Investigating Theory About Fleas.

Record of the Disease in the City.

	Deaths.		New Cases.	
Borough.	Thursday.	Yesterday.	Thursday.	Yesterday.
Manhattan..	9	6	19	23
Brooklyn....	1	1	7	3
Bronx.......	..	1	6	8
Queens......	1	2	4	7
Richmond ..	..	..	..	..
Total....	11	10	36	41

Total of deaths to date..........2,159
Total of new cases to date..........8,691

In spite of the fact that the number of new cases reported to the Health Department yesterday showed an increase of six over the total for Thursday, health officials in this city were still positive that the epidemic of infantile paralysis was rapidly nearing its end.

While he could not account for the rise of cases from thirty-one to forty-one, Dr. John S. Billings, Deputy Health Commissioner, declared that there was no need of alarm.

"The epidemic is practically over in Brooklyn and Richmond," Dr. Billings added, "and it is coming to an end in Manhattan, the Bronx and Queens. Twenty-four cases in Manhattan seem like a lot compared with only three in Brooklyn, but you will recall that it was not so long ago that Brooklyn was reporting daily a great many more cases than that, but we knew that the disease was dying out there."

The theory announced by Health Commissioner Emerson, Thursday, that rat fleas may have been active agents in the transmission of poliomyelitis is being thoroughly tried out at the City Laboratories at the foot of Sixteenth Street. This was stated yesterday by Dr. Anna Williams, Assistant Director of the institution, who spoke in the absence of Director Dr. William H. Park.

"Rats are collected from infected premises," said Dr. Williams, "and taken to the laboratories where the fleas are combed off them. Monkeys are subjected to experiments with these same fleas."

Professor C. T. Brues of Harvard University, who came to the city to study the problem of a carrier of the epidemic from an entomological point of view, said he was now studying the flea theory, and he hoped in a short while to be able to announce results.

Deputy Commissioner Billings said he had been collecting rats and mice for the Rockefeller Institute ever since the outbreak of the epidemic. The animals, he said, came from the infected region along the Gowanus Canal. At the Rockefeller Institute all queries were met with the reply that in the absence of the Director, Dr. Simon Flexner, no comment of any sort could be made on the report that the Institute was experimenting along the lines of the rat flea theory.

The Department of Health gave out last night a letter from Dr. Philip Suffin of 1,412 Charlotte Street, who said that newspapers in printing the Health Department's record of the new cases for one day last month had said that his daughter had been ill at his home, giving his office address on Charlotte Street as the place. This was a mistake, Dr. Suffin said, as his child had not even been near his home while ill, having been stricken in New Jersey and removed at once to the hospital.

Thirty-three more cases of infantile paralysis were reported to the New Jersey State Department of Health yesterday. This was an increase of two over Thursday. They were distributed as follows:

Upper Penn's Neck Township and Burlington, 3 each; Ocean City, Newark, West Orange, Cranbury Township, Pompton Township, Rahway, and Long Branch, 2 each; Atlantic City, Woodbridge, Chester Township, Burlington, Camden, Merchantville, Deerfield Township, Jersey City, Monroe Township, New Brunswick, Perth Amboy, Belmar, Dover, Salem, Penn's Grove, Elizabeth, Linden Township, and Plainfield, 1 each.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Reports of forty-three cases of infantile paralysis and six deaths in the State outside of New York City reached the Health Department in the twenty-four hours ended at 5 o'clock this afternoon. These showed a decrease of eleven cases and two deaths as compared with yesterday's figures. Totals since the inception of the epidemic now stand: Cases, 2,828; fatalities, 302.

Deaths were reported today from Syracuse and Cicero, Onondaga County; Edwards and Fowler, St. Lawrence County; Warwick, Orange County, and Sullivan, Madison County. Reports of new cases were received from the following counties: Onondaga, nine; St. Lawrence and Nassau, five each; Suffolk and Westchester, three each; Madison, Warren, Oswego, Chemung and Jefferson, two each; Cortland, Oneida, Rockland, Sullivan, Rensselaer, Orange, Cayuga and Albany, one each.

NEW CASES AND DEATHS.

Names and Addresses of the Latest Victims of Paralysis.

The following names and addresses of new cases of infantile paralysis and of deaths in the city were made public by the Health Department yesterday:

NEW CASES—MANHATTAN.
Mary Carbo, 20 Morton St.
George Kamber, 210 E. 25th St.
Max Thoen, 270 E. 4th St.
Margaret Malone, 240 W. 20th St.
Adolph Hans, 430 E. 73d St.
Gertrude Cohen, 158 Manhattan Av.
Carl Habchloman, 814 Amsterdam Av.
Helen Cannon, 132 W. 67th St.
Ella Goldstein, 161 E. 110th St.
Walter Forman, 51 Lenox Av.
Rose Abbemi, 355 E. 76th St.
Helen Hilfon, 542 E. 89th St.
C. Labri, 149 W. 4th St.
Jennie Kopa, 640 E. 14th St.
William Clark, 364 2d Av.
Con. Consall, 218 W. 35th St.
Albert Freph, 356 W. 49th St.
Dorothy Prenp, 158 W. 98th St.
Vincent Baumhater, 150 W. 62d St.
Elizabeth Cunningham, 401 W. 52d St.
Rose Scheartz, 316 W. 118th St.
Carl Gylbenstar, 2,164 8th Av.
Mary Donfort, 104 Sullivan St.
Mary Heitman, 1,438 1st Av.

DEATHS—MANHATTAN.
Olga Labonore, 439 E. 19th St.
Ruth Vogel, 438 E. 86th St.
Dorothy Brent, 158 W. 98th St.
Helen Payton, 456 W. 56th St.
Margaret Brennan, 2,115 8th Av.
Joseph Annunziatto, 2,149 2d Av.

NEW CASES—BRONX.
Robert Dugan, 499 East 188th St.
Lulu Gram, 3,106 3d Av.
Zirilligy Gay, 2,159 Belmont Av.
Harry Rausch, 559 Southern Boulevard.
Helen Austin, 2,055 Prospect Av.
Raymond Reinberg, 521 East 146th St.
Helen Graham, 1,405 Parker St.
George Goodwin, 178 Willis Av.

DEATHS—BRONX.
George Goodwin, 178 Willis Av.

NEW CASES—BROOKLYN.
Lola Leroy, 4 Sheridan Walk, Coney Island.
Margaret Foster, 209 Dean St.
—— Schlessner, 1,565 St. Mark's Av.

DEATHS—BROOKLYN.
Jerome Schilt, 312 Bainbridge St.

NEW CASES—QUEENS.
William Prince, Sella Av., Bayside.
William Kaczlarek, 51 Warren St., Elmhurst.
Melvin Cellette, 1,416 Gerady Av., Woodhaven.
Eda Hewett, 91 Remington Av., Jamaica.
Francis Walz, 372 11th Av., Astoria.
Ruth Kuchmer, 52 S. Junction Av., Corona.
Benjamin Hut, 52 S. Palase Av., Rockaway Beach.

DEATHS—QUEENS.
William Kaczlarck, 51 Warren St., Elmhurst.
Louise Hennime, 60 Halsey St., Astoria.

Several arrests were made yesterday of persons accused of selling fake cures for the disease. In one case a fine was imposed for breaking quarantine rules in Jersey City.

REFUSES TO FREE ILL CHILD.

Brooklyn Justice Rules Against Mother of Paralysis Sufferer.

Justice Kelby, in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, yesterday dismissed the writ of habeas corpus sued out on behalf of Lester Zimmerman, 2 years of age, of 276 Stockton Street, Brooklyn, whose mother declared that he was being detained at the Kingston Avenue Hospital as a sufferer from infantile paralysis when, in her opinion, he was the victim of an ordinary stomach ailment.

Dr. Joseph C. Regan, assistant resident physician at the hospital, testified that Lester had abortive poliomyelitis, one of the types of infantile paralysis, and that, although he was recovering, there would still be danger of contagion if he were permitted to leave the hospital.

"In the exercise of ordinary common sense," said Justice Kelby, "I would not think of interfering with the public officials who are endeavoring to prevent the spread of this terrible disease. I think they have done much good. I hereby dismiss the writ."

RAINEY AIDS SUFFERERS.

Big Game Hunter Gives $500 to Children's Brace Fund.

Paul J. Raimey, the big game hunter, gave $500 yesterday to the Health Department Brace Fund for Crippled Children. The day's contributions were $968.65, which brings the fund's total up to $37,737.91. The contributors were: Paul J. Rainey, $500; Frances M. Weld, $200; Anonymous, $195.24; The New York Times, $20; The Globe, $13.41; Baby George, $10; Anonymous, $5.

The New York Times yesterday received $70.75 for the fund for toys and braces for crippled children. The contributors were:

Edwin Harvey, Jr., $25; J. Schullinger, $10; proceeds of a play given by Isabel Rockwell, Frances Martin, Katherine Bush, Emily Rockwell, Janet Bush, Janet Rockwell, and Edmund Stoddard, $8.35; proceeds of a fair given by Vernon Latient, Caroline Power, Nancy Carroll, and Mary Shiras, $6.45; M. W. Feingold, Jr., Master Julian Rosheim, and Gussie Arnsfield, $5 each; savings of a Sunday school class at the Palisades Hotel, Brant Lake, Horicon, N. Y., composed of Billy Craig, Lucy Monroe, Josephine Francis, Ethelyn Carbrey, Cesil Hanahan, Isabelle Van Pelt, and Mary Schmidt, $3.60; "children of the Old Orchard Inn," $2.35.

A. W. GREEN'S GRANDSON ILL.

Three Others Quarantined at Home of National Biscuit Co. Head.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Sept. 15.—The first case of infantile paralysis to develop in a wealthy family here was discovered today. The patient is Arthur, the 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Carrott of Otter Rock Drive and grandson of Adolphus W. Green, President of the National Biscuit Company. He has been quarantined in the Carrott home.

The three younger children of the family are under quarantine in their grandfather's home in the Bellehaven district.

There have been thirty-one cases of infantile paralysis thus far in Greenwich, four of which have resulted fatally.

FORD TO AID CRIPPLES.

Detroit Fund for Paralysis Victims to be Countrywide.

WELLESLEY, Mass., Sept. 15.—Announcement that a large fund has been set aside by the Ford Motor Company to be devoted to the treatment of crippled children throughout the country who are in need of orthopedic or surgical care was made today by Rev. Samuel E. Marquis, head of the Ford educational department, speaking at a conference of business men here.

He said a fund originally had been created for the use of crippled in the families of the employes of the concern. Because of its limitations, however, another fund had been provided for, he said, to be devoted to children throughout the country.

BOLT HITS POWDER PLANT.

One Man Killed and Eight Hurt in du Pont Cap Works.

POMPTON LAKES, N. J., Sept. 15.—Lightning struck the fulminate building of the Pompton Lakes Metallic Cap Works of the Du Pont Powder Company this afternoon and killed a workman and injured eight. Neither the name of the man killed nor those of the injured were given out.

The lightning caused an explosion, and the fire that followed was put out by the company's firemen.

IN NEW JERSEY.

BAYONNE.—Adam Sadusky, a shoemaker of 61 East Twenty-first Street, was prostrated yesterday when he realized that he had paid $1,600 for a satchel of jewelry not worth $100. Three men sold it to him as a bargain, telling him that it was worth $5,000.

ORANGE.—George M. La Monte, Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, yesterday sent out notices to depositors and other creditors of the Mutual Trust Company, telling them to present all claims before Dec. 16.

ORANGE.—Mrs. Albert G. Ackerman of 96 Norman Street yesterday recovered two of three diamond rings that were recently thrown into the waste basket. They were found in the waste paper bag of the local scavenger.

KEARNY.—An unidentified man, about 55 years old and weighing about 180 pounds, jumped into the Passaic River yesterday and was drowned. His body was sent to Condon's morgue at Harrison.

SUMMIT.—The strikes at the Summit Silk Mill have settled their grievances, and will return to work on Monday. They will receive the same pay as before the strike, but have an understanding that the future scale will depend on that adopted by the Manufacturers' Association of Paterson.

FREEHOLD.—Twenty-four hours after pleading non vult to the charge of shooting a woman, Karl Rohrman, a toymaker, attempted suicide on Thursday night in the county jail by cutting his wrists with a razor.

TRENTON.—The Supreme Court yesterday, holding that there was a vacancy in the Democratic Assembly ticket in Hudson County, directed that County Clerk McGovern accept and file the nominating petition of Assemblyman Harry Kuhlke.

WAR TIME IN HOTELS. Gertrude Atherton tells of her experience at Bar-le-Duc in The New York Times tomorrow. Order today.—Advt.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Read the Interesting Advertisement of
Truly Warner
"Famous Boulevard Styles"
On Page 12—Sporting Page

16-INCH GUN MAKES GOOD.

Shell Smashes Armor, Pierces Sand Bank, and Wrecks House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Word reached Washington today that a sixteen-inch solid steel shell, said to be the first ever fired from a naval gun of that calibre, went through a plate of armor and a thick sand backing at the Naval Proving Grounds at Indian Head, Md., on the Potomac River about thirty miles from Washington, and struck the house of an employe of the Government some distance away, inflicting considerable damage. Mrs. William D. Swann and her two children, who were in the house, had a narrow escape. They were uninjured. An interesting feature of the affair was that Mrs. Swann's husband, a rigger at the Proving Grounds, assisted in firing the gun.

To ordnance officers the test has great importance as showing the tremendous power of the new naval gun, the largest in the world for naval purposes. Up to this the fifteen-inch guns used on the British dreadnoughts of the Queen Elizabeth class have been the largest on any warship. The shell was fired with a small charge of explosive. The thickness of the armor through which the shell went is not disclosed, but it was said that with a full charge the shell could have penetrated from five to ten inches of armor at a distance of 20,000 yards. The shell weighed 2,100 pounds.

Mrs. Swann was preparing the midday meal and had gone from the kitchen to the dining room a few minutes before the shell struck the house. With her were her two children—Gladys, 18, and Essie, 4. Gladys was about to open the door from the dining-room to the kitchen when the shell struck. It ploughed through the kitchen and demolished the porch outside, falling a few feet from the porch steps. Gladys Swann, who made an immediate inspection, found the shell was red hot.

The sixteen-inch gun which was being tested was fired from the usual place in the Proving Grounds, a sheltered valley removed from the dwellings of the officers and employes. Occasionally shells have penetrated armor plate and backing, but have spent their strength in the flats of the nearby river. It was said that no other instance had occurred where a shell had been deflected in the direction of any dwelling.

OLD TIMES MESSENGER DIES

Shepherd Harris Served in Washington Bureau for 47 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Shepherd A. Harris, colored, for forty-seven years the messenger of the Washington bureau of The New York Times, died here today at his home, 995 Florida Avenue, Northwest. He had been ailing for some time, but his death was unexpected. His wife survives him.

Shepherd Harris, or "Shep," as he was known to a host of Government officials and newspaper correspondents, was born in Edenton, N. C., and as a boy of 12 in the last year of the civil war became an attendant to Captain Williams of the Eleventh Pennsylvania Cavalry at Suffolk, Va. Captain Williams took him to Philadelphia. He remained with the Williams family until early in 1869, when he came to Washington. In April of that year, about two months after coming to the capital, he became messenger in The Times bureau, the position he held up to the time of his death. He had opportunities for employment in the Government service, but was proud of his connection with The Times and declined to make a change.

Daily visits to the departments of the Government brought him in contact with officials, and he had a larger acquaintance among them than most men in Washington. Funeral services will be held on Sunday at the Nineteenth Street Baptist Church, of which he was an attendant.

BRITISH COLUMBIA GOES DRY.

Woman Suffrage Favored by Every District in the Province.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 16.—On the face of incomplete returns available today from yesterday's general election in British Columbia, prohibition had a majority of more than 5,000 out of a total of 25,000 votes. Woman suffrage apparently carried in every district.

The cities favored prohibition by good majorities. In Vancouver the vote was 8,805 for and 4,598 against.

SAMUEL UNTERMYER BETTER

It Is Expected Lawyer Will Be Out in Two Weeks.

The condition of Samuel Untermyer, who underwent an operation for an intestinal ailment at his Yonkers home, "Greystone," Wednesday morning, was reported to be very satisfactory last night by his physician, Dr. William J. Vogler.

It is expected that Mr. Untermyer will be up and about in two weeks.

Marine Band's Gift to Mrs. Barnett.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—A sapphire-studded gold purse was presented to Mrs. George Barnett, wife of the Major General commandant of the Marine Corps, today by the members of the United States Marine Band, as a mark of their appreciation of her efforts in their behalf, particularly in connection with recent legislation increasing the pay of the bandsmen. The presentation took place at the Marine Barracks during a special concert.

Stay Granted in Sullivan-Hoe Suit.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan heard argument yesterday on the application of Counsel for Arthur Ingersoll Hoe for an order staying the recent suits brought against him by Mae Sullivan for $250,000 for alleged breach of promise until the costs had been paid in previous suits which were dropped. The Court granted the stay, saying that was according to the rule under such circumstances, and that the inability of the plaintiff to pay the costs was not sufficient to constitute an exception.

"Paris in New York"
Café des Beaux-Arts
80 WEST 40TH ST.
The only high class French Café and Restaurant in the heart of the city, with original Ladies' bar. No connection with any other establishment.
Louis Bustanoby.


$5 Style
$3 Quality
$1.50 —that's All
Paying a high price for your hat is simply a habit.
Our wonderful lot of new smart Fall hats prove this absolutely. The styles are the same as higher priced hatters show. The quality is real $3.00 value. Stop in at our nearest store today and let us prove—
"You can't tell a Kaufman from a high-priced hat."
Our windows show you but a few of the 200 unusual styles.
Kaufman
Manhattan's Man Hatter
Stores Everywhere

SUES RICE IN ALCOHOL DEAL

Distilling Company Says ex-President Used Stock to His Own Profit.

Samuel M. Rice and his wife, Nellie M. Rice, were named as defendants in the Federal District Court yesterday in a suit for an accounting by the Distilling Company of America, a New Jersey corporation with $77,677,000 capital stock.

In October, 1906, the complaint alleges, Mr. Rice, as President of the distilling company, dominated the company and used its influence in promoting the United States Industrial Alcohol Company, a West Virginia corporation with $18,000,000 capital, and induced the distilling company to guarantee 1¾ per cent. dividends on $6,000,000 of the stock of the alcohol company.

It is also alleged that Mr. Rice agreed to arrange for the Standard Distilling and Distributing Company to sell grain spirits and alcohol to the new company providing it would turn over to the distilling company $2,000,000 cash and 60,001 shares of its full-paid, nonassessable common stock and the capital stock of the Wood Products Company and of the Republic Distilling Company.

It is alleged that Mr. Rice concealed these transactions and worked solely for his own profit. The complaint says the guarantee given by the distilling company made the stock of the alcohol company very valuable and enabled Mr. Rice and those associated with him to retain 120,000 shares of the company's stock, worth $120.50 a share.

Mrs. Rice is named as co-defendant because it is alleged Mr. Rice transferred to her his interest in this stock. The plaintiff wants this stock and all profits.

AWAITING REPORT ON CEBU.

British Believe There Must Have Been a Mistake in Location.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—No official advices have been received here regarding the incident of the Cebu, the Philippine interisland steamer reported to have been held up by a British destroyer in Philippine territorial waters, officials first learning of it through the newspapers.

It was said at the Foreign Office today that an examination of the steamer within the territorial waters of the Philippines was inconceivable, and that there must have been a mistake in the location either by the commander of the Cebu or of the British warship. If the later had erred it was indicated that there was every disposition here to correct the matter in the quickest possible time.

WANTS ARMOR PLANT HERE.

Merchants' Association Urges the Advantages of New York.

The Merchants' Association made public yesterday a brief, which it had filed with the Navy Department in Washington, urging the selection of New York City as the site for the proposed Government armor plant, which is to cost $11,000,000.

The brief sets forth that the success of the proposed plant will be largely dependent upon the choice of a tidewater location, and adds that a situation near a large industrial centre will mean "economy in obtaining materials and economy in using the finished product for naval construction."

Basing its advocacy of New York City on economical grounds, the brief sets forth that iron ore can be delivered more cheaply than elsewhere, that scrap iron and steel are cheaper here than elsewhere, that labor is plentiful, that the Navy Yard, with its record of successful constructive work is a distinct advantage, and that no seaboard city has so strong fortifications.

BLAKELOCK TO SEE SPONSOR

Artist Will Meet John G. Agar for the First Time Today.

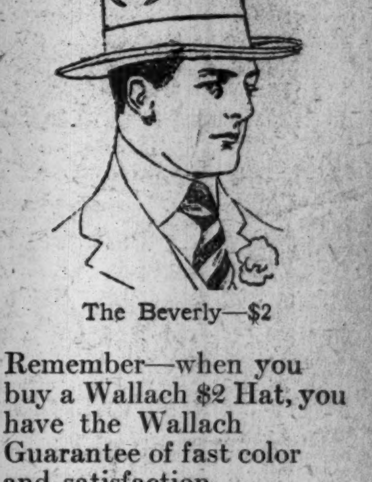
Ralph Albert Blakelock, the landscape painter who spent seventeen years in the State Hospital for the Insane at Middletown, N. Y., and was paroled after his work had taken a sudden leap into favor, will meet today for the first time one of those who were most prominent in obtaining for him a large measure of freedom and in rehabilitating his position, John G. Agar.

Mr. Agar is President of the Blakelock Association and one of Mr. Blakelock's guardians, but he has never seen the artist for whom he has worked so hard, and when he returns from the Adirondacks this morning he will find Mr. Blakelock at his office to greet him.

Mr. Blakelock motored in yesterday afternoon from Lynwood Lodge, the private sanitarium at Englewood, N. J., where he now has a studio, and was met by Mrs. Van Rensselaer Adams, who originated the movement to release him from the State Hospital. He will return to Englewood this afternoon.

Refuses Venue Change in Gas Suit.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan denied yesterday the application by District Attorney Lewis of Kings County for a change of venue to Kings County in the injunction suit brought by the Brooklyn Borough Gas Company against the Public Service Commission and the City and State of New York to prevent enforcement of the eighty-cent gas law. When he argued the case District Attorney Lewis admitted that he could quote no authorities in support of his application, and said, "I am alone, but I am right."

Wallach Hats

The Beverly—$2
Remember—when you buy a Wallach $2 Hat, you have the Wallach Guarantee of fast color and satisfaction.
The Beverly—shown here—is particularly good looking. In pearl, brown, green and light tan.
Wallach Hats—$2
Stetson Hats—$3.50 to $8
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Broadway, below Chambers St.
Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. } Open
246-248 West 125th St. } Evenings.
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes


IRVING $1.50 HATS
Making Them In Our Own Factories Means a Great, Big Saving to You.
Every day there is being shipped to our 50 stores, clean, smart soft hats direct from our own factories.
It means better styles and wonderful qualities.
The big 6 in our line of styles is the "Motor," "Overland," "Stutz-Flier," "Twin Six," "Cadillac" and "Roadster." Every one a six-cylinder success. Come in today and choose from 100 styles. All $1.50.
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50 STORES IN NEW YORK AND BIG CITIES